# APPENDIX C JOHNSON AND ETTINGER MODELING RESULTS

## LOCATION OF SOIL VAPOR SAMPLES AND 1,1-DICHLOROETHENE RESULTS

VAPOR SAMPLE ID	1,1-DCE (ug/m3)	i Bijii ijing akea	
051-02	740000	South Plant	
025-02	520000	Winding/Cafeteria	
024-02	450000	Winding/Cafeteria	
066-02	300000	South Plant	
036-02	210000	Case	
035-02	190000	Case	
052-02	180000	Winding	
067-02	160000	South Plant	
068-01	133000	Winding/Cafeteria	
023-02	110000	Case	
036-01	110000	Case	
069-02	61000	Winding/Cafeteria	
039-02	43000	Case	
022-02	42000	Case	
026-02	36000	Winding	
041-02	36000	Case	
055-02	33000	South Plant	
037-02	31000	Case	
068-02	28000	Winding/Cafeteria	
040-02	26000	Case	
069-01	25000	Winding/Cafeteria	
072-02	23000	South Plant	
037-01	19000	Case	
044-02	14000	South Plant	
048-02	12000	South Plant	
053-02	11000	Winding/Cafeteria	
034-02	10000	Winding/Cafeteria	
017-02	8100	Case	
043-02	6400	Case	
052-01	6000	Winding	
017-01	5800	Case	
019-02	5400	Case	
027-02	5000	Winding	
019-01	4700	Case	
070-02	4000	South Plant	
067-01	3700	South Plant	
042-02	3400	Case <sup>,</sup>	
055-01	3300	South Plant	
053-01	2800	Winding/Cafeteria	
016-02	2200	Case	
051-01	2200	South Plant	
023-01	1800	Case	
035-01	1800	Case	
049-02	1600	South Plant	
015-02	1200	Case	
038-01	1200	Case	
038-02	1100	Case	

#### JOHNSON AND ETTINGER MODEL INPUT VALUES AND SCREENING RESULTS

**Building Properties** 

Banang i roporado				
Department	Lowest Air Exchange (1/hr)	Height (meters)	Area (meters)	
Case	1.71	7.88	4967.93	
Cafeteria	14.33	2.30	256.55	
Winding	5.44	5.56	2174.07	
Insulation	7.66	6.25	522.02	
South Plant	2.42	9.20	4677.18	

Depth to contamination from bottom of foundation: 5ft +/- 2ft

### **Soil Properties**

Soil Type: Sand Total Porosity: 0.375

Unsaturated Zone Moisture Content: low= 0.053 best estimate= 0.054 high= 0.055

Capillary Zone Moisture Content: 0.253

Height of Capillary Rise: 0.17[m]

Soil-Gas Flow Rate into Building: 5 [L/min] Average ground water temperature: 19C

#### Results

Kesuits		
	11DCE	
Department	attenuation	
	factor	
Case	4.6E-06	
Cafeteria	2.6E-05	
Winding	4.4E-06	
Insulation	1.0E-05	
South Plant	2.9E-06	

#### Screening-Level Johnson and Ettinger Model

Site Name: South Flate

Report Date: Thu Aug 6 16:58:59 CDT 2009

Report Generated From: http://www.epa.gov/athens/learn2model/part-

two/onsite/JnE lite.htm

Depth to contamination from bottom of foundation: 5ft +/- 2ft

Average ground water temperature: 19C

CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Chemical of Concern: 1,1-Dichloroethylene CAS Number: 75354

Molecular Weight: 96.94[g/mole] Henrys Constant: 0.8720278[unitless]

Diffusivity in Air: 9.000e-2[cm<sup>2</sup>/sec] Diffusivity in Water: 1.040e-5[cm<sup>2</sup>/sec]

Unit Risk Factor:  $O[(\mu g/m^3)^{-1}]$  Reference Concentration:  $0.2[mg/m^3]$ 

SOIL PROPERTIES

Soil Type: Sand Total Porosity: 0.375

Unsaturated Zone Moisture Content:

low= 0.053 best estimate= 0.054 high= 0.055

Capillary Zone Moisture Content: 0.253 Height of Capillary Rise: 0.17[m]

Soil-Gas Flow Rate into Building: 5 [L/min]

**BUILDING PROPERTIES** 

Building Type: Slab-on-Grade Air Exchange Rate: 2.42[hr<sup>-1</sup>]

Building Mixing Height: 9.2[m] Building Footprint Area: 4677[m<sup>2</sup>]

Subsurface Foundation Area: 4680[m<sup>2</sup>] Building Crack Ratio: 0.00038[unitless]

Foundation Slab Thickness: 0.1[m]

EXPOSURE PARAMETERS

Exposure Duration: carcinogens 30 [years] non-carcinogens: 30 [years]

Exposure Frequency: carcinogens 350 [days/year] non-carcinogens: 365 [days/year]

Averaging Time: carcinogens 70 [years] non-carcinogens: 30 [years]

Risk Factor for carcinogens: 1E-6 Target Hazard Quotient for non-carcinogens: 1

JOHNSON & ETTINGER SIMULATION RESULTS

Effective Diffusion Coefficients:

Unsaturated Zone( $D_{eff}$ ): 0.01455[cm<sup>2</sup>/s]

Unsaturated Zone + Capillary Zone  $(D^{T}_{eff}): 0.003953[cm^{2}/s]$ 

Soil Gas Attenuation in the property of

Ground Water Attenuation Factor  $(\alpha_{cw})$ : 0.000002801

Target Concentrations are based on NON-CANCER risk.

Target Indoor Air Concentration: 200[µg/m³] or 50.48[ppbv]

<sup>1</sup>Less Protective Target Concentrations

Soil Gas:  $6.857e7[\mu g/m^3]$  or 1.731e7[ppbv]; Ground Water:  $8.261e4[\mu g/L]$ 

Best Estimate Target Concentrations

Soil Gas:  $6.794e7[\mu g/m^3]$  or 1.715e7[ppbv]; Ground Water:  $8.189e4[\mu g/L]$ 

<sup>2</sup>More Protective Target Concentrations

Soil Gas:  $6.732e7[\mu g/m^3]$  or 1.699e7[ppbv]; Ground Water:  $8.118e4[\mu g/L]$ 

Based on parameter analysis: Advection is the dominant mechanism across foundation. Advection through foundation is the overall rate-limiting process for soil-gas to indoor-air pathway. Advection through foundation is the overall rate-limiting process for groundwater to indoor-air pathway.

1"Less Protective" concentrations produced with HIGHEST moisture content and DEEPEST depth to contamination. 2"More Protective" concentrations produced with LOWEST moisture content and SHALLOWEST depth to contamination.

#### Screening-Level Johnson and Ettinger Model

Site Name: Indulation

Report Date: Thu Aug 6 16:57:54 CDT 2009

Report Generated From: http://www.epa.gov/athens/learn2model/part-

two/onsite/JnE lite.htm

Depth to contamination from bottom of foundation: 5ft +/- 2ft

Average ground water temperature: 19C

CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Chemical of Concern: 1,1-Dichloroethylene CAS Number: 75354

Molecular Weight: 96.94[g/mole] Henrys Constant: 0.8720278[unitless]

Diffusivity in Air: 9.000e-2[cm<sup>2</sup>/sec] Diffusivity in Water: 1.040e-5[cm<sup>2</sup>/sec]

Unit Risk Factor:  $0[(\mu q/m^3)^{-1}]$  Reference Concentration:  $0.2[mg/m^3]$ 

SOIL PROPERTIES

Soil Type: Sand Total Porosity: 0.375

Unsaturated Zone Moisture Content:

low= 0.053 best estimate= 0.054 high= 0.055

Capillary Zone Moisture Content: 0.253 Height of Capillary Rise: 0.17[m]

Soil-Gas Flow Rate into Building: 5 [L/min]

BUILDING PROPERTIES

Building Type: Slab-on-Grade Air Exchange Rate: 7.66[hr<sup>-1</sup>]

Building Mixing Height: 6.25[m] Building Footprint Area: 522[m<sup>2</sup>]

Subsurface Foundation Area: 525[m²] Building Crack Ratio: 0.00038[unitless]

Foundation Slab Thickness: 0.1[m]

EXPOSURE PARAMETERS

Exposure Duration: carcinogens 30 [years] non-carcinogens: 30 [years]

Exposure Frequency: carcinogens 350 [days/year] non-carcinogens: 365 [days/year]

Averaging Time: carcinogens 70 [years] non-carcinogens: 30 [years]

Risk Factor for carcinogens: 1E-6 Target Hazard Quotient for non-carcinogens: 1

JOHNSON & ETTINGER SIMULATION RESULTS

Effective Diffusion Coefficients:

Unsaturated Zone(D<sub>eff</sub>): 0.01455[cm<sup>2</sup>/s]

Unsaturated Zone + Capillary Zone (DT<sub>eff</sub>): 0.003953[cm<sup>2</sup>/s]

Soil Sale Attenuation Sales

Ground Water Attenuation Factor  $(\alpha_{\text{GW}})$ : 0.000007447 Target Concentrations are based on NON-CANCER risk.

Target Indoor Air Concentration:  $200[\mu g/m^3]$  or 50.48[ppbv]

<sup>1</sup>Less Protective Target Concentrations

Soil Gas:  $2.058e7[\mu g/m^3]$  or 5.194e6[ppbv]; Ground Water:  $3.211e4[\mu g/L]$ 

Best Estimate Target Concentrations

Soil Gas:  $1.943e7[\mu g/m^3]$  or 4.904e6[ppbv]; Ground Water:  $3.080e4[\mu g/L]$ 

<sup>2</sup>More Protective Target Concentrations

Soil Gas:  $1.831e7[\mu g/m^3]$  or 4.620e6[ppbv]; Ground Water:  $2.951e4[\mu g/L]$ 

Based on parameter analysis: Advection is the dominant mechanism across foundation.

1"Less Protective" concentrations produced with HIGHEST moisture content and DEEPEST depth to contamination.
2"More Protective" concentrations produced with LOWEST moisture content and SHALLOWEST depth to contamination.

#### Screening-Level Johnson and Ettinger Model

Site Namé: Cage

Report Date: Thu Aug 6 16:54:51 CDT 2009

Report Generated From: http://www.epa.gov/athens/learn2model/part-

two/onsite/JnE lite.htm

Depth to contamination from bottom of foundation: 5ft +/- 2ft

Average ground water temperature: 190

CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Chemical of Concern: 1,1-Dichloroethylene CAS Number: 75354

Molecular Weight: 96.94[g/mole] Henrys Constant: 0.8720278[unitless]

Diffusivity in Air: 9.000e-2[cm<sup>2</sup>/sec] Diffusivity in Water: 1.040e-5[cm<sup>2</sup>/sec]

Unit Risk Factor:  $0[(\mu q/m^3)^{-1}]$  Reference Concentration:  $0.2[mg/m^3]$ 

SOIL PROPERTIES

Soil Type: Sand Total Porosity: 0.375

Unsaturated Zone Moisture Content:

low= 0.053 best estimate= 0.054 high= 0.055

Capillary Zone Moisture Content: 0.253 Height of Capillary Rise: 0.17[m]

Soil-Gas Flow Rate into Building: 5 [L/min]

BUILDING PROPERTIES

Building Type: Slab-on-Grade Air Exchange Rate: 1.71[hr<sup>-1</sup>]

Building Mixing Height: 7.88[m] Building Footprint Area: 4968[m<sup>2</sup>]

Subsurface Foundation Area: 4970[m<sup>2</sup>] Building Crack Ratio: 0.00038[unitless]

Foundation Slab Thickness: 0.1[m]

EXPOSURE PARAMETERS

Exposure Duration: carcinogens 30 [years] non-carcinogens: 30 [years]

Exposure Frequency: carcinogens 350 [days/year] non-carcinogens: 365 [days/year]

Averaging Time: carcinogens 70 [years] non-carcinogens: 30 [years]

Risk Factor for carcinogens: 1E-6 Target Hazard Quotient for non-carcinogens: 1

JOHNSON & ETTINGER SIMULATION RESULTS

Effective Diffusion Coefficients:

Unsaturated Zone ( $D_{eff}$ ): 0.01455[cm<sup>2</sup>/s]

Unsaturated Zone + Capillary Zone (DT<sub>eff</sub>): 0.003953[cm<sup>2</sup>/s]

Soil Bas Attenuation Beatter for

Ground Water Attenuation Factor ( $\alpha_{cw}$ ): 0.000004409

Target Concentrations are based on NON-CANCER risk.

Target Indoor Air Concentration: 200[µg/m³] or 50.48[ppbv]

<sup>1</sup>Less Protective Target Concentrations

Soil Gas:  $4.365e7[\mu g/m^3]$  or 1.102e7[ppbv]; Ground Water:  $5.247e4[\mu g/L]$ 

Best Estimate Target Concentrations

Soil Gas:  $4.326e7[\mu g/m^3]$  or 1.092e7[ppbv]; Ground Water:  $5.202e4[\mu g/L]$ 

<sup>2</sup>More Protective Target Concentrations

Soil Gas:  $4.288e7[\mu g/m^3]$  or 1.082e7[ppbv]; Ground Water:  $5.158e4[\mu g/L]$ 

Based on parameter analysis: Advection is the dominant mechanism across foundation. Advection through foundation is the overall rate-limiting process for soil-gas to indoor-air pathway. Advection through foundation is the overall rate-limiting process for groundwater to indoor-air pathway.

1"Less Protective" concentrations produced with HIGHEST moisture content and DEEPEST depth to contamination. 2"More Protective" concentrations produced with LOWEST moisture content and SHALLOWEST depth to contamination.

#### Screening-Level Johnson and Ettinger Model

Site Name: Cafeta &

Report Date: Thu Aug 6 16:53:39 CDT 2009

Report Generated From: http://www.epa.gov/athens/learn2model/part-

two/onsite/JnE lite.htm

Depth to contamination from bottom of foundation: 5ft +/- 2ft

Average ground water temperature: 19C

CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Chemical of Concern: 1,1-Dichloroethylene CAS Number: 75354

Molecular Weight: 96.94[g/mole] Henrys Constant: 0.8720278[unitless]

Diffusivity in Air: 9.000e-2[cm<sup>2</sup>/sec] Diffusivity in Water: 1.040e-5[cm<sup>2</sup>/sec]

Unit Risk Factor:  $0[(\mu g/m^3)^{-1}]$  Reference Concentration:  $0.2[mg/m^3]$ 

SOIL PROPERTIES

Soil Type: Sand Total Porosity: 0.375

Unsaturated Zone Moisture Content:

low= 0.053 best estimate= 0.054 high= 0.055

Capillary Zone Moisture Content: 0.253 Height of Capillary Rise: 0.17[m]

Soil-Gas Flow Rate into Building: 5 [L/min]

BUILDING PROPERTIES

Building Type: Slab-on-Grade Air Exchange Rate: 14.33[hr<sup>-1</sup>]

Building Mixing Height: 2.3[m] Building Footprint Area: 257[m<sup>2</sup>]

Subsurface Foundation Area: 260[m²] Building Crack Ratio: 0.00038[unitless]

Foundation Slab Thickness: 0.1[m]

EXPOSURE PARAMETERS

Exposure Duration: carcinogens 30 [years] non-carcinogens: 30 [years]

Exposure Frequency: carcinogens 350 [days/year] non-carcinogens: 365 [days/year]

Averaging Time: carcinogens 70 [years] non-carcinogens: 30 [years]

Risk Factor for carcinogens: 1E-6 Target Hazard Quotient for non-carcinogens: 1

JOHNSON & ETTINGER SIMULATION RESULTS

Effective Diffusion Coefficients:

Unsaturated Zone(D<sub>eff</sub>): 0.01455[cm<sup>2</sup>/s]

Unsaturated Zone + Capillary Zone (DT<sub>eff</sub>): 0.003953[cm<sup>2</sup>/s]

Soil the Attenuation Basis (1868)

Ground Water Attenuation Factor  $(\alpha_{\text{GW}})$ : 0.00001584 Target Concentrations are based on NON-CANCER risk.

Target Indoor Air Concentration: 200[µg/m³] or 50.48[ppbv]

<sup>1</sup>Less Protective Target Concentrations

Soil Gas:  $8.329e6[\mu g/m^3]$  or 2.102e6[ppbv]; Ground Water:  $1.538e4[\mu g/L]$ 

Best Estimate Target Concentrations

Soil Gas:  $7.543e6[\mu g/m^3]$  or 1.904e6[ppbv]; Ground Water:  $1.448e4[\mu g/L]$ 

<sup>2</sup>More Protective Target Concentrations

Soil Gas:  $6.773e6[\mu g/m^3]$  or 1.709e6[ppbv]; Ground Water:  $1.360e4[\mu g/L]$ 

Based on parameter analysis: Advection is the dominant mechanism across foundation.

<sup>1</sup>"Less Protective" concentrations produced with HIGHEST moisture content and DEEPEST depth to contamination.

<sup>2</sup>"More Protective" concentrations produced with LOWEST moisture content and SHALLOWEST depth to contamination.

Building Air Exchange is outside the recommended range for this parameter. Building Footpring Area is outside the recommended range for this building type. Subsurface Foundation Area is outside the recommended range for this building type.

#### Screening-Level Johnson and Ettinger Model

Site Name: Winding

Report Date: Thu Aug 6 16:56:33 CDT 2009

Report Generated From: http://www.epa.gov/athens/learn2model/part-

two/onsite/JnE lite.htm

Depth to contamination from bottom of foundation: 5ft +/- 2ft

Average ground water temperature: 19C

CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Chemical of Concern: 1,1-Dichloroethylene CAS Number: 75354

Molecular Weight: 96.94[g/mole] Henrys Constant: 0.8720278[unitless]

Diffusivity in Air: 9.000e-2[cm<sup>2</sup>/sec] Diffusivity in Water: 1.040e-5[cm<sup>2</sup>/sec]

Unit Risk Factor:  $0[(\mu g/m^3)^{-1}]$  Reference Concentration:  $0.2[mg/m^3]$ 

SOIL PROPERTIES

Soil Type: Sand Total Porosity: 0.375

Unsaturated Zone Moisture Content:

low= 0.053 best estimate= 0.054 high= 0.055

Capillary Zone Moisture Content: 0.253 Height of Capillary Rise: 0.17[m]

Soil-Gas Flow Rate into Building: 5 [L/min]

BUILDING PROPERTIES

Building Type: Slab-on-Grade Air Exchange Rate: 5.44[hr<sup>-1</sup>]

Building Mixing Height: 5.56[m] Building Footprint Area: 2174[m<sup>2</sup>]

Subsurface Foundation Area: 2180[m<sup>2</sup>] Building Crack Ratio: 0.00038[unitless]

Foundation Slab Thickness: 0.1[m]

EXPOSURE PARAMETERS

Exposure Duration: carcinogens 30 [years] non-carcinogens: 30 [years]

Exposure Frequency: carcinogens 350 [days/year] non-carcinogens: 365 [days/year]

Averaging Time: carcinogens 70 [years] non-carcinogens: 30 [years]

Risk Factor for carcinogens: 1E-6 Target Hazard Quotient for non-carcinogens: 1

JOHNSON & ETTINGER SIMULATION RESULTS

Effective Diffusion Coefficients:

Unsaturated Zone(D<sub>eff</sub>): 0.01455[cm<sup>2</sup>/s]

Unsaturated Zone + Capillary Zone ( $D_{eff}^{T}$ ): 0.003953[cm<sup>2</sup>/s]

Soil End Attenuation Testes (198

Ground Water Attenuation Factor  $(\alpha_{\text{GW}})$ : 0.00000398 Target Concentrations are based on NON-CANCER risk.

Target Indoor Air Concentration: 200[µg/m³] or 50.48[ppbv]

<sup>1</sup>Less Protective Target Concentrations

Soil Gas:  $4.628e7[\mu g/m^3]$  or 1.168e7[ppbv]; Ground Water:  $5.846e4[\mu g/L]$ 

Best Estimate Target Concentrations

Soil Gas:  $4.555e7[\mu g/m^3]$  or 1.150e7[ppbv]; Ground Water:  $5.763e4[\mu g/L]$ 

<sup>2</sup>More Protective Target Concentrations

Soil Gas:  $4.483e7[\mu g/m^3]$  or 1.131e7[ppbv]; Ground Water:  $5.681e4[\mu g/L]$ 

Based on parameter analysis: Advection is the dominant mechanism across foundation. Advection through foundation is the overall rate-limiting process for soil-gas to indoor-air pathway.

1"Less Protective" concentrations produced with HIGHEST moisture content and DEEPEST depth to contamination.
2"More Protective" concentrations produced with LOWEST moisture content and SHALLOWEST depth to contamination.