THE MOODYS BRANCH FORMATION MOLLUSCAN FAUNA FROM A CORE DRILLED ON THE SOUTHWESTERN WOOD PRESERVING SUPERFUND SITE IN CANTON, MISSISSIPPI

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Odostomia crassispirata Meyer, 1886, height 1.8 mm, width 0.9 mm, Moodys Branch Formation, MGS locality 176. MGS figured specimen 2461.











Eulimella meyeri (Cossmann, 1893), height 8.8 mm, width 1.8 mm, Moodys Branch Formation, MGS locality 176. MGS figured specimen 2379.

Natica permunda Conrad in Wailes, 1854, juvenile height 2.8 mm, width 2.7 mm, Moodys Branch Formation, MGS locality 176. MGS figured specimen 2296.

















Acteon annectens Meyer, 1885, height 4.5 mm, width 2.0 mm, Moodys Branch Formation, MGS locality 176. MGS figured specimen 2372.

Acteon idoneus Conrad, 1833, height 4.7 mm, width 2.2 mm, Moodys Branch Formation, MGS locality 176. MGS figured specimen 2371.

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Emily Welch, Mississippi State University, and David T. Dockery III, RPG, Mississippi Department of Environmental Quality, Office of Geology

some 500 feet above regional dip. The for- (creosote) in subsurface strata. Mississippi. Figure 1 shows the outcrop belt sands in it middle and lower section. Arkansas and Louisiana.

Introduction. The type locality of the Late Eo- Updip exposures of the Moodys Branch Frocene (38 million years old) Moodys Branch mation are best know along Techeva Creek in Formation is on Moodys Branch, a creek at the Yazoo County, where it outcrops for more than intersection of Peachtree Street with Poplar a mile along the creek bed. During the remedi-Boulevard in the Belhaven Subdivision of ation of the Southwestern Wood Preserving Jackson, Mississippi. This outcrop is situated Superfund Site in Canton, Mississippi, core near the apex of the Jackson Dome where it is holes were drilled to check for product mation is usually around 7 to 12 feet thick and penetrated the lower 40 feet of the Yazoo Clay, is the basal fossiliferous sand of the Jackson 30 feet of the Moodys Branch Formation, and Group, which includes the overlying Yazoo part of the upper 100-foot clay section of the Clay of some 400 feet in thickness in western Cockfield Formation, which contains aquifer of the Jackson Group in Alabama, Mississippi, Moodys Branch section of these cores represent samples of the formation where no outcrops exist.

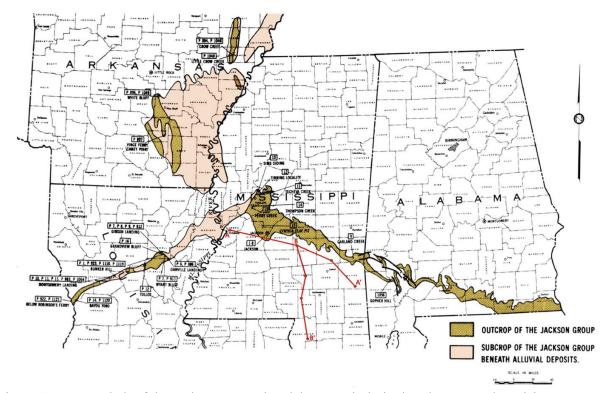


Figure 1. Outcrop belt of the Jackson Group in Alabama, Mississippi, Arkansas, and Louisiana.

Two cores were salvaged in core boxes for sedimentology and paleontological studies. In the course of these core acquisitions, the location map and cross section shown in figures 2 and 3 were published in MDEQ's newsletter *Environmental News*, volume 10, issue 1, January 2013, p. 18-21.

On June 19, 2017, another core was drilled in preparation for the construction of a slurry wall at the site. This core was taken with a Sonic drilling rig as shown in Figure 4 and was retrieved in 5-foot lengths in a plastic sleeve. Figure 5 shows the 5-foot core length laid side by side.

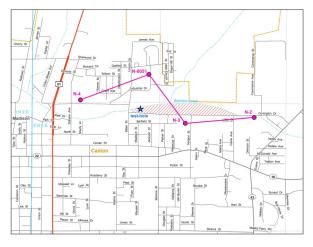


Figure 3. Location of wells and cross section at the Southeastern Wood Preserving Superfund Site at Canton, Mississippi.

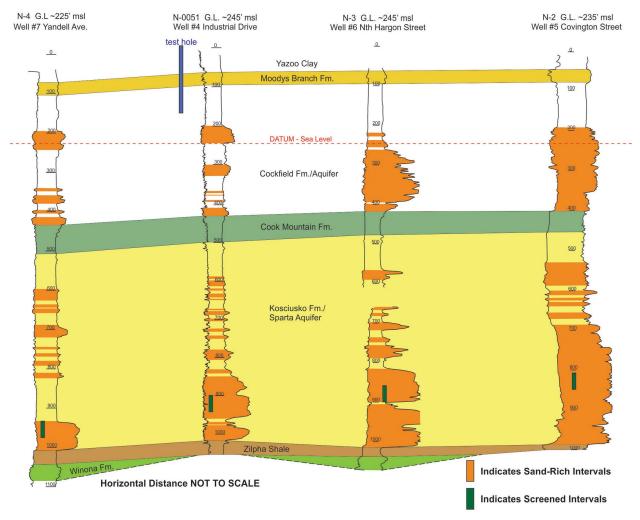


Figure 3. West to east cross section of the Southeastern Wood Preserving Superfund Site at Canton, Mississippi.



Figure 4. Sonic drilling rig coring at the Southeastern Wood Preserving Superfund Site on June 19, 2017, in stormy and fair weather.



Figure 5. The core, from left to right, penetrated the brown weathered Yazoo Clay, the gray unweathered Yazoo Clay (frame 1), the sandy Moodys Branch Formation (2-4), and the Cockfield Formation (4-5) with a lignite seam at the top (4, last core at right).



Figure 6. Emily Welch in frames 1 and 2 holding sieves with lignite from the top of the Cockfield Formation and fossil shells from the base of the Moodys Branch Formation (frame 3).

fractions of coarse, medium, and fine drill rig and core taken on January 8, 2013.

The cores containing the Moodys Branch For- (collected on a #35 sieve) were weighed indimation, shown in frames 2-4 of Figure 5 were vidually. Samples were then sorted for by fosstored for study in the original plastic sleeves sil groups, and the fossil mollusks were identiplaced in plastic bags. The dried cores were fied, using MDEQ Office of Geology fossil divided and weighed before sieving. Sieve website on a smart phone. Figure 7 shows a



Figure 7. Large Sonic drill rig (top) and core (bottom) taken at the Southeastern Wood Preserving Supterfund site in Canton, Mississippi, on January 8, 2013. From left to right are core intervals 30-40, 40-50, 50-60, 60-70,70-80, and 80-90. The top of the Moodys Branch Formation is at 57.3 feet and the bottom at 81.9 feet. Pictures from *Mississippi Environmental Geology*, 2018, p. 228.

Figures 8-11 were taken during coring at the Southeastern Wood Preserving Superfund sit in November of 2012.



Figure 8. Warning sign at the Southeastern Wood Preserving Superfund site on Bachelor Creek. Picture was taken on November 6, 2012.



Figure 9. Color contrast between the light blueish gray Moodys Branch Formation sand on left and chocolate brown Cockfield Formation clay on the right.



Figure 10. Fossil leaf in the upper Cockfield Formation.



Figure 11. EPA geotechnical contractors describing a core in the Cockfield Formation in the field at the Southeastern Wood Preserving Superfund site on November 8, 2012.

Methods. Thirteen lots composed of nine bagged sections of core were weighed, wet sieved, dried, and weighed again for the coarse, medium, and fine fractions. Fossils were identified in the coarse and medium fractions. The lots and bags were numbered as they were processed; these numbers are not in stratigraphic sequence, as the footage of the cores were not recorded. The basal bag of the section is Lot #10, Bag 7, which primarily contained lignite from the top of the Cockfield Formation and fossils from the base of the Moodys Branch Formation, including a complete specimen of the rare gastropod *Cornulina dalli*. Analyses of the bag contents follow.

Lot #1, Bag 1, Part 1. Initial mass: 3,064.34 grams, coarse fraction: 6.99 grams, medium fraction 21.37 grams, fine fraction 37.61 grams. Total shell mass collected: 65.97 grams. Percentage of total mass: 2.15%

Large Gastropods: Turritella: 0.33 grams

Unidentified Gastropods: 0.61 grams

Unidentified bivalves 9.32 grams

Corals: 2.01 grams

Shark tooth: 0.77 grams

Medium concentration: Turritella: 0.11 grams

Lot #2, Bag 1, Part 2. Initial dry mass: 3,658.2 grams, coarse fraction: 158.4 grams, medium fraction: 155.11 grams, fine fraction: 46.99 grams. Total shell mass collected: 360.50 grams. Percentage of total mass: 9.85%.

Large gastropods:

Calytraphorus stamineus (0.76 g)

Psuedoliva vetusta perspectiva (1.33 g)

Turritella alveata (1.24 g)

Athleta symmetricus (0.50 g)

Large bivalves:

Venericor apodensata (1.81 g)

Caestocorbula wailesiana (0.58 g)

Unidentified specimens

Gastropods (4.70 g)

Bivalves (72.37 g)

Coral fragments (1.27 g)

Fossils (5.46 g)

Medium fraction:

Turritella (0.98 g)

Corals (0.09 g)

Scaphopods (0.15 g)

Lot #3, Bag 2. Initial mass 5,252 grams, coarse fraction 54.20 grams, medium fraction 67.93 grams, fine fraction: 63.38 grams. Total shell mass collected: 185.51 grams. Percentage of total mass: 3.53%.

Large unidentified gastropods: 1.30 grams

Turritella sp. 0.43 grams.

Pseudoliva vetusta perspectiva: 0.88 grams

Large unidentified bivalves: 53.45 grams

Venericor apodensata: 3.34 grams

Corals: 1.58 grams

Medium concentration *Turrtella*: 0.59 grams

Medium scaphopods: 0.04 grams.

Lot #4. Bag 3, Part 1. Initial mass: 3,241.4 grams, coarse fraction: 24.21 grams, medium fraction: 39.75 grams, fine fraction: 77.40 grams. Total shell mass collected: 141.36 grams. Percentage of total mass: 4.36%.

Large unidentified gastropods: 1.40 grams

Large Turritella: 0.46 grams

Large unidentified bivalves: 28.05 grams

Large Caryocorbula: 0.47 grams

Medium Turritella: 0.47 grams

Medium scaphopods: 0.04 grams.

Lot #5, Bag 3, Part 2. Initial mass, 3,256.7 grams, large fraction 33.13 grams, medium fraction: 42.49 grams, fine fraction: 55.04 grams. Total mass of shells collected: 130.66 grams. Percentage of total mass: 4.01%

Large unidentified gastropods: 1.25 grams

Turritella: 0.39 grams

Pseudoliva vetusta perspectiva: 1.49 grams

Large unidentified bivalves: 33.18 grams

Shark tooth: 0.20 grams

Medium Turritella: 0.43 grams

Medium Scaphopoda: 0.05 grams

Lot #6, Bag 4: Initial mass: 5,828.2 grams, coarse fraction 22.00 grams, medium fraction 25.79 grams, fine fraction: 48.45 grams. No significant pieces. Total mass of shells collected: 96.24 grams. Percentage of total mass: 1.65%.

Large unidentified gastropods: 1.16 grams

Large unidentified bivalves: 23.12 grams.

Medium Turritella: 0.21 grams

Medium Scaphopoda: - trace

Lot #7, Bag 5: Initial mass: 5,800 grams, coarse fraction: 22.66 grams, medium fraction: 31.05 grams, fine fraction: 60.15 grams. Total mass of shells collected: 113.86 grams. Percentage of total mass: 1.96%.

Large unidentified gastropods: 0.87 grams

Large Turritella: 0.36 grams

Large unidentified bivalves: 22,78 grans

Venericor apodensata: 1.39 grams

Large corals: 0.50 grams

Shark tooth: 0.11 grams

Medium scaphopods: 0.01 grams

Medium *Turritella*: 0.28 grams

Medium corals: 0.04 grams.

Lot #8, Bag 6, Part 1: Initial mass: 3,116.6 grams, coarse fraction: 19.24 grams, medium fraction: 21.01 grams, fine fraction 2.69 grams. Total mass of shells collected: 42.94 grams.

Percentage of total mass: 1.38 %.

Large unidentified gastropods: 0.87 grams

Large unidentified bivalves: 23.99 grams

Carycorbula densata: 0.22 grams Medium scaphopods: 0.06 grams

Medium *Turritella*: 0.21 grams

Lot #9, Bag 6, Part 2: Initial mass: 3,300.3 grams, coarse fraction: 29.91 grams, medium fraction: 81.81 grams, fine fraction: 51.58 grams. Total mass of shells collected: 163.30 grams. Percentage of total mass: 4.95 %

Large unidentified gastropods: 1.02 grams

Large *Turritella*: 0.85 grams

Large unidentified bivalves: 24.41 grams

Carycorbula willistoni: 0.62 grams

Large corals: 3.99 grams

Medium scaphopods: 0.01 grams

Medium *Turritella*: 0.42 grams

Lot #10, Bag 7: Primarily lignite, Initial mass 6,546 grams, coarse fraction 610.47 grams, medium fraction 310.41 grams.

Large unidentified grastropods: 1.74 grams

Pseudoliva vetusta perspectiva: 2.62 grams

Cornulina dalli: 1.49 grams

Large scaphopod *Dentalium vincense*; 0.32grams

Medium fraction, very few distinguishable fragments other than lignite

Medium scaphopods: 0.04 grams

Medium Turritella: 0.12 grams

Lot #11, Bag 8: Initial mass: 4,335.8 grams, coarse fraction 198.66 grams, medium fraction: 170.96 grams, fine fraction: 62.28 grams. Total shell mass: 431.90 grams. Percentage of total mass: 9.96%.

Large unidentified gastropods: 6.27 grams

Calyptraphorus stamineus: 1.15 grams

Bullia altilis: 0.77 grams

Mazzalina inaurata oweni: 0.83 grams

Turritella perdita jacksonensis: 1.22 grams

Turritella species: 1.06 grams

Large unidentified bivalves: 79.52 grams

Large scaphopod *Dentalium vincense*: 0.35

grams

Large unidentified fossils: 32.07 grams

Large coral fragments: 4.6 grams.

Medium Turritella: 0.70 grams

Medium scaphopods: 0.11 grams

Shark tooth: 0.04 grams.

Lot #12, Bag 9, Part 1: Initial mass: 3,658.2 grams, coarse fraction 158.4 grams, medium fraction: 155.11 grams, fine fraction: 82.61 grams. Total mass of shells collected: 396.12 grams. Percentage of total mass: 10.83%.

Large unidentified gastropods: 4.70 grams

Calyptraphorus stamineus: 0.76 grams

Pseudoliva vetusta perspectiva: 1.33 grams

Turritella alveata: 1.24 grams

Athleta symmetricus: 0.50 grams

Large unidentified bivalves: 72.37 grams

Caestocorbula wailesiana: 0.58 grams

Venericor apodensata: 1.81 grams

Large coral fragments: 1.27 grams

Unidentified fossils, lignite, and others: 5.46

grams

Medium *Turritella*: 0.98 grams

Medium scaphopods: 0.15 grams

Medium corals: 0.09 grams.

Lot #13, Bag 9, Part 2: Initial mass: 3,816.2 grams, coarse fraction 221.81 grams, medium fraction: 184.46 grams, fine fractions: 95.50 grams. Total mass of shells collected: 501.77 grams. Percentage of total mass: 13.15%.

Large unidentified gastropods: 10.08 grams

Calyptraphorus stamineus: 1.01 grams

Mazzalina inaurata oweni: 5.42 grams

Pseudoliva vetusta perspectiva: 12.33 grams

Turritella alveata: 0.56 grams

Turritella perdita: 0.83 grams

Large unidentified bivalves: 109.32 grams

Venericor apodensata: 12.33 grams

Caestocorbula wailesiana: 1.04 grams

Large coral fragments: 1.90 grams

Shark teeth: 0.51 grams

Large unidentified fossil, lignite, others: 9.68

grams

Mollusks in medium fraction:

Medium Turrtella: 1.29 grams

Sinistrella americana: 5 specimens

Pyramimitra quadralirata: 2 specimens

Calyptraphorus stamineus: 2 specimens

Euspira jacksonensis: 7 specimens

Sinum jacksonensis: 1 specimen

Bullata semen jacksonensis: 3 specimens

Lapparia dumosa: 1 specimen

Agaronia media: 2 specimens

Medium scaphopods: 0.12 grams

Stratigraphic position in ascending order of lots based on lignite and shell percentages:

Lot 10: Top of Cockfield and base of Moodys Branch Formation.

Lot 12: Lignite and shell content of 10.83%

Lot 11: Lignite and shell content of 9.96%

Lot 13: Shell content of 13.15%

Lot 2: Shell content of 9.85%

Lot 9: Shell content of 4.95%

Lot 4: Shell content of 4.36%

Lot 5: Shell content of 4.01%

Lot 3: Shell content of 3.53%

Lot 1: Shell content of 2.15%

Lot 7: Shell content of 1.96%

Lot 6: Shell content of 1.65%

Lot 8: Shell content of 1.38%

Compact soil has an approximate weight of 100 pounds per cubic foot. A one foot length of a 3.5 inch diameter core has a volume of 0.067 cubic feet and a weight of 6.7 pounds or 3,039 grams. The total mass of dry core sieved was 54,873 grams, which is equivalent to a core length of 18 feet. The remaining 12 feet of core from the middle of the formation has yet to be sieved.



Figure 12. This boxed 3.5-inch diameter core half is from the upper clay-rich part of the Moodys Branch Formation at the Southeastern Wood Preserving Superfund Site at Canton, Mississippi. It is stored in MDEQ Office of Geology's Core and Sample Library in Jackson, Mississippi.

Molluscan species in the fine fract mation.	ion of th	ie Canto	n, Miss	issippi	, Supe	rfund	site co	re of tl	ne Mo	odys B	ranch	For-
Species List	Lot #11	Lot #13	Lot #12	Lot #9	Lot #2	Lot #4	Lot #5	Lot #3	Lot #1	Lot #7	Lot #6	Lot #8
Gastropods												
Acamptogenotia heilprini			Х									
Acteon annectens		Х		х	х	Х	Х	х	х	х	х	х
Acteon idoneus	х	Х	Х			Х	х				х	
Agaronia media	х	Х	Х	Х	х	Х	х	х	х	х	х	х
Architectonica ornate jacksonia	х		Х			Х	х			х		
Architectonica bellistriata				х								
Athleta symmetricus			Х		х	Х						
Bittium koeneni	х	Х	Х	Х	х	Х	х	х	х	х		
Bonellitia jacksonica		Х					х					
Bullata semen				Х					х		х	
Bullata semen jacksonensis	Х	х	х					х		х		
Capulus americanus			Х								х	х
Caltyptraphorus stamineus	Х		х	х	х	Х	х	х	х	х	х	
Cerithiella aldrichi			Х	х			Х					
Cirsotrema sp.				х								
Clathurella sp.		Х										
Conomitra jacksonensis		Х		Х								
Creseis simplex	х	Х	Х			Х	х	х			х	
Crommium jacksonense		Х										
Cyclichnella bitruncata	х	Х	Х	Х		Х						
Cymatosyrina dorseyi							Х					
Dolicholatirus leaensis	х	Х	Х			Х	Х					
Eulimella meyeri	х	Х	Х	х	Х	Х	Х	х	х	х	х	
Eulimella sp.			Х			Х		х				
Euspira jacksonensis		Х										
Hexaplex marksi						Х				Х		
Hipponix pygmaeus		Х	Х	Х	х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х
Mathilda regularis			Х									
Melanella jacksonensis		Х	Х				Х					
Microdrillia ouachitae	х	Х			х							
Mitra (Fusitmitra) millingtoni		х										
Mitrella parva	Х											
Mnestia meyeri	х		х									
Natic permunda	Х	х	х	х	х	х	х	х	х	х	х	х
Niso umbilicata				х								
Odostomia crassispirata	Х	х	х	х	х	х	х	х			х	
Odostomia jacksonensis			х				х					
Odostomia sp.		х	х			х		х				
Odostomia sp. B	Х			х								
Pseudoliva vetusta perspectiva	Х	х	х	Х						Х		

							1		1			
Retusa jacksonensis	х	Х	Х		Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	х	х	х
Scalina sp.	Х											
Sinistrella americana	Х	Х	Х	х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х		х	х
Solariorbis subangulatus	Х	Х	Х	х	Х	Х	Х	Х		Х	х	
Strioturbonilla major	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х		Х	Х	
Teinostoma verilli								Х				
Tenuiscala apersa							Х					
Tritonoatractus montgomeriensis	Х	Х	Х	х	Х	Х	Х	Х		х	х	х
Turritella alveata	Х	Х	х	Х	х	х		Х	х	х	Х	
Turritella perdita jacksonensis	Х	Х	Х	х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	х	
Xenophora reclusa	Х											
Bivalves												
Alveinus minutus	х	х	Х	х	х	х	х	х	х	х	х	х
Bathytormus clarkensis post-			х		х							
clarkensis												
Caestocorbula wailesiana	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	х	Х	х	х	Х	х
Callista annexa			Х	Х				Х	Х	Х		Х
Caryocorbula willistoni	Х	Х	Х	х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	х	х
Chlamys nupera						Х	Х		Х	Х	х	
Crassinella pygmaea				х		Х				Х		
Diplodonta ungulina yazoocola										Х		
Eburneopecten scintillates			Х		х		х	Х		х		
Glycymeris idonea			Х				х					
Gonimyrtea curta	Х	Х	Х				Х			х	х	х
Gonimyrtea subcurta	х	Х	Х	х	х	х	х	Х	х	х	х	х
Nemocardium nicoletti			х	Х								
Nucula spheniopsis					х	х	х	Х	х	х	х	х
Nuculana multilineata	Х	Х	х	х	х	х	х	Х	х	х	х	х
Periploma equalum	Х	Х	Х	х	Х	Х	Х			х	х	х
Pleuromeris inflatior				х								
Pleuromeris inflatior jacksonensis										х		
Plicatula sp.							х					
Pteria limula			х									х
Simomactra praetenius		х										х
Spisula jacksonensis	Х	Х	Х	х	х	х	х	Х		х	х	х
Tellina eburneopsis	х			İ			х	х		х	İ	
Trinacria sp.			х									
Venericardia diversidentata	х	х	х	х	х	х	х	х	х	х	х	
Venericor apodensata					х							
Verticordia cossmanni		х						х	х			
Yoldia mater	Х	Х	Х	х	Х	Х	х	Х	Х	х	х	х
	Ι Λ	_ ^										

Sample Preservation: The fine fraction from Most species were identified by shell fragtions at the 2525 North West Street, Jackson, lower right. MS, office.

each lot was examined under a microscope and ments, which could be attributed to the species identifiable fossils were picked and sorted in with certainty. Some were identified by the three groups, gastropods, bivalves, and other larval shells (protoconchs) of much larger spefossils. Gastropods and bivalves were sorted cies. Many species are small as adults. These as to species, placed in empty gelatin capsules, were often found as whole shells. Below are and labeled and placed into small self-sealing pictures of the gelatin capsule enclosed fossil Labeled self-sealing bags for in a self-sealing bag (below, top) and of the each lot were placed in a common quart-sized twelves Ziploc-style bags with the species for Ziploc-style bag, labeled as to formation, lo- each lot (below bottom). Lots in Figure 14 are cality, and lot number. Lot bags are stored in arranged with the bottom of the core interval at the MDEQ Office of Geology fossil collec- upper left to the top of the core interval at the



Figure 13. Self-sealing plastic bag with fossils in a gelatin capsule.



Figure 14. Quart bags containing species for each lot.