



Mississippi Department of Environmental Quality
Office of Pollution Control

I-sys 2000 Master Site Detail Report

Site Name: Hercules Inc

PHYSICAL ADDRESS		OTHER INFORMATION	
LINE 1:	613 West 7th Street	MASTER ID:	002022
LINE 2:		COUNTY:	Forrest
LINE 3:		REGION:	SRO
MUNICIPALITY:	Hattiesburg	SIC 1:	2822
STATE CODE:	MS	AIR TYPE:	TITLE V
ZIP CODE:	39401-	HW TYPE:	LARGE QUANTITY
MAILING ADDRESS		SOLID TYPE:	
LINE 1:	613 West 7th Street	WATER TYPE:	INDUSTRIAL
LINE 2:		BRANCH:	Chemical
LINE 3:		ECED CONTACT:	
MUNICIPALITY:	Hattiesburg	Yassin, Mohammad	
STATE CODE:	MS	BASIN:	
ZIP CODE:	39401-		
AIR PROGRAMS <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> SIP <input type="checkbox"/> PSD <input type="checkbox"/> NSPS <input type="checkbox"/> NESHAPS <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> MACT			



**Mississippi Department of Environmental Quality
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Permits				
PROGRAM	PERMIT TYPE	PERMIT #	MDEQ PERMIT CONTACT	ACTIVE
HAZ. WASTE	EPA ID	MSD008182081		NO
AIR	TITLE V	080000001	Ketchum, Brian	YES
AIR	SOP	080000001	Ketchum, Brian	NO
WATER	NPDES - MAJOR	MS0001830	Cook, Charles	NO
WATER	NPDES - MAJOR	MS0001830	Cook, Charles	NO
WATER	NPDES - MAJOR	MS0001830	Beasley, Jerry	YES
WATER	PRE-TREATMENT	MSP091286	Tomkins, Tracy	YES
GENERAL	SARA TITLE III	MSR110153	Lavallee, Louis	YES
AIR	TITLE V	0800-00001	Glenn, Montie	NO

Compliance Actions				
MEDIA	ACTIVITY TYPE	SCHEDULED	COMPLETED	INSPECTED B
WATER	CEI - NA	3/17/99	3/17/99	Yassin, Mohammad
WATER	CMI - PRETREATMENT	11/1/99		Sharp, Loyd
WATER	CMI - NPDES	4/1/00		Sharp, Loyd
WATER	CMI - NPDES	11/1/99		Sharp, Loyd
WATER	CEI - NA	9/30/00		Yassin, Mohammad
HAZ WASTE	Compliance Evaluation Inspection	9/30/00		Yassin, Mohammad
AIR	State Compliance Inspection	9/30/00		Yassin, Mohammad
HAZ WASTE	Compliance Evaluation Inspection	6/30/99	6/30/99	Yassin, Mohammad
AIR	State Compliance Inspection	6/29/99	6/29/99	Yassin, Mohammad
WATER	CEI - NA	6/30/99	6/30/99	Yassin, Mohammad

ABBREVIATIONS / DEFINITIONS

ug/L: micrograms/Liter
mg/L: milligrams/Liter
mg/kg:
milligrams/kilogram
ug/g: micrograms/gram
ppm: parts per million
ppb: parts per billion

<: less than
MCL: Maximum Contaminant Level
MDL: Method Detection Limit
LSPC: result less than lower specification
USPC: result greater than upper specification
TIE: Tentatively Identified or Estimated
>: greater than
z: surrogate

COC Date: Date Chain of Custody Signed
COC Time: Time Chain of Custody Signed

SAMPLE COMMENTS:

*FLOW-No way to measure flow from lagoon.

ENVIRONMENT CONDITION: CLOUDY

WHERE TAKEN: FINAL EFFLUENT

Approved By: _____



INSTRUCTIONS FOR COMPLETING THE SECTION 114 INFORMATION REQUEST
FOR PRODUCERS AND/OR USERS OF EPICHLOROHYDRIN

Please return completed questionnaire to:

Mr. Jack Farmer (MD-13)
Director
Emission Standards and Engineering Division
U. S. Environmental Protection Agency
Research Triangle Park, North Carolina 27711

If you are unable to respond to an item as stated, please contact Mr. Mark Meech of EPA at (919) 541-5499 or Ms. Brenda Shine of Midwest Research Institute at (919) 467-5215 for clarification of the question. If necessary, use additional sheets for your responses. If measurement units are different from those specified, indicate the units used.

This request should be completed for each facility producing and/or using epichlorohydrin. For each offsite epichlorohydrin storage facility, please provide the information requested in Nos. 1 through 5 and Sections E and F of Enclosure 1. If multiple facilities exist, reproduce and complete the forms for each facility and identify each facility by a number (e.g., facility Nos. 1, 2, 3).

Name of company: _____

Name of facility: _____

Facility EPA I.D. No.: _____

Response completed by: _____

Title: _____

Facility address: Physical (No. and Street): _____

City _____ State _____ Zip _____

Facility address: Mailing (No. and Street or Post Office Box): _____

City _____ State _____ Zip _____

Facility telephone No.: () _____

Mailing address of respondent (if different from above): _____

Telephone No. of respondent (if different from above): _____

ENCLOSURE 1

Requested Information for Producers and/or Users of Epichlorohydrin

This questionnaire addresses epichlorohydrin (1-chloro-2,3-epoxypropane or "EPI") emissions under normal operating conditions as well as episodes during which emission rates significantly exceed the annual average emission rate for an emission source. Questionnaire responses will be used to model both long- and short-term ambient concentrations of epichlorohydrin.

For facilities that have responded to previous information requests pertaining to long-term and short-term epichlorohydrin emissions, a copy of the completed response(s) is included. Note that some of the questions in this current questionnaire have been answered previously, and, for these questions, the information from the previous response(s) may be updated, if necessary, and resubmitted.

1. This information request is for the most recent, complete 3-year period for which data are available. If the process unit in question has not been in operation for 3 years, please provide any data which are available or may be estimated for the period of time that the unit has operated.

Indicate 3-year period (month/year): _____

2. Please provide a brief description of the epichlorohydrin production process (if applicable). Also, describe the process(es) in which epichlorohydrin is used to produce other products and identify those products.

3. For each process unit producing and/or using epichlorohydrin, provide a process flow diagram and identify all raw material and all product streams which contain epichlorohydrin. Also, identify all process emission points and all control devices used.
4. For each process unit described in Item 3, provide:
 - a. Design capacity for product, lb/yr _____
 - b. Capacity utilization for the 3-year period, percent^a _____
 - c. Hours of operation
 Hours/day _____ Days/year _____
 - d. Amount of epichlorohydrin produced, lb/yr _____
 - e. Amount of epichlorohydrin consumed, lb/yr _____
5. Provide a plot plan showing the entire property fence line surrounding the facility and the location of all emission sources and buildings within facility boundaries.

Provide the following information on the plot plan:

- a. A drawing, to scale, of all buildings housing sources that emit epichlorohydrin and all buildings owned or operated by you that are within 10 building heights of each epichlorohydrin emission point. For each building in the plot plan, give the following.

Building identification	_____	_____	_____
Building height, m	_____	_____	_____
Building width, m	_____	_____	_____
Building length, m	_____	_____	_____
Distance from closest emission source to building, m ^b	_____	_____	_____

If necessary, these dimensions may be approximated; however, exact measurements are preferable. Consider as a building any enclosed structure whose maximum cross-sectional area ([longest structure length or diameter]x[structure height]) exceeds 50 m². Structures include buildings, cooling towers, and storage tanks.

- b. The location of each epichlorohydrin emission source in the facility.

^aIf capacity utilization rates have varied significantly over the 3-year period, list the range and the weighted average.

^bIf emission source is within building, distance = 0.

- c. The latitude and longitude of an identified single point located on the plot plan, specified in degrees, minutes, and seconds.
 - d. The distance and direction from the center of the emission point to the nearest plant fence line.
 - e. The distance and direction from the center of the emission point to the nearest residence.
 - f. The direction of true north.
 - g. The scale used in preparing the drawing.
 - h. Description of topography surrounding the facility (e.g., flat, hilly, mountainous)
 - i. Description of the land use immediately adjacent to the facility (e.g., industrial, residential, agricultural). Indicate the location of any schools, hospitals, nursing homes, or shopping malls within 1 mile of the facility.
6. For each process unit in which epichlorohydrin is processed, provide the information requested in the attached set of data sheets. The data sheets are organized into nine sections: Section A--Process Vent Emissions, Section B--Pressure Relief Events, Section C--Equipment Leaks, Section D--Equipment Opening Losses, Section E--Raw Material/Product Storage Emissions, Section F--Handling Emissions, Section G--Secondary Emissions, Section H--Miscellaneous Releases, and Section I--Limitation of Simultaneous Short-Term Emissions. IN ADDITION, PLEASE PROVIDE INFORMATION ON ANY OTHER SOURCE OF EPICHLOROHYDRIN EMISSIONS.

SECTION A--PROCESS VENT EMISSIONS

General Instructions

Process vents are emission points to the atmosphere within a process unit. For each process vent, provide the process vent and control device information requested on the following page (if more data sheets are needed, make additional copies). Emissions from pressure relief devices such as rupture discs, safety relief valves, and manual vent valves are addressed in Section B. Emission sources reported here should not be included in Sections B through H. For example, emissions reported for day tanks in this section should not be listed in Section E, Raw Material/Product Storage Emissions. The EPA does not require you to perform sampling to respond to this request. In the absence of sampling data, give your best estimate of the emission characteristics and provide calculations as requested in Subpart IV.

Process Vent Emissions--Long-Term

Data spanning a 3-year period of time is not requested for long-term process vent emissions. Instead, provide only data representative of emission stream characteristics over the most recent 1-year period. Process vent emissions which vary from these characteristics should be reported on pages 11 through 13 (short-term emissions).

Process Vent No.: _____

TYPE OF PROCESS: Batch () Continuous ()

NAME OF PROCESS _____

I. Process Vent Description

A. Name of emission source (as labeled on process flow diagram):

B. Are the vent emissions continuous? _____
If yes, give: Annual release duration, h/yr: _____
If no, give: Frequency of release, times/yr: _____
Duration of each release, min: _____

C. Is the process vent equipped with a control device? _____
If yes, complete Subparts II and III.
If no, complete Subpart II only.

II. Process Vent Emission Data--BEFORE CONTROL DEVICE

A. Name of emission source: _____

B. Height above grade and diameter of stack/vent (if uncontrolled)
Height, m _____ Diameter, m _____

C. Emission stream characteristics (before control device)

Average flow rate (from continuous processes), acmm:^a _____

Peak flow rate (from batch processes), acmm:^a _____

Peak flow rate duration, min: _____

Frequency:^b _____

Temperature, K: _____

^aacmm = actual cubic meters per minute; to convert from acfm (actual cubic feet [ft³] per minute), multiply by 0.0283.

^bFrequency of peak flow; for example: twice a week, 3 times a day, once a month.

Composition by volume, wet basis: _____

(Composition by volume to the nearest 1 percent is required. Either molecular weight or density of the entire stream at specified conditions (temperature and pressure) can be reported below in lieu of complete composition.)

Molecular weight or density, g/m^3 (specify): _____

Approximate heat content, Kcal/scm^C _____

Epichlorohydrin emissions, kg/yr : _____

^CKcal per standard cubic meter; denotes heat of combustion of vent stream.
To convert from BTU/scf, multiply by 8.899.

III. Process Vent Emission Data--AFTER CONTROL DEVICE

- A. Control device used: _____
- B. Estimated control device pollutant removal efficiency
 Epichlorohydrin, %: _____
 Volatile organic compounds, %: _____
- C. Height above grade and diameter of control device stack/vent
 Height, m _____ Diameter, m _____
- D. Utilization:^a _____
- E. Emission stream characteristics (after control device)
 Average flow rate (from continuous processes), acmm:^b _____
 Peak flow rate (from batch processes), acmm:^b _____
 Peak flow rate duration, min: _____
 Frequency:^c _____
 Temperature, K: _____
 Composition by volume: _____

(Composition by volume to the nearest 1 percent is required. Either molecular weight or density of the entire stream at specified conditions (temperature and pressure) can be reported below in lieu of complete composition.)

- Molecular weight or density, g/m³ (specify): _____
- Approximate heat content, Kcal/scm:^d _____
- Epichlorohydrin emissions, kg/yr (at full capacity) _____

^aIndicate control device hours of operation per process hours of operation (e.g., 6,700 h/6,900 h).

^bacmm = actual cubic meters per minute; to convert from acfm (actual cubic feet [ft³] per minute), multiply by 0.0283.

^cFrequency of peak flow; for example: twice a week, 3 times a day, once a month.

^dKcal per standard cubic meter; denotes heat of combustion of vent stream. To convert from BTU/scf, multiply by 8.899.

IV. Process Vent Emissions Determination Method

Describe the method(s) by which the emission stream characteristics and the control device efficiency was determined. If estimates have been made, show calculation steps and note assumptions.

V. Process Vent Emissions--Short-Term Emissions

For each process vent, give the short-term emissions information requested in Table 1 for each event resulting in short-term emissions. Short term emissions are defined as emissions which significantly exceed the annual average emission rate for an emission source. Typical examples of such events would be process startups, shutdowns, and process or control device malfunctions. Please include emissions information for the 3-year period specified on page 2. Note that emissions resulting from equipment openings during sampling should not be included in this section, but rather in Section D--Equipment Opening Losses. The EPA does not require you to perform sampling to respond to this request. In the absence of sampling data, give your best estimate of the emission characteristics, and note any assumptions or calculations in the space provided below.

Unit: _____

Vent ID: _____

For similar events which occur a number of times over the 3-year period, please list the emission stream characteristics once and indicate the frequency of the event in the space provided in Table 1.

TABLE 1. PROCESS VENT EMISSIONS SUMMARY (SHORT-TERM)

Parameters	Vent emission summary		
	Event 1	Event 2	Event 3
Event or procedure causing emission (startup, shutdown, control device malfunction)	_____	_____	_____
Date and time event started	_____	_____	_____
Type of control device (if any)	_____	_____	_____
Control device efficiency	_____	_____	_____
Total epichlorohydrin emissions during event, kg ^a	_____	_____	_____
Frequency of event, no. times/yr	_____	_____	_____
Duration of event, min	_____	_____	_____
Flow rate during event, acmm	_____	_____	_____
Temperature of vent gas, K	_____	_____	_____
Vent height above ground level, m	_____	_____	_____
Vent diameter, m	_____	_____	_____
Approximate heat content of stream, Kcal/scm	_____	_____	_____
Composition of vent stream, percent ^b	_____	_____	_____
	_____	_____	_____
	_____	_____	_____
Density of stream, g/m ³	_____	_____	_____
Molecular weight of stream	_____	_____	_____

^aShow one example calculation detailing methodology used to calculate emissions.
^bComposition by volume to the nearest 1 percent is required. Either molecular weight or density of the entire stream at specified conditions (temperature and pressure) can be reported in lieu of complete composition.

VI. For each short-term emission event listed in Table 1, describe any control measures taken to minimize emissions.

VII. For each short-term emission event listed in Table 1, describe any known impacts outside the property line of the facility.

SECTION B--PRESSURE RELIEF EVENTS

I. General Instructions

For the 3-year period, give the pressure relief event information requested in Table 2. A pressure relief event is considered to be the venting of process equipment (i.e., reactor vessels, columns, storage tanks) through rupture discs, safety relief valves, manual, or emergency vents. An event may consist of one pressure relief device discharge or a series of pressure relief device discharges stemming from the same set of circumstances. Pressure relief emissions can be either liquids or gases. Note any assumptions or calculations in the space provided below. If more data sheets are needed, please make additional copies.

Unit: _____

Emission source: _____

TABLE 2. PRESSURE RELIEF EVENTS

Parameters	Events		
	Event 1	Event 2	Event 3
Discharge device ^a	_____	_____	_____
Event or procedure causing emission	_____	_____	_____
Date and time event started	_____	_____	_____
Type of control device (if any)	_____	_____	_____
Control device efficiency	_____	_____	_____
Total epichlorohydrin emissions during event, kg ^b	_____	_____	_____
Frequency of event, no. times/yr	_____	_____	_____
Duration of event, min	_____	_____	_____
Flow rate during event, acmm	_____	_____	_____
Temperature, K	_____	_____	_____
Vent height above ground level, m	_____	_____	_____
Vent diameter, m	_____	_____	_____
Approximate heat content of steam, Kcal/scm	_____	_____	_____
Composition of vent stream, percent ^c	_____	_____	_____
	_____	_____	_____
Density of stream, g/m ³	_____	_____	_____
Molecular weight of stream	_____	_____	_____
Discharge pressure, psig	_____	_____	_____

^aRupture disk, safety relief valve, manual vent, etc., on emission source.
^bShow one example calculation detailing methodology used to calculate epichlorohydrin emissions.
^cComposition by volume to the nearest 1 percent is required. Either molecular weight or density of the entire stream at specified conditions (temperature and pressure) can be reported in lieu of complete composition.

II. For each pressure relief event listed in Table 2, describe any control measures taken to minimize emissions.

III. For each pressure relief events listed in Table 2, describe any known impacts outside the property line of the facility.

SECTION C--EQUIPMENT LEAKS

SECTION C. EQUIPMENT LEAKS FROM PROCESS COMPONENTS IN EPICHLOROHYDRIN SERVICE

I. Provide numbers of process components in contact with epichlorohydrin by completing the following table. Do not include components that have no contact with epichlorohydrin.

II. If this is a batch or intermittent process, give an overall percentage of time per year that epichlorohydrin exists within these process components, %:

Equipment type	1-10% epichloro- hydrin	11-25% epichloro- hydrin	No. of components by weight percent 26-75% epichloro- hydrin	76-99% epichloro- hydrin	Greater than 99% epichlorohydrin
Pump seals ^a					
Packed					
Mechanical					
Double mechanical ^b					
Compressor seals ^a					
Flanges					
Valves					
Gas					
Liquid					
Pressure relief devices ^d					
Gas					
Liquid					
Sample connections					
Gas					
Liquid					
Open-ended lines ^e (e.g., purge, vent)					
Gas					
Liquid					

^aList the number of pump and compressor seals, rather than the number of pumps or compressors.
^bIf double mechanical seals are operated with the barrier (B) fluid at a pressure greater than the pump stuffing box pressure and/or are equipped with a sensor (S) that will detect failure of the seal system, the barrier fluid system, or both, indicate with a "B" and/or an "S" respectively.
^cConditions existing in the pipe during normal operation.
^dReport all pressure relief devices, including those equipped with control devices.
^eLines closed during normal operation that would be used during maintenance operations.

SECTION C. EQUIPMENT LEAK EMISSIONS

IV. If a formal leak detection and repair program is in place, complete the following table regarding leak detection and repair procedures.

Equipment type	Leak detection		Detection device ^a	Frequency of leak detection monitoring	Repairs initiated (days after detection)	Repairs completed (days after initiated)
	Concentration, ppm	Measured at _____ inches from source				
Pump seals						
Packed						
Mechanical						
Double mechanical						
Compressor seals						
Flanges						
Valves						
Gas						
Liquid						
Pressure relief devices (gas only)						
Sample connections ^b						
Gas						
Liquid						
Open-ended lines ^b						
Gas						
Liquid						

^aPortable organic vapor analyzer (POVA), fixed point monitoring (FPM), etc.
^bIf capped for a leak detection and repair (LDAR) program, please specify.

SECTION D--EQUIPMENT OPENING LOSSES

SECTION D. EQUIPMENT OPENING LOSSES

I. Complete the following table for equipment opening losses in the 3-year period for equipment which contains or contacts either a liquid that is at least 10 percent by weight epichlorohydrin or a gas that is at least 10 percent by volume epichlorohydrin. Equipment opening losses include those from routine openings of equipment (e.g., from vessels after batch reactions) as well as opening of equipment for cleaning and maintenance. Estimate the quantity of emissions of epichlorohydrin from opening of equipment in epichlorohydrin service. Liquid spills resulting from equipment opening should not be reported here but should be reported in Section H. If standard practice is to purge equipment to <2 ppm (or some other minute concentration) prior to opening, do not list here but include as an answer in Part II of this section. If more data sheets are needed, please make additional copies.

Parameters	----- Equipment openings -----		
Unit	_____	_____	_____
Description of equipment	_____	_____	_____
Date and time of event	_____	_____	_____
Description of event	_____	_____	_____
Type of control device (if any)	_____	_____	_____
Control device efficiency	_____	_____	_____
Total epichlorohydrin emissions, kg ^a	_____	_____	_____
Frequency of event, no. times/yr	_____	_____	_____
Duration of emissions, min	_____	_____	_____
Flow rate, accm	_____	_____	_____
Temperature of material in equipment at opening, K	_____	_____	_____
Above-ground height of release, m	_____	_____	_____
Diameter of equipment opening, m	_____	_____	_____
Approximate heat content of material, Kcal/scm	_____	_____	_____
Composition of release, volume percent ^b	_____	_____	_____
	_____	_____	_____
	_____	_____	_____
Density of material, g/m ³	_____	_____	_____
Molecular weight of material	_____	_____	_____

^aShow one example calculation detailing methodology used to calculate emissions.
^bComposition by volume to the nearest 1 percent is required. Either molecular weight or density of the entire stream at specified conditions (temperature and pressure) can be reported in lieu of complete composition.

II. Describe any equipment opening procedures that are followed to reduce emissions from equipment openings. This includes equipment draining or purging procedures prior to opening and controls used to reduce emissions. Give an estimate of the effectiveness of these emission reduction procedures and identify which entries in the preceding table would be affected.

III. Describe any control devices that are used to reduce emissions from equipment openings. For each control device, please provide an estimated control efficiency.

IV. Please describe any known impacts outside the property line of the facility resulting from equipment openings.

SECTION E--RAW MATERIAL/PRODUCT STORAGE EMISSIONS

SECTION E. RAW MATERIAL/PRODUCT STORAGE EMISSIONS

I. Provide the following information for all storage vessels that service a liquid that is at least 10 percent by weight epichlorohydrin. If more data sheets are needed, please make additional copies.

Parameters	----- Tanks -----		
Tank ID No.	_____	_____	_____
Tank type ^{a-c}	_____	_____	_____
Tank capacity, gal	_____	_____	_____
Turnovers/yr	_____	_____	_____
Tank dimensions, diameter/height, ft ^d	_____	_____	_____
Average vapor space height, ft	_____	_____	_____
Product composition, weight percent ^e	_____	_____	_____
Approximate heat content of vapor, Kcal/scm	_____	_____	_____
Average molecular weight of vapor	_____	_____	_____
Storage temperature, °F	_____	_____	_____
True vapor pressure of product, psi	_____	_____	_____
Product density, g/ml	_____	_____	_____
Tank vent diameter, in.	_____	_____	_____
Tank paint factor ^f	_____	_____	_____
Average diurnal temperature change, °F	_____	_____	_____
Specify tank emission controls ^g	_____	_____	_____
Control efficiency	_____	_____	_____
Epichlorohydrin emissions, mg/yr ^h	_____	_____	_____

^a 1. Fixed roof
 2. External floating roof
 3. Internal floating roof
 4. Pressure

^b If external floating roof, specify:
 a. Metallic shoe seal
 b. Liquid-mounted resilient seal
 c. Vapor-mounted resilient seal

^c If internal floating roof, specify
 a. Vapor mounted
 b. Liquid mounted

^d For example, a 30 ft diameter tank that is 20 ft high would be listed as 30/20.

^e Identify product composition as completely as possible, noting the weight percentage of epichlorohydrin.

^f Select from Table 3.

^g Other than floating roofs.

^h Show example calculation for one tank using AP-42 equations.

1. Primary seal only
 2. Weather shield
 3. Rim-mounted secondary seal

1. With secondary seal

TABLE 3. PAINT FACTORS

Roof	Tank color	Exterior walls	Paint factors	
			Paint condition	
			Good	Poor
White		White	1.00 ^a	1.15
A1 (specular)		White	1.04	1.18
White		A1 (specular)	1.16	1.24
A1 (specular)		A1 (specular)	1.20	1.29
White		A1 (diffuse)	1.30	1.38
A1 (diffuse)		A1 (diffuse)	1.39	1.46
White		Gray	1.30	1.38
Light gray		Light gray	1.33	1.44
Medium gray		Medium gray	1.40	1.58

^aUse 1.0 if no other information is available.

II. For the 3 year period, give the short-term emission information requested below. Note that emissions due to working losses are addressed in Section E-I. If more data sheets are needed, please make additional copies.

Tank ID No. _____

Parameters	Events		
Event or procedure causing emission (includes overfills, seal failure and other upset conditions)	_____	_____	_____
Date and time event started	_____	_____	_____
Control device (if any)	_____	_____	_____
Control device efficiency	_____	_____	_____
Total epichlorohydrin emissions during event, kg ^a	_____	_____	_____
Frequency of event, No. times/yr	_____	_____	_____
Duration of event, min	_____	_____	_____
Flow rate during event, acmm	_____	_____	_____
Temperature of vent gas, K	_____	_____	_____
Vent height above ground level, m	_____	_____	_____
Vent diameter, m	_____	_____	_____
Approximate heat content of stream, Kcal/scm	_____	_____	_____
Composition of vent stream, percent ^b	_____	_____	_____
	_____	_____	_____
	_____	_____	_____
Density of stream, g/m ³	_____	_____	_____
Molecular weight of stream	_____	_____	_____

^aShow one example calculation detailing methodology used to calculate emissions.
^bComposition by volume to the nearest 1 percent is required. Either molecular weight or density of the entire stream at specified conditions (temperature and pressure) can be reported in lieu of complete composition.

III. For each pressure event listed in the preceding table, describe any control measures taken to minimize emissions.

IV. For each event listed in the preceding table, describe any known impacts outside the property line of the facility.

SECTION F--HANDLING EMISSIONS

I. For those plants that receive epichlorohydrin as a raw material, please provide the following information.

A. Provide information on incoming raw epichlorohydrin receipt as requested below. The assumption is that epichlorohydrin is received in railcars. If this is not the case, please explain the method of shipment.

Typical railcar capacity, gal	No. of annual shipments	Epichlor- hydrin temp., °F	Railcar pressure valve setting, psi
_____	_____	_____	_____

B. Describe any vapor balance system that is currently in place including the process components and the destination of epichlorohydrin vapors.^a

C. If a total vapor balance system is not in use, estimate emissions from railcars below. Provide the basis of the calculations.

II. For those plants that produce, sell, and distribute epichlorohydrin on the merchant market, please provide the following information.

A. How much epichlorohydrin is sold, lb/yr? _____

B. Describe the container(s) used to store and distribute epichlorohydrin (capacity, seals, etc.)

^a"Vapor balance system" means a vapor control system which returns vapors displaced from a receiving vessel to the vessel that is being unloaded.

C. Describe the process by which the containers are filled. A detailed diagram should accompany the description.

D. Describe all emission sources in the filling or handling process and locate them on the diagram.

E. Is the process equipped with emission control devices? _____

If yes, specify type.

F. Provide an epichlorohydrin emission estimate for the filling and handling process and describe the methodology used to make the estimate, lb/yr.

Also, provide an emission rate for the duration of a typical filling and describe the methodology used to make the estimate.

G. For what purpose(s) are your customers purchasing epichlorohydrin?

III. For the 3 year period, give the short-term emissions information requested below. If more data sheets are needed, please make additional copies.

Parameters	----- Events -----		
Event or procedure causing emission	_____	_____	_____
Date and time event started	_____	_____	_____
Type of control device (if any)	_____	_____	_____
Control device efficiency	_____	_____	_____
Total epichlorohydrin emissions during event, kg ^a	_____	_____	_____
Frequency of event, No. times/yr	_____	_____	_____
Duration of event, min	_____	_____	_____
Flow rate during event, acmm	_____	_____	_____
Temperature of vent gas, K	_____	_____	_____
Vent height above ground level, m	_____	_____	_____
Vent diameter, m	_____	_____	_____
Approximate heat content of stream, Kcal/scm	_____	_____	_____
Composition of vent stream, percent ^b	_____	_____	_____
	_____	_____	_____
	_____	_____	_____
Density of stream, g/m ³	_____	_____	_____
Molecular weight of stream	_____	_____	_____

^aShow one example calculation detailing methodology used to calculate emissions.

^bComposition by volume to the nearest 1 percent is required. Either molecular weight or density of the entire stream at specified conditions (temperature and pressure) can be reported in lieu of complete composition.

IV. For each event listed in the preceding table, describe any other measures taken to minimize emissions.

V. For each event listed in the preceding table, describe any known impacts outside the property line of the facility.

SECTION G--SECONDARY EMISSIONS

SECTION H--ACCIDENTAL RELEASES

General Instructions

For the last 3-year period, give the accidental release information requested in Tables 4 and 5. Accidental releases are considered to be atmospheric epichlorohydrin emissions resulting from liquid spills or other nonintentional releases of epichlorohydrin to the atmosphere not covered in Sections A through G. Please include releases below the reportable quantity (RQ) of 10 lb. If more data sheets are needed, please make additional copies.

Unit: _____

Vent ID: _____

NOTE: Copies of accidental release reports will be accepted for this section if the reports contain the information listed in Table 4.

TABLE 4. ACCIDENTAL RELEASES (GAS)

Parameters	Releases		
	Event 1	Event 2	Event 3
Date and time of release	_____	_____	_____
Amount of epichlorohydrin emitted to atmosphere, kg ^a	_____	_____	_____
Duration of release, min	_____	_____	_____

^aShow one example calculation detailing methodology used to calculate epichlorohydrin emissions.

For each release listed, please provide a narrative description of the circumstances causing the release.

Unit: _____

Vent ID: _____

NOTE: Copies of accidental release reports will be accepted for this section if the reports contain the information listed in Table 5.

TABLE 5. ACCIDENTAL RELEASES (LIQUID)

Parameters	Spills		
	Event 1	Event 2	Event 3
Date and time of spill	_____	_____	_____
Total quantity spilled, kg	_____	_____	_____
Net epichlorohydrin released to atmosphere, kg ^a	_____	_____	_____

^aShow one example calculation describing methodology used to estimate quantity.

For each release listed, please provide a narrative description of the circumstances causing the release.

SECTION I--LIMITATION OF SIMULTANEOUS SHORT-TERM EMISSIONS

I. Do any of the short-term events noted in Sections A, B, D, E, F, G, and H necessarily preclude one another? Indicate which events described in those sections could not occur simultaneously and explain why.

II. Indicate which events described in Sections A, B, D, E, F, G, and H must occur simultaneously or in series and explain why.

SECTION J--AMBIENT MONITORING AND HEALTH EFFECTS DATA

I. Ambient monitoring data^a

If ambient monitoring data are available, submit the following information:

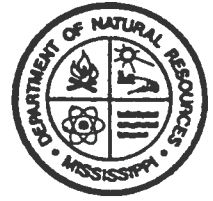
- A. Placement of all ambient monitors on a plot plan of the facility (tie in with Question 5, p. 3).
- B. The averaging periods associated with the monitored concentrations.
- C. The specific monitoring methods used along with the level of detection.
- D. The quality assurance techniques employed for monitoring data.
- E. The monitored concentrations with their associated averaging periods identified with the monitor at which they were observed on the plot plan in A.

II. Health Effects Data

Submit any and all health effects data your company has on effects associated with exposure to epichlorohydrin (either human or animal exposures). If these data have either been published in the publicly available literature or previously submitted to EPA, then submit only the reference of the publication and/or the EPA office which received the data.

^aAmbient monitors exclude personal and indoor monitors.

10-20-86



STATE OF MISSISSIPPI
DEPARTMENT OF NATURAL RESOURCES
BUREAU OF POLLUTION CONTROL
P.O. BOX 10385
JACKSON, MISSISSIPPI 39209

For Agency Use
FACILITY NUMBER

110-0800-00001-038
Date Received

10-21-86
Month Day Year



APPLICATION FOR PERMIT TO CONSTRUCT AND/OR
OPERATE AIR EMISSIONS EQUIPMENT - GENERAL FORM

APPLICATION FOR: X CONSTRUCTION PERMIT RENEWAL - PLEASE CHECK APPROPRIATE BOX

1. Name, Address, Location, and Telephone Number
 - A. Name HERCULES INC
 - B. Mailing Address of Applicant
 1. Street Address or P.O. Box 1937
 2. City HATTIESBURG
 3. State MS
 4. Zip Code 39401
 5. Telephone No. 601 545 3450
 - C. Location of Facility
 1. Street WEST 7TH STREET
 2. City HATTIESBURG
 3. State MS
 4. Zip Code 39401
 5. Telephone No. 601 545 3450
 - D. If the facility is located outside the City limits, please provide a sketch or description showing the approximate location and attach to this application.
2. SIC Code 2861
3. Number of Employees 475
4. Principal Product ROBIN DERIVATIVES
5. Principal Raw Materials ROBIN
6. Principal Process ROBIN DERIVATIVES
7. Maximum amount of principal product produced or raw material consumed per day
8. (A) Check here if operation which generates air pollutant emissions occurs all year X, or specify the months the operation occurs:
 (B) Specify how many days per week the operation occurs: 7
 (C) Specify how many hours per day the operation occurs: 24
9. If this application is for existing facility permit renewal only, has the facility been modified in any way (including production rate, fuel, and/or raw material changes) during period covered by the Operating Permit Yes No or since 1972? Yes No
 If Yes, give year(s) in which modification(s) occurred.
10. ALL APPLICATIONS MUST BE SIGNED BY THE APPLICANT.

I certify that I am familiar with the information contained in the application and that to the best of my knowledge and belief such information is true, complete, and accurate, and that I am the owner or chief corporate officer, or his designated representative, responsible for complying with air pollution control laws and regulations.

G R YANBLE
Printed Name of Person Signing
10/21/86
Date Application Signed

PLANT MANAGER
Title
G R Yanble
Signature of Applicant

FOR ALL APPLICANTS, WHETHER NEW CONSTRUCTION, EXISTING FACILITY, OR RENEWAL

CONTROL EQUIPMENT COVERED UNDER THIS APPLICATION - PLEASE CHECK ALL APPLICABLE AND INDICATE NUMBER OF UNITS.

PARTICULATE EMISSIONS CONTROL EQUIPMENT

- | | |
|-------------------------------------|----------------------------|
| 1. Cyclone(s) _____ | 5. Venturi Scrubber _____ |
| 2. Water Scrubber _____ | 6. Cyclonic Baghouse _____ |
| 3. Baghouse _____ | 7. Cyclonic Scrubber _____ |
| 4. Electrostatic Precipitator _____ | 8. Other _____ |

GASEOUS EMISSIONS CONTROL EQUIPMENT

- | | |
|---------------------------------|----------------|
| 1. Water Scrubber _____ | 3. Other _____ |
| 2. Activated Carbon Bed ___/___ | |

WASTE DISPOSAL SYSTEMS

- | | |
|---|------------------------------|
| 1. Solid Waste Incinerator _____ | 4. Gaseous Waste Flare _____ |
| 2. Liquid Waste Incinerator _____ | 5. Liquid Waste Flare _____ |
| 3. Wood or Other Waste Fuel Recovery Boiler _____ | 6. Other _____ |

Pneumatic Conveying System _____

Other (please describe) _____

FOR ALL APPLICANTS

FUEL BURNING EQUIPMENT
(Except for Refuse Disposal)

This form has 3 pages; each is a continuation of the equipment information from the page before. Please fill in as completely as possible, listing all fuel burning equipment. Reasons should be given explaining any data not filled in.

PAGE 1

1. Fill in company name and address, plus year for which data is given (if existing facility) at top of page. Use data for most recent calendar year available.
2. Reference Number. Use an identifying number for each boiler, furnace, kiln, etc., and use the same reference number on each of the three pages to identify information for the same unit.
3. Manufacturer and Model Number. Nameplate data for boiler, furnace, kiln, etc. Waste gas flares and stationary internal combustion engines should also be included on this form.
4. Rated Capacity in Millions of BTU per hour.
5. Type of Burner Unit. Use Codes (1*) at bottom of form. If not listed put (11) and specify.
6. Usage. Type of fuel burning equipment. Use codes (2*) at bottom of form. If not listed put (5) and specify.
7. Heat Usage. Percent of heat used for process and percent for space heating.

FUEL BURNING EQUIPMENT
(Exempt for Diesel Engines)

FACILITY NAME:

HERCULES

Address

401 38 STREET HATTIESBURG MS

FACILITY NUMBER

Emission Point 038

Information for Calendar Year

19 87

Date

10/86

Reference Number

2

Manufacturer and Model Number

None

Rated Capacity
10 BTU/hr.

4

Type of Burner Unit
(use code 1°)

5

Usage
(use code 2°)

8

X Process
Miss Unit X Space ho

7

for Agency use Only

1° BURNER CODES

1. Cyclone furnace
2. Pulverized coal
3. Spreader Stoker
4. Hand fired
5. Other stoker (specify)
6. Multiple port gas
7. Forced draft gas
8. Atomizing Oil (Stove of Air)
9. Atomizing Oil (Mechanical)
10. Rotary Cup Oil
11. Others (specify)

2° USAGE CODES

1. Boiler, Steam
2. Boiler, Other (specify)
3. Air Heating for Space Heating
4. Air Heating for Process Usage
5. Others (specify)

FUEL BURNING EQUIPMENT

(FOR AGENCY USE ONLY)

028

11

12

Reference Number	Manufacturer and Model Number	Air Pollution Control Equipment Type* (Use Table 1)	Efficiency		Emissions (Tons/Year)			Basis of Estimate
			Design	Actual	Particulate	So2	Other (specify)	
	<i>None</i>							

* For Wet Scrubber give Gallons per minute Water Flow and Water Pressure if known.

MANUFACTURING PROCESS OPERATIONS

Reference Number	Stack Data				Air Pollution Control Equipment			
	Height Feet	Inside Unit Dia. Feet	Exit Gas Velocity Feet/Sec.	Exit Gas Temperature °F	Manufacturer and Model Number	Type* (use Table 1)	Collection Efficiency Design	Actual
1	25	0.5	1 (est.)	72	HERCULES TWO STAGE ACTIVATED CARBON ABSORPTION SCRUBBER	11	100	

* For Wet Scrubbers Give Gallons per minute Water Flow and Water Pressure if known.

MANUFACTURING PROCESS OPERATIONS

(FOR AGENCY USE ONLY)

11

12

Reference Number	Process Emissions*			Basis for Estimation	(Agency Comments Only)
	Particulates	Sulfur Oxides	Others (Specify by chemical composition)		
1	<i>None Detected</i>	<i>None Detected</i>		<i>Stacking</i>	

*Please Express Emissions as Tons per Year and Pounds per Hour and Identify Units Being Used.

Company Name		Information for Year		(Agency Use Only)	
HERCULES		1987			
Address		Date			
WEST 7th STREET HARTISBURG MS.		10/86			

Description of Waste Materials		C		D		E	
Type (Describe)	Maximum Amount Per Day (Pounds)	Amount Per Year (Tons)	Method of Disposal	1*			
TRASH (Paper etc.)	100 (est.)	10 (est.)	City Pick up / 2				

If Waste Disposal is by Incineration, Specify the Following:

1. Type of Incinerator:
- single chamber
 - multiple Chamber
 - Modified (describe)
 - Other (describe)
- Rotary Flue Fed

2. Manufacturer's Name: _____

Model Number _____

Rated Capacity _____

3. Quantity Burned: _____ Type Waste _____

_____ Pounds / Hour _____

_____ Pounds / Day _____

_____ Tons / Year _____

_____ Hours / Day _____

_____ Days / Year _____

4. Operating Schedule _____

- *1 Disposal Method Codes
1. Open Burning
 2. Landfill (No Burning)
 3. Incinerator (Complete rest of Form)
 4. Conical Burner (Tandem)
 5. Burned in Boiler or Furnace
 6. Other (Specify)

(AGENCY USE ONLY)

5. Auxiliary Fuel:

Type None

Amount/Year (Specify Units) _____

Heat Content _____

Percent Sulfur _____

Percent Ash _____

Supplier's Name _____

5. Pollution Control Equipment:

Manufacturer _____

Model Number _____

% Efficiency _____

Type _____

GPM Water Flow (If Wet Scrubber) _____

Stack Data:

Height _____ Feet

Inside Exit Diameter _____ Feet

Exit Gas Velocity _____ Feet/Sec.

Exit Gas Volume _____ SCFM

Exit Gas Temp. _____ °F.

Estimated Emissions From Refuse Incineration:

Name: _____

Basis of Estimates: _____

Particulates _____ Tons/Year

Sulfur Oxides _____ "

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

1. Two copies of construction site plot plan.
2. Two copies of detailed equipment drawings.
3. Two copies of a detailed explanation of the process and control equipment.
4. Two copies of a flow diagram of the of the process or operation showing control devices.

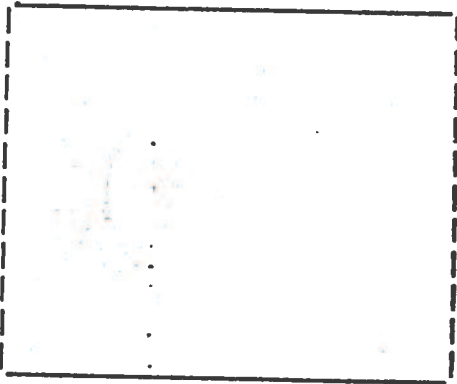
SIGNATURES: If for construction, the application must be submitted in duplicate and both copies should also be signed and stamped by an engineer registered in the State of Mississippi. If application is for Existing Facility or Renewal of Permit to Operate, registered engineer's signature not required. All signatures and stamps must be originals on all copies, not photocopies.

CHARLES A. McMAHAN

TYPED NAME & MISSISSIPPI REGISTRATION
NUMBER

Charles A. McMahon

SIGNATURE OF ENGINEER REGISTERED IN
MISSISSIPPI



Seal of Engineer
Registered in Mississippi

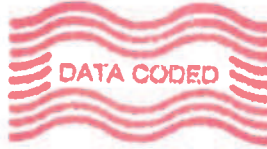
STATE OF MISSISSIPPI
DEPARTMENT OF NATURAL RESOURCES
BUREAU OF POLLUTION CONTROL
P.O. BOX 10385
JACKSON, MISSISSIPPI 39209



For Agency Use
FACILITY NUMBER

110-0800-00001
Date Received

3-24-87
Month Day Year



APPLICATION FOR PERMIT TO CONSTRUCT AND/OR
OPERATE AIR EMISSIONS EQUIPMENT - GENERAL FORM

APPLICATION FOR: _____ CONSTRUCTION _____ PERMIT RENEWAL - PLEASE CHECK APPROPRIATE BOX

1. Name, Address, Location, and Telephone Number
 - A. Name HERCULES INC
 - B. Mailing Address of Applicant
 1. Street Address or P.O. Box 1937
 2. City HATTIESBURG
 3. State MS
 4. Zip Code 39401
 5. Telephone No. 601 545 3450
 - C. Location of Facility
 1. Street WEST 7th STREET
 2. City HATTIESBURG
 3. State MS
 4. Zip Code 39401
 5. Telephone No. 601 545 3450
 - D. If the facility is located outside the City limits, please provide a sketch or description showing the approximate location and attach to this application.
2. SIC Code 2861
3. Number of Employees 475
4. Principal Product ROSIN DERIVATIVES
5. Principal Raw Materials ROSIN
6. Principal Process ROSIN DERIVATIVES
7. Maximum amount of principal product produced or raw material consumed per day _____
8. (A) Check here if operation which generates air pollutant emissions occurs all year , or specify the months the operation occurs: _____
(B) Specify how many days per week the operation occurs: 7
(C) Specify how many hours per day the operation occurs: 24
9. If this application is for existing facility permit renewal only, has the facility been modified in any way (including production rate, fuel, and/or raw material changes) during period covered by the Operating Permit Yes _____ No or since 1972? _____ Yes _____ No
If Yes, give year(s) in which modification(s) occurred. YEARLY
10. ALL APPLICATIONS MUST BE SIGNED BY THE APPLICANT.

I certify that I am familiar with the information contained in the application and that to the best of my knowledge and belief such information is true, complete, and accurate, and that I am the owner or chief corporate officer, or his designated representative, responsible for complying with air pollution control laws and regulations.

G. R. YARDLE
Printed Name of Person Signing

8/18/86
Date Application Signed

PLANT MANAGER
Title
G. R. Yardle
Signature of Applicant

FOR ALL APPLICANTS, WHETHER NEW CONSTRUCTION, EXISTING FACILITY, OR RENEWAL

CONTROL EQUIPMENT COVERED UNDER THIS APPLICATION - PLEASE CHECK ALL APPLICABLE AND INDICATE NUMBER OF UNITS.

PARTICULATE EMISSIONS CONTROL EQUIPMENT

- | | |
|-------------------------------------|----------------------------|
| 1. Cyclone(s) _____ | 5. Venturi Scrubber _____ |
| 2. Water Scrubber <u>1</u> | 6. Cyclonic Baghouse _____ |
| 3. Baghouse <u>3</u> | 7. Cyclonic Scrubber _____ |
| 4. Electrostatic Precipitator _____ | 8. Other <u>2</u> |

GASEOUS EMISSIONS CONTROL EQUIPMENT

- | | |
|-------------------------------|-------------------|
| 1. Water Scrubber <u>14</u> | 3. Other <u>8</u> |
| 2. Activated Carbon Bed _____ | |

WASTE DISPOSAL SYSTEMS

- | | |
|---|------------------------------|
| 1. Solid Waste Incinerator _____ | 4. Gaseous Waste Flare _____ |
| 2. Liquid Waste Incinerator _____ | 5. Liquid Waste Flare _____ |
| 3. Wood or Other Waste Fuel Recovery Boiler _____ | 6. Other _____ |

Pneumatic Conveying System _____

Other (please describe) _____

FOR ALL APPLICANTS

FUEL BURNING EQUIPMENT
(Except for Refuse Disposal)

This form has 3 pages; each is a continuation of the equipment information from the page before. Please fill in as completely as possible, listing all fuel burning equipment. Reasons should be given explaining any data not filled in.

PAGE 1

1. Fill in company name and address, plus year for which data is given (if existing facility) at top of page. Use data for most recent calendar year available.
2. Reference Number. Use an identifying number for each boiler, furnace, kiln, etc., and use the same reference number on each of the three pages to identify information for the same unit.
3. Manufacturer and Model Number. Nameplate data for boiler, furnace, kiln, etc. Waste gas flares and stationary internal combustion engines should also be included on this form.
4. Rated Capacity in Millions of BTU per hour.
5. Type of Burner Unit. Use Codes (1*) at bottom of form. If not listed put (11) and specify.
6. Usage. Type of fuel burning equipment. Use codes (2*) at bottom of form. If not listed put (5) and specify.
7. Heat Usage. Percent of heat used for process and percent for space heating.

MANUFACTURING PROCESS OPERATIONS

001

Reference Number	Air Pollution Control Equipment						Collection Efficiency	
	Stack Data			Exit Gas Temperature of	Manufacturer and Model Number	Type* (use Table 1)	Design	Actual
	Height Feet	Inside Unit Dia. Feet	Exit Gas Velocity Feet/Sec.					
2, 3, 4	40	0.33			<i>WATER SCRUBBER FOLLOWED BY OIL SCRUBBER</i>	<i>22</i>	<i>100</i>	
5	40	0.33	<i>1.8</i>	<i>92</i>	<i>WATER SCRUBBER FOLLOWED BY OIL SCRUBBER</i>	<i>22</i>	<i>100</i>	

* For Wet Scrubbers Give Gallons per minute Water Flow and Water Pressure if known.

MANUFACTURING PROCESS OPERATIONS

001

11

12

Reference Number	Process Emissions*			Basis for Estimation	(Agency Comments Only)
	Particulates	Sulfur Oxides	Others (Specify by chemical composition)		
2, 3, 4	0	0			
5	None Detected	None Detected	Phillips Sulfonol 10 2.3 lbs/hr	Measured*	

* ALL PERMIT MEASURED DATA REFLECTS ORIGINAL PERMIT APPLICATION DATA.

*Please Express Emissions as Tons per Year and Pounds per Hour and Identify Units Being Used.

(FOR AGENCY USE ONLY)

MANUFACTURING PROCESS OPERATIONS

005

Reference Number	Stack Data					Air Pollution Control Equipment		
	Height Feet	Inside Unit Dia. Feet	Exit Gas Velocity Feet/Sec.	Exit Gas Temperature OF	Manufacturer and Model Number	Type* (use Table 1)	Collection Efficiency	
							Design	Actual
1A	100	0.0417	47	1700	John Line FARE STE-14-2	05	100	
1B	10	8.0	NIL	AMBIENT	LIMESTONE TANKS (2)	80	100	
1C	15	0.33	NIL	80	DIGESTION SUMP VENT	40	100	

* For Wet Scrubbers Give Gallons per minute Water Flow and Water Pressure if known.

MANUFACTURING PROCESS OPERATIONS

(FOR AGENCY USE ONLY)

005

11

12

Reference Number	Process Emissions*			Basis for Estimation	(Agency Comments Only)
	Particulates	Sulfur Oxides	Others (Specify by chemical composition)		
1A	None Detected	106 Tons/yr		Calculated	
1B	None Detected	None Detected		Measured	
1C	None Detected	None Detected		Measured	

*Please Express Emissions as Tons per Year and Pounds per Hour and Identify Units Being Used.

FUEL BURNING EQUIPMENT
(Except for Refuse Disposal)

1 FACILITY NAME		Address			for Agency use Only	
HERCULES		4 TH STREET HATTIESBURG MS				
FACILITY NUMBER		Information for Calendar Year		Date		
Emission Point 006		19 85		6/86		
2 Reference Number	3 Manufacturer and Model Number	4 Rated Capacity 10 ⁶ BTU/hr	5 Type of Burner Unit (use code 1*)	6 Usage (use code 2*)	% Process	7 % Space heat
1a	McKee Boiler	1.6	6	2 (SOUTHERN)	100	
1b	McKee Boiler	1.6	6	2 (SOUTHERN)	100	

1* BURNER CODES

- 1. Cyclone furnace
- 2. Pulverized coal
- 3. Spreader Stoker
- 4. Hand fired
- 5. Other stoker (specify)

2* USAGE CODES

- 1. Boiler, Steam
- 2. Boiler, Other (specify)
- 3. Air Heating for Space Heating
- 4. Air Heating for Process Usage
- 5. Others (specify)

FUEL BURNING EQUIPMENT

006

Reference Number	Stack Parameters			Exit Gas Temperature Degree F.	Fuel Type	Fuel Data				
	Stack Height Feet	Inside Exit Dia. Feet	Exit Gas Velocity Feet/Sec.			Maximum Amount Per Hour (Specify Units)	Amount Per Year (Specify Units)	Heat Content BTU/Gal, etc. (Specify Units)	Percent Sulfur	Percent Ash
1A	50	1.0	0.15	1000	NATURAL GAS	0.805 MCF	2,253 MCF	1025 (SEC)	0.00016	0
1B	50	1.0	0.15	1000	NATURAL GAS	(spare)				

FUEL SUPPLIERS:

NATURAL GAS

Fuel Type

Supplier

Wilmut Gas Co

FUEL BURNING EQUIPMENT

(FOR AGENCY USE ONLY)

006

11

12

Reference Number	Manufacturer and Model Number	Type* (Use Table 1)	Efficiency		Emissions (Tons/Year)			Basis of Estimate
			Design	Actual	Particulate	So ₂	Other (specify)	
1A	None				NIL	0.001		Calc.
1B	None							

*For Wet Scrubber give Gallons per minute Water Flow and Water Pressure if known.

MANUFACTURING PROCESS OPERATIONS

FOR AGENCY USE

Company Name

Address

HERCULES

WEST 7th STREET HATTIESBURG MS.

FACILITY NUMBER

Information for Calendar Year

Date

19 85

6/86

EMISSION POINT CODE

Reference Number

Process or Unit Operation Name

Rated Process Capacity Tons/Hour

Feed Input Quantity Per Hour

Quantity Per Year

Number of Emission Points To Air

Product Output Quantity Per Hour

Quantity Per Year

See CONFIDENTIAL ATTACHMENT

(FOR AGENCY USE ONLY)

PAGE 2

MANUFACTURING PROCESS OPERATIONS

006

Reference Number	Stack Data			Air Pollution Control Equipment				
	Height Feet	Inside Unit Dia. Feet	Exit Gas Velocity Feet/Sec.	Exit Gas Temperature OF	Manufacturer and Model Number	Type* (use Table 1)	Design	Actual
1A	35	0.25		72	WATER SCRUBBER VENT	46		
1B	60	0.17			HEAT TREATMENT VENT	40		

* For Wet Scrubbers Give Gallons per minute Water Flow and Water Pressure if known.

MANUFACTURING PROCESS OPERATIONS

006

11

12

(FOR AGENCY USE ONLY)

Reference Number	Process Emissions*			Basis for Estimation	(Agency Comments Only)
	Particulates	Sulfur Oxides	Others (Specify by chemical composition)		
1A	None Detected			Stoichiometry	
1B	None Detected			Stoichiometry	

*Please Express Emissions as Tons per Year and Pounds per Hour and Identify Units Being Used.

(FOR AGENCY USE ONLY)

MANUFACTURING PROCESS OPERATIONS

008

Reference Number	Stack Data					Air Pollution Control Equipment		
	Height Feet	Inside Unit Dia. Feet	Exit Gas Velocity Feet/Sec.	Exit Gas Temperature OF	Manufacturer and Model Number	Type* (use Table 1)	Collection Efficiency	
							Design	Actual
2A	15	1.5			Vapor Hood WATER Scrubber	40	100	
2A	10	1.0			Dust Hood WATER Scrubber	40	100	

* For Wet Scrubbers Give Gallons per minute Water Flow and Water Pressure if known.

MANUFACTURING PROCESS OPERATIONS

008

11

12

Reference Number	Process Emissions*			Basis for Estimation	(Agency Comments Only)
	Particulates	Sulfur Oxides	Others (Specify by chemical composition)		
1	None Detected	None Detected		Measured	
2A	None Detected	None Detected		Measured	
2B	None Detected	None Detected		Measured	

*Please Express Emissions as Tons per Year and Pounds per Hour and Identify Units Being Used.

FUEL BURNING EQUIPMENT
(Except for Refuse Disposal)

FACILITY NAME		Address		for Agency use Only		
FACILITY NUMBER		Information for Calendar Year		Date		
Emission Point Oil		19 85	6/86			
Reference Number	Manufacturer and Model Number	Rated Capacity 10 ⁶ BTU/hr.	Type of Burner Unit (use code 1*)	Usage (use code 2*)	% Process	% Space heat
1	PACKAGE BOILER No. 5	156	7, 9	1	100	

HERULES

WEST 7th STREET MONTICELLO MS

19 85

6/86

7, 9

156

PACKAGE BOILER No. 5

1

100

2* USAGE CODES

- Boiler, Steam
- Boiler, Other (specify)
- Air Heating for Space Heating
- Air Heating for Process Usage
- Others (specify)

1* BURNER CODES

- Cyclone furnace
- Pulverized coal
- Spreader Stoker
- Hand fired
- Other stoker (specify)
- Multiple port gas
- Forced draft gas
- Atomizing Oil (Stove of Air)
- Atomizing Oil (Mechanical)
- Rotary Cup Oil
- Others (specify)

FUEL BURNING EQUIPMENT

(FOR AGENCY USE ONLY)

011

Reference Number	Stack Parameters			Fuel Type	Fuel Data					
	Stack Height Feet	Inside Exit Dia. Feet	Exit Gas Velocity Feet/Sec.		Exit Gas Temperature Degree F.	Maximum Amount Per Hour (Specify Units)	Amount Per Year (Specify Units)	Heat Content BTU/Gal, etc. (Specify Units)	Percent Sulfur	Percent Ash
1	71	3	56	250	NATURAL GAS	1.7 TONS	742 TONS	21,956 BTU/GAL	NIL	NIL
					No. 6 Fuel Oil	0.3 TONS	7 TONS	18,444 BTU/GAL	2.05	0.02
					No. 2 Fuel Oil	0.3 TONS	29 TONS	18,444 BTU/GAL	NIL	NIL

FUEL SUPPLIERS: Fuel Type Supplier

NATURAL GAS Natural Gas Co

No. 6 Fuel Oil Hess Oil Co

FUEL BURNING EQUIPMENT

(FOR AGENCY USE ONLY)

011

11

12

Reference Number	Manufacturer and Model Number	Type* (Use Table 1)	Efficiency		Particulate	Emissions (Tons/Year)		Basis of Estimate
			Design	Actual		So ₂	Other (specify)	
1	None				NIL	0.3	PACUARED	

* For Wet Scrubber give Gallons per minute Water Flow and Water Pressure if known.

FUEL BURNING EQUIPMENT
(Except for Refuse Disposal)

1	FACILITY NAME	Address		Information for Calendar Year		5	6	7
				19 85	6/86			
Reference Number	Manufacturer and Model Number	Rated Capacity 10 ⁶ BTU/hr	Type of Burner Unit (use code 1*)	Usage (use code 2*)	% Process	Most Usage % Space heat		
1	HERCULES							
	FACILITY NUMBER							
	EMISSION POINT 012							
2								
1	SEARAS FURNACE No. 1	3.9	6	5 (Process Heat)	100			
2	SEARAS FURNACE No. 2	3.9	6	5 (Process Heat)	100	(SPARE)		

for Agency use Only

West 7th Street Hampton, VA

2* USAGE CODES

- 1. Boiler, Steam
- 2. Boiler, Other (specify)
- 3. Air Heating for Space Heating
- 4. Air Heating for Process Usage
- 5. Others (specify)

1* BURNER CODES

- 1. Cyclone furnace
- 2. Pulverized coal
- 3. Spreader Stoker
- 4. Hand fired
- 5. Other stoker (specify)
- 6. Multiple port gas
- 7. Forced draft gas
- 8. Atomizing Oil (Stove of Air)
- 9. Atomizing Oil (Mechanical)
- 10. Rotary Cup Oil
- 11. Others (specify)

FUEL BURNING EQUIPMENT

(FOR AGENCY USE ONLY)

012

Reference Number	Stack Parameters			Exit Gas Temperature Degree F.	Fuel Type	Fuel Data				
	Stack Height Feet	Inside Exit Dia. Feet	Exit Gas Velocity Feet/Sec.			Maximum Amount Per Hour (Specify Units)	Amount Per Year (Specify Units)	Heat Content BTU/Gal, etc. (Specify Units)	Percent Sulfur	Percent Ash
1	40	2	14.7	1000	NATURAL GAS	9.3 MCF	213 MCF	1010 BTU/GAL	NIL	NIL
2	40	2	14.7	1000	NATURAL GAS	9.3 MCF	(SPARE)			

FUEL SUPPLIERS: _____ Fuel Type _____

Supplier _____

FUEL BURNING EQUIPMENT

(FOR AGENCY USE ONLY)

012

11

12

Reference Number	Air Pollution Control Equipment				Basis of Estimate			
	Manufacturer and Model Number	Type* (Use Table 1)	Efficiency			Emissions (Tons/Year)		
			Design	Actual		Particulate	So ₂	Other (specify)
1	<i>NONE</i>				<i>NIL</i>	<i>NIL</i>		
2	<i>NONE</i>				<i>(SPARE)</i>			

* For Wet Scrubber give
Gallons per minute Water
Flow and Water Pressure if known.

(FOR AGENCY USE ONLY)

MANUFACTURING PROCESS OPERATIONS

012

Reference Number	Stack Data				Air Pollution Control Equipment			
	Height Feet	Inside Unit Dia. Feet	Exit Gas Velocity Feet/Sec.	Exit Gas Temperature OF	Manufacturer and Model Number	Type* (use Table 1)	Collection Efficiency	
						Design	Actual	
1	3	0.5	NIL	72	Water Scrubber	40	100	
2					(Spare)			

* For Wet Scrubbers Give Gallons per minute Water Flow and Water Pressure if known.

MANUFACTURING PROCESS OPERATIONS

(FOR AGENCY USE ONLY)

012

11

12

Reference Number	Process Emissions*			Basis for Estimation	(Agency Comments Only)
	Particulates	Sulfur Oxides	Others (Specify by chemical composition)		
1	NIL	NIL		CALCULATED	
2	(space)				

*Please Express Emissions as Tons per Year and Pounds per Hour and Identify Units Being Used.

MANUFACTURING PROCESS OPERATIONS

014

Reference Number	Stack Data			Air Pollution Control Equipment				
	Height Feet	Inside Unit Dia. Feet	Exit Gas Velocity Feet/Sec.	Exit Gas Temperature OF	Manufacturer and Model Number	Type* (use Table 1)	Collection Efficiency	
							Design Actual	
1A	25	0.83	NIL	72	Furny Belt Vapor Hood Vent	40	100	
1B	40	(500CFM Blower)		72	Arco Bayhouse Model 20-S	34	100	
1C	40	(200CFM Blower)		72	Amphen Bayhouse Model 600	34	100	

* For Wet Scrubbers Give Gallons per minute Water Flow and Water Pressure if known.

MANUFACTURING PROCESS OPERATIONS

(FOR AGENCY USE ONLY)

014

11

12

Reference Number	Process Emissions*			Basis for Estimation	(Agency Comments Only)
	Particulates	Sulfur Oxides	Others (Specify by chemical composition)		
1A	NIL	None Detected		Measured	
1B	NIL	None Detected		Measured	
1C	NIL	None Detected		Measured	

*Please Express Emissions as Tons per Year and Pounds per Hour and Identify Units Being Used.

FUEL BURNING EQUIPMENT
(Except for Refuse Disposal)

for Agency use Only

FACILITY NAME

Address

HERULES

WEST 74L STREET HATTIESBURG MS

FACILITY NUMBER

Information for Calendar Year

Date

EMISSION POINT 015

19 85

6/86

2	3	4	5	6	7	
Reference Number	Manufacturer and Model Number	Rated Capacity 10 ⁶ BTU/hr	Type of Burner Unit (use code 1*)	Usage (use code 2*)	% Process	% Space heat
1	STRUTHERS-WELLS Southern Boiler # 7618	8.3	6	2 (Domestic)	100	

- 1* BURNER CODES**
- 1. Cyclone furnace
 - 2. Pulverized coal
 - 3. Spreader Stoker
 - 4. Hand fired
 - 5. Other stoker (specify)
- 2* USAGE CODES**
- 1. Boiler, Steam
 - 2. Boiler, Other (specify)
 - 3. Air Heating for Space Heating
 - 4. Air Heating for Process Usage
 - 5. Others (specify)
- 6. Multiple port gas
 - 7. Forced draft gas
 - 8. Atomizing Oil (Stove of Air)
 - 9. Atomizing Oil (Mechanical)
 - 10. Rotary Cup Oil
 - 11. Others (specify)

FUEL BURNING EQUIPMENT

(FOR AGENCY USE ONLY)

015

Reference Number	Stack Parameters			Exit Gas Temperature Degree F.	Fuel Type	Fuel Data				
	Stack Height Feet	Inside Exit Dia. Feet	Exit Gas Velocity Feet/Sec.			Maximum Amount Per Hour (Specify Units)	Amount Per Year (Specify Units)	Heat Content BTU/Gal. etc. (Specify Units)	Percent Sulfur	Percent Ash
1	60	2.0	10	1000	NATURAL GAS	3.5 MCF	30,469 MCF	1010 BTU/GAL	NIL	NIL

FUEL SUPPLIERS:

NATURAL GAS

Supplier: WILMONT GAS CO.

FUEL BURNING EQUIPMENT

(FOR AGENCY USE ONLY)

015

11

12

Reference Number	Manufacturer and Model Number	Type* (Use Table 1)	Efficiency		Particulate	Emissions (Tons/Year)		Basis of Estimate
			Design	Actual		So ₂	Other (specify)	
1	None				NIL		NIL	

*For Wet Scrubber give Gallons per minute Water Flow and Water Pressure if known.

MANUFACTURING PROCESS OPERATIONS

015

Reference Number	Stack Data			Air Pollution Control Equipment				
	Height Feet	Inside Unit Dia. Feet	Exit Gas Velocity Feet/Sec.	Exit Gas Temperature of	Manufacturer and Model Number	Type* (use Table 1)	Collection Efficiency	
							Design	Actual
1	6	1.5	20	72	OIL SCRUBBER FOLLOWER BY A WATER SCRUBBER	40, 41	100	

* For Wet Scrubbers Give Gallons per minute Water Flow and Water Pressure if known.

MANUFACTURING PROCESS OPERATIONS

(FOR AGENCY USE ONLY)

015

11

12

Reference Number	Process Emissions*			Basis for Estimation	(Agency Comments Only)
	Particulates	Sulfur Oxides	Others (Specify by chemical composition)		
1	None Detected	None Detected		Measured	

*Please Express Emissions as Tons per Year and Pounds per Hour and Identify Units Being Used.

FUEL BURNING EQUIPMENT
(Except for Refuse Disposal)

FACILITY NAME		Address			for Agency use Only	
HERCULES		4607 H STREET HATTIESBURG MS				
FACILITY NUMBER		Information for Calendar Year		Date		
Emission Point 016		19 85		6/86		
Reference Number	Manufacturer and Model Number	Rated Capacity 10 ³ BTU/hr	Type of Burner Unit (use code 1*)	Usage (use code 2*)	% Process	% Space heat
1	Force Wheeler Downheen Boiler # 3295	5.0	6	2 (Downheen)	100	

- 1* BURNER CODES
- Cyclone furnace
 - Pulverized coal
 - Spreader Stoker
 - Hand fired
 - Other stoker (specify)
 - Multiple port gas
 - Forced draft gas
 - Atomizing Oil (Stove of Air)
 - Atomizing Oil (Mechanical)
 - Rotary Cup Oil
 - Others (specify)

- 2* USAGE CODES
- Boiler, Steam
 - Boiler, Other (specify)
 - Air Heating for Space Heating
 - Air Heating for Process Usage
 - Others (specify)

FUEL BURNING EQUIPMENT

016

Reference Number	Stack Parameters			Fuel Type	Fuel Data					
	Stack Height Feet	Inside Exit Dia. Feet	Exit Gas Velocity Feet/Sec.		Exit Gas Temperature Degree F.	Maximum Amount Per Hour (Specify Units)	Amount Per Year (Specify Units)	Heat Content BTU/Gal, etc. (Specify Units)	Percent Sulfur	Percent Ash
1	50	1.5	11	1000	NATURAL GAS	1.9 MCF	2,337 MCF	1010 BTU/SEC	NIL	NIL

FUEL SUPPLIERS:

NATURAL GAS

SUPPLIER

Whitman Gas Co

FUEL BURNING EQUIPMENT

(FOR AGENCY USE ONLY)

11

016

12

Reference Number	Manufacturer and Model Number	Type* (Use Table 1)	Efficiency		Particulate	SO ₂	Other (specify)	Basis of Estimate
			Design	Actual				
			Air Pollution Control Equipment					
1	None				NIL	NIL		

* For Wet Scrubber give Gallons per minute Water Flow and Water Pressure if known.

(FOR AGENCY USE ONLY)

MANUFACTURING PROCESS OPERATIONS

016

Reference Number	Stack Data			Air Pollution Control Equipment			
	Height Feet	Inside Unit Dia. Feet	Exit Gas Velocity Feet/Sec.	Exit Gas Temperature °F	Manufacturer and Model Number	Type* (use Table 1)	Collection Efficiency Design Actual
1	65	0.25	NIL	212	None		

* For Wet Scrubbers Give Gallons per minute Water Flow and Water Pressure if known.

MANUFACTURING PROCESS OPERATIONS

(FOR AGENCY USE ONLY)

016

11

12

Reference Number	Process Emissions*			Basis for Estimation	(Agency Comments Only)
	Particulates	Sulfur Oxides	Others (Specify by chemical composition)		
1	None Detected	None Detected		Stoichiometry	

*Please Express Emissions as Tons per Year and Pounds per Hour and Identify Units Being Used.

MANUFACTURING PROCESS OPERATIONS

018

Reference Number	Stack Data			Exit Gas Temperature of °F	Manufacturer and Model Number	Air Pollution Control Equipment		
	Height Feet	Inside Unit Dia. Feet	Exit Gas Velocity Feet/Sec.			Type* (use Table 1)	Design	Actual
1A	12	2.4	75	72	BYELL NORBLO MECHANICAL SHAKER TYPE FABRIC FILTER DUST COLLECTOR MODEL NO. 396-14-20	36		
1B	6	2.6	35	72	Vapor Hand Vent Scrubber	40		

* For Wet Scrubbers Give Gallons per minute Water Flow and Water Pressure if known.

MANUFACTURING PROCESS OPERATIONS

(FOR AGENCY USE ONLY)

018

11

12

Reference Number	Process Emissions*			Basis for Estimation	(Agency Comments Only)
	Particulates	Sulfur Oxides	Others (Specify by chemical composition)		
1A		None Detected		Stoichiometry	
1B	None Detected	None Detected		Stoichiometry	

*Please Express Emissions as Tons per Year and Pounds per Hour and Identify Units Being Used.

FUEL BURNING EQUIPMENT
(Except for Refuse Disposal)

1 FACILITY NAME

Address

for Agency use Only

HERCULES
FACILITY NUMBER

West 7th Street Hattiesburg Ms

Information for Calendar Year

Date

2 Emission Point 019

19 85

6/86

Reference Number

3

4

5

6

7

Manufacturer and Model Number

Sturteas News Danaher Boice
7482

Rated Capacity
10⁶ BTU/hr

3.3

Type of Burner Unit
(use code 1*)

6

Usage
(use code 2*)

2 (Boiler)

% Process

100

% Space heat

1* BURNER CODES

1. Cyclone furnace
2. Pulverized coal
3. Spreader Stoker
4. Hand fired
5. Other stoker (specify)

2* USAGE CODES

1. Boiler, Steam
2. Boiler, Other (specify)
3. Air Heating for Space Heating
4. Air Heating for Process Usage

FUEL BURNING EQUIPMENT

(FOR AGENCY USE ONLY)

019

Reference Number	Stack Parameters			Exit Gas Temperature Degree F.	Fuel Type	Fuel Data				
	Stack Height Feet	Inside Exit Dia. Feet	Exit Gas Velocity Feet/Sec.			Maximum Amount Per Hour (Specify Units)	Amount Per Year (Specify Units)	Heat Content BTU/Gal, etc. (Specify Units)	Percent Sulfur	Percent Ash
1	40	1.5	14	1000	NATURAL GAS	2.4 MCF	4.451 MCF	1010 Btu/gal	ALL	NIL

FUEL SUPPLIERS:

NATURAL GAS

Supplier

Wilbur Gas Co

FUEL BURNING EQUIPMENT

(FOR AGENCY USE ONLY)

11

Reference Number	Manufacturer and Model Number	Type* (Use Table 1)	Efficiency		Emissions (Tons/Year)			Basis of Estimate
			Design	Actual	Particulate	SO ₂	Other (specify)	
	None				NIL		NIL	

*For Wet Scrubber give Gallons per minute Water Flow and Water Flow

MANUFACTURING PROCESS OPERATIONS

(FOR AGENCY USE ONLY)

019

Reference Number	Stack Data			Exit Gas Temperature of	Manufacturer and Model Number	Air Pollution Control Equipment	
	Height Feet	Inside Unit Dia. Feet	Exit Gas Velocity Feet/Sec.			Type* (use Table 1)	Collection Efficiency
						Design	Actual
1	20	0.17			NONE		

* For Wet Scrubbers Give Gallons per minute Water Flow and Water Pressure if known.

MANUFACTURING PROCESS OPERATIONS

(FOR AGENCY USE ONLY)

019

11

12

Reference Number	Process Emissions*			Basis for Estimation	(Agency Comments Only)
	Particulates	Sulfur Oxides	Others (Specify by chemical composition)		
1	NONE DETECTED	NONE DETECTED		Stoichiometry	

*Please Express Emissions as Tons per Year and Pounds per Hour and Identify Units Being Used.

FUEL BURNING EQUIPMENT
(Except for Refuse Disposal)

1 FACILITY NAME

Address

for Agency use Only

HERCULES
FACILITY NUMBER

West 7th Street MATTHEWS Ms.

Information for Calendar Year

Date

2 Emission Point 020

19 85

6/86

Reference Number	Manufacturer and Model Number	Rated Capacity 10 ⁶ BTU/hr.	Type of Burner Unit (use code 1*)	Usage (use code 2*)	% Process	% Space heat
1	Hydrogen Furnace	21.0	6	5 (process heat)	100	

- 1* BURNER CODES
1. Cyclone furnace
 2. Pulverized coal
 3. Spreader Stoker
 4. Hand fired
 5. Other stoker (specify)
 6. Multiple port gas
 7. Forced draft gas
 8. Atomizing Oil (Stove of Air)
 9. Atomizing Oil (Mechanical)
 10. Rotary Cup Oil

- 2* USAGE CODES
1. Boiler, Steam
 2. Boiler, Other (specify)
 3. Air Heating for Space Heating
 4. Air Heating for Process Usage

FUEL BURNING EQUIPMENT

020

Reference Number	Stack Parameters			Fuel Type	Fuel Data					
	Stack Height Feet	Inside Exit Dia. Feet	Exit Gas Velocity Feet/Sec.		Exit Gas Temperature Degree F.	Maximum Amount Per Hour (Specify Units)	Amount Per Year (Specify Units)	Heat Content BTU/Gal, etc. (Specify Units)	Percent Sulfur	Percent Ash
1	60	2.0	9.5	1000	NATURAL GAS	1.2 MCF	10,675 MCF	1010 BTU/GAL	NIL	NIL

FUEL SUPPLIERS:

NATURAL GAS

SUPPLIER

WINNET GAS CO

FUEL BURNING EQUIPMENT

(FOR AGENCY USE ONLY)

020

11

Reference Number	Manufacturer and Model Number	Type* (Use Table 1)	Efficiency		Emissions (Tons/Year)			Basis of Estimate
			Design	Actual	Particulate	So ₂	Other (specify)	
1	None				NIL	NIL		

*For Wet Scrubber give Gallons per minute Water Flow and Water Pressure

MANUFACTURING PROCESS OPERATIONS

FOR AGENCY USE

Company Name

Address

HERCULES

FACILITY NUMBER

WEST 7th STREET HATTIESBURG MS.

Information for Calendar Year

EMISSION POINT 020

19 85

Date

6/86

Reference Number

Process or Unit Operation Name

Rated Process Capacity Tons/Hour

Quantity Per Hour

Food Input

Quantity Per Year

Number of Emission Points To Air

Product Output
Quantity Per Hour
Quantity Per Year

See CONFIDENTIAL ATTACHMENT

MANUFACTURING PROCESS OPERATIONS

020

(FOR AGENCY USE ONLY)

Reference Number	Stack Data			Air Pollution Control Equipment			
	Height Feet	Inside Unit Dia. Feet	Exit Gas Velocity Feet/Sec.	Exit Gas Temperature OF	Manufacturer and Model Number	Type* (use Table 1)	Collection Efficiency
						Design	Actual
1	45	0.17			NONE		

* For Wet Scrubbers Give Gallons per minute Water Flow and Water Pressure if known.

MANUFACTURING PROCESS OPERATIONS

(FOR AGENCY USE ONLY)

020

11

12

Reference Number	Process Emissions*			Basis for Estimation	(Agency Comments Only)
	Particulates	Sulfur Oxides	Others (Specify by chemical composition)		
1	NONE Detected	NONE Detected		Stoichiometry	

*Please Express Emissions as Tons per Year and Pounds per Hour and Identify Units Being Used.

FUEL BURNING EQUIPMENT

(FOR AGENCY USE ONLY)

021

Reference Number	Stack Parameters			Exit Gas Temperature Degree F.	Fuel Type	Fuel Data				
	Stack Height Feet	Inside Exit Dia. Feet	Exit Gas Velocity Feet/Sec.			Maximum Amount Per Hour (Specify Units)	Amount Per Year (Specify Units)	Heat Content BTU/Gal, etc. (Specify Units)	Percent Sulfur	Percent Ash
1	40	1.5	2	1000	NATURAL GAS	0.4 MCF	3,186 MCF	1010 BTU/GAL	NIL	NIL

FUEL SUPPLIERS:

NATURAL GAS

Supplier

Walnut Gas Co.

FUEL BURNING EQUIPMENT

(FOR AGENCY USE ONLY)

021

11

12

Reference Number	Air Pollution Control Equipment Manufacturer and Model Number	Type* (Use Table 1)	Efficiency		Emissions (Tons/Year)			Basis of Estimate
			Design	Actual	Particulate	So ₂	Other (specify)	
1	None				NIL	NIL		

* For Wet Scrubber give Gallons per minute Water Flow and Water Pressure if known.

FUEL BURNING EQUIPMENT
(Except for Refuse Disposal)

FACILITY NAME		Address			for Agency use Only		
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	
Reference Number	Manufacturer and Model Number	Rated Capacity 10 ⁶ BTU/hr.	Type of Burner Unit (use code 1*)	Usage (use code 2*)	% Process	% Space heat	
1	HERCULES Emerson Low 001	19 85 WEST 7th STREET ANNISBURG MS 6/86	3.3	6	2 (Overheat)	100	
2	STRAFFERS WELLS DARTHEM BOILER No. 3008						

HERCULES

Emerson Low 001

19 85

WEST 7th STREET

ANNISBURG MS

6/86

3.3

6

2 (Overheat)

100

1* BURNER CODES

- 1. Cyclone furnace
- 2. Pulverized coal
- 3. Spreader Stoker
- 4. Hand fired
- 5. Other stoker (specify)
- 6. Multiple port gas
- 7. Forced draft gas
- 8. Atomizing Oil (Stove of Air)
- 9. Atomizing Oil (Mechanical)
- 10. Rotary Cup Oil

2* USAGE CODES

- 1. Boiler, Steam
- 2. Boiler, Other (specify)
- 3. Air Heating for Space Heating
- 4. Air Heating for Process Usage

(FOR AGENCY USE ONLY)

PAGE 2

MANUFACTURING PROCESS OPERATIONS

021

Reference Number	Stack Data				Exit Gas Temperature of	Manufacturer and Model Number	Air Pollution Control Equipment	
	Height Feet	Inside Unit Dia. Feet	Exit Gas Velocity Feet/Sec.	Type* (use Table 1)			Collection Efficiency	
							Design	Actual
1A	50	0.08			NONE			
1B	1	0.08						

* For Wet Scrubbers Give Gallons per minute Water Flow and Water Pressure if known.

MANUFACTURING PROCESS OPERATIONS

(FOR AGENCY USE ONLY)

021

11

12

Reference Number	Process Emissions*			Basis for Estimation	(Agency Comments Only)
	Particulates	Sulfur Oxides	Others (Specify by chemical composition)		
1A	None Detected	None Detected		Stoichiometry	
1B	None Detected	None Detected			

*Please Express Emissions as Tons per Year and Pounds per Hour and Identify Units Being Used.

MANUFACTURING PROCESS OPERATIONS

(FOR AGENCY USE ONLY)

022

Reference Number	Stack Data				Exit Gas Temperature OF	Manufacturer and Model Number	Type* (use Table 1)	Air Pollution Control Equipment	
	Height Feet	Inside Unit Dia. Feet	Exit Gas Velocity Feet/Sec.	Collection Efficiency				Design	Actual
1	20	0.17			None				

* For Wet Scrubbers Give Gallons per minute Water Flow and Water Pressure if known.

(FOR AGENCY USE ONLY)

MANUFACTURING PROCESS OPERATIONS

022

11

12

Reference Number	Process Emissions*			Basis for Estimation	(Agency Comments Only)
	Particulates	Sulfur Oxides	Others (Specify by chemical composition)		
1	None Detected	None Detected		Stoichiometry	

*Please Express Emissions as Tons per Year and Pounds per Hour and Identify Units Being Used.

FUEL BURNING EQUIPMENT
(Except for Refuse Disposal)

1 FACILITY NAME		Address			for Agency use Only		
HERCULES		West 7th Street					
FACILITY NUMBER		Information for Calendar Year			Date		
EMISSION POINT 023		1985			6/86		
2 Reference Number	3 Manufacturer and Model Number	4 Rated Capacity 10 ⁶ BTU/hr.	5 Type of Burner Unit (use code 1*)	6 Usage (use code 2*)	7 Most Used % Process	% Spaca heat	
1	Force Wheel Drive No 23-628	5.0	6	2 (Overheat)	100		

1* BURNER CODES

- 1. Cyclone furnace
- 2. Pulverized coal
- 3. Spreader Stoker
- 4. Hand fired
- 5. Other (specify)

2* USAGE CODES

- 1. Boiler, Steam
- 2. Boiler, Other (specify)
- 3. Air Heating for Space Heating
- 4. Air Heating for Process Usage
- 5. Other (specify)

MANUFACTURING PROCESS OPERATIONS

(FOR AGENCY USE ONLY)

023

Reference Number	Stack Data			Air Pollution Control Equipment				
	Height Feet	Inside Unit Dia. Feet	Exit Gas Velocity Feet/Sec.	Exit Gas Temperature OF	Manufacturer and Model Number	Type* (use Table 1)	Collection Efficiency	
							Design	Actual
1					None			

* For Wet Scrubbers Give Gallons per minute Water Flow and Water Pressure if known.

FUEL BURNING EQUIPMENT

(FOR AGENCY USE ONLY)

11

023

12

Reference Number	Manufacturer and Model Number	Type* (Use Table 1)	Efficiency		Emissions (Tons/Year)			Basis of Estimate
			Design	Actual	Particulate	So ₂	Other (specify)	
	None				NIL	.	NIL	

* For Wet Scrubber give Gallons per minute Water Flow and Water Pressure if known.

FUEL BURNING EQUIPMENT

(FOR AGENCY USE ONLY)

023

Reference Number	Stack Parameters			Exit Gas Temperature Degree F.	Fuel Type	Fuel Data				
	Stack Height Feet	Inside Exit Dia. Feet	Exit Gas Velocity Feet/Sec.			Maximum Amount Per Hour (Specify Units)	Amount Per Year (Specify Units)	Heat Content BTU/Gal, etc. (Specify Units)	Percent Sulfur	Percent Ash
1	65	1.5	4.8	1000	NATURAL GAS	0.5 MCF	4007 MCF	1010 BTU/SCF	NIL	NIL

FUEL SUPPLIERS:

NATURAL GAS

Supplier

Wilmar Gas Co

(FOR AGENCY USE ONLY)

MANUFACTURING PROCESS OPERATIONS

023

11

12

Reference Number	Process Emissions*			Basis for Estimation	(Agency Comments Only)
	Particulates	Sulfur Oxides	Others (Specify by chemical composition)		
1	<i>None Detected</i>	<i>None Detected</i>		<i>Good</i>	

*Please Express Emissions as Tons per Year and Pounds per Hour and Identify Units Being Used.

MANUFACTURING PROCESS OPERATIONS

FOR AGENCY USE

Company Name

Address

HERCULES

FACILITY NUMBER

WEST 7th STREET HATTIESBURG MS.

Information for Calendar Year

Date

19 85

6/86

EMISSION POINT 024

Reference Number

Process or Unit Operation Name

Rated Process Capacity Tons/Hour

Feed Input Quantity Per Hour

Quantity Per Year

Number of Emission Points To Air

Product Output Quantity Per Hour

Quantity Per Year

See CONFIDENTIAL ATTACHMENT

(FOR AGENCY USE ONLY)

PAGE 2

MANUFACTURING PROCESS OPERATIONS

024

Reference Number	Stack Data			Air Pollution Control Equipment			
	Height Feet	Inside Unit Dia. Feet	Exit Gas Velocity Feet/Sec.	Exit Gas Temperature OF	Manufacturer and Model Number	Type* (use Table 1)	Collection Efficiency Design Actual
1A	40	0.67	NIL	72	Wet Aspirator for Kettle	40	
1B	40	0.67	NIL	72	Dust Collector	33	

* For Wet Scrubbers Give Gallons per minute Water Flow and Water Pressure if known.

MANUFACTURING PROCESS OPERATIONS

(FOR AGENCY USE ONLY)

024

11

12

Reference Number	Process Emissions*			Basis for Estimation	(Agency Comments Only)
	Particulates	Sulfur Oxides	Others (Specify by chemical composition)		
1A	None Detected	None Detected		Stoichiometry	
1B	None Detected	None Detected		Stoichiometry	

*Please Express Emissions as Tons per Year and Pounds per Hour and Identify Units Being Used.

FUEL BURNING EQUIPMENT
(Except for Refuse Disposal)

1 FACILITY NAME		Address		for Agency use Only		
FACILITY NUMBER		Information for Calendar Year	Date	Type of Burner Unit (use code 1*)	Usage (use code 2*)	Most Usage % Process % Space heat
2	HEROULES	19 85	6/86	6	5 (Process)	100
3	Emisson Point 025					
4	Manufacturer and Model Number	Rated Capacity 10 ⁶ BTU/hr.	Type of Burner Unit (use code 1*)	Usage (use code 2*)	Most Usage % Process % Space heat	
5	DRIER FURNACE (SILICA)	0.2	6			
6						
7						
8						
9						
10						
11						
12						
13						
14						
15						
16						
17						
18						
19						
20						

2* USAGE CODES

1. Boiler, Steam
2. Boiler, Other (specify)
3. Air Heating for Space Heating
4. Air Heating for Process Usage

1* BURNER CODES

1. Cyclone furnace
2. Pulverized coal
3. Spreader Stoker
4. Hand fired
5. Multiple port gas
6. Forced draft gas
7. Atomizing Oil (Stove of Air)
8. Atomizing Oil (Mechanical)

FUEL BURNING EQUIPMENT

025

Reference Number	Stack Parameters			Fuel Type	Fuel Data					
	Stack Height Feet	Inside Exit Dia. Feet	Exit Gas Velocity Feet/Sec.		Exit Gas Temperature Degree F.	Maximum Amount Per Hour (Specify Units)	Amount Per Year (Specify Units)	Heat Content BTU/Gal, etc. (Specify Units)	Percent Sulfur	Percent Ash
1	45	0.67	7	1000	NATURAL GAS	0.1	840 MCF	1010 BTU/GAL	NIL	NIL

FUEL SUPPLIERS: NATURAL GAS

Supplier: WILMUT GAS CO

FUEL BURNING EQUIPMENT

025

11

12

(FOR AGENCY USE ONLY)

Reference Number	Air Pollution Control Equipment				Efficiency		Emissions (Tons/Year)		Basis of Estimate
	Manufacturer and Model Number	Type* (Use Table 1)	Design	Actual	Particulate	So ₂	Other (specify)		
								Design	
1	None				NIL	NIL			

* For Wet Scrubber give Gallons per minute Water Flow and Water Pressure if known.

MANUFACTURING PROCESS OPERATIONS

025

Reference Number	Stack Data			Air Pollution Control Equipment			
	Height Feet	Inside Unit Dia. Feet	Exit Gas Velocity Feet/Sec.	Exit Gas Temperature OF	Manufacturer and Model Number	Type* (use Table 1)	Collection Efficiency
							Design Actual
1	10				DUST BAG	33	

* For Wet Scrubbers Give Gallons per minute Water Flow and Water Pressure if known.

MANUFACTURING PROCESS OPERATIONS

(FOR AGENCY USE ONLY)

025

11

12

Reference Number	Process Emissions*			Basis for Estimation	(Agency Comments Only)
	Particulates	Sulfur Oxides	Others (Specify by chemical composition)		
1	NIL	NIL		Stoichiometry	

*Please Express Emissions as Tons per Year and Pounds per Hour and Identify Units Being Used.

FUEL BURNING EQUIPMENT
(Except for Refuse Disposal)

1 FACILITY NAME		Address				for Agency use Only			
2 FACILITY NUMBER		Information for Calendar Year		Date	3	4	5	6	7
1	Emission Point 026	19 85		6/86	Rated Capacity 10 ⁶ BTU/hr.	Type of Burner Unit (use code 1*)	Usage (use code 2*)	% Process	% Space heat
1	STRAUTHERS WELLS DOWNHOLE BURNER # 5860	8.3		6	2 (Downhole)	100			

- 2* USAGE CODES**
1. Boiler, Steam
 2. Boiler, Other (specify)
 3. Air Heating for Space Heating
 4. Air Heating for Process Usage
 5. Other (specify)

- 1* BURNER CODES**
1. Cyclone furnace
 2. Pulverized coal
 3. Spreader Stoker
 4. Hard fired
 5. Other stoker (specify)
 6. Multiple port gas
 7. Forced draft gas
 8. Atomizing Oil (Stove or Air)
 9. Atomizing Oil (Mechanical)
 10. Rotary Cup Oil

(FOR AGENCY USE ONLY)

PAGE 2

MANUFACTURING PROCESS OPERATIONS

026

Reference Number	Stack Data			Air Pollution Control Equipment			
	Height Feet	Inside Unit Dia. Feet	Exit Gas Velocity Feet/Sec.	Exit Gas Temperature OF	Manufacturer and Model Number	Type* (use Table 1)	Collection Efficiency Design Actual
1A	1.0				Ammeniation VENT	22	
1B	1.0				Amine Recovery VENT	NONE	

* For Wet Scrubbers Give Gallons per minute Water Flow and Water Pressure if known.

MANUFACTURING PROCESS OPERATIONS

026

11

12

Reference Number	Process Emissions*			Basis for Estimation	(Agency Comments Only)
	Particulates	Sulfur Oxides	Others (Specify by chemical composition)		
1A	None Detected	None Detected		Stoichiometric	
1B	None Detected	None Detected	20 CFM H ₂ PURGE	Stoichiometric	

*Please Express Emissions as Tons per Year and Pounds per Hour and Identify Units Being Used.

FUEL BURNING EQUIPMENT

026

Reference Number	Stack Parameters			Exit Gas Temperature Degree F.	Fuel Type	Fuel Data				
	Stack Height Feet	Inside Exit Dia. Feet	Exit Gas Velocity Feet/Sac.			Maximum Amount Per Hour (Specify Units)	Amount Per Year (Specify Units)	Heat Content BTU/Gal. etc. (Specify Units)	Percent Sulfur	Percent Ash
1	55	1.5	14.3	1000	NATURAL GAS	1.5 MCF	13,286 MCF	1210 BTU/GAL	NIL	NIL

FUEL SUPPLIERS: NATURAL GAS

Supplier: Wilmar Gas Co

FUEL BURNING EQUIPMENT

(FOR AGENCY USE ONLY)

026

11

12

Reference Number	Air Pollution Control Equipment		Efficiency		Emissions (Tons/Year)			Basis of Estimate
	Manufacturer and Model Number	Type* (Use Table 1)	Design	Actual	Particulate	So ₂	Other (specify)	
1	NONE				NIL	NIL		

* For Wet Scrubber give Gallons per minute Water Flow and Water Pressure if known.

MANUFACTURING PROCESS OPERATIONS

028

Reference Number	Stack Data				Air Pollution Control Equipment			Collection Efficiency	
	Height Feet	Inside Unit Dia. Feet	Exit Gas Velocity Feet/Sec.	Exit Gas Temperature OF	Manufacturer and Model Number	Type* (use Table 1)	Design	Actual	
1	1.0	2.0	nil	72	WATER SCRUBBER				

* For Wet Scrubbers Give Gallons per minute Water Flow and Water Pressure if known.

MANUFACTURING PROCESS OPERATIONS

(FOR AGENCY USE ONLY)

028

11

12

Reference Number	Process Emissions*			Basis for Estimation	(Agency Comments Only)
	Particulates	Sulfur Oxides	Others (Specify by chemical composition)		
1	None Detected	None Detected		Gravimetry	

*Please Express Emissions as Tons per Year and Pounds per Hour and Identify Units Being Used.

(FOR AGENCY USE ONLY)

PAGE 2

MANUFACTURING PROCESS OPERATIONS

030

Reference Number	Stack Data			Air Pollution Control Equipment				
	Height Feet	Inside Unit Dia. Feet	Exit Gas Velocity Feet/Sec.	Exit Gas Temperature °F	Manufacturer and Model Number	Type* (use Table 1)	Design	Collection Efficiency Actual
1	35	0.1			None			

* For Wet Scrubbers Give Gallons per minute Water Flow and Water Pressure if known.

MANUFACTURING PROCESS OPERATIONS

(FOR AGENCY USE ONLY)

030

11

12

Reference Number	Process Emissions*			Basis for Estimation	(Agency Comments Only)
	Particulates	Sulfur Oxides	Others (Specify by chemical composition)		
1	None Detected	None Detected	5 CFM H ₂ PURGE	Stoichiometry	

*Please Express Emissions as Tons per Year and Pounds per Hour and Identify Units Being Used.

(FOR AGENCY USE ONLY)

MANUFACTURING PROCESS OPERATIONS

031

Reference Number	Stack Data				Air Pollution Control Equipment			Collection Efficiency	
	Height Feet	Inside Unit Dia. Feet	Exit Gas Velocity Feet/Sec.	Exit Gas Temperature OF	Manufacturer and Model Number	Type* (use Table 1)	Design	Actual	
1	30	2.0			oxidizer vent	None			

* For Wet Scrubbers Give Gallons per minute Water Flow and Water Pressure if known.

MANUFACTURING PROCESS OPERATIONS

031

(FOR AGENCY USE ONLY)

11

12

Reference Number	Process Emissions*			Basis for Estimation	(Agency Comments Only)
	Particulates	Sulfur Oxides	Others (Specify by chemical composition)		
1	None Detected	None Detected		Stoichiometry	

*Please Express Emissions as Tons per Year and Pounds per Hour and Identify Units Being Used.

(FOR AGENCY USE ONLY)

PAGE 2

MANUFACTURING PROCESS OPERATIONS

032

Reference Number	Stack Data			Air Pollution Control Equipment				
	Height Feet	Inside Unit Dia. Feet	Exit Gas Velocity Feet/Sec.	Exit Gas Temperature OF	Manufacturer and Model Number	Type* (use Table 1)	Collection Efficiency	
							Design	Actual
1	50	0.17			WATER SCRUBBER	46		

* For Wet Scrubbers Give Gallons per minute Water Flow and Water Pressure if known.

(FOR AGENCY USE ONLY)

MANUFACTURING PROCESS OPERATIONS

035

Reference Number	Stack Data				Air Pollution Control Equipment			Collection Efficiency	
	Height Feet	Inside Unit Dia. Feet	Exit Gas Velocity Feet/Sec.	Exit Gas Temperature of	Manufacturer and Model Number	Type* (use Table 1)	Design	Actual	
							Collection Efficiency		
1					None				

* For Wet Scrubbers Give Gallons per minute Water Flow and Water Pressure if known.

MANUFACTURING PROCESS OPERATIONS

(FOR AGENCY USE ONLY)

035

11

12

Reference Number	Process Emissions*			Basis for Estimation	(Agency Comments Only)
	Particulates	Sulfur Oxides	Others (Specify by chemical composition)		
1	None Detected	None Detected		Stoichiometry	

*Please Express Emissions as Tons per Year and Pounds per Hour and Identify Units Being Used.

FUEL BURNING EQUIPMENT
(Except for Refuse Disposal)

for Agency use Only

Reference Number	Facility Name	Facility Number	Manufacturer and Model Number	Rated Capacity 10 ⁶ BTU/hr.	Type of Burner Unit (use code 1*)	Usage (use code 2*)	% Process	% Space heat
1	HERCULES West 14th Street HAMILSBURG, MO	036	Wesvaco Regeneration Furnace	2.95	6	5 (Regeneration)	100	
2	EMISSION POINT	036						

2* USAGE CODES

- 1. Boiler, Steam
- 2. Boiler, Other (specify)
- 3. Air Heating for Space Heating
- 4. Air Heating for Process Usage
- 5. Others (specify)

1* BURNER CODES

- 1. Cyclone furnace
- 2. Pulverized coal
- 3. Spreader Stoker
- 4. Hand fired
- 5. Multiple port gas
- 6. Forced draft gas
- 7. Atomizing Oil (Stove of Air)
- 8. Atomizing Oil (Mechanical)
- 9. Others (specify)

FUEL BURNING EQUIPMENT

036

Reference Number	Stack Parameters				Fuel Type	Fuel Data				
	Stack Height Feet	Inside Exit Dia. Feet	Exit Gas Velocity Feet/Sec.	Exit Gas Temperature Degree F.		Maximum Amount Per Hour (Specify Units)	Amount Per Year (Specify Units)	Heat Content BTU/Gal, etc. (Specify Units)	Percent Sulfur	Percent Ash
1	41		4.9	170	NATURAL GAS	1.8 MCF	16,018 MCF	1910 BTU/SCF	NIL	NIL

FUEL SUPPLIERS:

NATURAL GAS

SUPPLIER

WINDMILL GAS CO

(FOR AGENCY USE ONLY)

PAGE 2

MANUFACTURING PROCESS OPERATIONS

036

Reference Number	Stack Data				Air Pollution Control Equipment			
	Height Feet	Inside Unit Dia. Feet	Exit Gas Velocity Feet/Sec.	Exit Gas Temperature °F	Manufacturer and Model Number	Type* (use Table 1)	Collection Efficiency	
						Design	Actual	
1					<i>SEE Fuel Burning DATA</i>			

* For Wet Scrubbers Give Gallons per minute Water Flow and Water Pressure if known.

FUEL BURNING EQUIPMENT

(FOR AGENCY USE ONLY)

036

11

12

Reference Number	Air Pollution Control Equipment			Efficiency		Emissions (Tons/Year)			Basis of Estimate
	Manufacturer and Model Number	Type* (Use Table 1)	Actual	Design	Particulate	So ₂	Other (specify)		
								Actual	
1	WILSON MFG. Co.	06, 4, 45, 72							
	(FURNACE CONTROLLED BY APPLYING 90% O ₂ AND 90% COMBUSTIBLES AND CONTROLLING ENRICH AT 0%)								

*For Wet Scrubber give Gallons per minute Water Flow and Water Pressure if known.

FUEL BURNING EQUIPMENT
(Except for Refuse Disposal)

1 FACILITY NAME		Address		for Agency use Only		
FACILITY NUMBER		Information for Calendar Year	Date			
HERCULES		1985		4/86		
Emission Point 037						
2 Reference Number	3 Manufacturer and Model Number	4 Rated Capacity 10 ⁶ BTU/hr	5 Type of Burner Unit (use code 1*)	6 Usage (use code 2*)	% Process	7 % Space heat
1	PACKAGE BOILER No. 6	65	7	1	100	

WEST 7th STREET HARTT'S BURY MS.

2* USAGE CODES

- 1. Boiler, Steam
- 2. Boiler, Other (specify)
- 3. Air Heating for Space Heating
- 4. Air Heating for Process Usage

1* BURNER CODES

- 1. Cyclone furnace
- 2. Pulverized coal
- 3. Spreader Stoker
- 4. Hand fired
- 6. Multiple port gas
- 7. Forced draft gas
- 8. Atomizing Oil (Stove of Air)
- 9. Atomizing Oil (Mechanical)

FUEL BURNING EQUIPMENT

037

Reference Number	Stack Parameters			Fuel Data						
	Stack Height Feet	Inside Exit Dia. Feet	Exit Gas Velocity Feet/Sec.	Exit Gas Temperature Degree F.	Fuel Type	Maximum Amount Per Hour (Specify Units)	Amount Per Year (Specify Units)	Heat Content BTU/Gal, etc. (Specify Units)	Percent Sulfur	Percent Ash
1	64	4			NATURAL GAS	65 MCFH	0			
					No. 2 Fuel Oil	468 GPH	0			
					No. 6 Fuel Oil	438 GPH	0			
					By-Products	48 GPH	0			
					(FUELS OTHER THAN NATURAL GAS WILL BE BURNED ONLY IN AN EMERGENCY SITUATION)					

FUEL SUPPLIERS:

Fuel Type

Supplier

NATURAL GAS
 No. 2 Fuel Oil
 No. 6 Fuel Oil

Wilmet Gas Co.
 Hess Oil Co.
 Hess Oil Co.

FUEL BURNING EQUIPMENT

(FOR AGENCY USE ONLY)

037

11

12

Reference Number	Air Pollution Control Equipment		Efficiency		Emissions (Tons/Year)			Basis of Estimate
	Manufacturer and Model Number	Type* (Use Table 1)	Design	Actual	Particulate	So ₂	Other (specify)	
1	None				NIL	NIL		

*For Wet Scrubber give Gallons per minute Water Flow and Water Pressure if known.

REFUSE DISPOSAL AND INCINERATION

A

Company Name		Information for Year		(Agency Use Only)
HERCULES		1985		
Address		Date		
WEST 74th STREET HATTIESBURG MS.		6/86		

B

Description of Waste Materials	C Maximum Amount Per Day (Pounds)	D Amount Per Year (Tons)	E Method of Disposal ^{1*}
See CONFIDENTIAL ATTACHMENT			

If Waste Disposal is by Incineration, Specify the Following:

1. Type of Incinerator:

- single chamber
- multiple Chamber
- Modified (describe)
- Other (describe)

- Rotary
- Flue Fed

2. Manufacturer's Name:

Model Number _____

Rated Capacity _____

3. Quantity Burned:

Pounds / Hour _____ Type Waste _____
 Pounds / Day _____
 Tons / Year _____
 Hours / Day _____
 Days / Year _____

4. Operating Schedule

*1 Disposal Method Codes

- 1. Open Burning
- 2. Landfill (No Burning)
- 3. Incinerator (Complete rest of Form)
- 5. Burned in Boiler or Furnance
- 6. Other (Specify)

3-19-80

State of Mississippi Air Pollution Control

PERMIT TO OPERATE AIR EMISSIONS EQUIPMENT

THIS CERTIFIES THAT

Hercules, Incorporated
West 7th Street
Hattiesburg, Mississippi

has been granted permission to operate air emissions equipment in accordance with emission limitations, monitoring requirements and other conditions set forth herein. This permit is issued in accordance with the provisions of the Mississippi Air and Water Pollution Control Law (Section 49-17-1 et seq., Mississippi Code of 1972), and the regulations and standards adopted and promulgated thereunder.

Issued this 13th day of May, 19 80

AIR AND WATER POLLUTION CONTROL PERMIT BOARD

Executive Director

Expires 1st day of May, 19 83



Permit No. 0800-00001

PART I
GENERAL CONDITIONS

1. All emissions authorized herein shall be consistent with the terms and conditions of this permit. The discharge of any air pollutant identified in this permit more frequently than or at a level in excess of that authorized shall constitute a violation of the permit. Any anticipated facility expansions or modifications which will result in new, different, or increased emission of air pollutants must be reported by submission of a new application.
2. The permittee shall at all times maintain in good working order and operate as efficiently as possible all air pollution control facilities or systems installed or used by the permittee to achieve compliance with the terms and conditions of this permit.
3. Solids removed in the course of control of air emissions shall be disposed of in a manner such as to prevent the solids from becoming windborne and to prevent the materials from entering state waters.
4. Any diversion from or bypass of collection and control facilities is prohibited except (i) where unavoidable to prevent loss of life or severe property damage or (ii) when approved by the Mississippi Air and Water Pollution Control Permit Board.
5. Whenever any emergency, accidental or excessive discharge of air contaminants occurs, the office of the Mississippi Air and Water Pollution Control Commission shall be notified immediately of all information concerning cause of the discharge, point of discharge, volume and characteristics, and whether discharge is continuing or stopped.
6. Should the Executive Director of the Mississippi Air and Water Pollution Control Commission declare an Air Pollution Emergency Episode, the permittee will be required to operate in accordance with the permittee's previously approved Emissions Reduction Schedule.
7. The permittee shall allow the Mississippi Air and Water Pollution Control Commission and the Mississippi Air and Water Pollution Control Permit Board and/or their authorized representatives, upon the presentation of credentials:
 - a. To enter upon the permittee's premises where an air emission source is located or in which any records are required to be kept under the terms and conditions of this permit; and
 - b. At reasonable times to have access to and copy any records required to be kept under the terms and conditions of this permit; to inspect any monitoring equipment or monitoring method required in this permit; and to sample any air emission.

PART I

Page 3 of 34
Permit No. 0800-00001

8. After notice and opportunity for a hearing, this permit may be modified, suspended, or revoked in whole or in part during its term for cause including, but not limited to:
 - a. Violation of any terms or conditions of this permit;
 - b. Obtaining this permit by misrepresentation or failure to disclose fully all relevant facts; or
 - c. A change in any condition that required either a temporary or permanent reduction or elimination of authorized air emissions.
9. For renewal of this permit the applicant shall make application not less than one-hundred eighty (180) days prior to the expiration date of the permit substantiated with current emissions data, test results or reports or other data as deemed necessary by the Mississippi Air and Water Pollution Control Permit Board.
10. Except for data determined to be confidential under the Mississippi Air and Water Pollution Control Law, all reports prepared in accordance with the terms of this permit shall be available for public inspection at the offices of the Mississippi Air and Water Pollution Control Commission.
11. The issuance of this permit does not convey any property rights in either real or personal property, or any exclusive privileges, nor does it authorize any injury to private property or any invasion of personal rights, nor any infringement of Federal, State or local laws or regulations,
12. Nothing herein contained shall be construed as releasing the permittee from any liability for damage to persons or property by reason of the installation, maintenance, or operation of the air cleaning facility, or from compliance with the applicable statutes of the State, or with local laws, regulations, or ordinances.
13. This permit is non-transferable.
14. This permit is for air pollution control purposed only.

PART II

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Permit No. 0800-00001

PART II
EMISSION LIMITATIONS AND MONITORING REQUIREMENTS

During the period beginning May 13, 1980, and lasting until
May 1, 1983, the permittee is authorized to operate air emissions
equipment and emit air contaminants from mill room, extractor house, refinery,
still house, and pexite plant, Emission Point 001.

Such air emissions equipment shall be operated as efficiently as possible to provide the
maximum reduction of air contaminants.

PART II

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Permit No. 0800-00001

PART II
EMISSION LIMITATIONS AND MONITORING REQUIREMENTS

During the period beginning May 13, 1980, and lasting until
May 1, 1983, the permittee is authorized to operate air emissions
equipment and emit air contaminants from the Herchlor Plant, Emission
Point 002.

Such air emissions equipment shall be operated as efficiently as possible to provide the
maximum reduction of air contaminants.

PART II

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Permit No. 0800-00001

PART II
EMISSION LIMITATIONS AND MONITORING REQUIREMENTS

During the period beginning May 13, 1980, and lasting until
May 1, 1983, the permittee is authorized to operate air emissions
equipment and emit air contaminants from the Delnav Plant, Emission
Point 005.

Such air emissions equipment shall be operated as efficiently as possible to provide the
maximum reduction of air contaminants.

PART II

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Permit No. 0800-00001

PART II
EMISSION LIMITATIONS AND MONITORING REQUIREMENTS

During the period beginning May 13, 1980, and lasting until
May 1, 1983, the permittee is authorized to operate air emissions
equipment and emit air contaminants from the Poly-Pale Plant, Emission
Point 006.

Such air emissions equipment shall be operated as efficiently as possible to provide the
maximum reduction of air contaminants.

PART II

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Permit No. 0800-00001

PART II
EMISSION LIMITATIONS AND MONITORING REQUIREMENTS

During the period beginning May 13, 1980, and lasting until
May 1, 1983, the permittee is authorized to operate air emissions
equipment and emit air contaminants from the Rosin Shed, Emission
Point 008.

Such air emissions equipment shall be operated as efficiently as possible to provide the
maximum reduction of air contaminants.

PART II
EMISSION LIMITATIONS AND MONITORING REQUIREMENTS

During the period beginning May 13, 1980, and lasting until
May 1, 1983, the permittee is authorized to operate air emissions
equipment and emit air contaminants from Woodwaste Boilers No. 1 & No. 2,
Emission Point 009.

Such emissions shall be limited and monitored by the permittee as specified below:

EMISSION CHARACTERISTIC	EMISSION LIMITATIONS		
	lb/hr	lbs/day	Other units (specify)
Particulate Matter			0.3 grains/sdcf

EMISSION CHARACTERISTIC	MONITORING REQUIREMENTS		
	Measurement Frequency	Sample Type	Reporting Frequency

PART II
EMISSION LIMITATIONS AND MONITORING REQUIREMENTS

During the period beginning May 13, 1980, and lasting until May 1, 1983, the permittee is authorized to operate air emissions equipment and emit air contaminants from Woodwaste Boilers No. 3 & No. 4, Emission Point 010.

Such emissions shall be limited and monitored by the permittee as specified below:

EMISSION CHARACTERISTIC	EMISSION LIMITATIONS	
	lb/hr	Other units (specify)
Particulate Matter	lbs/day	0.3 grains/sdcf

EMISSION CHARACTERISTIC	MONITORING REQUIREMENTS		
	Measurement Frequency	Sample Type	Reporting Frequency

PART II
EMISSION LIMITATIONS AND MONITORING REQUIREMENTS

During the period beginning May 13, 1980, and lasting until May 1, 1983, the permittee is authorized to operate air emissions equipment and emit air contaminants from Package Boiler No. 5, Emission Point 011.

Such emissions shall be limited and monitored by the permittee as specified below:

EMISSION CHARACTERISTIC	EMISSION LIMITATIONS		
	lb/hr	lbs/day	Other units (specify)
SO ₂			4.8 lb/10 ⁶ BTU
Particulate Matter			59.2 lb/hr

EMISSION CHARACTERISTIC	MONITORING REQUIREMENTS		
	Measurement Frequency	Sample Type	Reporting Frequency

PART II
EMISSION LIMITATIONS AND MONITORING REQUIREMENTS

During the period beginning May 13, 1980, and lasting until
May 1, 1983, the permittee is authorized to operate air emissions
equipment and emit air contaminants from the pitch blowing facility, Emission
Point 012.

Such air emissions equipment shall be operated as efficiently as possible to provide the
maximum reduction of air contaminants.

PART II
EMISSION LIMITATIONS AND MONITORING REQUIREMENTS

During the period beginning May 13, 1980, and lasting until
May 1, 1983, the permittee is authorized to operate air emissions
equipment and emit air contaminants from Truline Flaking and Packaging
Area, Emission Point 014.

Such air emissions equipment shall be operated as efficiently as possible to provide the
maximum reduction of air contaminants.

PART II

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Permit No. 0800-00001

PART II
EMISSION LIMITATIONS AND MONITORING REQUIREMENTS

During the period beginning May 13, 1980, and lasting until
May 1, 1983, the permittee is authorized to operate air emissions
equipment and emit air contaminants from Hard Resins Area, Emission
Point 015.

Such air emissions equipment shall be operated as efficiently as possible to provide the
maximum reduction of air contaminants.

PART II

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Permit No. 0800-00001

PART II
EMISSION LIMITATIONS AND MONITORING REQUIREMENTS

During the period beginning May 13, 1980, and lasting until
May 1, 1983, the permittee is authorized to operate air emissions
equipment and emit air contaminants from Continuous Esterification Unit,
Emission Point 016.

Such air emissions equipment shall be operated as efficiently as possible to provide the
maximum reduction of air contaminants.

PART II

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Permit No. 0800-00001

PART II
EMISSION LIMITATIONS AND MONITORING REQUIREMENTS

During the period beginning May 13, 1980, and lasting until
May 1, 1983, the permittee is authorized to operate air emissions
equipment and emit air contaminants from Flaking House, Emission Point 018.

Such air emissions equipment shall be operated as efficiently as possible to provide the maximum reduction of air contaminants.

PART II
EMISSION LIMITATIONS AND MONITORING REQUIREMENTS

During the period beginning *May 13, 1980,* and lasting until
May 1, 1983, the permittee is authorized to operate air emissions
equipment and emit air contaminants from *Foral and Staybelite Plant,*
Emission Point 019.

Such air emissions equipment shall be operated as efficiently as possible to provide the maximum reduction of air contaminants.

PART II

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Permit No. 0800-00001

PART II
EMISSION LIMITATIONS AND MONITORING REQUIREMENTS

During the period beginning May 13, 1980, and lasting until
May 1, 1983, the permittee is authorized to operate air emissions
equipment and emit air contaminants from Hydrogen Furnace, Emission
Point 020.

Such air emissions equipment shall be operated as efficiently as possible to provide the
maximum reduction of air contaminants.

PART II

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Permit No. 0800-00001

PART II
EMISSION LIMITATIONS AND MONITORING REQUIREMENTS

During the period beginning May 13, 1980, and lasting until
May 1, 1983, the permittee is authorized to operate air emissions
equipment and emit air contaminants from Pilot Plant, Emission Point 021.

Such air emissions equipment shall be operated as efficiently as possible to provide the
maximum reduction of air contaminants.

PART II

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Permit No. 0800-00001

PART II
EMISSION LIMITATIONS AND MONITORING REQUIREMENTS

During the period beginning May 13, 1980, and lasting until
May 1, 1983, the permittee is authorized to operate air emissions
equipment and emit air contaminants from Resin 731 Area, Emission Point 022.

Such air emissions equipment shall be operated as efficiently as possible to provide the maximum reduction of air contaminants.

PART II
EMISSION LIMITATIONS AND MONITORING REQUIREMENTS

During the period beginning May 13, 1980, and lasting until
May 1, 1983, the permittee is authorized to operate air emissions
equipment and emit air contaminants from Stills and Dresinates Area,
Emission Point 023.

Such air emissions equipment shall be operated as efficiently as possible to provide the
maximum reduction of air contaminants.

PART II

Page 21 of 34
Permit No. 0800-00001

PART II
EMISSION LIMITATIONS AND MONITORING REQUIREMENTS

During the period beginning May 13, 1980, and lasting until
May 1, 1983, the permittee is authorized to operate air emissions
equipment and emit air contaminants from Kymene Plant, Emission Point 024.

Such air emissions equipment shall be operated as efficiently as possible to provide the maximum reduction of air contaminants.

PART II
EMISSION LIMITATIONS AND MONITORING REQUIREMENTS

During the period beginning May 13, 1980, and lasting until
May 1, 1983, the permittee is authorized to operate air emissions
equipment and emit air contaminants from Defoamer Plant, Emission Point 025.

Such air emissions equipment shall be operated as efficiently as possible to provide the
maximum reduction of air contaminants.

PART II

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Permit No. 0800-00001

PART II
EMISSION LIMITATIONS AND MONITORING REQUIREMENTS

During the period beginning May 13, 1980, and lasting until
May 1, 1983, the permittee is authorized to operate air emissions
equipment and emit air contaminants from Rosin Amine D, Emission Point 026.

Such air emissions equipment shall be operated as efficiently as possible to provide the maximum reduction of air contaminants.

PART II
EMISSION LIMITATIONS AND MONITORING REQUIREMENTS

During the period beginning May 13, 1980, and lasting until
May 1, 1983, the permittee is authorized to operate air emissions
equipment and emit air contaminants from Resin PS687 Plant, Emission
Point 027.

Such air emissions equipment shall be operated as efficiently as possible to provide the
maximum reduction of air contaminants.

PART II

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Permit No. 0800-00001

PART II
EMISSION LIMITATIONS AND MONITORING REQUIREMENTS

During the period beginning May 13, 1980, and lasting until
May 1, 1983, the permittee is authorized to operate air emissions
equipment and emit air contaminants from Polyrad and Polyol, Emission
Point 028.

Such air emissions equipment shall be operated as efficiently as possible to provide the
maximum reduction of air contaminants.

PART II

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Permit No. 0800-00001

PART II
EMISSION LIMITATIONS AND MONITORING REQUIREMENTS

During the period beginning May 13, 1980, and lasting until
May 1, 1983, the permittee is authorized to operate air emissions
equipment and emit air contaminants from Para-Cymene Unit, Emission
Point 029.

Such air emissions equipment shall be operated as efficiently as possible to provide the
maximum reduction of air contaminants.

PART II

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Permit No. 0800-00001

PART II
EMISSION LIMITATIONS AND MONITORING REQUIREMENTS

During the period beginning May 13, 1980, and lasting until
May 1, 1983, the permittee is authorized to operate air emissions
equipment and emit air contaminants from Para-Menthane Unit, Emission
Point 030.

Such air emissions equipment shall be operated as efficiently as possible to provide the
maximum reduction of air contaminants.

PART II
EMISSION LIMITATIONS AND MONITORING REQUIREMENTS

During the period beginning May 13, 1980, and lasting until
May 1, 1983, the permittee is authorized to operate air emissions
equipment and emit air contaminants from Para-Menthane Hydroperoxide
Unit, Emission Point 031.

Such air emissions equipment shall be operated as efficiently as possible to provide the
maximum reduction of air contaminants.

PART II
EMISSION LIMITATIONS AND MONITORING REQUIREMENTS

During the period beginning May 13, 1980, and lasting until
May 1, 1983, the permittee is authorized to operate air emissions
equipment and emit air contaminants from Sulfate Turpentine Refining
Unit, Emission Point 032.

Such air emissions equipment shall be operated as efficiently as possible to provide the
maximum reduction of air contaminants.

PART II

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Permit No. 0800-00001

PART II
EMISSION LIMITATIONS AND MONITORING REQUIREMENTS

During the period beginning May 13, 1980, and lasting until
May 1, 1983, the permittee is authorized to operate air emissions
equipment and emit air contaminants from Synthetic Pine Oil Facility,
Emission Point 033.

Such air emissions equipment shall be operated as efficiently as possible to provide the
maximum reduction of air contaminants.

PART II

Page 31 of 34
Permit No. 0800-00001

PART II
EMISSION LIMITATIONS AND MONITORING REQUIREMENTS

During the period beginning May 13, 1980, and lasting until
May 1, 1983, the permittee is authorized to operate air emissions
equipment and emit air contaminants from Paracol Plant, Emission Point 035.

Such air emissions equipment shall be operated as efficiently as possible to provide the maximum reduction of air contaminants.

PART II

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Permit No. 0800-00001

PART II
EMISSION LIMITATIONS AND MONITORING REQUIREMENTS

During the period beginning May 13, 1980, and lasting until
May 1, 1983, the permittee is authorized to operate air emissions
equipment and emit air contaminants from Carbon Regeneration Furnace with
Scrubber, Emission Point 036.

Such air emissions equipment shall be operated as efficiently as possible to provide the
maximum reduction of air contaminants.

PART III
OTHER REQUIREMENTS

1. For Emission Points 001, 006, 012, 014, 015, 016, 018, 019, 022, 023, 024, 026, 027, 028, 029, 030, 031, 032, 033, and 035, the following condition shall apply:

If odors from this facility should ever result in justifiable and verifiable complaints being filed, this facility may be required to control emissions of odorous substances to a degree greater than is now being achieved.

2. For Emission Points 009, 010, and 011, the following condition shall apply:

By this condition, the stated facility is allowed sulfur dioxide emissions exceeding those emitted by the facility in 1970. This condition is authorized by the Bureau for a period equal to the remaining term of the Permit to Operate, i.e., until May 1, 1983.

Operation of this facility at higher sulfur dioxide emission levels than in 1970 after May 1, 1983, is not allowed unless and until subsequent and additional Bureau authorization is given.

Attendant to the authorization stated above, this facility shall make written quarterly reports to the Bureau with the first report to be made ninety (90) days after the natural gas curtailment begins or at the time of reapplication for Permit to Operate, whichever occurs first. The reports shall state density, heating value, daily usage (pounds/day), date of use and sulfur content of any and all fuels which exceed 2.2 sulfur by weight.

Failure to adhere to the reporting requirements shall render the above-stated authorization null and void.

3. For Emission Point 012, the following additional condition will also apply:

Records of the operation of this facility must be kept and must show the duration of operation (time and dates) and amount of material processed. These records must be available to the Mississippi Bureau of Pollution Control upon request.

4. For Emission Point 018, the following additional condition will also apply:

Good housekeeping should be maintained to prevent fugitive dust. Should fugitive dust become excessive, additional control measures may be required.

(over)

5. For Emission Point 021, the following condition shall apply:

Since this unit is used for experimental purposes and emissions may change depending on the conditions of the experiments, reports must be made to the Mississippi Bureau of Pollution Control semi-annually beginning July 1, 1980, explaining all work done including, as a minimum, the duration of tests, types of raw materials used and products produced and an assessment of emissions caused.

6. For Emission Point 036, the following condition shall apply:

If the scrubber should fail or its effectiveness be reduced, the Bureau should be notified immediately by phone and followed with a letter. The information should include nature of failure, time-off, estimated repair time, and action taken to preclude a re-occurrence.

Permit File
Forrest

Hercules
110-0800-00001
Forrest County

Don Watts
April 21, 1980

On April 16 & 17, 1980, I accompanied Larry Lloyd of ES on an EPA audit inspection. We met with Mr. Charles Jordan, Senior Chemical Engineer at Hercules. Hercules is being reviewed by me for renewal of their Permit to Operate.

Hercules brings in pine stumps, extracts rosin from the stumps, and then makes various derivatives. Also, there are Herchlor and Delnav plants which are not related to the pine rosin derivatives.

The different plant sections are shown on the attached plot plan. The different emission points will be covered in the appropriate plant section.

Milling

This section is where the pine stumps are received, washed off (using a recirculating water supply), and then fed to a hog where they are chipped up.

Primary

The stump chips go from the milling area to the extractor house, where the rosin is extracted from the stumps by use of a solvent. The solvent is recovered for reuse and the rosin is fed to the refinery. The rosin is fractionated in the refinery and sent to either the still house or the pexite plant for further refinement. From this point, the rosin is fed to different areas of the facility for preparation of derivatives.

All of the operations in the milling section and in the primary section are covered by Emission Point 001. The extractor house, the refinery, and the still house are all connected to one common vent, which is preceded by a water scrubber and oil scrubber. The pexite plant also has a vent preceded by a water scrubber and oil scrubber. There are no controls in the mill room.

No problems were noted in these areas, and the Permit to Operate will be reissued.

Power House

This area contains the four woodwaste boilers and a package boiler. Boilers #1 & 2 which vent to the south stack are permitted as Emission Point 009, boilers 3 & 4 which vent to the north stack are Emission Point 010, and the package boiler #5 is Emission Point 011.

The package boiler #5 is operated on either natural gas or No. 6 fuel oil. It is run only when necessary. No problems were noted or are anticipated with this unit, so a Permit to Operate will be reissued.



Poly-Pale

The Poly-Pale Plant is Emission Point 006. Here rosin is polymerized using an acid catalyst. There are two Dowtherm boilers, but only one is in operation at any time. There are two vents in the unit which are preceded by a water scrubber. There is also a spray chamber off of a hot toluene tank.

No problems were noted, and a Permit to Operate will be issued.

Rosin Shipping

In this area, which is permitted as the Rosin Shed, Emission Point 008, rosin is prepared for shipping by either drumming or flaking. In the drumming process liquid resin is piped into metal drums. The flaking process is just like the flaking process in the Hard Resin Area. There is a dust hood on the cold end and a vapor hood on the hot end, and both hoods are vented to water scrubbers. There were no visible emissions from either of the scrubbers. A Permit to Operate will be issued.

Vinsol

There are two operations conducted in this portion of the plant.

The first is the Pitch Blowing Facility, which is Emission Point 012. Here pitch, which is the heavy, dark rosin, is oxidized by heating it in a kettle utilizing a gas fired furnace. There are two kettles and two furnaces. The oxidized pitch is used in the manufacture of some types of insulation boards. The pitch is stored at the north end of the facility past the Delnav and Terpene Derivatives areas.

All exhausts from the pitch blowing kettles are vented to the woodwaste boiler fire box. This is primarily for control of odor.

No problems were encountered. A Permit to Operate will be issued.

The other unit is the Truline Flaking and Packaging, Emission Point 014. It is much like the other two flaking units. There is a vapor hood which vents to a spray chamber. There are two baghouses for control from the "cool end" and from the packaging. There were no visible emissions from either baghouse or from the spray chamber. A Permit to Operate will be issued.

Rubber Chemicals

There are two operations in this portion of the plant: the Stills and Dresinate Area, Emission Point 023, and the Resin 731 Area, Emission Point 022.

In the Resin 731 Area, rosin is dehydronated. There are two Dowtherm boilers. There is one vent on the product line.

In the Stills and Dresinate Area, rosin is distilled so that various cuts can be used in other products. There are two hot wells and two Dowtherm boilers. The application shows no emission point in the process; however, there is one vent on the resinate mixer. It is a no flow vent which would emit only steam or water vapor.

No problems were noted with either emission point, so a Permit to Operate will be issued for each.

The woodwaste boilers are fed a mixture of wood, natural gas, resin by-products, and water contaminated with organic impurities. The maximum output of each boiler is about 80,000 #/hr with normal output being about 50,000 #/hr of steam. There are opacity monitors and %O₂ analyzers in the breeching of each boiler. At the time of the inspection, visible emissions from both stacks were less than 10%. No problems were noted so a Permit to Operate will be issued for both emission points.

Pilot Plant (indicated as P.P.)

This area is where new products are produced for testing. There are two vents for the plant, which is Emission Point 021. There is also a Dowtherm boiler. No problems were noted. A Permit to Operate will be issued.

Staybelite

This area includes two emission points: the Foral and Staybelite Plant, Emission Point 019, and the Hydrogen Furnace, Emission Point 020.

This area takes rosin and hydrogenates it. The hydrogen is either produced in the Hydrogen Furnace or is received from another area of the facility where rosin is dehydrogenated. The Foral and Staybelite Plant contains a Dowtherm boiler and one vent from an oil separator. There were no problems. A Permit to Operate will be issued.

The Hydrogen Furnace is a cracking furnace. There is natural gas feed and natural gas heat which breaks the feed down into H₂ (gas). There is one vent from the furnace, but there are no pollutants emitted. A Permit to Operate will be issued.

Hard Resins

In this area rosin is modified to form many different resins. There are three emission points in this area.

Emission Point 015, the Hard Resins Area, has one Dowtherm boiler and a common vent which is preceded by an oil scrubber and water scrubber.

The Continuous Esterification Unit, Emission Point 016, produces an esterified rosin. There are two Dowtherm boilers and one common vent which follows a total condenser.

There is also a Flaking House, Emission Point 018. Here liquid resin is fed onto a conveyor; as the conveyor moves, the resin is cooled and hardens. When the hardened resin reaches the end of the conveyor, it is broken up into small pieces. There is a vapor hood over the "hot end" (where the liquid resin is added) of the conveyor. The fumes from the vapor hood go to a spray chamber and then exhaust to the air. At the cold end there is a dust hood which carries particulate to a baghouse. There were no visible emissions from either the baghouse or the scrubber vent.

No problems were noted in this area, so a Permit to Operate will be issued for each emission point.

Water Treatment

Hercules uses carbon absorption in the treatment of their wastewater. They have a Carbon Regeneration Furnace, Emission Point 036. The furnace regeneration is controlled by analyzing the %O₂ and % combustibles and controlling each at zero percent. There is also an afterburner, a baffled spray chamber, a spray tower scrubber, and mist eliminators for control of emissions.

No problems were noted, so the Permit to Operate will be issued.

Kymene

In the Kymene Plant, Emission Point 024, a polymerization reaction occurs to produce a polyamide resin. There is a spray chamber controlling emissions from a kettle vent, and there is a simple filter for particulate control.

No problems were noted, and the Permit to Operate will be issued.

Defoamer

In the Defoamer Plant, Emission Point 025, rosin is mixed to form a defoamer. There is one vent which goes into a simple filter dust bag. The dust bag is surrounded by a tin shed. Any emissions from the bag would settle on the ground in the shed. There was no evidence of dusting from the bag. A Permit to Operate will be issued.

Paracol

The Paracol Plant, Emission Point 035, blends resin to form paracol. The Paracol Plant is a closed system with no vents to the atmosphere. A Permit to Operate will be issued.

Delnav

The Delnav Plant, Emission Point 005, makes a pesticide (trade name is Delnav). During the reaction, HCl and H₂S are formed. The H₂S is vented to a flare, which combusts the H₂S to SO₂ (about 155 tons/yr produced). The HCl acid waste stream is passed through one of two limestone tanks. The acid enters the tank at the bottom and bubbles to the top. Both tanks are open to the atmosphere. There is also a sump for digestion of wastewater before it goes to the carbon absorption system. The sump is covered and has one vent. The vent goes into a 55 gallon drum filled with water.

There was a noticeable odor within the Delnav plant. However, it was not evident outside the Delnav Plant itself. A Permit to Operate will be issued with appropriate conditions.

Terpene Derivatives

There are two emission points in this area: the Sulfate Turpentine Refining, Emission Point 032, and the Synthetic Pine Oil Facility, Emission Point 033.

The Synthetic Pine Oil Facility is a closed system with no vent to the atmosphere. It is basically a distillation process.

The Sulfate Turpentine Refining is also a distillation process. Part of the raw materials are sulfate wastes from paper mills which are received by the car load. There is a common vent which is preceded by a packed tower scrubber.

No problems were seen with either of these units, so a Permit to Operate will be issued.

Rosin Amine

There are three emission points within this area.

The first is the Rosin Amine D Plant, Emission Point 026. Rosin is modified to form a rosin amine derivative. There is one Dowtherm boiler. There are two reactors. The ammoniation reactor exhaust goes through a packed tower absorber and then vents into a barrel of water. The amine reactor vents straight to a barrel of water. A 20 cfm H₂ purge accompanies the exhaust gas from the amine reactor.

The Resin PS687 Plant is Emission Point 027. This was formerly known as the Resin 1977 Plant. Hydrogenated resin is produced in this plant. One Dowtherm boiler is used in the process. There is one vent which emits a 30 cfm H₂ purge.

The Polyrad and Polyol unit is Emission Point 028. Rosin is modified to form rosin adducts. There is one no flow vent from the process.

No problems were noted with any of these points, so a Permit to Operate will be issued.

PMHP

Three emission points are in this area.

The Para Menthane Hydroperoxide Unit is Emission Point 031. An oxidation reaction occurs to produce the above product. There is one no flow vent for the process.

The Para Cymene unit is Emission Point 029. A dehydrogenation reaction occurs to produce dehydrogenated dipentene. This is a closed system. The liberated hydrogen is sent to the Staybelite Area.

The Para Menthane Unit is Emission Point 030. A hydrogenation reaction occurs to produce hydrogenated dipentene. This is also a closed system, with any exhaust gases going to the Staybelite Area.

Both the Para Cymene and the Para Menthane units are equipped with purge systems that can be used in case of emergency.

No problems were noted, so the Permit to Operate will be issued.

Tall Oil

In this area tall oil is fractionated to produce rosin and fatty acids. The fractionated rosin can then be further distilled. There are three emission points included in this area. They are the Tall Oil Plant, Emission Point 003; the Union Iron Works Boilers, Emission Point 004; and Column 5-Tall Oil Plant, Emission Point 034. These units have not operated since 1974. Therefore, no Permit to Operate can be issued. Before these units can be operated, construction permit applications must be filed. A letter has been sent to Mr. Heller so informing him.

Herclor

In this area a synthetic rubber is produced at the Herclor Plant, Emission Point 002. There is a caustic scrubber to remove phosgene from the exit stream. Everything else is vented to a flare. Hercules is in the process of expanding the Herclor Plant. They presently have a Construction Permit on this emission point.

No problems were noted, so the Permit to Operate will be issued.

Summary of Report

No problems were seen or are anticipated. The Permits to Operate will be reissued with appropriate conditions.

The inspection schedule as set up will continue to be followed, paying special attention to the woodwaste boilers.

HERCULES

Hercules Incorporated
613 West 7th Street
Hattiesburg, MS 39403
(601) 545-3450
Fax: (601) 584-3226
www.herc.com

May 30, 2000

Mr. Toby Cook
Chief – EPD Chemical/Agricultural/Metal Manufacturing Branch
Office of Pollution Control
Mississippi Department of Environmental Quality
2380 Highway 80 West
Jackson, MS 39204


JUN 2000
Received
6/9

Dear Mr. Cook:

Hercules Incorporated's Hattiesburg, MS facility is submitting a modification to the facility's Title V permit application (Permit No. 0800-00001) to include 40 CFR 63 Subpart PPP, the National Emission Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants for Polyether Polyols Production. A letter from Ms. Audra Sandifer of the Mississippi Department of Environmental Quality's Air Toxics Branch dated December 15, 1999, requested that the modification to the Title V permit application be submitted no later than May 31, 2000. The purpose of this submittal is to update the Title V permit application, specifically the sections pertaining to the facility's Rosin Amine Derivatives (RAD) process area to include Subpart PPP applicability. If you have any questions or concerns, please call Charles Jordan with Hercules at (601) 545-3450 or Valerie Kazlauskas with Trinity Consultants at (225) 292-2661.

Sincerely,

HERCULES INCORPORATED


Walter D. Langhans
Plant Manager

Attachments

cc: Mr. Charles Jordan – Hercules
Ms. Valerie Kazlauskas – Trinity
Ms. Audra Sandifer – MDEQ (w/out attachments)
Mr. Doug Neeley – US EPA Region IV

HERCULES, INC.

**Hattiesburg Facility
Hattiesburg, Mississippi**

Title V Operating Permit Application

May 2000

Trinity 
Consultants





**TITLE V OPERATING PERMIT APPLICATION
HERCULES, INC. ■ HATTIESBURG, MISSISSIPPI FACILITY**

Prepared by:

**Shishir Mohan ■ Manager of Consulting Services
Valerie Kazlauskas ■ Project Consultant
Charlynn White ■ Project Assistant**

**TRINITY CONSULTANTS
4000 S. Sherwood Forest Blvd.
Suite 503
Baton Rouge, LA 70816
(225) 292-2661**

May 2000

Project 001901.0040

**Trinity[△]
Consultants**

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2. PERMIT APPLICATION FORMS

APPENDIX A

EMISSION CALCULATIONS

APPENDIX B

AREA MAP

APPENDIX C

RAD PROCESS AREA DIAGRAM

APPENDIX D

CONFIDENTIAL PROCESS INFORMATION

1.1 FACILITY DESCRIPTION

Hercules, Incorporated (Hercules) currently operates a chemical specialties manufacturing facility in Hattiesburg, Forrest County, Mississippi. The Hattiesburg facility operates under Title V Operating Permit No. 0800-00001, which was issued on November 13, 1998. The facility is a major source of Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs) under Title III of the 1990 Clean Air Act Amendments (CAAA). National Emissions Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants (NESHAPs) Subpart PPP – National Emission Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants for Polyether Polyols Production (40 CFR 63.1420) which was promulgated on June 1, 1999 applies to the Rosin Amine Derivatives (RAD) process area. The purpose of this submittal is to include Subpart PPP applicability in the facility's Title V Operating Permit.

1.2 PROCESS DESCRIPTION

Rosin Amine Derivatives (RAD), including Amines and Amine Acetates, are manufactured in the RAD area. Ethylene Oxide Derivatives (EOD), including Polyrams and Surfactants, are also manufactured in the RAD area. The major use of Amine Acetates is a collector for silica and silicate minerals. Amine Acetate is used primarily in the beneficiation of non-metallic ores. The Polyrams are corrosion inhibitors that are used for hydrochloric acid and for petroleum refining equipment. Their detergent properties aid in loosening and dispersing scale. The facility routinely produces RAD and/or EOD finished products. Some raw materials are stored in bulk storage tanks which are not in the immediate process area. Ammonia is stored in tanks in the Metal Resinates area. Ethylene Oxide is stored in an isolated storage tank away from the immediate process area. Finished products are either packaged or stored in product storage tanks in the RAD area.

The manufacturing scheme for RAD is: 1) rosin ammoniation in the presence of a metal catalyst to produce crude Nitrile; 2) batch distillation of crude Nitrile to produce distilled Nitrile; 3) hydrogenation of distilled Nitrile in the presence of a metal catalyst to produce Amine; and 4) various blending operations to produce Amine Acetates.

The manufacturing scheme for EOD is: 1) reacting Ethylene Oxide with various feed resins; and 2) various blending operations.

Emissions associated with the RAD process area primarily include: 1) reactor losses; 2) tank losses from raw materials and product storage; 3) fugitive losses; and 4) accounting inventories and mass balances. The RAD ammoniation reactor vent is equipped with a water scrubber. The Nitrile still operates under vacuum and is equipped with a barometric condenser/hot well. The hydrogenation reactor's vent is equipped with a water scrubber bucket. The blending operations are associated with tank losses.

The EOD reactor vent is equipped with a weak Sulfuric Acid circulating media to convert Ethylene Oxide to Ethylene Glycol controlled blowdown.

A diagram of the RAD process area is found in Appendix C.

1.3 EMISSION SOURCES

The emission points for the RAD process area at the Hattiesburg facility are provided in this update to the Title V permit application. Based on the Mississippi Air Pollution Code, APC-S-6, Section VII.B, some of the emission sources at the Hattiesburg facility are insignificant sources and need to be identified in the Title V permit application. All insignificant activities are identified in Section C of the Title V permit application.

1.4 EMISSION CALCULATIONS

Detailed emission rate calculations for all sources are provided in Appendix A of the permit application. The emission rate calculations for all sources were performed using engineering estimates, design data, and SOCOMI emission factors for fugitive components.

1.5 APPLICABLE REGULATIONS

All applicable state and federal regulations for the Hattiesburg facility are provided in Section N of the Title V permit application.

The Hattiesburg facility is subject to a number of federal and state air quality regulations including National Emission Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants (NESHAPs) Subpart PPP – National Emission Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants for Polyether Polyols Production (40 CFR 63.1420).

As noted in Section O, the Hattiesburg facility is currently in compliance with applicable state and federal regulations. The statement indicating current compliance status is provided in Section O of the Title V permit application.

1.6 CHEMICAL ACCIDENT PREVENTION REGULATION

The accidental release prevention program is mandated by section 112(r) of the Clean Air Act and is codified in 40 CFR 68. The program was finalized on June 20, 1996. The Hattiesburg facility is complying with all applicable provisions of the accidental release program.

1.7 STRATOSPHERIC OZONE PROTECTION

Title VI of the Clean Air Act Amendments requires phaseout of ozone-depleting chemicals. The stratospheric ozone protection provisions have been codified in 40 CFR 82. The Hattiesburg facility does not manufacture any ozone depleting substances as identified in 40 CFR 82.

1.8 NATIONAL AMBIENT AIR QUALITY STANDARDS

The Hattiesburg facility is located in Forrest County, Mississippi, which is classified as attainment for all criteria pollutants. The Hattiesburg facility is in compliance with the state requirements in the State Implementation Plan (SIP). Therefore, it is in compliance with the state requirements designed to meet the National Ambient Air Quality Standards.

1.9 SUMMARY

All the forms required to furnish a complete Title V permit application have been completed. In addition, detailed emission rate calculations are provided for reference in Appendix A. Confidential business information, including raw material input and product output data, is included in Appendix D. A map indicating the location of the facility is found in Appendix B, and a RAD process area diagram is provided in Appendix C.



2. PERMIT APPLICATION FORMS

JUN 2000
Received
010

FOR OFFICIAL USE ONLY	
APPLICATION RECEIPT	
DATE:	_____
APPLICATION NO.:	_____
FOR MODIFICATION:	
MINOR	_____

**STATE OF MISSISSIPPI
DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL QUALITY
OFFICE OF POLLUTION CONTROL
AIR DIVISION
P.O. BOX 10385
JACKSON, MS. 39289-0385
PHONE NO.: (601) 961 - 5171**

**APPLICATION FOR TITLE V
AIR POLLUTION CONTROL PERMIT
TO OPERATE AIR EMISSIONS EQUIPMENT**

PERMITTING ACTIVITY:

_____	INITIAL APPLICATION
X	MODIFICATION
_____	RENEWAL OF OPERATING PERMIT

NAME: Hercules, Inc.

CITY: Hattiesburg

COUNTY: Forrest

FACILITY No. (if known): 0800-00001

**APPLICATION FOR TITLE V PERMIT TO
OPERATE AIR EMISSIONS EQUIPMENT**

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OPERATING PERMIT APPLICATION REQUIREMENTS

All applications must be submitted on the form supplied by the Permit Board. Trivial activities which are listed in Attachment A are presumed to emit less than 1 pound per hour of a pollutant that is not a hazardous air pollutant and less than 0.1 pound per hour of any hazardous air pollutant; these activities need not be reported in the application. Insignificant activities which are specified in Section VII.A. of Regulation APC-S-6 and listed herein also need not be included. For insignificant activities which are specified in Section VII.B. of Regulation APC-S-6, a list must be included in the application. An application may not omit information needed to determine the applicability of or to impose, any applicable requirement, or to evaluate the fee amount required under the schedule pursuant to Section VI. of Regulation APC-S-6. The forms and attachments shall include the elements specified as follows:

- A. Identifying information, including company name and address (or plant name and address if different from the company name), owners name and agent, and telephone number and names of plant site manager/contact;
- B. A description of the sources process and products by Standard Industrial Classification Code including any associated with any alternate scenario identified by the source;
- C. Emission-related information as follows:
 1. A qualitative description of all emissions units, including those not subject to applicable requirements but not those omitted under trivial or insignificant activities provisions;
 2. A description of all emissions of pollutants for which the source is major and of all emissions of regulated air pollutants sufficient to determine or verify major source status, to determine or verify applicability of and compliance with applicable requirements, and to assess and collect permit fees, if the emissions basis for fees has not been previously determined. Fugitive emissions from individual components within a facility may be determined collectively based on their relationship to the associated process unless individual emission rates are needed to determine the applicability of an applicable requirement such as NSPS, NESHAPS, a MACT standard, etc. or to determine air quality impacts. Similarly, where individual components or units with a facility may be classified into a generic group due to the commonality of applicable requirements and/or the nature of operation, stack emissions may be determined collectively for the group unless individual emission rates are needed to determine applicability of an applicable requirement or to determine air quality impacts;
 3. For each pollutant and emissions unit which is regulated, emission rates in TPY and in such terms as are necessary to establish compliance consistent with the applicable standard reference test method, except that, for pollutants and units which have no applicable requirements expressed in emission rate terms, emission rate quantification may be omitted;
 4. To the extent it is needed to determine or regulate emissions, the information that follows: fuels, fuel use, raw materials, production rates, and operating schedules;
 5. Identification and description of air pollution control equipment and compliance monitoring devices or activities;
 6. Limitations on source operation affecting emissions or any work practice standards, where applicable, for all regulated pollutants at the Title V source;

7. Other information required by any applicable requirement (including information related to stack height limitations developed pursuant to Section 123 of the Federal Act); and
 8. Calculations on which the information requested in this section is based;
- D. Air pollution control requirements as follows:
1. Citation and description of all applicable requirements, and
 2. Description of or reference to any applicable test method for determining compliance with each applicable requirement;
- E. Other specific information that may be necessary to implement and enforce other applicable requirements of the Federal Act or of these regulations or to determine the applicability of such requirements;
- F. An explanation of any proposed exemptions from otherwise applicable requirements;
- G. Additional information as determined to be necessary by the Permit Board to define alternative operating scenarios identified by the source pursuant to Section III.A.9. of Regulation APC-S-6 or to define permit terms and conditions implementing 40 CFR 70.4(b)(12) or Section III.A.10. of Regulation APC-S-6;
- H. A compliance plan for all Title V sources that contains all of the following:
1. A description of the compliance status of the source with respect to all applicable requirements;
 2. A description as follows:
 - a. For applicable requirements with which the source is in compliance, a statement that the source will continue to comply with such requirements;
 - b. For applicable requirements that will become effective during the permit term, a statement that the source will meet such requirements on a timely basis;
 - c. For requirements for which the source is not in compliance at the time of permit issuance, a narrative description of how the source will achieve compliance with such requirements;
 3. A compliance schedule as follows:
 - a. For applicable requirements with which the source is in compliance, a statement that the source will continue to comply with such requirements;
 - b. For applicable requirements that will become effective during the permit term, a statement that the source will meet such requirements on a timely basis. A statement that the source will meet in a timely manner applicable requirements that become effective during the permit term shall satisfy this provision, unless a more detailed schedule is expressly required by the applicable requirements;

- c. A schedule of compliance for sources that are not in compliance with all applicable requirements at the time of permit issuance. Such a schedule shall include a schedule or remedial measures, including an enforceable sequence of actions with milestones, leading to compliance with any applicable requirements for which the source will be in noncompliance at the time of permit issuance. This compliance schedule shall resemble and be at least as stringent as that contained in any judicial consent decree or administrative order to which the source is subject. Any such schedule of compliance shall be supplemental to, and shall not sanction noncompliance with, the applicable requirements on which it is based;
4. A schedule for submission of certified progress reports, to be submitted no less frequently than every 6 months for sources required to have a schedule of compliance to remedy a violation;
5. The compliance plan content requirements specified in this paragraph shall apply and be included in the acid rain portion of a compliance plan for an affected source, except as specifically superseded by regulations promulgated under Title IV of the Federal Act with regard to the schedule and method(s) the source will use to achieve compliance with the acid rain emissions limitations;

I. Requirements for compliance certification, including the following:

1. A certification of compliance with all applicable requirements by a responsible official consistent with Section II.E of Regulation APC-S-6 and Section 114(a)(3) of the Federal Act;
2. A statement of methods used for determining compliance, including a description of monitoring, recordkeeping, and reporting requirements and test methods;
3. A schedule for submission of compliance certifications during the permit term, to be submitted no less frequently than annually, or more frequently if specified by the underlying applicable requirement or by the Permit Board;
4. A statement indicating the sources compliance status with any applicable enhanced monitoring and compliance certification requirements of the Federal Act; and

J. The use of nationally-standardized forms for acid rain portions of permit applications and compliance plans, as required by regulations promulgated under Title IV of the Federal Act.

INSIGNIFICANT ACTIVITIES AND EMISSIONS

- I. The following activities/emissions sources are not required to be included in a Title V permit application:
- A. New or modified pilot plants, subject to temporary source regulations located in Section III.E. of regulation APC-S-6.
 - B. Maintenance and upkeep:
 - 1. Maintenance, structural changes, or repairs which do not change the capacity of such process, fuel-burning, refuse-burning, or control equipment, and do not involve any change in quality, nature, or quantity of potential emissions of any regulated air pollutants; and
 - 2. Housekeeping activities or building maintenance procedures;
 - C. Air conditioning or ventilation: comfort air conditioning or comfort ventilating systems which do not transport, remove, or exhaust regulated air pollutants to the atmosphere;
 - D. Laboratory equipment:
 - 1. Laboratory equipment used exclusively for chemical or physical analysis for quality control or environmental monitoring purposes; or
 - 2. Non-production laboratory equipment used at non-profit health or non-profit educational institutions for chemical or physical analyses, bench scale experimentation or training, or instruction;
 - E. Hot water heaters which are used for domestic purposes only and are not used to heat process water;
 - F. Fuel use related to food preparation by a restaurant, cafeteria, residential cooker or barbecue grill where the products are intended for human consumption;
 - G. Clerical activities such as operating copy machines and document printers, except operation of such units on a commercial basis;
 - H. Hand held equipment used for buffing, polishing, carving, cutting, drilling, machining, routing, sanding, sawing, surface grinding, or turning of ceramic art work, precision parts, leather, metals, plastics, fiber board, masonry, carbon, glass, or wood;
 - I. Equipment for washing or drying fabricated glass or metal products, if no VOCs are used in the process and no oil or solid fuel is burned;
 - J. Water cooling towers (except at nuclear power plants); water treatment systems for process cooling water or boiler feed water; and water tanks, reservoirs, or other water containers not used in direct contact with gaseous or liquid process streams containing carbon compounds, sulfur compounds, halogens or halogen compounds, cyanide compounds, inorganic acids, or acid gases;
 - K. Domestic sewage treatment facilities (excluding combustion or incineration equipment, land farms, storage silos for dry material, or grease trap waste handling or treatment facilities);

- L. Stacks or vents to prevent escape of sewer gases through plumbing traps;
 - M. Vacuum cleaning systems for housekeeping, except at a source with hazardous air pollutants;
 - N. Alkaline/phosphate washers and associated cleaners and burners;
 - O. Mobile sources;
 - P. Livestock and poultry feedlots and associated fuel burning equipment other than incinerators;
 - Q. Outdoor kerosene heaters;
 - R. Equipment used for hydraulic or hydrostatic testing;
 - S. Safety devices, excluding those with continuous emissions; and
 - T. Brazing, soldering, or welding equipment that is used intermittently or in a non-continuous mode.
- II. The following activities/emissions sources must be listed in the application but emissions from these activities do not have to be quantified.
- A. All gas fired, #2 oil fired, infrared, electric ovens with no emissions other than products of fuel combustion;
 - B. Combustion units with rated input capacity less than 10 million Btu/hr that are fueled by:
 1. Liquefied petroleum gas or natural gas supplied by a public utility; or
 2. Commercial fuel oil #2 or lighter;
 - C. Equipment used for inspection of metal products;
 - D. Equipment used exclusively for forging, pressing, drawing, spinning, or extruding metals;
 - E. Equipment used exclusively to mill or grind coatings and molding compounds where all materials charged are in paste form;
 - F. Mixers, blenders, roll mills, or calendars for rubber or plastics for which no materials in powder form are added and in which no organic solvents, diluents, or thinners are used;
 - G. All storage tanks used exclusively to store fuel oils, kerosene, diesel, jet fuel, crude oil, natural gas, or liquefied petroleum gas (the application must list the size of the tank, date constructed and/or modified, type tank, and material stored);
 - H. Space heaters utilizing natural or LPG gas and used exclusively for space heating;
 - I. Back-up or emergency use generators, boilers or other fuel burning equipment which is of equal or smaller capacity than normal main operating equipment, cannot be used in conjunction with normal main operating equipment, and does not emit, have or cause the potential to emit of any regulated air pollutant to increase;
 - J. Blast cleaning equipment using a suspension of abrasives in water;

- K. Die casting machines;
- L. Foundry sand mold forming equipment to which no heat is applied and from which no organics are emitted.
- M. Bark and wood - waste storage and handling;
- N. Log wetting areas;
- P. Log flumes;
- Q. Sodium hydrosulfide storage tank;
- R. Smelt dissolving tank view ports;
- S. Spout cooling water storage;
- T. Effluent drains;
- U. White water chest;
- V. Repupler vents;
- W. Clay storage tank;
- X. Alum storage tank;
- Y. Starch storage tank;
- Z. Steam vents and leaks;
- AA. Deaerator vents;
- AB. Mill air and instrument air system;
- AC. Demineralizer water storage tank;
- AD. Acid storage tank;
- AE. Process water tank;
- AF. Air purification system vents;
- AG. Effluent neutralizing tank/system;
- AH. Dregs washer;
- AI. Lime silo;
- AJ. Lime mud mix tank;
- AK. H₂O₂ storage tank;

AL. Green liquor tank; and

AM. Tall oil storage tank.

- III. Notwithstanding I. and II. above, the applicant shall include all emissions sources and quantify emissions if needed to determine major source status, to determine compliance with an applicable requirement and/or the applicability of any applicable requirement such as NSPS, NESHAP, MACT standard, etc. as such term is defined in Section I. of Regulation APC-S-6 or collect any permit fee owed under the approved fee scheduled.
- IV. Notwithstanding I. and II. above, the applicant shall include all emission sources with a potential to emit:
1. greater than 1 pound per hour of any regulated pollutant that is not a hazardous air pollutant;
 2. greater than 0.1 pound per hour of any hazardous air pollutant.
- V. The permittee does not have to report the addition of any insignificant activity listed in Section I. above unless the addition is a Title I modification or requires a permit to construct. If a Title I permit or a Permit to Construct is required, then the modification procedures outlined in Section IV.E. of Regulation APC-S-6 shall be followed.
- IV. The addition of any insignificant activity listed in Section II. above, shall be handled as an administrative amendment as defined in Section IV.D. of Regulation APC-S-6 unless the addition is a Title I modification or requires a Permit to Construct. If a Title I permit or Permit to Construct is required, then the modification procedures outlined in Section IV.E. of Regulation APC-S-6 shall be followed.

REGULATED AIR POLLUTANTS

Total suspended particulate matter	Hydrochlorofluorocarbon-21
PM ₁₀	Hydrochlorofluorocarbon-22
Sulfur dioxide	Hydrochlorofluorocarbon-31
Nitrogen oxides	Hydrochlorofluorocarbon-121
Carbon monoxide	Hydrochlorofluorocarbon-122
Volatile organic compounds(see note 1)	Hydrochlorofluorocarbon-123
Lead	Hydrochlorofluorocarbon-124
Dioxin/Furan	Hydrochlorofluorocarbon-131
Fluorides	Hydrochlorofluorocarbon-132
Hydrogen chloride	Hydrochlorofluorocarbon-133
Hydrogen sulfide	Hydrochlorofluorocarbon-141
Sulfuric acid mist	Hydrochlorofluorocarbon-142
Total reduced sulfur	Hydrochlorofluorocarbon-221
Reduced sulfur compounds	Hydrochlorofluorocarbon-222
Arsenic	Hydrochlorofluorocarbon-223
Asbestos	Hydrochlorofluorocarbon-224
Beryllium	Hydrochlorofluorocarbon-225
Benzene	Hydrochlorofluorocarbon-226
Mercury	Hydrochlorofluorocarbon-231
Radionuclides	Hydrochlorofluorocarbon-232
Vinyl chloride	Hydrochlorofluorocarbon-233
Carbon tetrachloride	Hydrochlorofluorocarbon-234
Chlorofluorocarbon-11	Hydrochlorofluorocarbon-235
Chlorofluorocarbon-12	Hydrochlorofluorocarbon-241
Chlorofluorocarbon-13	Hydrochlorofluorocarbon-242
Chlorofluorocarbon-111	Hydrochlorofluorocarbon-243
Chlorofluorocarbon-112	Hydrochlorofluorocarbon-244
Chlorofluorocarbon-113	Hydrochlorofluorocarbon-251
Chlorofluorocarbon-114	Hydrochlorofluorocarbon-252
Chlorofluorocarbon-115	Hydrochlorofluorocarbon-253
Chlorofluorocarbon-211	Hydrochlorofluorocarbon-261
Chlorofluorocarbon-212	Hydrochlorofluorocarbon-262
Chlorofluorocarbon-213	Hydrochlorofluorocarbon-271
Chlorofluorocarbon-214	Halon-1211
Chlorofluorocarbon-215	Halon-1301
Chlorofluorocarbon-216	Halon-2402
Chlorofluorocarbon-217	Methyl chloroform

Note 1 - Volatile organic compounds (VOC) includes any compound of carbon, excluding carbon monoxide, carbonic acid, metallic carbides or carbonates and ammonium carbonate, which participates in atmospheric photochemical reactions. This includes any such organic compound other than the following which have been determined to have negligible photochemical reactivity: Methane; ethane; methylene chloride; 1,1,1-trichloroethane; CFC-113; CFC-11; CFC-12; CFC-22; FC-23; CFC-114; CFC-115; HCFC-123; HFC-134a; HCFC-141b; HCFC-142b; HCFC-124; HFC-125; HFC-134; HFC-143a; HFC-153a; and perfluorocarbon compounds which fall into these classes: (i) Cyclic, branched, or linear, completely fluorinated alkanes; (ii) Cyclic, benched, or linear, completely fluorinated ethers with no unsaturations; (iii) Cyclic, branched, or linear completely fluorinated tertiary amines with no unsaturations; and (iv) Sulfur containing perfluorocarbons with no unsaturations and with sulfur bonds only to carbon and fluorine. For the purposes of this application hazardous air pollutants that are volatile organic compounds should be included as VOCs for reflection of total VOCs from the facility but need to be identified separately as well.

HAZARDOUS AIR POLLUTANTS

<u>CAS No.</u>	<u>CHEMICAL NAME</u>
75070	Acetaldehyde
60355	Acetamide
75058	Acetonitrile
98862	Acetophenone
53963	Acetylamino fluorene(2)
107028	Acrolein
79061	Acrylamide
79107	Acrylic Acid
107131	Acrylonitrile
107051	Allyl Chloride
92671	Aminodiphenyl(4)
62533	Aniline
90040	Anisidine(o)
7440360	Antimony Compounds
7440382	Arsenic Compounds (inorganic including arsine)
1332214	Asbestos
71432	Benzene
92875	Benzidine
98077	Benzotrichloride
100447	Benzyl Chloride
7440417	Beryllium Compounds
192524	Biphenyl
117817	Bis(2-ethylhexyl)phthalate(DEHP) (Diethyl Phthalate)
542881	Bis(chloromethyl)ether
75252	Bromoform
106990	Butadiene(1,3)
7440439	Cadmium Compounds
156627	Calcium Cyanamide
105602	Caprolactam
133062	Captan
63252	Carbaryl
75150	Carbon Disulfide
56235	Carbon Tetrachloride
463581	Carbonyl Sulfide
120809	Catechol
133904	Chloramben
57749	Chlordane
7782505	Chlorine
79118	Chloroacetic Acid
532274	Chloroacetophenone(2)
108907	Chlorobenzene
510156	Chlorobenzinate
67663	Chloroform
107302	Chloromethyl methyl ether
126998	Chloroprene (Neoprene; 2-Chloro-1,3-Butadiene)
7440473	Chromium Compounds (IV)
10210681	Cobalt Carbonyl (as Co)
7440484	Cobalt Compounds (metal, dust, and fumes as Co)
16842038	Cobalt Hydrocarbonyl (as Co)

HAZARDOUS AIR POLLUTANTS

<u>CAS No.</u>	<u>CHEMICAL NAME</u>
65996818A	Coke Oven Emissions
1319773	Cresols/Cresylic acid
108394	Cresol(m)
95487	Cresol(o)
106445	Cresol(p)
98828	Cumene (Isopropylbenzene)
---	Cyanide Compounds (NOTE # 1)
3547044	DDE
334883	Diazomethane
132649	Dibenzofurans
96128	Dibromo-3-chloropropane(1,2)
84742	Dibutylphthalate
106467	Dichlorobenzene(1,4)(p)
91941	Dichlorobenzidene(3,3)
111444	Dichloroethyl ether (Bis(2-chloroethyl)ether)
542756	Dichloropropene(1,3)
62737	Dichlorvos
111422	Diethanolamine
121697	Diethyl aniline (N,N) (dimethylaniline (N,N))
64675	Diethyl Sulfate
119904	Dimethoxybenzidine(3,3')
60117	4 - Dimethyl aminoazobenzene
119937	Dimethyl benzidine (3,3')
79447	Dimethyl carbamoyl chloride
68122	Dimethyl formamide
57147	Dimethyl hydrazine(1,1)
131113	Dimethyl phthalate
77781	Dimethyl sulfate
534521	Dinitro-o-cresol(4,6), and salts
51285	Dinitrophenol(2,4)
121142	Dinitrotoluene(2,4)
123911	Dioxane(1,4) (1,4-diethyleneoxide)
122667	Diphenylhydrazine(1,2)
94757	d(2,4), salts and esters
106898	Epichlorohydrin (Chloro-2,3-epoxypropane(1))
106887	Epoxybutane(1,2) (1,2-Butylene oxide)
140885	Ethyl acrylate
100414	Ethyl benzene
51796	Ethyl carbamate (Urethane)
75003	Ethyl chloride (Chloroethane)
106934	Ethylene dibromide (1,2-Dibromoethane)
107062	Ethylene dichloride (1,2-Dichloroethane)
107211	Ethylene glycol
151564	Ethylene imine (Azridine)
75218	Ethylene oxide
96457	Ethylene thiourea
75343	Ethylidene dichloride (1,1-Dichloroethane)
50000	Formaldehyde
---	Glycol ethers (NOTE #2)
76448	Heptachlor

HAZARDOUS AIR POLLUTANTS

<u>CAS No.</u>	<u>CHEMICAL NAME</u>
118741	Hexachlorobenzene
87683	Hexachlorocyclopentadiene
67721	Hexachloroethane
822060	Hexamethylene-1,6-diisocyanate
680319	Hexamethylphosphoramide
110543	Hexane
302012	Hydrazine
7647010	Hydrochloric acid
7664393	Hydrogen Fluoride (Hydrofluoric acid)
123319	Hydroquinone
78591	Isophorone
7439921	Lead Compounds
58899	Lindane (all isomers)
108316	Maleic anhydride
7439965	Manganese Compounds
7439976	Mercury Compounds
67561	Methanol
72435	Methoxychlor
74839	Methyl bromide (Bromomethane)
74873	Methyl chloride (Chloromethane)
71556	Methyl chloroform (1,1,1-Trichloroethane)
78933	Methyl ethyl ketone (2-Butanone) (MEK)
60344	Methyl hydrazine
74884	Methyl iodide (Iodomethane)
108101	Methyl isobutyl ketone (Hexone)
624839	Methyl isocyanate
80626	Methyl methacrylate
1634044	Methyl tert butyl ether
101144	Methylene bis(2-chloroaniline)(4,4) (MOCA)
75092	Methylene chloride (Dichloromethane)
101688	Methylene diphenyl diisocyanate (MDI)
101779	Methylenedianiline(4,4')
—	Mineral fibers (NOTE #3)
91203	Naphthalene
7440020	Nickel Compounds
7440020	Nickel, refinery dust
12035722	Nickel, subsulfide
98953	Nitrobenzene
92933	Nitrodiphenyl(4)
100027	Nitrophenol(4)
79469	Nitropropane(2)
62759	Nitrosodimethylamine(N) (Dimethylnitrosoamine)
59892	Nitrosomorpholine(N)
684935	Nitroso-N-methylurea(N)
56382	Parathion
82688	Pentachloronitrobenzene (Quintobenzene)
87865	Pentachlorophenol
108952	Phenol
106503	Phenylenediamine(p)
75445	Phosgene

HAZARDOUS AIR POLLUTANTS

<u>CAS No.</u>	<u>CHEMICAL NAME</u>
7803512	Phosphine
7723140	Phosphorus
85449	Phthalic anhydride
1336363	Polychlorinated biphenyls (Arochlors)
---	Polycyclic Organic Matter (NOTE #5)
1120714	Propane sultone(1,3)
57578	Propiolactone(beta)
123386	Propionaldehyde
114261	Propoxur (Baygon)
78875	Propylene dichloride (1,2 dichloropropane)
75558	Propylene imine(1,2) (2-methyl aziridine)
75569	Propylene oxide
91225	Quinoline
106514	Quinone (1,4-Cyclohexadienedione)
---	Radionuclides (including radon) (NOTE #4)
7782492	Selenium Compounds
100425	Styrene
96093	Styrene oxide
1746016	Tetrachlorodibenzo-p-dioxin(2,3,7,8) (TCDD) (Dioxin)
79345	Tetrachloroethane(1,1,2,2)
127184	Tetrachloroethylene (Perchloroethylene)
7550450	Titanium Tetrachloride
108883	Toluene
95807	Toluene diamine(2,4) (2,4-diaminotoluene)
584849	Toluene diisocyanate(2,4)
95534	Toluidine(o)
8001352	Toxaphene (Chlorinated camphene)
120821	Trichlorobenzene(1,2,4)
79005	Trichloroethane(1,1,2)
79016	Trichloroethylene
95954	Trichlorophenol(2,4,5)
88062	Trichlorophenol(2,4,6)
121448	Triethylamine
1582098	Trifluralin
540841	Trimethylpentane(2,2,4)
75014	Vinyl Chloride
108054	Vinyl Acetate
593602	Vinyl Bromide
75354	Vinylidene chloride (1,1-Dichloroethylene)
1330207	Xylenes (mixed)
108383	Xylene(m)
95476	Xylene(o)
106423	Xylene(p)

- NOTE # 1: X'CN where X = H' or any other group where a formal dissociation may occur, for example: KCN or Ca(CN)₂.
- NOTE # 2: Includes mono- and di- ethers of ethylene glycol, diethylene glycol and triethylene glycol R-(OCH₂CH₂)_n-OR' where:
n = 1,2,3
R = alkyl or arl groups
R' = R,H, or group which, when removed, yield glycols ethers with the structure: R-(OCH₂CH₂)_n-OH. Polymers are excluded from the glycol category
- NOTE # 3: Includes glass microfibers, glass wool fibers, rock wool fibers, and slag wool fibers, each characterized as "respirable" (fiber diameter less then 3.5 micrometers) and possessing an aspect ratio (fiber length divided by fiber diameter) greater than 3.
- NOTE # 4: A type of atom which spontaneously undergoes radioactive decay.
- NOTE # 5: Includes organic compounds with more than one benzene ring, and which have a boiling point greater than or equal to 100 Celsius.

Owners Information

Section B

1. Name, Address & Contact for the Owner/Applicant

A. Company Name: Hercules, Incorporated

B. Mailing Address:

- 1. Street Address or P. O. Box: 613 W. 7th Street
- 2. City: Hattiesburg 3. State: MS
- 4. Zip Code: 39401
- 5. Telephone No.: (601) 545-3450

C. Contact:

- 1. Name: Charles Jordan
- 2. Title: Environmental Coordinator

2. Name, Address, Location and Contact for the Facility:

A. Name: Hercules, Incorporated

B. Mailing Address:

- 1. Street Address or P.O. Box: 613 W. 7th Street
- 2. City: Hattiesburg 3. State: MS
- 4. Zip Code: 39401
- 5. Telephone No.: (601) 545-3450

C. Site Location:

- 1. Street: 613 West 7th Street
- 2. City: Hattiesburg 3. State: MS
- 4. County: Forrest 5. Zip Code: 39401
- 6. Telephone No.: (601) 545-3450

Note: If the facility is located outside of the City limits, please attach a sketch or description to this application showing the approximate location of the site.

D. Contact:

- 1. Name: Charles Jordan
- 2. Title: Environmental Coordinator

3. SIC Code(s)(including any associated with alternate operating scenarios):

2861, 2821, 2869, 2899

4. Number of Employees 125
5. Principal Product(s): Rosin Derivatives and Paper Chemicals
6. Principal Raw Materials: Rosin and Paper Chemicals
7. Principal Process(es): Rosin Derivatives and Paper Chemicals Manufacturing
8. Maximum amount of principal product produced or raw material consumed per day:
3,103,720 lbs/day
9. Facility Operating Schedule:
- A. Specify maximum hours per day the operation will occur: 24
- B. Specify maximum days per week the operation will occur: 7
- C. Specify maximum weeks per year the operation will occur: 52
- D. Specify the months the operation will occur: January-December
10. Is this facility a small business as defined by the Small Business Act? No

11. EACH APPLICATION MUST BE SIGNED BY THE APPLICANT.

The application must be signed by a responsible official as defined in Regulation APC-S-6, Section I.A.26.

I certify that to the best of my knowledge and belief formed after reasonable inquiry, the statements and information in this application are true, complete, and accurate, and that, as a responsible official, my signature shall constitute an agreement that the applicant assumes the responsibility for any alteration, additions, or changes in operation that may be necessary to achieve and maintain compliance with all applicable Rules and Regulations.

Walter Langhans

Printed Name of Responsible Official

5/31/00

Date Application Signed

Plant Manager

Title



Signature of Applicants Responsible Official

EMISSIONS SUMMARY for the ENTIRE FACILITY

List below the total emissions for each pollutant from the entire facility in accordance with Operating Permit Application Requirements, pp. 3-5. For stack emissions, use the maximum annual allowable (potential) emissions. For fugitive emissions, use the annual emissions calculated using the maximum operating conditions.

POLLUTANT Footnote 1	ANNUAL EMISSION RATE	
	lb/hr	tons/yr
Particulate matter (PM/PM ₁₀) (Footnote 2)	358.08	1,568.39
Sulfur dioxide (SO ₂)	479.21	2,098.93
Nitrogen oxides (NO _x)	127.58	558.79
Carbon monoxide (CO)	10.25	44.88
Volatile Organic Compounds (VOC)	253.77	1,111.48
Total Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAP)	83.29	364.83
Epichlorohydrin	1.70	7.46
Toluene	78.49	343.80
Xylene	0.12	0.51
Ethylbenzene	0.03	0.14
Ethylene oxide	2.32	10.17
Biphenyl	0.63	2.76

1. All regulated air pollutants, including hazardous air pollutants emitted from the entire facility should be listed. A list of regulated air pollutants has been provided in Section A.
2. All PM assumed to be PM₁₀ for the purposes of this application as no data is available for PM₁₀.

With the exception of the emissions resulting from insignificant activities and emissions as defined in Regulation APC-S-6, Section VII, the pollutants listed above are all regulated air pollutants reasonably expected to be emitted from the facility.

SIGNATURE (must match signature on page 17)

SECTION C

For the sections listed below indicate the number that have been completed for each section as part of this application.

Section B	<u>1</u>	Section L1	<u>0</u>	Section M1	<u>0</u>
Section C	<u>1</u>	Section L2	<u>0</u>	Section M2	<u>0</u>
Section D	<u>1</u>	Section L3	<u>0</u>	Section M3	<u>1</u>
Section E	<u>1</u>	Section L4	<u>0</u>	Section M4	<u>0</u>
Section F	<u>0</u>	Section L5	<u>1</u>	Section M5	<u>0</u>
Section G	<u>0</u>	Section L6	<u>0</u>	Section M6	<u>0</u>
Section H	<u>1</u>	Section L7	<u>0</u>	Section M7	<u>0</u>
Section I	<u>0</u>			Section M8	<u>0</u>
Section J	<u>0</u>			Section N	<u>1</u>
Section K	<u>0</u>			Section O	<u>3</u>

As a minimum, sections B, C, M, N and O must be completed for the application to be considered complete.

Please list below all insignificant activities required by APC-S-6, Section VII.B that apply to your facility.

Effluent treatment (per Section VII.B.19 and 32)

Shops (Painting, Welding, Sandblasting, Maintenance, etc...) (per Section VII.A.2)

Portable, Fuel-powered, Air Compressors (per mobile source exemption)

The following activities are requested as insignificant based on their emissions which are less than 1 lb/hr of any criteria pollutant and less than 0.1 lb/hr of any HAP:

Nitrogen generation

Firehouses – including generators and pumps

Tanks (see attached list) (per Section VII.B.7) (Please note that this submittal only contains the insignificant tanks in the RAD process area. Insignificant tanks in other process areas are found in the Title V permit application which was submitted in November 1995 with an amended submittal in February 1998.)

Compressed Gas Cylinders

ROSIN AMINE DERIVATIVES PROCESS AREA

I.D.	PRODUCT STORED	TYPE OF TANK	CAPACITY (GALLONS)	DATE OF CONSTRUCTION
RA-1	Amine D	Steel	8,218	Pre-1977
RA-2	Amine D	Steel	4,512	Pre-1977
RA-3	Amine D	Steel	4,512	Pre-1977
RA-4	Ammonia Water (oil layer)	Steel	5,702	Pre-1977
RA-6	Amine D	Steel	5,207	Pre-1977
RA-7	Crude Nitrile	Steel	11,844	Pre-1977
RA-8	Empty	Steel	150	Pre-1977
RA-9	Distilled Nitrile	Steel	8,215	Pre-1977
RA-10	Distilled Nitrile	Steel	8,215	Pre-1977
RA-11	Crude Nitrile	Steel	14,100	Pre-1977
RA-12	Empty	Steel	25,380	Pre-1977
RA-13	Empty	Steel	4,464	Pre-1977
RA-15	Surfactant	Steel	10,400	Pre-1977
RA-16	Polyrad/Surfactant	Steel	2,406	Pre-1977
RA-17	Polyrad/Surfactant	Steel	3,065	Pre-1977
RA-18	Polyrad/Surfactant	Steel	3,065	Pre-1977
RA-19	Polyrad/Surfactant	Steel	488	Pre-1977
RA-20	Polyrad/Surfactant	Steel	488	Pre-1977
RA-23	Resin	Steel	4,510	Pre-1977
RA-24	Sodium Hydroxide (5%)	Steel	40	Pre-1977
RA-25	Pexoil (Nitrile)	Steel	4,464	Pre-1977
RA-26	Nitrile	Steel	2,840	Pre-1977
RA-27	Lime/Nitrile	Steel	225	Pre-1977
RA-28	Amine D Acetate	Steel	2,812	Pre-1977
RA-29	Empty	Steel	2,924	Pre-1977
RA-37	Rosin	Steel	1,990	Pre-1977
RA-40	Waste Water	Steel	25,350	Pre-1977
RA-41	Waste Water	Steel	25,350	Pre-1977
RA-44	Empty	Steel	9,877	Pre-1977
RA-49	Waste Oils	Steel	17,230	Pre-1977
RA-51	Isopropyl Alcohol	Steel	17,550	Pre-1977
RA-52	Acetic Acid	Steel	11,280	Pre-1977
RA-53	Dowtherm	Steel	1,176	Pre-1977
RA-54	Ammonia	Steel	12,113	Pre-1977
RA-55	Ammonia	Steel	12,113	Pre-1977

I.D.	PRODUCT STORED	TYPE OF TANK	CAPACITY (GALLONS)	DATE OF CONSTRUCTION
RA-56	Waste Water	Steel	12,750	Pre-1977
RA-57	Waste Water	Steel	12,750	Pre-1977
RA-58	Empty	Steel	10,570	Pre-1977
RA-63	Ammonia	Steel	25	1987
RA-101TC*	Material Unloading/Loading	Steel	20,000	Pre-1977

*TC-Railroad Tank Car (Mobile Source), TT -- Tank Truck (Mobil Source)

RISK MANAGEMENT PLANS

If the source is required to develop and register a risk management plan pursuant to Section 112(r) of the Title III of the Clean Air Act, the permittee need only specify that it will comply with the requirement to register such a plan. The content of the risk management plan need not itself be incorporated as a permit term.

Please answer the following questions:

- I. Are you required to develop and register a risk management plan pursuant to Section 112(r)?

X Yes No

Only if "yes", answer questions II., III., and/or IV.

- II. Have you submitted the risk management plan to the appropriate agency (i.e. Mississippi Emergency Management Agency (MEMA), Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA), etc.)?

X Yes No

- III. If yes, give agency name and date submitted. June 17, 1999
 RMP Reporting Center – Merrifield, VA
 EPA Facility I.D – 1000 0011 7018
 FBI Notification – Washington D.C.

- IV. If no, provide a schedule for developing and submitting the risk management plan to the appropriate agency and providing our agency with certification that this submittal was made.

FUEL BURNING EQUIPMENT (page 1 of 2)

SECTION D

1. Emission Point No. / Name: AF-001 (181)/ Dowtherm Boiler

2. Equipment Description: Struthers Wells (Dowtherm Boiler)

3. Was this unit constructed or modified after August 7, 1977? _____ Yes X No
If yes please give date and explain. _____

4. Rated Capacity: 8.3 MMBTU/hr 5. Type of burner: Multiple Port Gas

6. Usage Type (i.e. Space Heat, Process, etc.) : Process Heat

7. Complete the following table, identifying each type of fuel and the amount used. Specify the units for heat content, hourly usage, and yearly usage.

FUEL TYPE	HEAT CONTENT	% SULFUR	% ASH	MAXIMUM HOURLY USAGE	ACTUAL YEARLY USAGE
Natural Gas	1,000 Btu/cf	-	-	8,300 cf	18,737 mcf

8. Please list any fuel components that are hazardous air pollutants and the percentage in the fuel.

9. Operating Schedule: 24 hours/day 7 days/week 52 weeks/year

10. Stack Data:
A. Height: 55 ft C. Exit gas velocity: 14.3 fps
B. Inside diameter: 1.5 ft D. Exit gas temperature: 1,000 deg F

11. UTM Coordinates:
A. Zone 16 B. North 3,469,600 m C. East 280,700 m

FUEL BURNING EQUIPMENT (page 2 of 2)

SECTION D

12. POLLUTANT EMISSIONS:

Example emission rate calculations, monitoring data, or stack test data must be attached in accordance with Operating Permit Application Requirements, pp. 3-5.

EMISSION POINT NO.	POLLUTANT (note 1)	CONTROL EQUIPMENT		ACTUAL EMISSION RATE (in accordance with Operating Permit Application Requirements, pp. 3-5)		PROPOSED ALLOWABLE EMISSION RATE (Optional)			
		yes/no*	effic.	note 2	lb/hr	ton/yr	Note 2	lb/hr	ton/yr
AF-001	PM	NO		0.004 lb/MMBtu	0.037	0.042	0.6 lb/MMBtu	None requested	None requested
	PM ₁₀	NO		N/A	0.062	0.070	N/A	None requested	None requested
	SO ₂	NO		0.0006 lb/MMBtu	0.005	0.006	4.8 MMBtu/hr	None requested	None requested
	NO _x	NO		N/A	0.830	0.937	N/A	None requested	None requested
	CO	NO		N/A	0.174	0.197	N/A	None requested	None requested
	VOC	NO		N/A	0.044	0.049	N/A	None requested	None requested
	All Other Criteria Pollutants	NO		N/A	< 1	N/A	N/A	None requested	None requested
	All Other HAPs	NO		N/A	< 0.1	N/A	N/A	None requested	None requested

1. All regulated air pollutants including hazardous air pollutants emitted from this source should be listed. A list of regulated air pollutants has been provided in Section A.
 2. Provide emission rate in units of applicable emission standard, e.g. lb/MMBtu, gr/dscf, etc. This may not apply to every emission point or every pollutant from emission point.
- * If yes, attach appropriate Air Pollution Control Data Sheet from Section L or manufacturers specifications of other.

MANUFACTURING PROCESSES (page 1 of 2)

SECTION E

1. Emission Point No./ Name: AF-000 (180 & 190)/Rosin Amine Derivatives Process Area
2. Process Description: See attached process description found in Section 1.2 of the introduction.

3. Was this unit constructed or modified after August 7, 1977? yes X no
If yes please give date and explain. _____
4. Capacity (tons/hr): See attached Appendix D, Confidential Business Information
5. Raw Material Input:

MATERIAL	QUANTITY/HR AVERAGE	QUANTITY/HR MAXIMUM	QUANTITY/YEAR
See attached Appendix D, Confidential Business Information			

6. Product Output:

PRODUCT or BY-PRODUCT	QUANTITY/HR AVERAGE	QUANTITY/HR MAXIMUM	QUANTITY/YEAR
See attached Appendix D, Confidential Business Information			

7. Stack Data:

AF-002 (182)/Ammoniation Vent

A. Height: 17.5 ft
B. Inside diameter: 4 in

C. Exit gas velocity: 0-1 fps
D. Exit gas temperature: Ambient

AF-003 (183)/Amine Reactor Vent

A. Height: 1 ft
B. Inside diameter: 2 ft

C. Exit gas velocity: 0-1 fps
D. Exit gas temperature: Ambient

AF-004 (190)/Packed Bed Scrubber with Sulfuric Acid

A. Height: 32 ft
B. Inside diameter: 2 in

C. Exit gas velocity: 0-1 fps
D. Exit gas temperature: Ambient

8. UTM Coordinates:

A. Zone 16 B. North 3,469,600 m C. East 280,700 m

MANUFACTURING PROCESSES (page 2 of 2)

SECTION E

13. POLLUTANT EMISSIONS:

Example emission rate calculations, monitoring data, or stack test data must be attached in accordance with Operating Permit Application Requirements, pp. 3-5.

EMISSION POINT NO.	POLLUTANT (note 1)	CONTROL EQUIPMENT		ACTUAL EMISSION RATE (in accordance with Operating Permit Application Requirements, pp 3-5)			PROPOSED ALLOWABLE EMISSION RATE (Optional)		
		Yes/no [*]	effic.	note 2	lb/hr	tn/yr	note 2	lb/hr	tn/yr
AF-000 (180 & 190)	VOC (fugitive)	NO	N/A		0.37	1.62			None requested
	HAP (fugitive)	NO	N/A		0.37	1.62			None requested
AF-004 (190)	VOC	YES	98 %		0.06	0.27			None requested
	HAP	YES	98 %		0.06	0.27			None requested
AF-002 (182)	All Other Criteria Pollutants	NO	N/A		< 1	N/A			None requested
	All Other HAPs	NO	N/A		< 0.1	N/A			None requested
AF-003 (183)	All Other Criteria Pollutants	NO	N/A		< 1	N/A			None requested
	All Other HAPs	NO	N/A		< 0.1	N/A			None requested

1. All regulated air pollutants including hazardous air pollutants emitted from this source should be listed in accordance with Operating Permit Application Requirements, pp. 3-5. A list of regulated air pollutants has been provided in Section A.
2. Provide emission rate in units of applicable emission standard, e.g. lb/MMBtu, gr/dscf, etc. This may not apply to every emission point or every pollutant from an emission point.

* If yes, attach appropriate Air Pollution Control Data Sheet from Section L or manufacturers specifications if other.

TANK SUMMARY (page 1 of 2)

SECTION H

1. Emission Point No./Name: RA-50 Ethylene Oxide Storage Tank (M0741)

2. Was this tank constructed or modified after August 7, 1977? _____ Yes X no
 If yes please give date and explain. _____

3. Product Stored: Ethylene oxide
 If more than one product is stored, provide the information in 4.A-E for each product.

4. Tank Data:

A. True Vapor Pressure at storage temperature: 21/68 psia/°F

B. Reid Vapor Pressure at storage temperature: _____ psia/°F

C. Density of product at storage temperature: 7.4 lb/gal

D. Molecular Weight of product vapor at storage temperature: 44 lb/lbmol

E. Throughput for most recent calendar year: 33,318 gal/yr

F. Tank Capacity: 18,550 gal

G. Tank Diameter: 9 feet

H. Tank Height / Length: 36 feet

I. Average Vapor Space Height: 4.5 feet

J. Tank Orientation: Horizontal Vertical or Horizontal

K. Type of Roof: Dome Dome or Cone

L. Is the Tank Equipped with a Vapor Recovery System? _____ yes X no
 If Yes, describe on separate sheet of paper and attach. Indicate efficiency.

M. Check the Type of Tank:
X Fixed Roof _____ External Floating Roof
X Pressure _____ Internal Floating Roof
 _____ Variable Vapor Space _____ Other, describe: _____

N. Check the Closest City:
X Jackson, MS _____ Birmingham, AL
 _____ Memphis, TN _____ Montgomery, AL
 _____ New Orleans, LA _____ Baton Rouge, LA

O. Check the Tank Paint Color:
 _____ Aluminum Specular _____ Gray Light
X Aluminum Diffuse _____ Gray Medium
 _____ Red _____ White
 _____ Other, describe _____

P. Tank Paint Condition: Good _____ Good or Poor

Q. Check Type of Tank Loading

1. Trucks and Rail Cars
 _____ Submerged Loading of clean cargo tank
X Submerged Loading : Dedicated Normal Service
 _____ Submerged Loading : Dedicated Vapor Balance Service
 _____ Splash Loading of clean cargo tank
 _____ Splash Loading : Dedicated Normal Service
 _____ Splash Loading : Dedicated Vapor Balance Service

2. Marine Vessels
 _____ Submerged Loading: Ships
 _____ Submerged Loading: Barges

TANK SUMMARY (page 2 of 2)

SECTION H

R. For External Floating Roof Tanks

1. Check the Type of Tank Seal:

Mechanical Shoe

- _____ Primary Seal Only
- _____ With Shoe-Mounted Secondary Seal
- _____ With Rim-Mounted Secondary Seal

Liquid Mounted Resilient Seal

- _____ Primary Seal Only
- _____ With Shoe-Mounted Secondary Seal
- _____ With Rim-Mounted Secondary Seal

Vapor Mounted Resilient Seal

- _____ Primary Seal Only
- _____ With Shoe-Mounted Secondary Seal
- _____ With Rim-Mounted Secondary Seal

2. Type of External Floating Roof: _____ Pontoon
 _____ Double-Deck

S. For Internal Floating Roof Tanks

1. Check the Type of Tank Seal:

Liquid Mounted Resilient Seal

- _____ Primary Seal Only
- _____ With Rim-Mounted Secondary Seal

Vapor Mounted Resilient Seal

- _____ Primary Seal Only
- _____ With Rim-Mounted Secondary Seal

2. Number of Roof Columns: _____
3. Length of Deck Seam: _____ feet
4. Area of Deck: _____ feet²
5. Effective Column Diameter: _____ feet

6. Check the Type of Tank:

- _____ Bolted with Column Supported Roof
- _____ Welded with Column Supported Roof
- _____ Bolted with Self-Supported Roof
- _____ Welded with Self-Supported Roof

5. Emissions Summary

1. Breathing Loss:	0	lb/hr	0	TPY
2. Working Loss::	0	lb/hr	0	TPY
3. Total Emissions:	0	lb/hr	0	TPY

6. UTM Coordinates:

A. Zone 16 B. North 6939 C. East 8062

* Tank is a pressurized storage vessel which is equipped with a pressure relief valve that vents to the scrubber when loading. This results in negligible emissions to the atmosphere.

AIR POLLUTION CONTROL DEVICES

SECTION L

1. If the air pollution control device is different from the attached forms, then submit drawings, specifications, manufacturers data, etc.
2. Fill out one form for each air pollution control device and attach to the appropriate emission point description form.

SCRUBBERS (Page 1 of 2)

SECTION L5

1. Emission Point No. / Name: AF-004
2. Manufacturers Name and Model No.: Anderson 2000 Inc. Serial No. S-4733-832
3. Date of construction for existing sources or date of anticipated start-up for new sources:
1988
4. Scrubber Data:
 - a) Scrubber type:

<input type="checkbox"/>	Venturi	<input type="checkbox"/>	Orifice
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Packed Tower	<input type="checkbox"/>	Gravity Tower
<input type="checkbox"/>	Cyclonic	<input type="checkbox"/>	Condenser
<input type="checkbox"/>	Mist Eliminator	<input type="checkbox"/>	Impingement Plate
<input type="checkbox"/>	Other: _____		
 - b) Liquid injection rate:
 - 1) Design maximum: 11.4 gpm @ 104.7 psia
 - 2) Expected average: 11.4 gpm @ 104.7 psia
 - c) Pressure drop: 3 Inches H₂O
 - d) Scrubbing liquid:
 - 1) Once-through _____ Recycled X
 - 2) If recycled: _____ gpm make - up rate
 - 3) If water, describe settling basin: N/A
 - 4) Solution / Reactant systems:
 - a) Chemical make up: Weak Sulfuric Acid
 - b) How is discharge handled, treated? Effluent Treatment Plant
 - e) Gas flow:

<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Counter current	<input type="checkbox"/>	Concurrent
-------------------------------------	-----------------	--------------------------	------------

 - 1) Flow rate: 107.6 acfm
 - 2) Inlet Temperature: 392 °F
 - f) Venturi Data:
 - 1) Inlet Area: _____ ft²
 - 2) Throat Area: _____ ft²
 - 3) Throat velocity: _____ ft / sec
 - 4) Fixed throat Variable throat
 - g) Packed or Plate Tower Data:
 - 1) Surface Area: _____ ft²
 - 2) Packing depth: 10 ft
 - 3) Type of packing: _____ Rings 5/8" Polypropylene Saddles
Other: _____
 - 4) No. of plates: _____
 - 5) Type of plates: _____
 - h) Demisting Data:
 - 1) Mist eliminator filter area: _____ ft²
 - 2) Type: _____ Cyclone _____ Vanes _____ Pad
Other: _____

SCRUBBERS (Page 2 of 2)

SECTION L5

i) Efficiency: 98 %

j) Are extra nozzles readily available? Yes X No

How many?

k) Pressure measurement devices installed? Yes X No

5. Which process(es) does the scrubber control emissions from? Rosin Amine Derivatives Process
(Ethylene Oxide)

Completion of Section M is not required for a complete application. It is presented to merely reflect what may be required by the Enhanced Monitoring and/or the Periodic Monitoring Regulations. Upon promulgation of those regulations, this section will be revised to reflect the actual requirements. Until then, the information in this section should be utilized for planning purposes.

Choose the type of monitoring that is suggested for your source in the "Enhanced Monitoring Guideline". Fill out the appropriate form and attach to the corresponding emission point description pages.

A. Compliance Demonstration by Continuous Emissions Monitoring (CEM).

Sulfur Dioxide(SO ₂)	Nitrogen Oxides (NO _x)	Oxygen (O ₂)
Carbon Dioxide (CO ₂)	Total Reduced Sulfur (TRS)	Opacity
Hydrogen Chloride (Hcl)	Carbon Monoxide (CO)	Flow
Hydrogen Sulfide (H ₂ S)	Volatile Organic Compound (VOC)	

B. Compliance Demonstration by Periodic Emission Monitoring using Portable Monitors.

SO ₂	NO _x	O ₂	CO ₂	CO	HCl	H ₂ S	VOC	Flow	Moisture
Combustibles		Combustion Efficiency							

C. Compliance Demonstration by Monitoring Control System Parameters or Operating Parameters of a Process.

Baghouse	Pressure drop across baghouse, Broken bag detector, Opacity.
Mechanical Collectors	Pressure drop across collector, Hopper full detector, Opacity.
Electrostatic Precipitators	Primary and secondary voltage, Primary and secondary currents, Spark Rate, Broken wire detector, Rap cycle frequency, Resistivity measurement, Inlet water flow, Total solids, Opacity.
Thermal Incinerator	Firebox temperature.
Catalytic Incinerator	Catalyst bed temperature.
Flare	Pilot light detector, Temperature after flame zone.
Particulate Scrubber	Pressure drop across scrubber and demister, Scrubber fluid recirculation rate, Pump discharge pressure, Pump motor current.
Absorber for Gases	pH of fluid, Fluid recirculation rate, Air flow, Pressure drop across absorber and demister, Fluid temperature.
Carbon Absorber	Steam mass flow rate per regeneration cycle, Carbon bed temperature.
Condenser	Condenser exit temperature, Amount of solvent recovered daily. Charging rate, Production rate, Hours of operation, Secondary chamber temperature, Kiln or dryer exit temperature, Burner combustion efficiency, Power consumption, Static pressure, Fuel usage rate, Water injection rate.

D. Compliance Demonstration by Monitoring Maintenance Procedures.

Water quality testing	VOC leak testing
Sludge solids testing	Soot blowing frequency
Electrostatic precipitator cleaning frequency	Fugitive dust control measures
Blacklight inspection of baghouses	Control equipment inspection frequency
Sludge mercury testing	Reid vapor pressure testing
Periodic inspection of process operating parameters	

E. Compliance Demonstration by Stack Testing.

EPA Method 1 & 2 :	Flow (S-type pilot tubes, Hot-wire anemometer)
EPA Method 3 :	CO ₂ , O ₂ , CO (Orsat, Fyrite)
EPA Method 3A :	CO ₂ , O ₂ , (Analyzers)
EPA Method 4 :	Moisture (Wet bulb-Dry bulb, Impingers)
EPA Method 5 :	PM
EPA Method 6 :	SO ₂ (Impingers)
EPA Method 6B :	SO ₂ (24 hour average)
EPA Method 6C :	SO ₂ (Analyzer)
EPA Method 7E :	NO _x (Analyzer)
EPA Method 9 :	Opacity (Visible emissions reader)
EPA Method 10 :	CO (Analyzer)
EPA Method 16 :	TRS (Gas Chromatograph)
EPA Method 16A :	TRS (Impingers)
EPA Method 16B:	TRS (Gas Chromatograph)
EPA Method 18 :	VOC (Gas Chromatograph)
EPA Method 21 :	VOC Leaks (Analyzer)
EPA Method 25A:	VOC (Analyzer with FID)
EPA Method 25B :	VOC (NDIR Analyzer)

F. Compliance Demonstration by Fuel Sampling and Analysis (FSA).

Coal Sampling	Coke sampling	Tire derived fuel sampling
Waste oil sampling	Sewage sludge sampling	Paper sludge sampling
Refuse derived fuel sampling	Landfill gas sampling	

G. Compliance Demonstration by Recordkeeping.

Testing and monitoring records	Records of malfunction
Compliance schedule records	As-applied coating & ink records,
Process hours of operation records	Transfer efficiency records
Fuel usage records	Production records
As-applied coating & ink composition records	

**COMPLIANCE DEMONSTRATION BY MONITORING CONTROL
SYSTEM PARAMETERS OR OPERATING PARAMETERS
OF A PROCESS** **SECTION M3**

The monitoring of a control system parameter or a process parameter may be acceptable provided that a correlation between the parameter value and the emission rate of a particular pollutant is established in the form of a curve of emission rate versus parameter values. At least three sets of stack test data, that bracket the emission limit if possible, shall be used to define the emission curve. This data shall constitute the certification of the system and must be attached for approval. If it is not attached, it shall be submitted within 60 days from the date of startup of the system or the date of application, which ever is later.

1. Emission Point No./Name : AF-004 (190) Packed Bed Scrubber with Sulfuric Acid

2. Method of monitoring description: Monitor the scrubbing liquid flow rate or pressure.
Monitor the pH of the scrubber effluent with a continuous recorder.

Facility shall certify monitoring control system parameters as specified
in Subpart PPP. Shall follow performance test requirements and/or design
design evaluation requirements as outlined in 40 CFR 63.1426.

Attach separate sheets if needed.

3. Backup system (attach other compliance demonstration forms if needed):

4. The monitoring system shall be subject to appropriate performance specifications, calibration requirements, and quality assurance procedures.

5. If a quality assurance / quality control plan is not attached with the application for approval, it shall be submitted within 60 days from the date of startup of the monitoring program or the date of application, which ever is later.

Current Applicable Requirements and Status (page 1 of 17)

SECTION N

List applicable state and federal regulations and applicable test methods for determining compliance with each applicable requirement. Clearly identify federal regulations from state requirements. Provide the compliance status as of the day the application is signed.

Emission Point No.	Applicable Requirement	Description of Regulation	Pollutant	Test Method	Limits	Action Required to Satisfy Regulation	Completion Date	Compliance Status IN / OUT
AF-000	APC-S-1 Sect. 3.1 (STATE ONLY)	Smoke - general			≤ 40% opacity			IN
AF-000	APC-S-1 Sect. 3.1 (STATE ONLY)	Smoke - startup			≤ 40% opacity, ≤ 15 min/startup, 3 startups/hrs			IN
AF-000	APC-S-1 Sect. 3.2 (STATE ONLY)	Opacity			≤ 40% opacity			IN
AF-000	APC-S-1 Sect. 3.3 (STATE ONLY)	Gen. nuisance			As specified in the regulations			IN
AF-000	APC-S-1 Sect. 9.2 (STATE ONLY)	Stack heights			As specified in the regulations			IN
AF-004	APC-S-1 Section 3.1 (STATE ONLY)	Smoke - general			≤ 40% opacity			IN

Current Applicable Requirements and Status (page 2 of 17)

SECTION N

List applicable state and federal regulations and applicable test methods for determining compliance with each applicable requirement. Clearly identify federal regulations from state requirements. Provide the compliance status as of the day the application is signed.

Emission Point No.	Applicable Requirement	Description of Regulation	Pollutant	Test Method	Limits	Action Required to Satisfy Regulation	Completion Date	Compliance Status IN / OUT
AF-004	APC-S-1 Section 3.1 (STATE ONLY)	Smoke -- startup			≤ 40% opacity, ≤ 15 min/startup, 3 startups/hrs			IN
AF-004	APC-S-1 Sect. 3.2 (STATE ONLY)	Opacity			≤ 40% opacity			IN
AF-004	APC-S-1 Sect. 3.3 (STATE ONLY)	Gen. Nuisance			As specified in the regulations			IN
AF-004	APC-S-1 Sect. 9.2 (STATE ONLY)	Stack heights			As specified in the regulations			IN
AF-004	40 CFR 63 Subpart PPP (63.1425(a))	Applicability of process vent control requirements	EO			The facility must comply with the requirements for epoxide emissions.	June 1, 2002	

Current Applicable Requirements and Status (page 3 of 17)

SECTION N

List applicable state and federal regulations and applicable test methods for determining compliance with each applicable requirement. Clearly identify federal regulations from state requirements. Provide the compliance status as of the day the application is signed.

Emission Point No.	Applicable Requirement	Description of Regulation	Pollutant	Test Method	Limits	Action Required to Satisfy Regulation	Completion Date	Compliance Status IN / OUT
AF-004	40 CFR 63 Subpart PPP (63.1425(b)(2)(ii))	Aggregated 98% reduction of total epoxide emissions	EO		98% total epoxide reduction	Conduct performance test to certify compliance	Within 150 days after the compliance date	
AF-004	40 CFR 63 Subpart PPP (63.1426(c))	Determination of epoxide reduction efficiency	EO			Performance test	Within 150 days after the compliance date	
AF-004	40 CFR 63 Subpart PPP (63.1426(c)(1))	Sampling site location	EO			Sampling sites located at the inlet and outlet of the combustion, recovery, or recapture device as specified in 40 CFR 63.1426(c)(1)(I)(B)(1).	Within 150 days after the compliance date	

Current Applicable Requirements and Status (page 4 of 17)

SECTION N

List applicable state and federal regulations and applicable test methods for determining compliance with each applicable requirement. Clearly identify federal regulations from state requirements. Provide the compliance status as of the day the application is signed.

Emission Point No.	Applicable Requirement	Description of Regulation	Pollutant	Test Method	Limits	Action Required to Satisfy Regulation	Completion Date	Compliance Status IN / OUT
AF-004	40 CFR 63 Subpart PPP (63.1426(c)(3))	Testing conditions	EO			Testing of process vents as specified in 40 CFR 63.1426(c)(3)(i)(B)(1-5), 40 CFR 63.1426(c)(3)(ii), and 63.1426(c)(3)(iii).	Within 150 days after the compliance date	
AF-004	40 CFR 63 Subpart PPP (63.1426(c)(4)(i))	Test methods – sample and velocity traverses	EO	EPA Method 1 or 1A		Methods used for sample and velocity traverses shall be as specified in 40 CFR 63.1426(c)(4)(i).	Within 150 days after the compliance date	
AF-004	40 CFR 63 Subpart PPP (63.1426(c)(4)(ii))	Test methods – velocity and gas volumetric flow rate	EO	EPA Method 2, 2A, 2C, or 2 D		Methods used for velocity and gas volumetric flow rate shall be as specified in 40 CFR 63.1426(c)(4)(ii).	Within 150 days after the compliance date	

Current Applicable Requirements and Status (page 5 of 17)

SECTION N

List applicable state and federal regulations and applicable test methods for determining compliance with each applicable requirement. Clearly identify federal regulations from state requirements. Provide the compliance status as of the day the application is signed.

Emission Point No.	Applicable Requirement	Description of Regulation	Pollutant	Test Method	Limits	Action Required to Satisfy Regulation	Completion Date	Compliance Status IN / OUT
AF-004	40 CFR 63 Subpart PPP (63.1426(c)(4)(iii))	Test methods – concentration measurements	EO	EPA Method 18		Methods used for determining concentration shall be as specified in 40 CFR 63.1426(c)(4)(iii).	Within 150 days after the compliance date	
AF-004	40 CFR 63 Subpart PPP (63.1426(c)(4)(iv))	Test methods – alternative methods	EO			Alternative methods must be validated as specified in 40 CFR 63.1426(c)(4)(iv).	Within 150 days after the compliance date	
AF-004	40 CFR 63 Subpart PPP (63.1426(c)(5))	Calculation of percent reduction efficiency	EO			Percent reduction efficiency shall be calculated as specified in 40 CFR 63.1426(c)(5)(i-iv).	Within 150 days after the compliance date	

Current Applicable Requirements and Status (page 6 of 17)

SECTION N

List applicable state and federal regulations and applicable test methods for determining compliance with each applicable requirement. Clearly identify federal regulations from state requirements. Provide the compliance status as of the day the application is signed.

Emission Point No.	Applicable Requirement	Description of Regulation	Pollutant	Test Method	Limits	Action Required to Satisfy Regulation	Completion Date	Compliance Status IN / OUT
AF-004	40 CFR 63 Subpart PPP (63.1426(e)(1))	Determination of organic HAP emission reduction	EO			Organic HAP reduction shall be calculated as specified in 40 CFR 63.1426(e)(1).	Within 150 days after the compliance date	
AF-004	40 CFR 63 Subpart PPP (63.1426(e)(2))	Determination of control efficiency	EO			Control efficiency for organic HAP reduction shall be calculated as specified in 40 CFR 63.1426(e)(2)(ii).	Within 150 days after the compliance date	
AF-004	40 CFR 63 Subpart PPP (63.1429(a))	Monitoring equipment requirements	EO			Monitor the scrubbing liquid flow rate or pressure. Monitor the pH as specified in 40 CFR 63.1429(a)(4).	June 1, 2002	

Current Applicable Requirements and Status (page 7 of 17)

SECTION N

List applicable state and federal regulations and applicable test methods for determining compliance with each applicable requirement. Clearly identify federal regulations from state requirements. Provide the compliance status as of the day the application is signed.

Emission Point No.	Applicable Requirement	Description of Regulation	Pollutant	Test Method	Limits	Action Required to Satisfy Regulation	Completion Date	Compliance Status IN / OUT
AF-004	40 CFR 63 Subpart PPP (63.1429(d))	Establishing parameter monitoring levels	EO			Parameter monitoring levels shall be established as per 40 CFR 63.1429(d)(1-3).	Within 150 days after the compliance date	
AF-004	40 CFR 63 Subpart PPP (63.1430(b))	Records to demonstrate compliance	EO			Keep records of percent of organic HAP reduction as per 40 CFR 63.1430(b)(2)(i).	Ongoing after NCS submittal	
AF-004	40 CFR 63 Subpart PPP (63.1430(c))	Records establishing parameter monitoring levels	EO			Keep records which establish the parameter monitoring levels as per 40 CFR 63.1430(c).	Ongoing after NCS submittal	

Current Applicable Requirements and Status (page 8 of 17)

SECTION N

List applicable state and federal regulations and applicable test methods for determining compliance with each applicable requirement. Clearly identify federal regulations from state requirements. Provide the compliance status as of the day the application is signed.

Emission Point No.	Applicable Requirement	Description of Regulation	Pollutant	Test Method	Limits	Action Required to Satisfy Regulation	Completion Date	Compliance Status IN / OUT
AF-004	40 CFR 63 Subpart PPP (63.1430(d)(1))	Records to demonstrate continuous compliance	EO			Keep continuous records of operating equipment parameters as specified in 40 CFR 63.1430(d)(1).	Ongoing after NCS submittal	
AF-004	40 CFR 63 Subpart PPP (63.1430(d)(2))	Records of daily average parameters	EO			Keep records of daily average parameters as specified in 40 CFR 63.1430(d)(2) (i-ii).	Ongoing after NCS submittal	

Current Applicable Requirements and Status (page 9 of 17)

SECTION N

List applicable state and federal regulations and applicable test methods for determining compliance with each applicable requirement. Clearly identify federal regulations from state requirements. Provide the compliance status as of the day the application is signed.

Emission Point No.	Applicable Requirement	Description of Regulation	Pollutant	Test Method	Limits	Action Required to Satisfy Regulation	Completion Date	Compliance Status IN / OUT
AF-004	40 CFR 63 Subpart PPP (63.1430(d)(5))	Records specifying monitoring system breakdowns, repairs, calibration checks, and zero and high level adjustments	EO			Keep records of monitoring system breakdowns, repairs, calibration checks, and level adjustments as specified in 40 CFR 63.1430(d)(5).	Ongoing after NCS submittal	
AF-004	40 CFR 63 Subpart PPP (63.1430(g))	Notification of Compliance Status	EO			Submit information as specified in 40 CFR 63.1430(g)(1).	Within 150 days after the compliance date	
AF-004	40 CFR 63 Subpart PPP (63.1430(h))	Periodic reports	EO			Submit information as specified in 40 CFR 63.1430(h)(1&2).	Due 8 months after NCS; covers a 6 month period	

Current Applicable Requirements and Status (page 10 of 17)

SECTION N

List applicable state and federal regulations and applicable test methods for determining compliance with each applicable requirement. Clearly identify federal regulations from state requirements. Provide the compliance status as of the day the application is signed.

Emission Point No.	Applicable Requirement	Description of Regulation	Pollutant	Test Method	Limits	Action Required to Satisfy Regulation	Completion Date	Compliance Status IN / OUT
AF-004	40 CFR 63 Subpart PPP (63.1437(a))	Performance tests - Conducting the performance test	EO			Performance test shall be conducted as specified in 40 CFR 63.1437(a)(1-4).	Within 150 days after the compliance date	
AF-004	40 CFR 63 Subpart PPP (63.1437(b))	Performance tests - Data reduction	EO			Data shall be reduced as specified in 40 CFR 63.1437(b).	Within 150 days after the compliance date	
AF-004	40 CFR 63 Subpart PPP (63.1438(a-d))	Establishing parameter monitoring levels	EO			Shall establish parameter monitoring levels as specified in 40 CFR 63.1438 (a-d).	Within 150 days after the compliance date	

Current Applicable Requirements and Status (page 11 of 17) SECTION N

List applicable state and federal regulations and applicable test methods for determining compliance with each applicable requirement. Clearly identify federal regulations from state requirements. Provide the compliance status as of the day the application is signed.

Emission Point No.	Applicable Requirement	Description of Regulation	Pollutant	Test Method	Limits	Action Required to Satisfy Regulation	Completion Date	Compliance Status IN / OUT
AF-004	40 CFR 63 Subpart PPP (63.1438(a-d))	Establishing parameter monitoring levels	EO			Establish parameter monitoring levels based on performance test and/or engineering documents	Within 150 days after the compliance date	
AF-004	40 CFR 63 Subpart PPP (63.1438(f))	Parameter monitoring excursions – Process vents	EO			Record parameter monitoring excursions for process vents as specified in 40 CFR 63.1438(f)(3).	1 st periodic report	
AF-004	40 CFR 63 Subpart PPP (63.1438(g))	Excused excursions – Process vents	EO			Record excused excursions for process vents as specified in 40 CFR 63.1438(g).	1 st periodic report	

Current Applicable Requirements and Status (page 12 of 17)

SECTION N

List applicable state and federal regulations and applicable test methods for determining compliance with each applicable requirement. Clearly identify federal regulations from state requirements. Provide the compliance status as of the day the application is signed.

Emission Point No.	Applicable Requirement	Description of Regulation	Pollutant	Test Method	Limits	Action Required to Satisfy Regulation	Completion Date	Compliance Status IN / OUT
RA-50	40 CFR 63 Subpart PPP (63.1432(a))	Compliance with the HON storage vessel provisions	EO			Shall comply with the HON storage vessel requirements as specified in 40 CFR 63.1432(a).	June 1, 2002	
RA-50	40 CFR 63 Subpart PPP (63.1432(q))	Additional recordkeeping requirements	EO			Shall keep records of the times when the storage vessel is being filled as specified in 40 CFR 63.1432(q).	June 1, 2002	
RA-50	40 CFR 63 Subpart PPP (63.1438(f))	Parameter monitoring – Storage vessels	EO			Record parameter monitoring excursions for storage vessels as specified in 40 CFR 63.1438(f)(1 or 2).	June 1, 2002	

Current Applicable Requirements and Status (page 13 of 17)

SECTION N

List applicable state and federal regulations and applicable test methods for determining compliance with each applicable requirement. Clearly identify federal regulations from state requirements. Provide the compliance status as of the day the application is signed.

Emission Point No.	Applicable Requirement	Description of Regulation	Pollutant	Test Method	Limits	Action Required to Satisfy Regulation	Completion Date	Compliance Status IN / OUT
Wastewater	40 CFR 63 Subpart PPP (63.1433)	Wastewater provisions				Shall comply with the wastewater provisions as specified in 40 CFR 63.1433.	June 1, 2002	
RAD Process Area	40 CFR 63 Subpart PPP (63.1439(a))	General recordkeeping requirements – Data retention				Shall keep data as specified in 40 CFR 63.1439(a).	June 1, 2002	
RAD Process Area	40 CFR 63 Subpart PPP (63.1439(b)(1))	Startup, shutdown, malfunction plan				Shall develop and implement a SSM plan as specified in 40 CFR 63.1439(b)(1).	June 1, 2002	
RAD Process Area	40 CFR 63 Subpart PPP (63.1439(d))	Recordkeeping and documentation requirements				Shall keep records as specified in 40 CFR 63.1439(d)(1-8).	June 1, 2002	

Current Applicable Requirements and Status (page 14 of 17)

SECTION N

List applicable state and federal regulations and applicable test methods for determining compliance with each applicable requirement. Clearly identify federal regulations from state requirements. Provide the compliance status as of the day the application is signed.

Emission Point No.	Applicable Requirement	Description of Regulation	Pollutant	Test Method	Limits	Action Required to Satisfy Regulation	Completion Date	Compliance Status IN / OUT
RAD Process Area	40 CFR 63 Subpart PPP (63.1439(e)(1))	Violation of reporting requirements				Failing to submit information as specified in 40 CFR 63.1439(e)(1) shall not constitute a violation of the reporting requirements if some conditions are met.	Ongoing after NCS submittal	
RAD Process Area	40 CFR 63 Subpart PPP (63.1439(e)(2))	Submittal of reports				Submit all reports as specified in 40 CFR 63.1439(e)(2).	Ongoing after NCS submittal	
RAD Process Area	40 CFR 63 Subpart PPP (63.1439(e)(3))	Initial notification				Submit initial notification as specified in 40 CFR 63.1439(e)(3) by June 1, 2000.	June 1, 2000	IN

Current Applicable Requirements and Status (page 15 of 17)

SECTION N

List applicable state and federal regulations and applicable test methods for determining compliance with each applicable requirement. Clearly identify federal regulations from state requirements. Provide the compliance status as of the day the application is signed.

Emission Point No.	Applicable Requirement	Description of Regulation	Pollutant	Test Method	Limits	Action Required to Satisfy Regulation	Completion Date	Compliance Status IN / OUT
RAD Process Area	40 CFR 63 Subpart PPP (63.1439(e)(4))	Precompliance report				Shall submit a precompliance report as specified in 40 CFR 63.1439(e)(4), if needed.	June 1, 2001	
RAD Process Area	40 CFR 63 Subpart PPP (63.1439(e)(5))	Notification of Compliance Status				Shall submit an NCS as specified in 40 CFR 63.1439(e)(5).	Within 150 days after compliance date	
RAD Process Area	40 CFR 63 Subpart PPP (63.1439(e)(6))	Periodic reports				Shall submit periodic reports as specified in 40 CFR 63.1439(e)(6).	Due 8 months after NCS; covers a 6 month period	
RAD Process Area	40 CFR 63 Subpart PPP (63.1439(e)(8))	Operating permit application requirements				Update operating permit application as specified in 40 CFR 63.1439(e)(8).	June 1, 2000	IN

Current Applicable Requirements and Status (page 16 of 17)

SECTION N

List applicable state and federal regulations and applicable test methods for determining compliance with each applicable requirement. Clearly identify federal regulations from state requirements. Provide the compliance status as of the day the application is signed.

Emission Point No.	Applicable Requirement	Description of Regulation	Pollutant	Test Method	Limits	Action Required to Satisfy Regulation	Completion Date	Compliance Status IN / OUT
RAD Process Area	40 CFR 63 Subpart PPP (63.1439(f))	Alternative monitoring parameters				Report alternative monitoring parameters as specified in 40 CFR 63.1439(f).	Ongoing after NCS submittal	
RAD Process Area	40 CFR 63 Subpart PPP (63.1439(g))	Alternative continuous monitoring and recordkeeping				Request alternative continuous monitoring and recordkeeping as specified in 40 CFR 63.1439(g).	June 1, 2001	
RAD Process Area	40 CFR 63 Subpart PPP (63.1439(h))	Reduced recordkeeping program				Request a reduced recordkeeping program as per 40 CFR 63.1439(h).	As part of NCS submittal	

Current Applicable Requirements and Status (page 17 of 17)

SECTION N

List applicable state and federal regulations and applicable test methods for determining compliance with each applicable requirement. Clearly identify federal regulations from state requirements. Provide the compliance status as of the day the application is signed.

Emission Point No.	Applicable Requirement	Description of Regulation	Pollutant	Test Method	Limits	Action Required to Satisfy Regulation	Completion Date	Compliance Status IN / OUT
RAD Process Area	40 CFR 63 Subpart PPP (63.1434(a))	Compliance with the HON equipment leak provisions				Comply with the HON equipment leak provisions as specified in 40 CFR 63.1434(a).	December 1, 1999	IN
RAD Process Area	40 CFR 63 Subpart PPP (63.1434(h))	Compliance with the HON equipment leak provisions				Comply with the HON equipment leak provisions as specified in 40 CFR 63.1434(h).	December 1, 1999	IN
RAD Process Area	40 CFR 63 Subpart PPP (63.1439(b))	Compliance with 40 CFR 63 Subpart A general requirements				Comply with Subpart A requirements as specified in 40 CFR 63.1439(b).	June 1, 2002	

Future Applicable Requirements and Status (page 1 of 1)

SECTION N

List applicable state and federal regulations and applicable test methods for determining compliance with each applicable requirement. Clearly identify federal regulations from state requirements. Provide the compliance status as of the day the application is signed.

Emission Point No.	Applicable Requirement	Pollutant	Test Method	Limits	Compliance Status IN / OUT

COMPLIANCE CERTIFICATION

SECTION O

1. Emission Point No./Name : AF-000 (180 & 190) Rosin Amine Derivatives Process Area

2. Indicate the source compliance status:

- A. _____ Where this source is currently in compliance, we will continue to operate and maintain this source to assure compliance for the duration of the permit.
- B. X The Current Emissions Requirements and Status form (previous page) includes new requirements that apply or will apply to this source during the term of the permit. We will meet such requirements on a timely basis.
- C. _____ This source is not in compliance. The following statement of corrective action is submitted to describe action which we will take to achieve compliance.
 - 1. _____ Attached is a brief description of the problem and the proposed solution.
 - 2. _____ We will achieve compliance according to the following schedule.

Progress reports will be submitted:

Starting date: _____ and every six (6) months thereafter

Problem	Action	Deadline

COMPLIANCE CERTIFICATION

SECTION O

1. Emission Point No./Name : AF-004 (190) Packed Bed Scrubber with Sulfuric Acid

2. Indicate the source compliance status:

- A. _____ Where this source is currently in compliance, we will continue to operate and maintain this source to assure compliance for the duration of the permit.
- B. X The Current Emissions Requirements and Status form (previous page) includes new requirements that apply or will apply to this source during the term of the permit. We will meet such requirements on a timely basis.
- C. _____ This source is not in compliance. The following statement of corrective action is submitted to describe action which we will take to achieve compliance.
 - 1. _____ Attached is a brief description of the problem and the proposed solution.
 - 2. _____ We will achieve compliance according to the following schedule.

Progress reports will be submitted:

Starting date: _____ and every six (6) months thereafter

Problem	Action	Deadline

COMPLIANCE CERTIFICATION

SECTION O

1. Emission Point No./Name : RA-50 Ethylene Oxide Storage Tank

2. Indicate the source compliance status:

A. _____ Where this source is currently in compliance, we will continue to operate and maintain this source to assure compliance for the duration of the permit.

B. X The Current Emissions Requirements and Status form (previous page) includes new requirements that apply or will apply to this source during the term of the permit. We will meet such requirements on a timely basis.

C. _____ This source is not in compliance. The following statement of corrective action is submitted to describe action which we will take to achieve compliance.

1. _____ Attached is a brief description of the problem and the proposed solution.

2. _____ We will achieve compliance according to the following schedule.

Progress reports will be submitted:

Starting date: _____ and every six (6) months thereafter

Problem	Action	Deadline

Attachment A

LIST OF ACTIVITIES THAT MAY BE TREATED AS "TRIVIAL"

The following types of activities and emissions units may be presumptively omitted from part 70 permit applications. Certain of these listed activities include qualifying statements intended to exclude many similar activities.

Combustion emissions from propulsion of mobile sources, except for vessel emissions from Outer Continental Shelf sources.

Air-conditioning units used for human comfort that do not have applicable requirements under title VI of the Act.

Ventilating units used for human comfort that do not exhaust air pollutants into the ambient air from any manufacturing/industrial or commercial process.

Non-commercial food preparation.

Consumer use of office equipment and products, not including printers or businesses primarily involved in photographic reproduction.

Janitorial services and consumer use of janitorial products.

Internal combustion engines used for landscaping purposes.

Laundry activities, except for dry-cleaning and steam boilers.

Bathroom/toilet vent emissions.

Emergency (backup) electrical generators at residential locations.

Tobacco smoking rooms and areas.

Blacksmith forges.

Plant maintenance and upkeep activities (e.g., grounds-keeping, general repairs, cleaning, painting, welding, plumbing, re-tarring roofs, installing insulation, and paving parking lots) provided these activities are not conducted as part of a manufacturing process, are not related to the source's primary business activity, and not otherwise triggering a permit modification.¹

Repair or maintenance shop activities not related to the source's primary business activity, not including emissions from surface coating or de-greasing (solvent metal cleaning) activities, and not otherwise triggering a permit modification.
Portable electrical generators that can be moved by hand from one location to another.²

Hand-held equipment for buffing, polishing, cutting, drilling, sawing, grinding, turning or machining wood, metal or plastic.

Brazing, soldering and welding equipment, and cutting torches related to manufacturing and construction activities that do not result in emission of HAP metals.³

Air compressors and pneumatically operated equipment, including hand tools.

Batteries and battery charging stations, except at battery manufacturing plants.

Storage tanks, vessels, and containers holding or storing liquid substances that will not emit any VOC or HAP.⁴

¹Cleaning and painting activities qualify if they are not subject to VOC or HAP control requirements. Asphalt batch plant owners/operators must still get a permit if otherwise required.

²"Moved by hand" means that it can be moved without the assistance of any motorized or non-motorized vehicle, conveyance, or device.

³Brazing, soldering and welding equipment, and cutting torches related to manufacturing and construction activities that emit HAP metals are more appropriate for treatment as insignificant activities based on size or production level thresholds. Brazing, soldering, welding and cutting torches directly related to plant maintenance and upkeep and repair or maintenance shop activities that emit HAP metals are treated as trivial and listed separately in this appendix.

⁴Exemptions for storage tanks containing petroleum liquids or other volatile organic liquids should be based on size limits such as storage tank capacity and vapor pressure of liquids stored and are not appropriate for this list.

Storage tanks, reservoirs, and pumping and handling equipment of any size containing soaps, vegetable oil, grease, animal fat, and nonvolatile aqueous salt solutions, provided appropriate lids and covers are utilized.

Equipment used to mix and package, soaps, vegetable oil, grease, animal fat, and nonvolatile aqueous salt solutions, provided appropriate lids and covers are utilized.

Drop hammers or hydraulic presses for forging or metalworking.

Equipment used exclusively to slaughter animals, but not including other equipment at slaughterhouses, such as rendering cookers, boilers, heating plants, incinerators, and electrical power generating equipment.

Vents from continuous emissions monitors and other analyzers.

Natural gas pressure regulator vents, excluding venting at oil and gas production facilities.

Hand-held applicator equipment for hot melt adhesives with no VOC in the adhesive formulation.

Equipment used for surface coating, painting, dipping or spraying operations, except those that will emit VOC or HAP.

CO₂ lasers, used only on metals and other materials which do not emit HAP in the process.

Consumer use of paper trimmers/binders.

Electric or steam-heated drying ovens and autoclaves, but not the emissions from the articles or substances being processed in the ovens or autoclaves or the boilers delivering the steam.

Salt baths using nonvolatile salts that do not result in emissions of any regulated air pollutants.

Laser trimmers using dust collection to prevent fugitive emissions.

Bench-scale laboratory equipment used for physical or chemical analysis, but not lab fume hoods or vents.⁵

Routine calibration and maintenance of laboratory equipment or other analytical instruments.

Equipment used for quality control/assurance or inspection purposes, including sampling equipment used to withdraw materials for analysis.

Hydraulic and hydrostatic testing equipment.

Environmental chambers not using hazardous air pollutant (HAP) gasses.

Shock chambers.

Humidity chambers.

Solar simulators.

Fugitive emission related to movement of passenger vehicles, provided the emissions are not counted for applicability purposes and any required fugitive dust control plan or its equivalent is submitted.

Process water filtration systems and demineralizes.

Demineralized water tanks and demineralizer vents.

Boiler water treatment operations, not including cooling towers.

Oxygen scavenging (de-aeration) of water.

⁵Many lab fume hoods or vents might qualify for treatment as insignificant (depending on the applicable SIP) or be grouped together for purposes of description.

Ozone generators.

Fire suppression systems.

Emergency road flares.

Steam vents and safety relief valves.

Steam leaks.

Steam cleaning operations.

Steam sterilizers.



EMISSION CALCULATIONS

05/25/2000

Ethylene Oxide

Input

Calendar Year	1994
E.O. Usage in POLYDAD	141,330 lbs
E.O. Usage in E.O.D.	115,701 lbs
Total E.O. Usage (Calc)	257,031 lbs
POLYRAD 0515	31,020 lbs
POLYRAD 0515A	43,000 lbs
POLYRAD 1110	79,900 lbs
POLYRAD 1110A	164,733 lbs
SURFACTANT AR150	46,240 lbs
SURFACTANT AR160	100,110 lbs
# Days operation (can use NA)	NA days

Output

E.O. Losses (Usage theory)	30,138 lbs
Fugitive emissions	3,235 lbs
Point source emissions	538 lbs
E.O. to Ethylene Glycol	26,365 lbs
Ethylene Glycol produced	37,151 lbs

For Polyrad: Assume

Rosin Amine Mol. Wt.	285
Rosin Amine Purity	94 %
Adjusted Mol. Wt.	303

POLYRAD 0515	$31,020 * 0.85 =$	26,367
POLYRAD 0515A	$43,000 * 0.7 * 0.85 =$	25,585
POLYRAD 0500 =		51,952
POLYRAD 1110	$79,900 * 0.90 =$	71,910
POLYRAD 1110A	$164,733 * 0.7 * 0.90 =$	103,782
POLYRAD 1100 =		175,692

For 0500: 1 mol amine + 5 mol E.O. = 0500
 $303 + 5(44) = 523$
 E.O. = $5(44)/523 * \text{lbs of 0500} = 21,854 \text{ lbs}$
 E.O. = $5(44)/523 * 51,952 = 21,854 \text{ lbs}$

For 1100: 1 mol amine + 11 mol E.O. = 1100
 $303 + 11(44) = 787$
 E.O. = $11(44)/787 * \text{lbs of 1100} = 108,049 \text{ lbs}$
 E.O. = $11(44)/787 * 175,692 = 108,049 \text{ lbs}$

For Surfactants: Assume

Wood Rosin Mol. Wt.	302
Wood Rosin Acid No.	160
Theoretical Acid No.	186
Wood Rosin Purity	86 %
Adjusted Mol. Wt.	351

SURFACTANT AR150	$46,240 * 1.0 =$	46,240
SURFACTANT AR160	$100,110 * 1.0 =$	100,110

For AR150: 1 mol rosin + 15 mol E.O. = AR150
 $351 + 15(44) = 1011$
 E.O. = $15(44)/1011 * \text{lbs of AR150} = 30,186 \text{ lbs}$
 E.O. = $15(44)/1011 * 46,240 = 30,186 \text{ lbs}$

For AR160: 1 mol rosin + 16 mol E.O. = AR160
 $351 + 16(44) = 1055$
 E.O. = $16(44)/1055 * \text{lbs of AR160} = 66,803 \text{ lbs}$
 E.O. = $16(44)/1055 * 100,110 = 66,803 \text{ lbs}$

05/25/2000

Theoretical E.O.	226,892 lbs
E.O. "Losses" (Usage Theory)	30,138 lbs
E.O. Usage = Lbs of E.O./(8.34*0.85)	36,258 gallons

Days of operation, from log sheets	NA days
Total E.O. Adducts	373,994 days
Typical Production = lbs % days	lbs/day
Base YR 1993 TYP Prod	5,470 lbs/day
Days Operation	68 days

	Component Count	Emission Factor	Emissions
For P,V,F			
Pumps/liq. =	3	0.026	0.078 lbs/hr
Valves/liq. =	73	0.0038	0.2774 lbs/hr
Valves/vap. =	21	0.0011	0.0231 lbs/hr
Flg&con/liq. =	231	0.00013	0.03003 lbs/hr
Flg&con/vap. =	44	0.00013	0.00572 lbs/hr
Relief =	16	0.098	1.568 lbs/hr

Emission Factor Reference: Estimating Releases and Waste Treatment Efficiencies
for the Toxic Chemical Release Inventory Form
EPA 560/4-88-002 December 1987

On a continuous basis =	1.98225 lbs/hr
	17,365 lbs/yr

Since we blow the lines we only have E.O. in the P,V,F service the actual days of operation =	68 days
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Therefore P,V,F Fugitive Emissions	3,235 lbs/yr
	1.62 tpy
	0.37 lb/hr

Therefore E.O. to scrubber	26,903 lbs/yr
For scrubber assume 98% efficiency	
E.O. to Ethylene Glycol =	26,365 lbs/yr
E.O. vented from scrubber stack =	538 lbs/yr
	0.27 tpy
	0.06 lb/hr

Ethylene glycol produced	
lbs E.O. * 62/44 =	37,151 lbs/yr

Ethylene Oxide

Note: Capacity calculations based on 1994 product ratio/distribution
 The 1994 production was for 68 days of operation
 Capacity ratio will be 365 days % 68 days =

Input

Calendar Year	Capacity
E.O. Usage in POLYDAD	758,610 lbs
E.O. Usage in E.O.D.	621,042 lbs
Total E.O. Usage (Calc)	1,379,652 lbs
POLYRAD 0515	166,504 lbs
POLYRAD 0515A	230,809 lbs
POLYRAD 1110	428,875 lbs
POLYRAD 1110A	884,229 lbs
SURFACTANT AR150	248,200 lbs
SURFACTANT AR160	537,355 lbs
# Days operation (can use NA)	NA days

Output

E.O. Losses (Usage theory)	161,773 lbs
Fugitive emissions	17,460 lbs
Point source emissions	2,886 lbs
E.O. to Ethylene Glycol	141,427 lbs
Ethylene Glycol produced	199,284 lbs

05/25/2000

For Polyrad: Assume

Rosin Amine Mol. Wt.	285
Rosin Amine Purity	94 %
Adjusted Mol. Wt.	303

POLYRAD 0515	$166,504 * 0.85 =$	141,528
POLYRAD 0515A	$230,809 * 0.7 * 0.85 =$	137,331
POLYRAD 0500 =		278,860
POLYRAD 1110	$428,875 * 0.90 =$	385,988
POLYRAD 1110A	$884,229 * 0.7 * 0.90 =$	557,064
POLYRAD 1100 =		943,052

For 0500: 1 mol amine + 5 mol E.O. = 0500
 $303 + 5(44) = 523$
E.O. = $5(44)/523 * \text{lbs of 0500} = 21,854 \text{ lbs}$
E.O. = $5(44)/523 * 278,860 = 117,302 \text{ lbs}$

For 1100: 1 mol amine +11 mol E.O. = 1100
 $303 + 11(44) = 787$
E.O. = $11(44)/787 * \text{lbs of 1100} = 108,049 \text{ lbs}$
E.O. = $11(44)/787 * 943,052 = 579,971 \text{ lbs}$

For Surfactants: Assume

Wood Rosin Mol. Wt.	302
Wood Rosin Acid No.	160
Theoretical Acid No.	186
Wood Rosin Purity	86 %
Adjusted Mol. Wt.	351

SURFACTANT AR150	$248,200 * 1.0 =$	248,200
SURFACTANT AR160	$537,355 * 1.0 =$	537,355

For AR150: 1 mol rosin + 15 mol E.O. = AR150
 $351 + 15(44) = 1011$
E.O. = $15(44)/1011 * \text{lbs of AR150} = 30,186 \text{ lbs}$
E.O. = $15(44)/1011 * 248,200 = 162,030 \text{ lbs}$

For AR160: 1 mol rosin + 16 mol E.O. = AR160
 $351 + 16(44) = 1055$
E.O. = $16(44)/1055 * \text{lbs of AR160} = 66,803 \text{ lbs}$
E.O. = $16(44)/1055 * 537,355 = 358,576 \text{ lbs}$

05/25/2000

Theoretical E.O. 1,217,879 lbs
E.O. "Losses" (Usage Theory) 161,773 lbs
E.O. Usage = Lbs of E.O./(8.34*0.85) 194,619 gallons

Days of operation, from log sheets NA days
Total E.O. Adducts 2,007,467 days
Typical Production = lbs % days lbs/day
Base YR 1993 TYP Prod 5,470 lbs/day
Days Operation 367 days

	Component Count	Emission Factor	Emissions
For P,V,F			
Pumps/liq. =	3	0.026	0.078 lbs/hr
Valves/liq. =	73	0.0038	0.2774 lbs/hr
Valves/vap. =	21	0.0011	0.0231 lbs/hr
Flg&con/liq. =	231	0.00013	0.03003 lbs/hr
Flg&con/vap. =	44	0.00013	0.00572 lbs/hr
Relief =	16	0.098	1.568 lbs/hr

Emission Factor Reference: Estimating Releases and Waste Treatment Efficiencies
for the Toxic Chemical Release Inventory Form
EPA 560/4-88-002 December 1987

On a continuous basis = 1.98225 lbs/hr
17,365 lbs/yr

Since we blow the lines we only have E.O. in the P,V,F service
the actual days of operation = 367 days

Therefore P,V,F Fugitive Emissions 17,460 lbs/yr
8.73 tpy
1.99 lb/hr

Therefore E.O. to scrubber 144,313 lbs/yr
For scrubber assume 98% efficiency
E.O. to Ethylene Glycol = 141,427 lbs/yr
E.O. vented from scrubber stack = 2,886 lbs/yr
1.44 tpy
0.33 lb/hr

Ethylene glycol produced
lbs E.O. * 62/44 = 199,284 lbs/yr



AREA MAP



QUADRANGLE LOCATION

SOURCE:
 U.S.G.S. 7.5 MINUTE QUADRANGLE MAP,
 HATTIESBURG, MISSISSIPPI 1964



HERCULES

CHEMICAL SPECIALTIES

Eco-Systems, Inc.
 Environmental Engineers and Scientists

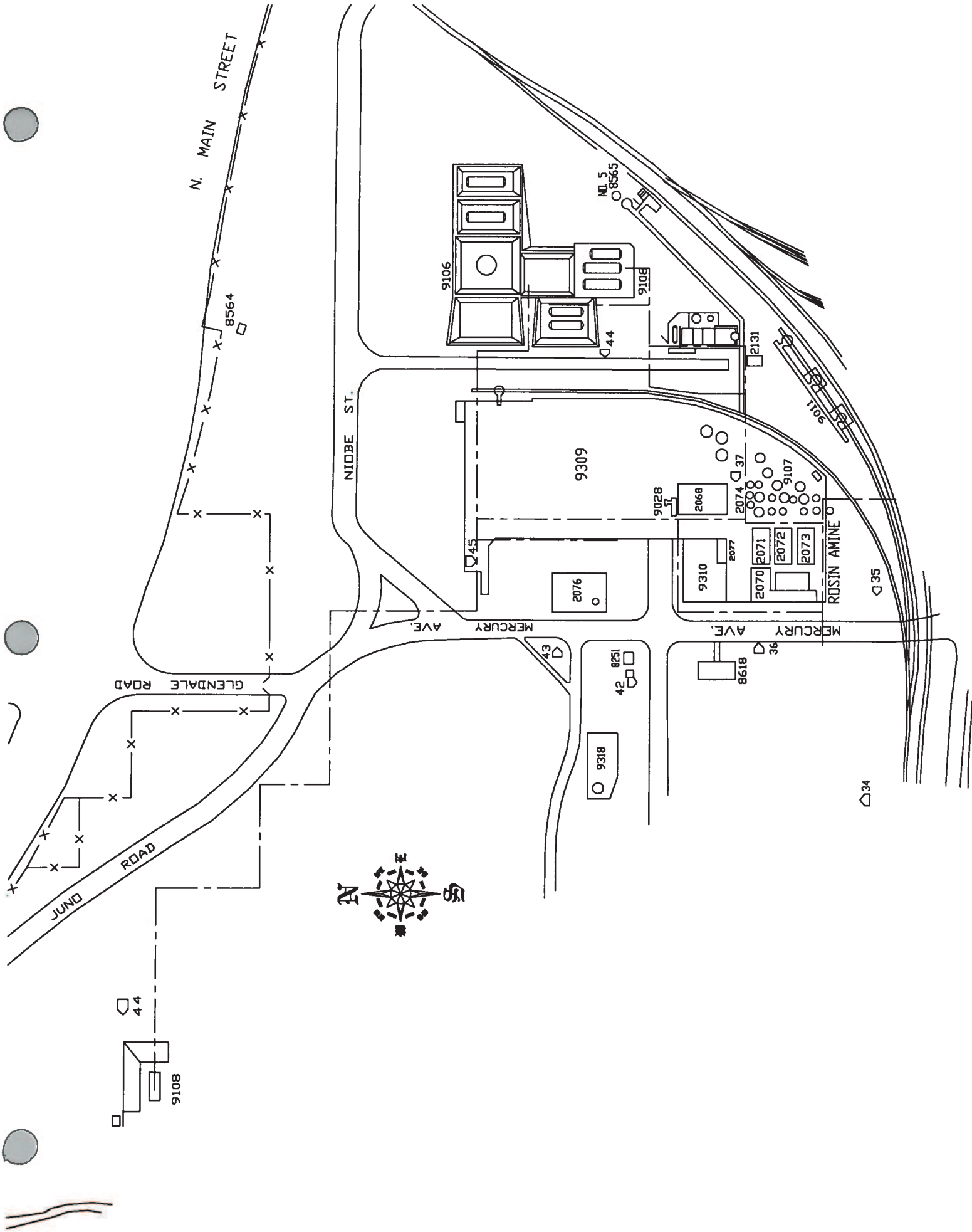


SCALE: 1"=2000'	DRAWN BY: K. SELF	DATE: 12-29-95
	CHKD. BY:	DATE:
PROJECT NO. HER9502	CAD FILE GEOMAP.DWG	

SITE LOCATION



RAD PROCESS AREA DIAGRAM



N. MAIN STREET

NIDOBE ST.

MERCURY AVE.

MERCURY AVE.

GLENDALE ROAD

JUNO ROAD

9106

NO. 5
8565

9108

8564

9309

45

2076

9028

2068

2074

37

9107

ROSIN AMINE

35

44

9108

42 8251

9318

8618

36

34



CONFIDENTIAL PROCESS INFORMATION

MANUFACTURING PROCESSES (page 1 of 2)

SECTION E

1. Emission Point No./ Name: AF-000 (180 & 190)/Rosin Amine Derivatives Process Area
2. Process Description: See attached process description
3. Was this unit constructed or modified after August 7, 1977? yes no
If yes please give date and explain. _____
4. Capacity (tons/hr): Resin Nitrile 0.54, Distilled Nitrile and Nitrile Residue 0.54, Resin Amine 0.38, Resin Amine Acetates 0.05, Resin Amine Derivatives 0.11, Ethylene Oxide Derivatives 0.05
5. Raw Material Input:

MATERIAL	QUANTITY/HR AVERAGE	QUANTITY/HR MAXIMUM	QUANTITY/YEAR
Resin Nitrile			
Resin	1,342 lbs	1,342 lbs	2,198,972 lbs
Ammonia*	119 lbs	119 lbs	195,096 lbs
Distilled Nitrile and Nitrile Residue			
Resin Nitrile	1,020 lbs	1,020 lbs	1,671,442 lbs
Resin Amine			
Distilled Nitrile	793 lbs	793 lbs	1,299,952 lbs
Hydrogen Gas	11 mcf	11 mcf	17,652 mcf
Resin Amine Acetates			
Resin Amine	8 lbs	8 lbs	12,998 lbs
Acetic Acid	6 lbs	6 lbs	9,386 lbs
Isopropyl Alcohol	3 lbs	3 lbs	4,930 lbs
Resin Amine Derivatives			
Resin Amine	76 lbs	76 lbs	124,430 lbs
Ethylene Oxide**	86 lbs	86 lbs	141,330 lbs
Isopropyl Alcohol	47 lbs	47 lbs	77,455 lbs

MATERIAL	QUANTITY/HR AVERAGE	QUANTITY/HR MAXIMUM	QUANTITY/YEAR
Ethylene Oxide Derivatives			
Rosin	33 lbs	33 lbs	53,384 lbs
Ethylene Oxide**	71 lbs	71 lbs	115,701 lbs
Other***			

* Annual Ammonia consumption is approximately 101,926 lbs. Annual ammonia consumption at capacity is estimated at 277,634 lbs.

** Annual Ethylene Oxide consumption is approximately 30,138 lbs (27,448 lbs converted to Ethylene Glycol).

Annual Ethylene Oxide consumption at capacity is estimated at 161,773 lbs (147,332 lbs converted to Ethylene Glycol).

*** Emissions from these materials are deemed to be insignificant (< 1 lb/hr VOC, < 0.1 lb/hr HAP) based on process knowledge. Other refers to alternate raw materials (similar to the materials listed) that may be used instead of the raw materials listed.

6. Product Output:

PRODUCT or BY-PRODUCT	QUANTITY/HR AVERAGE	QUANTITY/HR MAXIMUM	QUANTITY/YEAR
Resin Nitrile	1,020 lbs	1,020 lbs	1,671,442 lbs
Distilled Nitrile and Nitrile Residue	1,020 lbs	1,020 lbs	1,671,442 lbs
Resin Amine	732 lbs	732 lbs	1,119,653 lbs
Resin Amine Acetates	18 lbs	18 lbs	29,250 lbs
Resin Amine Derivatives	194 lbs	194 lbs	317,913 lbs
Ethylene Oxide Derivatives	89 lbs	89 lbs	146,350 lbs

**APPLICATION FOR AN AIR EMISSIONS PERMIT
TO OPERATE A TITLE V MAJOR SOURCE**

Prepared for:

HERCULES

**HERCULES INCORPORATED
HATTIESBURG PLANT
613 WEST SEVENTH STREET
HATTIESBURG, MISSISSIPPI 39401
FORREST COUNTY**

Prepared by:



Environmental Compliance Services, Inc.

**ENVIRONMENTAL COMPLIANCE SERVICES, INC.
P.O. BOX 891
TUPELO, MISSISSIPPI 38802
(662) 840-5945**

April 29, 2003



**APPLICATION FOR AN AIR EMISSIONS PERMIT
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- Figure 1: Site Location Map
Figure 2: Facility Diagram

APPENDICES:

- Appendix A: Title V Operating Permit Application
- Appendix B: Emission Calculations (Capacity and Actuals)
- Appendix C: Supporting Data
 - Stack Testing Results
 - Mass Balance Spreadsheets (Capacity and Actuals)

1.0 INTRODUCTION

Hercules Incorporated – Hattiesburg Plant (Hercules) is located at 613 West 7th Street in Hattiesburg, Mississippi (see Figure 1 - Site Location Map). Hercules retained the services of Environmental Compliance Services, Inc. (ECS) to prepare the facility's Title V Operating Permit (TVOP) renewal application. The facility's TVOP expires November 1, 2003, and a renewal application is required to be submitted 180 days prior to the permit expiration.

Hercules is a specialty chemical manufacturing facility, which produces various Rosin Derivatives and Paper Chemicals. The facility is divided into two (2) fundamental processing areas – Rosin Derivatives and Paper Chemicals (see Figure 2 - Facility Diagram). The Rosin Derivatives Areas include the Poly-Pale Process Area (AC-000), the Rosin Amine Derivatives (AF-000) and Ethylene Oxide Derivatives (AF-000(EO)) Process Area, the Hard Resins Process Area (AG-000), the Rosin Shed Process Area (AH-000), and the Rosin Distillation Process Area. The Paper Chemicals Areas include the Kymene Process Area (AA-000), the Paracol/AKD Process Area (AB-000), and the Neuphor Process Area (AD-000). Facility process operations generate air pollutant emissions primarily in the form of particulate matter (PM), volatile organic compounds (VOC) and hazardous air pollutants (HAPs), while PM, sulfur dioxide (SO₂), nitrogen oxides (NO_x), carbon monoxide (CO), and VOC are emitted from the facility fuel burning equipment.

This report includes a facility description in Section 2.0; a State and Federal (air) environmental regulatory review in Section 3.0; and an air pollutant emissions inventory, including the methodology used to calculate the emissions in Section 4.0. The State of Mississippi TVOP renewal application and emissions calculations are attached in Appendix A and Appendix B, respectively. For information or inquiries regarding the attached application or supporting documentation, the technical contacts are provided below:

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Environmental Compliance Services, Inc.
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613 West 7th Street
Hattiesburg, Mississippi 39401
(601) 584-3360

2.0 FACILITY DESCRIPTION

Hercules manufactures various Resin and Paper specialty chemicals, and facility operations fall under the Standard Industrial Classification (SIC) codes 2861, 2821, 2869, and 2899. The facility's current maximum production capacity is approximately 3,108,960 pounds per day. As discussed in Section 1.0, the facility is divided into two (2) fundamental chemical processing areas – Paper Chemicals and Rosin Derivatives.

2.1 PAPER CHEMICAL PROCESSES

2.1.1 Kymene Process Area

Kymene products are specialty chemicals used primarily as internal sizing agents in the manufacturing of paper. They are used in consumer paper products, personal care products, paper towels, tissues, and writing and publication paper. Kymenes are water-soluble, low molecular weight, cross-lined polyamine resins. The Kymene Process Area (AA-000) typically produces a variety of Kymene products. The Kymene products are produced in two (2) batch reactors – a 3,000 gallon Polymer reactor and a 5,000 gallon Kymene reactor, which are both vented to a water scrubber (AA-001). Numerous process tanks (raw material tanks, scale tanks, work tanks, and product tanks) associated with the area processes are listed in Section C - Insignificant Activities of the TVOP renewal application. The raw material tanks, scale tanks, and work tanks are used to supply the Kymene reactors. The materials in the reactors are allowed to polymerize at controlled temperatures and concentrations to form water-soluble amine polymers. The finished products are then filtered and pumped to product storage tanks prior to shipping.

Emissions associated with the Kymene process primarily include reactor losses from displacement and thermal expansion; tank losses from raw material and product storage; and fugitive losses from the process equipment. A water scrubber (AA-001) controls VOC and HAP emissions from the reactors, and a dust collector (AA-002) controls PM emissions from the loading of powdered adipic acid to the Polymer reactor.

2.1.2 Paracol/AKD Process Area

Alkyl Ketene Dimer (AKD) dispersions and Wax dispersions are manufactured in the Paracol/AKD Process Area (AB-000). These specialty chemicals are used primarily as internal and surface sizing agents in the manufacturing of paper. AKD and Wax dispersions can be processed continuously. Materials used for the process include both liquid and dry raw materials, and the finished products are stored in product storage tanks and tote bins prior to shipping.

The manufacturing scheme is similar for the production of both AKD and Wax dispersions. A water (soluble) phase is produced, and an organic phase is melted and held at elevated temperatures above the AKD and Wax melting point(s). The two phases are brought together under controlled flows, temperature, and pressure. The emulsion produced is cooled to produce the dispersion and is then transferred to work tanks. The AKD or Wax dispersion is treated with biocide and stabilizing chemicals and corrected to the final solids percentage. The on-grade resin dispersion is either packaged in tote bins or stored in bulk storage for shipping.

Emissions associated with the Paracol/AKD process include tank losses from raw material and product storage; fugitive losses from the equipment; and losses from the AKD melter. The numerous process tanks (raw material tanks, work tanks, and product tanks) associated with the area processes are listed in Section C - Insignificant Activities of the TVOP renewal application. A common vent system water scrubber (AB-001) controls PM and VOC emissions from the dry material loading areas, the melter, and the water phase make-up units.

2.1.3 Neuphor Process Area

The Neuphor Process Area (AD-000) can produce a variety of resin dispersions. Some of the dispersions are used primarily as internal sizing agents in the manufacturing of paper. For example they are used in bleached, unbleached, and recycled boxboard grades and printing and writing paper. Other resin dispersions manufactured in the Neuphor Process Area are used as adhesives, coatings, and binders in diverse industrial applications. The resin dispersions can be continuously produced using both dry and liquid materials. A water phase is produced, and an organic phase is adducted in a reactor and held at elevated temperatures (above the resin melting

point). The two phases are brought together under controlled flow(s), temperature, and pressure to produce an emulsion. The resin emulsion is cooled to produce a resin dispersion and transferred to work tanks to be treated with biocides, stabilizing chemicals, and corrected for final solids count. The on-grade product can be packaged in tote bins or stored in bulk storage tanks prior to shipping.

Emissions associated with the Neuphor Process Area include tank losses from raw material and product storage; fugitive losses from the process equipment; and losses from the Adduct Reactor. A water scrubber and activated carbon absorption system (formerly AD-001) is used to control odor and emissions from the Adduct Reactor. Using the Tanks 4.0 Program and the tank (or reactor) process conditions, pre-control VOC emissions are estimated at less than 1.0 pounds per hour. This information is detailed in a Title V permit modification request to the Mississippi Department of Environmental Quality dated January 22, 2001, which resulted in a TVOP modification on May 23, 2002.

2.2 ROSIN DERIVATIVE PROCESSES

2.2.1 Poly-Pale Process Area

Poly-Pale is manufactured in the Poly-Pale Process Area (AC-000). Poly-Pale can be produced continuously by the acid-catalyzed dimerization of blended resins in a solvent (Toluene) solution. By-products of the Poly-Pale process include Melhi, Pexoil (light ends), and weak acid (~40% H₂SO₄). The gum rosin is de-drummed, melted in the Rosin Melter (AC-004), and stored in a heated bulk storage tank. The gum rosin is blended with a higher grade resin, received by railcar, prior to being processed. The process consists of rosin-solvent mixing; polymerization; separation; hydrolysis; decomposition; washing (residual acidity removal); solvent evaporation; heat treatment (bleaching); and product storage and plant transfer. As a result of the evaporation process, the solvent is recaptured and reused in the process.

Emissions associated with the Poly-Pale Process Area include losses resulting from displacement and thermal expansion; tank losses from raw material and product storage; fugitive losses from the process equipment; and losses from the Rosin Melter. Two common vent systems with water scrubbers are used to control sulfur oxides (SO_x), VOC, and HAP (Toluene) emissions from the

process equipment. Approximately one-half of the process equipment is vented to the West water scrubber (AC-002), while other process equipment vents to the East water scrubber (AC-003).

2.2.2 Rosin Amine Derivatives (RAD) Process Area

The Rosin Amine Derivatives Process Area (AF-000) produces Rosin Amine Derivatives (RAD) and the Ethylene Oxide Derivatives Process Area (AF-000(EO)) produces Ethylene Oxide Derivatives (EOD). RAD includes the production of specialty chemicals such as Amines and Amine Acetates, while EOD specialty chemical production includes Polyrads and Surfactants. These specialty chemicals are used primarily as corrosion inhibitors for various industrial applications such as hydrochloric acid and petroleum refining equipment. The detergent properties of these products aid in loosening and dispersing scale.

RAD products are produced using the following manufacturing processes: rosin ammoniation in the presence of a metal catalyst to produce crude Nitrile; batch distillation of crude Nitrile to produce distilled Nitrile; hydrogenation of distilled Nitrile in the presence of a metal catalyst to produce Amine; and various blending operations to produce Amine Acetates. EOD are produced by reacting Ethylene Oxide (EO) with various feed resins and various blending operations.

Emissions associated with the Rosin Amine Derivative Process Area include reactor losses; tank losses from raw material and product storage; and fugitive losses from process equipment. A water scrubber (AF-002) is used to control ammonia emissions from the RAD ammoniation reactor vent for reasons of personnel safety. The EO reactor vent, storage tank, and process lines vent to the EO scrubber (AF-004(EO)), which uses sulfuric acid as a circulating media to convert EO to Ethylene Glycol. The numerous process tanks (raw material tanks, work tanks, and product tanks) associated with the area processes are listed in Section C - Insignificant Activities of the TVOP renewal application.

2.2.3 Hard Resins Process Area

Several resin derivatives are produced in the Hard Resins Process Area (AG-000). The area produces products, primarily simple esters, in five (5) batch kettle reactors. Hard Resins

products are used in many diverse and varied industrial and food-grade applications, such as adhesives and chewing gum. The esterification reaction is assisted by the use of a catalyst and the addition of antioxidants. The kettles allow feed resins and other essential materials, such as glycerine, to react under specified and controlled conditions to produce a variety of desired products. Feed resins and other raw materials are stored in bulk storage tanks, drums, or bags. The process tanks (raw material tanks, work tanks, and product tanks) associated with the area are listed in Section C - Insignificant Activities of the TVOP renewal application. The finished products are either shipped in bulk, drummed, or flaked and bagged on one of the three flaking belts. The flaking belts allow the molten product from the reactor to cool and harden prior to arriving at the flaking hopper and the bagging machines.

Emissions associated with the Hard Resins Process Area include kettle (reactor) losses from displacement and thermal expansion; tank losses from raw material and product storage; flaking and packaging; and fugitive losses from the process equipment. The kettles are vented to a water scrubber (AG-003) to control VOC emissions. The water scrubber is also used to control VOC emissions from the “hot” end of the flaking belts where the molten product is poured onto the belts. The “cold” end of the flaking belts, primarily the flaking hopper, is vented to a dust collector (AG-005) to control PM emissions.

2.2.4 Rosin Shed Process Area

The Rosin Shed Process Area (AH-000) is used to drum a variety of resins. The area contains a drumming station, bulk loading station, and bulk storage tanks (tanks listed in Section C – Insignificant Activities). The drumming occurs under a metal storage building. Raw material feed resins are stored in bulk for other facility process areas, and finished products can be drummed and bulk shipped from this process area.

Emissions associated with the Rosin Shed Process Area include tank losses from raw material and product storage and fugitive losses from the drumming and loading operations.

2.2.5 Rosin Distillation Process Area

The Rosin Distillation Process Area (AJ-000) contains a distillation column used to refine the feed resin into various grades of resin derivatives. The resin derivatives produced from the still can be distributed as final products or further processed in the Hard Resins Process Area. The still operates under vacuum with no direct stack emissions; however, the potential for fugitive emissions associated with the process do exist. Losses from raw material and product storage tanks (listed in Section C – Insignificant Activities) also occur in this process area.

2.3 POWER HOUSE AND EFFLUENT TREATMENT AREAS

The Power House produces steam, service water, air, and nitrogen for the entire facility. Steam is generated by two (2) package boilers. Boiler #5 (AM-001) has a rated capacity of 156 MMBTU/hr, and Boiler #6 (AM-002) has a rated capacity of 65 MMBTU/hr. The boilers currently combust natural gas; however, they have the potential to burn #2 fuel oil and #6 fuel oil. Emissions from the boilers include PM, SO₂, NO_x, CO, VOC, and HAP emissions associated with the combustion of natural gas and the potential combustion of fuel oil.

The facility's Effluent Treatment Area (AN-000) consists of wastewater equalization, solids removal, pH adjustment, and oils separation. Emissions associated with the area include fugitive VOC and HAP (e.g., toluene) losses from the facility's wastewater.

3.0 APPLICABLE AIR REGULATIONS

Hercules has the potential to emit criteria air pollutants (PM, SO₂, NO_x, CO, and VOC) in excess of 100 tons per year, any one HAP in excess of 10 tons per year, and total HAPs in excess of 25 tons per year. Therefore, the facility is subject to the Title V (Air) Major Source Program, and must submit an *Application for a Title V Air Pollution Control Permit to Operate Air Emissions Equipment* in accordance with the requirements of 40 CFR Part 70 and Mississippi Air Regulation APC-S-6.

Hercules was issued a Title V Operating Permit on November 13, 1998, and the permit expires on November 1, 2003. In accordance with Title V Operating Permit No. 0800-00001, Section 1.16, a renewal application must be submitted within 180 days prior to the permit expiration date. As a result of the above referenced information and in accordance with Mississippi Air Regulations, a complete TVOP Renewal Application is included in Appendix A.

3.1 Particulate Matter

No source is allowed to emit particulate matter (PM) such that the opacity exceeds forty percent (40%). However, during startup operations the source may exceed the 40% opacity requirement for up to 15 minutes per startup in any one hour, not to exceed three (3) per 24-hour period. (APC-S-1, Section 3.1 & 3.2).

Fuel burning equipment with a rated capacity less than 10 MMBTU/hr shall not exceed PM emissions of 0.6 lbs/10⁶ BTU (Section 3.4(a)(1)). Fuel burning equipment with a rated capacity of 10 MMBTU/hr to 10,000 MMBTU/hr shall not exceed PM emissions as determined by the relationship $E = 0.8808 * I^{0.1667}$, where E is the emission rate in lbs/10⁶ BTU and I is the heat input in MMBTU/hr (Section 3.4(a)(2)). The facility currently operates two (2) boilers, AM-001 and AM-002, with a rated capacity greater than 10 MMBTU/hr and six (6) units with a rated capacity less than 10 MMBTU/hr.

Manufacturing processes are subject to an hourly PM emission limitation equal to $E = 4.1 * p^{0.67}$, where p is the process throughput weight in tons per hour and E is the allowable PM emission rate in pounds per hour (Section 3.6(a)). Manufacturing processes at the facility subject to the standard include Emission Points AA-002, AB-001, AC-004, and AG-005 (see TVOP Application, Section N).

3.2 Sulfur Dioxides

Fuel burning equipment shall not exceed an SO₂ emission rate of 4.8 lbs/10⁶ BTU (APC-S-1, Section 4.1(a)). The facility operates eight (8) units, including AM-001 and AM-002, subject to the standard.

Manufacturing processes shall emit gases containing sulfur oxides (SO_x) at a rate in excess of 2000 parts per million (Section 4.2(a)). Manufacturing processes at the facility subject to the standard include Emission Points AC-002 and AC-003 (see TVOP Application, Section N).

3.3 Prevention of Significant Deterioration

In accordance with 40 CFR Part 52 and Mississippi Air Regulations APC-S-5, any facility with a potential to emit greater than or equal to 250 tons per year of any regulated air pollutant will be classified as a major air emissions source with respect to the Prevention of Significant Deterioration (PSD) regulations. The regulations also list 28 specific industrial categories where the PSD emission threshold is reduced to 100 tons per year for any regulated pollutant.

Hercules (Hattiesburg Plant) is a chemical processing plant and is listed as one of the 28 industrial categories. Since facility emissions are above the 100 tons per year threshold identified above, the facility is a major source with respect to PSD, and future “significant” facility modifications will require a more detailed permitting process known as New Source Review (NSR).

3.4 New Source Performance Standards

New Source Performance Standards (NSPS) were promulgated to govern the emissions of specific sources of air pollutants modified, constructed, or reconstructed after the applicability dates of the regulations. The NSPS regulations are documented in 40 CFR Part 60.

Volatile organic liquid storage vessels with a capacity greater than 10,560 gallons and installed or modified after July 23, 1984, are subject to the NSPS, 40 CFR 60, Subpart Kb – Standards of Performance for Volatile Organic Liquid Storage Vessels. The storage vessels subject to Subpart Kb are identified in Section C – Insignificant Activities (Tanks List) of the Title V permit renewal application. In order to comply with Subpart Kb, the facility maintains records of the applicable tank dimensions and tank capacities on-site.

Industrial steam generating units with a rated capacity equal to or greater than 10 MMBTU/hr, but less than 100 MMBTU/hr, and installed, modified, or reconstructed after June 9, 1989, are subject to NSPS, 40 CFR 60, Subpart Dc – Standards of Performance for Small Industrial, Commercial, and Institutional Steam Generating Units. Industrial steam generating units with a rated capacity equal to or greater than 100 MMBTU/hr and installed, modified, or reconstructed after June 19, 1984, are subject to NSPS, 40 CFR 60, Subpart Db – Standards of Performance for Industrial, Commercial, and Institutional Steam Generating Units. Two (2) units at the facility meet the sizing criteria; however, the 156 MMBTU/hr package boiler (AM-001) was constructed prior to 1977, and the 56 MMBTU/hr package boiler (AM-002) was constructed in 1986. Therefore, the units do not meet the NSPS applicability requirements for Subpart Db or Dc.

3.5 National Emissions Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants

National Emission Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants (NESHAP) are being promulgated to govern the emissions of certain hazardous air pollutants. The NESHAP regulations are documented in 40 CFR Part 61 and 63.

Based on the facility's current operations, Hercules is subject to NESHAP, 40 CFR 63, Subpart W – Standards for Epoxy Resins Production and Non-Nylon Polyamides Production and Subpart PPP – Standards for Polyether Polyols Production. The Kymene Process Area (AA-000) is subject to Subpart W, and the HAP of concern is Epichlorohydrin. The area complies with the standard by developing and implementing a Startup, Shutdown, and Malfunction (SSM) Plan and utilizing Leak Detection and Repair (LDAR) methodology as detailed in 40 CFR 63, Subpart H. The LDAR monitoring method, monitoring schedule, and defined leak definition concentrations are specified in the applicable regulation(s) and listed in Section N of the TVOP renewal application.

The EOD Process Area (AF-000(EO)) is subject to Subpart PPP, and the HAP of concern is Ethylene Oxide. Again, area complies with the standard by developing and implementing a Startup, Shutdown, and Malfunction (SSM) Plan and utilizing Leak Detection and Repair (LDAR) methodology as detailed in 40 CFR 63, Subpart H. The LDAR monitoring method, monitoring schedule, and defined leak definition concentrations are specified in the applicable regulation(s) and listed in Section N of the TVOP renewal application. In accordance with Subpart PPP, the facility will also achieve an aggregated 98% reduction of EO emissions and comply with specific monitoring, recordkeeping, and reporting requirements. The facility uses a

scrubber (with circulating sulfuric acid) to comply with the required EO reduction efficiency, and the scrubbing liquid flow rate and pH are monitored on a continuous basis to ensure compliance.

3.6 Nonattainment Provisions

Geographic areas determined to be non-compliant with the National Ambient Air Quality Standards (NAAQS) for any criteria air pollutant for which a standard has been set are classified as Nonattainment Areas. Hattiesburg, as well as Forrest County, are not currently located in an area identified as in nonattainment with any NAAQS. Therefore, the nonattainment provisions are not expected to have an impact on the Hattiesburg Plant.

4.0 EMISSION INVENTORY

An air emissions inventory has been compiled to quantify potential uncontrolled (and/or allowable) emissions and estimated actual emissions of regulated air pollutants at the Hercules facility. A summary of the facility emissions calculations are presented in Appendix B. The emissions calculations include a description of the pollutants emitted and the methodology used to quantify the emissions.

4.1 Fuel Burning Equipment

The facility operates eight (8) fuel burning units fired with natural gas, but some units have the capability to combust fuel oil. The fuel burning emission calculations are based on AP-42, Compilation of Air Pollutant Emission Factors (AP-42) in Section 1.3 and 1.4 to determine both potential uncontrolled and estimated actual emissions of PM, NO_x, SO₂, CO, VOC, and HAPs.

Fuel burning equipment is subject to Mississippi Air Regulations APC-S-1, Section 3.4(a)(1) & (2) for PM emissions and 4.1(a) for SO₂ emissions. Fuel burning equipment with a rated capacity of less than 10 MMBTU/hr shall not exceed PM emissions of 0.6 lbs/10⁶ BTU, and equipment with a capacity of 10 MMBTU/hr to 10,000 MMBTU/hr shall not exceed PM emissions as determined by $E = 0.8808 * I^{-0.1667}$. The maximum discharge of SO₂ emissions from fuel burning equipment is 4.8 lbs/10⁶ BTU.

4.2 Manufacturing Processes

The facility manufacturing processes are detailed in Section 2.0 of this report, and the corresponding emissions calculations are attached in Appendix B. The emissions inventory addresses both point source and fugitive air emissions. The process area point source emissions were estimated using stack test performance data, mass balance spreadsheets developed by the Hattiesburg Plant, applicable regulatory requirements, and AP-42 emissions factors. The fugitive emissions from the various process areas were calculated using Synthetic Organic Chemical Manufacturing Industry (SOCMI) emission factors, mass balance spreadsheets, applicable regulatory requirements, and engineering estimates. The supporting information used to develop the emissions inventory is attached in Appendix C, and the manufacturing process areas applicable regulatory requirements are discussed in Section 3.0.

4.3 Volatile Organic Liquid Storage Vessel Emissions

The facility storage vessels are listed in Section C (Tanks List) of the TVOP renewal application. The tanks list identifies the tank identification number; the contents of the tank; the tank material of construction; the date the tank was constructed, modified, or reconstructed; and an NSPS Subpart Kb applicability determination. The EPA Tanks 4.0 Program was utilized to determine air pollutant emissions from the breathing and working losses associated with the “worst case” storage vessels. Based on the results, no vessel at the facility that vents directly to the atmosphere has the potential to emit more than 1.0 pounds per hour of VOC emissions or 0.1 pounds per hour of a HAP. The insignificant air pollutant emissions generated from the facility tanks are estimated using calculation spreadsheets developed by the Hattiesburg Plant and based on the equations used in the Tanks 4.0 Program. The data is provided in Appendix C and summarized in the emissions inventory presented in Appendix B.

4.4 Insignificant Activities

A list of fuel burning equipment, manufacturing process equipment, storage tanks, and other facility equipment or processes that meet the requirements of an insignificant activity (APC-S-6, Section VII.A-D) are listed in Section C of the TVOP renewal application.

4.5 Emissions Summary

The Hattiesburg Plant's potential and/or regulatory allowable emissions and the estimated actual emissions are quantified below. The emissions inventory and supporting information is presented in Appendix B and C of this report, respectively.

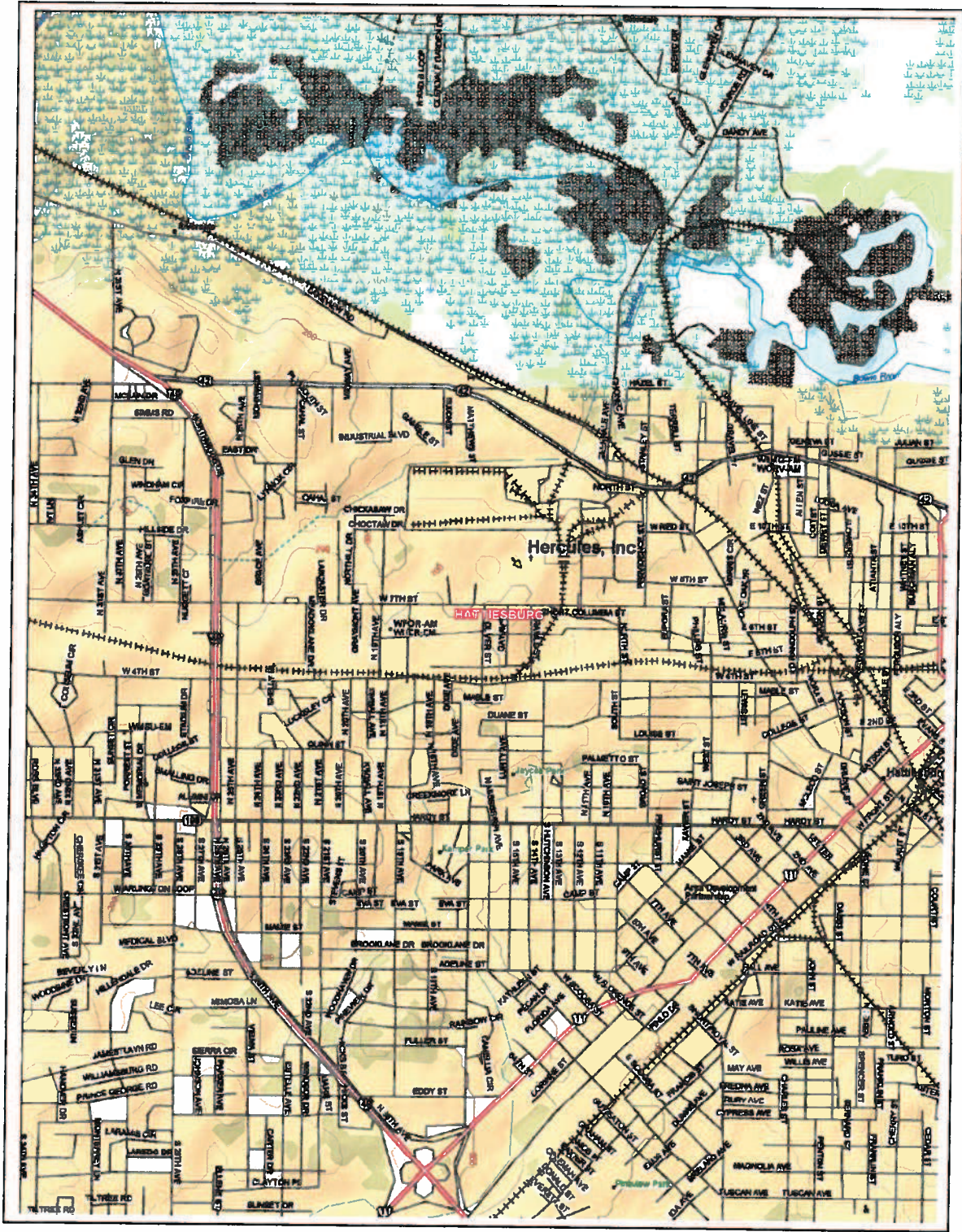
Pollutant	Potential/Allowable Emissions (TPY)	Actual Emissions (TPY)
PM	266.90	12.68
SO ₂	2033.78	0.21
NO _x	331.54	58.90
CO	90.24	19.56
VOC	587.76	252.68
Total HAPs	366.56	169.91
Toluene	342.10	167.02
Epichlorohydrin	12.62	1.91
Ethylene Oxide	9.48	0.59
Chloride*	2.38	0.00
Hexane	1.71	0.39
Nickel	0.58	0.00
Formaldehyde	0.07	0.00

*Chloride is a metal compound that is not a listed HAP.



FIGURES

**FIGURE 1
SITE LOCATION MAP**



7.5' Topographical Map - Hattiesburg (MS) Quadrangle - 1982



Legend:

Hercules Incorporated – Hattiesburg Plant
 613 West 7th Street
 Hattiesburg, Mississippi 39401
 Figure 1 – Site Location Map
 Date: 04/10/03 Project No.: HER.001



**FIGURE 2
FACILITY DIAGRAM**



APPENDICES

APPENDIX A
TITLE V OPERATING PERMIT APPLICATION



FOR OFFICIAL USE ONLY

APPLICATION RECEIPT

DATE: _____

APPLICATION NO.: _____

FOR MODIFICATION:

MINOR _____

SIGNIFICANT _____

**STATE OF MISSISSIPPI
DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL QUALITY
OFFICE OF POLLUTION CONTROL
AIR DIVISION
P.O. BOX 10385
JACKSON, MS. 39289-0385
PHONE NO.: (601) 961 - 5171**

**APPLICATION FOR TITLE V
AIR POLLUTION CONTROL PERMIT
TO OPERATE AIR EMISSIONS EQUIPMENT**

PERMITTING ACTIVITY:

_____ INITIAL APPLICATION
_____ MODIFICATION
 X RENEWAL OF OPERATING PERMIT

NAME: HERCULES, INC.
CITY: HATTIESBURG, MISSISSIPPI
COUNTY: FORREST
FACILITY No. (if known): 0800-00001

**APPLICATION FOR TITLE V PERMIT TO
OPERATE AIR EMISSIONS EQUIPMENT**

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Coating, Solvent Usage and/or Degreasing Operations	F
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Concrete Plants	K
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Compliance Demonstration	M
Current Emissions Status	N
Compliance Certification	O

OPERATING PERMIT APPLICATION REQUIREMENTS

All applications must be submitted on the form supplied by the Permit Board. Trivial activities as listed in Attachment A are presumed to emit less than 1 pound per hour of a pollutant that is not a hazardous air pollutant and less than 0.1 pound per hour of any hazardous air pollutant; these activities need not be reported in the application. Insignificant activities which are specified in Section VII.A. of Regulation APC-S-6 and listed herein also need not be included. For insignificant activities which are specified in Section VII.B. of Regulation APC-S-6, a list must be included in the application. An application may not omit information needed to determine the applicability of, or to impose, any applicable requirement, or to evaluate the fee amount required under the schedule pursuant to Section VI. of Regulation APC-S-6. The forms and attachments shall include the elements specified as follows:

- A. Identifying information, including company name and address (or plant name and address if different from the company name), owner's name and agent, and telephone number and names of plant site manager/contact;
- B. A description of the source's process and products by Standard Industrial Classification Code including any associated with any alternate scenario identified by the source;
- C. Emission-related information as follows:
 1. A qualitative description of all emissions units, including those not subject to applicable requirements but not those omitted under trivial or insignificant activities provisions;
 2. A description of all emissions of pollutants for which the source is major and of all emissions of regulated air pollutants sufficient to determine or verify major source status, to determine or verify applicability of and compliance with applicable requirements, and to assess and collect permit fees, if the emissions basis for fees has not been previously determined. Fugitive emissions from individual components within a facility may be determined collectively based on their relationship to the associated process unless individual emission rates are needed to determine the applicability of an applicable requirement such as NSPS, NESHAPS, a MACT standard, etc. or to determine air quality impacts. Similarly, where individual components or units with a facility may be classified into a generic group due to the commonality of applicable requirements and /or the nature of operation, stack emissions may be determined collectively for the group unless individual emission rates are needed to determine applicability of an applicable requirement or to determine air quality impacts;
 3. For each pollutant and emissions unit which is regulated, emission rates in TPY and in such terms as are necessary to establish compliance consistent with the applicable standard reference test method, except that, for pollutants and units which have no applicable requirements expressed in emission rate terms, emission rate quantification may be omitted;
 4. To the extent it is needed to determine or regulate emissions, the information that follows: fuels, fuel use, raw materials, production rates, and operating schedules;
 5. Identification and description of air pollution control equipment and compliance monitoring devices or activities;
 6. Limitations on source operation affecting emissions or any work practice standards, where applicable, for all regulated pollutants at the Title V source;
 7. Other information required by any applicable requirement (including information related to stack height limitations developed pursuant to Section 123 of the Federal Act); and

8. Calculations on which the information requested in this section is based.

D. Air pollution control requirements as follows:

1. Citation and description of all applicable requirements, and
2. Description of or reference to any applicable test method for determining compliance with each applicable requirement;

E. Other specific information that may be necessary to implement and enforce other applicable requirements of the Federal Act or of these regulations or to determine the applicability of such requirements;

F. An explanation of any proposed exemptions from otherwise applicable requirements;

G. Additional information as determined to be necessary by the Permit Board to define alternative operating scenarios identified by the source pursuant to Section III.A.9. of Regulation APC-S-6 or to define permit terms and conditions implementing 40 CFR 70.4(b)(12) or Section III.A.10. of Regulation APC-S-6;

H. A compliance plan for all Title V sources that contains all of the following:

1. A description of the compliance status of the source with respect to all applicable requirements;
2. A description as follows:
 - a. For applicable requirements with which the source is in compliance, a statement that the source will continue to comply with such requirements;
 - b. For applicable requirements that will become effective during the permit term, a statement that the source will meet such requirements on a timely basis;
 - c. For requirements for which the source is not in compliance at the time of permit issuance, a narrative description of how the source will achieve compliance with such requirements;
3. A compliance schedule as follows:
 - a. For applicable requirements with which the source is in compliance, a statement that the source will continue to comply with such requirements;
 - b. For applicable requirements that will become effective during the permit term, a statement that the source will meet such requirements on a timely basis. A statement that the source will meet in a timely manner applicable requirements that become effective during the permit term shall satisfy this provision, unless a more detailed schedule is expressly required by the applicable requirements;
 - c. A schedule of compliance for sources that are not in compliance with all applicable requirements at the time of permit issuance. Such a schedule shall include a schedule or remedial measures, including an enforceable sequence of actions with milestones, leading to compliance with any applicable requirements for which the source will be in noncompliance at the time of permit issuance. This compliance schedule shall resemble and be at least as stringent as that contained in any judicial consent decree or administrative order to which the source is subject. Any such schedule of compliance shall be supplemental to,

and shall not sanction noncompliance with, the applicable requirements on which it is based;

4. A schedule for submission of certified progress reports, to be submitted no less frequently than every 6 months for sources required to have a schedule of compliance to remedy a violation;
5. The compliance plan content requirements specified in this paragraph shall apply and be included in the acid rain portion of a compliance plan for an affected source, except as specifically superseded by regulations promulgated under Title IV of the Federal Act with regard to the schedule and method(s) the source will use to achieve compliance with the acid rain emissions limitations;

I. Requirements for compliance certification, including the following:

1. A certification of compliance with all applicable requirements by a responsible official consistent with Section II.E of Regulation APC-S-6 and Section 114(a)(3) of the Federal Act;
2. A statement of methods used for determining compliance, including a description of monitoring, recordkeeping, and reporting requirements and test methods;
3. A schedule for submission of compliance certifications during the permit term, to be submitted no less frequently than annually, or more frequently if specified by the underlying applicable requirement or by the Permit Board;
4. A statement indicating the sources compliance status with any applicable enhanced monitoring and compliance certification requirements of the Federal Act; and

J. The use of nationally-standardized forms for acid rain portions of permit applications and compliance plans, as required by regulations promulgated under Title IV of the Federal Act.

INSIGNIFICANT ACTIVITIES AND EMISSIONS

- I. The following activities/emissions sources are not required to be included in a Title V permit application:
 - A. New or modified pilot plants, subject to temporary source regulations located in Section III.E. of regulation APC-S-6.
 - B. Maintenance and upkeep:
 1. Maintenance, structural changes, or repairs which do not change the capacity of such process, fuel-burning, refuse-burning, or control equipment, and do not involve any change in quality, nature, or quantity of potential emissions of any regulated air pollutants; and
 2. Housekeeping activities or building maintenance procedures;
 - C. Air conditioning or ventilation: comfort air conditioning or comfort ventilating systems which do not transport, remove, or exhaust regulated air pollutants to the atmosphere;
 - D. Laboratory equipment:
 1. Laboratory equipment used exclusively for chemical or physical analysis for quality control or environmental monitoring purposes; or
 2. Non-production laboratory equipment used at non-profit health or non-profit educational institutions for chemical or physical analyses, bench scale experimentation or training, or instruction;
 - E. Hot water heaters which are used for domestic purposes only and are not used to heat process water;
 - F. Fuel use related to food preparation by a restaurant, cafeteria, residential cooker or barbecue grill where the products are intended for human consumption;
 - G. Clerical activities such as operating copy machines and document printers, except operation of such units on a commercial basis;
 - H. Hand held equipment used for buffing, polishing, carving, cutting, drilling, machining, routing, sanding, sawing, surface grinding, or turning of ceramic art work, precision parts, leather, metals, plastics, fiber board, masonry, carbon, glass, or wood;
 - I. Equipment for washing or drying fabricated glass or metal products, if no VOCs are used in the process and no oil or solid fuel is burned;
 - J. Water cooling towers (except at nuclear power plants); water treatment systems for process cooling water or boiler feed water; and water tanks, reservoirs, or other water containers not used in direct contact with gaseous or liquid process streams containing carbon compounds, sulfur compounds, halogens or halogen compounds, cyanide compounds, inorganic acids, or acid gases;
 - K. Domestic sewage treatment facilities (excluding combustion or incineration equipment, land farms, storage silos for dry material, or grease trap waste handling or treatment facilities);
 - L. Stacks or vents to prevent escape of sewer gases through plumbing traps;

- M. Vacuum cleaning systems for housekeeping, except at a source with hazardous air pollutants;
- N. Alkaline/phosphate washers and associated cleaners and burners;
- O. Mobile sources;
- P. Livestock and poultry feedlots and associated fuel burning equipment other than incinerators;
- Q. Outdoor kerosene heaters;
- R. Equipment used for hydraulic or hydrostatic testing;
- S. Safety devices, excluding those with continuous emissions; and
- T. Brazing, soldering, or welding equipment that is used intermittently or in a non-continuous mode.

II. The following activities/emissions sources must be listed in the application but emissions from these activities do not have to be quantified.

- A. All gas fired, #2 oil fired, infrared, electric ovens with no emissions other than products of fuel combustion;
- B. Combustion units with rated input capacity less than 10 million Btu/hr that are fueled by:
 1. Liquified petroleum gas or natural gas supplied by a public utility; or
 2. Commercial fuel oil #2 or lighter;
- C. Equipment used for inspection of metal products;
- D. Equipment used exclusively for forging, pressing, drawing, spinning, or extruding metals;
- E. Equipment used exclusively to mill or grind coatings and molding compounds where all materials charged are in paste form;
- F. Mixers, blenders, roll mills, or calendars for rubber or plastics for which no materials in powder form are added and in which no organic solvents, diluents, or thinners are used;
- G. All storage tanks used exclusively to store fuel oils, kerosene, diesel, jet fuel, crude oil, natural gas, or liquified petroleum gas (the application must list the size of the tank, date constructed and/or modified, type tank, and material stored);
- H. Space heaters utilizing natural or LPG gas and used exclusively for space heating;
- I. Back-up or emergency use generators, boilers or other fuel burning equipment which is of equal or smaller capacity than normal main operating equipment, cannot be used in conjunction with normal main operating equipment, and does not emit, have or cause the potential to emit of any regulated air pollutant to increase;
- J. Blast cleaning equipment using a suspension of abrasives in water;
- K. Die casting machines;
- L. Foundry sand mold forming equipment to which no heat is applied and from which no organics are emitted.

- M. Bark and wood - waste storage and handling;
- N. Log wetting areas;
- P. Log flumes;
- Q. Sodium hydrosulfide storage tank;
- R. Smelt dissolving tank view ports;
- S. Spout cooling water storage;
- T. Effluent drains;
- U. White water chest;
- V. Repupler vents;
- W. Clay storage tank;
- X. Alum storage tank;
- Y. Starch storage tank;
- Z. Steam vents and leaks;
- AA. Deaerator vents;
- AB. Mill air and instrument air system;
- AC. Demineralizer water storage tank;
- AD. Acid storage tank;
- AE. Process water tank;
- AF. Air purification system vents;
- AG. Effluent neutralizing tank/system;
- AH. Dregs washer;
- AI. Lime silo;
- AJ. Lime mud mix tank;
- AK. H₂O₂ storage tank;
- AL. Green liquor tank; and
- AM. Tall oil storage tank.

III. Notwithstanding I. and II. above, the applicant shall include all emissions sources and quantify emissions if needed to determine major source status, to determine compliance with an applicable requirement and/or the applicability of any applicable requirement such as NSPS, NESHAP, MACT standard, etc. as such term

is defined in Section I. of Regulation APC-S-6 or collect any permit fee owed under the approved fee scheduled.

- IV. Notwithstanding I. and II. above, the applicant shall include all emission sources with a potential to emit:
1. greater than 1 pound per hour of any regulated pollutant that is not a hazardous air pollutant;
 2. greater than 0.1 pound per hour of any hazardous air pollutant.
- V. The permittee does not have to report the addition of any insignificant activity listed in Section I. above unless the addition is a Title I modification or requires a permit to construct. If a Title I permit or a Permit to Construct is required, then the modification procedures outlined in Section IV.E. of Regulation APC-S-6 shall be followed.
- VI. The addition of any insignificant activity listed in Section II. above, shall be handled as an administrative amendment as defined in Section IV.D. of Regulation APC-S-6 unless the addition is a Title I modification or requires a Permit to Construct. If a Title I permit or Permit to Construct is required, then the modification procedures outlined in Section IV.E. of Regulation APC-S-6 shall be followed.

REGULATED AIR POLLUTANTS

Total suspended particulate matter	Hydrochlorofluorocarbon-21
PM ₁₀	Hydrochlorofluorocarbon-22
Sulfur dioxide	Hydrochlorofluorocarbon-31
Nitrogen oxides	Hydrochlorofluorocarbon-121
Carbon monoxide	Hydrochlorofluorocarbon-122
Volatile organic compounds(see note 1)	Hydrochlorofluorocarbon-123
Lead	Hydrochlorofluorocarbon-124
Dioxin/Furan	Hydrochlorofluorocarbon-131
Fluorides	Hydrochlorofluorocarbon-132
Hydrogen chloride	Hydrochlorofluorocarbon-133
Hydrogen sulfide	Hydrochlorofluorocarbon-141
Sulfuric acid mist	Hydrochlorofluorocarbon-142
Total reduced sulfur	Hydrochlorofluorocarbon-221
Reduced sulfur compounds	Hydrochlorofluorocarbon-222
Arsenic	Hydrochlorofluorocarbon-223
Asbestos	Hydrochlorofluorocarbon-224
Beryllium	Hydrochlorofluorocarbon-225
Benzene	Hydrochlorofluorocarbon-226
Mercury	Hydrochlorofluorocarbon-231
Radionuclides	Hydrochlorofluorocarbon-232
Vinyl chloride	Hydrochlorofluorocarbon-233
Carbon tetrachloride	Hydrochlorofluorocarbon-234
Chlorofluorocarbon-11	Hydrochlorofluorocarbon-235
Chlorofluorocarbon-12	Hydrochlorofluorocarbon-241
Chlorofluorocarbon-13	Hydrochlorofluorocarbon-242
Chlorofluorocarbon-111	Hydrochlorofluorocarbon-243
Chlorofluorocarbon-112	Hydrochlorofluorocarbon-244
Chlorofluorocarbon-113	Hydrochlorofluorocarbon-251
Chlorofluorocarbon-114	Hydrochlorofluorocarbon-252
Chlorofluorocarbon-115	Hydrochlorofluorocarbon-253
Chlorofluorocarbon-211	Hydrochlorofluorocarbon-261
Chlorofluorocarbon-212	Hydrochlorofluorocarbon-262
Chlorofluorocarbon-213	Hydrochlorofluorocarbon-271
Chlorofluorocarbon-214	Halon-1211
Chlorofluorocarbon-215	Halon-1301
Chlorofluorocarbon-216	Halon-2402
Chlorofluorocarbon-217	Methyl chloroform

Note 1 - Volatile organic compounds (VOC) includes any compound of carbon, excluding carbon monoxide, carbonic acid, metallic carbides or carbonates and ammonium carbonate, which participates in atmospheric photochemical reactions. This includes any such organic compound other than the following which have been determined to have negligible photochemical reactivity: Methane; ethane; methylene chloride; 1,1,1-trichloroethane; CFC-113; CFC-11;CFC-12; CFC-22; FC-23; CFC-114; CFC-115; HCFC-123; HFC-134a; HCFC-141b; HCFC-142b; HCFC-124; HFC-125; HFC-134; HFC-143a; HFC-153a; and perfluorocarbon compounds which fall into these classes: (i) Cyclic, branched, or linear, completely fluorinated alkanes; (ii) Cyclic, benched, or linear, completely fluorinated ethers with no unsaturations; (iii) Cyclic, branched, or linear completely fluorinated tertiary amines with no unsaturations; and (iv) Sulfur containing perfluorocarbons with no unsaturations and with sulfur bonds only to carbon and fluorine. **For the purposes of this application hazardous air pollutants that are volatile organic compounds should be included as VOCs for reflection of total VOCs from the facility but need to be identified separately as well.**

HAZARDOUS AIR POLLUTANTS

<u>CAS No.</u>	<u>CHEMICAL NAME</u>
75070	Acetaldehyde
60355	Acetamide
75058	Acetonitrile
98862	Acetophenone
53963	Acetylaminofluorene(2)
107028	Acrolein
79061	Acrylamide
79107	Acrylic Acid
107131	Acrylonitrile
107051	Allyl Chloride
92671	Aminodipheyl(4)
62533	Aniline
90040	Anisidine(o)
7440360	Antimony Compounds
7440382	Arsenic Compounds (inorganic including arsine)
1332214	Asbestos
71432	Benzene
92875	Benzidine
98077	Benzotrichloride
100447	Benzyl Chloride
7440417	Beryllium Compounds
192524	Biphenyl
117817	Bis(2-ethylhexyl)phthalate(DEHP) (Diocetyl Phthalate)
542881	Bis(chloromethyl)ether
75252	Bromoform
106990	Butadiene(1,3)
7440439	Cadmium Compounds
156627	Calcium Cyanamide
105602	Caprolactam
133062	Captan
63252	Carbaryl
75150	Carbon Disulfide
56235	Carbon Tetrachloride
463581	Carbonyl Sulfide
120809	Catechol
133904	Chloramben
57749	Chlordane
7782505	Chlorine
79118	Chloroacetic Acid
532274	Chloroacetophenone(2)
108907	Chlorobenzene
510156	Chlorobenzinate
67663	Chloroform
107302	Chloromethyl methyl ether
126998	Chloroprene (Neoprene; 2-Chloro-1,3-Butadiene)
7440473	Chromium Compounds (IV)
10210681	Cobalt Carbonyl (as Co)
7440484	Cobalt Compounds (metal, dust, and fumes as Co)
16842038	Cobalt Hydrocarbonyl (as Co)

HAZARDOUS AIR POLLUTANTS

<u>CAS No.</u>	<u>CHEMICAL NAME</u>
65996818A	Coke Oven Emissions
1319773	Cresols/Cresylic acid
108394	Cresol(m)
95487	Cresol(o)
106445	Cresol(p)
98828	Cumene (Isopropylbenzene)
---	Cyanide Compounds (NOTE # 1)
3547044	DDE
334883	Diazomethane
132649	Dibenzofurans
96128	Dibromo-3-chloropropane(1,2)
84742	Dibutylphthalate
106467	Dichlorobenzene(1,4)(p)
91941	Dichlorobenzidene(3,3)
111444	Dichloroethyl ether (Bis(2-chloroethyl)ether)
542756	Dichloropropene(1,3)
62737	Dichlorvos
111422	Diethanolamine
121697	Diethyl aniline (N,N) (dimethylaniline (N,N))
64675	Diethyl Sulfate
119904	Dimethoxybenzidine(3,3')
60117	4 - Dimethyl aminoazobenzene
119937	Dimethyl benzidine (3,3')
79447	Dimethyl carbamoyl chloride
68122	Dimethyl formamide
57147	Dimethyl hydrazine(1,1)
131113	Dimethyl phthalate
77781	Dimethyl sulfate
534521	Dinitro-o-cresol(4,6), and salts
51285	Dinitrophenol(2,4)
121142	Dinitrotoluene(2,4)
123911	Dioxane(1,4) (1,4-diethyleneoxide)
122667	Diphenylhydrazine(1,2)
94757	d(2,4), salts and esters
106898	Epichlorohydrin (Chloro-2,3-epoxypropane(1))
106887	Epoxybutane(1,2) (1,2-Butylene oxide)
140885	Ethyl acrylate
100414	Ethyl benzene
51796	Ethyl carbamate (Urethane)
75003	Ethyl chloride (Chloroethane)
106934	Ethylene dibromide (1,2-Dibromoethane)
107062	Ethylene dichloride (1,2-Dichloroethane)
107211	Ethylene glycol
151564	Ethylene imine (Azridine)
75218	Ethylene oxide
96457	Ethylene thiourea
75343	Ethylidene dichloride (1,1-Dichloroethane)
50000	Formaldehyde
---	Glycol ethers (NOTE #2)
76448	Heptachlor

HAZARDOUS AIR POLLUTANTS

<u>CAS No.</u>	<u>CHEMICAL NAME</u>
118741	Hexachlorobenzene
87683	Hexachlorocyclopentadiene
67721	Hexachloroethane
822060	Hexamethylene-1,6-diisocyanate
680319	Hexamethylphosphoramide
110543	Hexane
302012	Hydrazine
7647010	Hydrochloric acid
7664393	Hydrogen Fluoride (Hydrofluoric acid)
123319	Hydroquinone
78591	Isophorone
7439921	Lead Compounds
58899	Lindane (all isomers)
108316	Maleic anhydride
7439965	Manganese Compounds
7439976	Mercury Compounds
67561	Methanol
72435	Methoxychlor
74839	Methyl bromide (Bromomethane)
74873	Methyl chloride (Chloromethane)
71556	Methyl chloroform (1,1,1-Trichloroethane)
78933	Methyl ethyl ketone (2-Butanone) (MEK)
60344	Methyl hydrazine
74884	Methyl iodide (Iodomethane)
108101	Methyl isobutyl ketone (Hexone)
624839	Methyl isocyanate
80626	Methyl methacrylate
1634044	Methyl tert butyl ether
101144	Methylene bis(2-chloroaniline)(4,4) (MOCA)
75092	Methylene chloride (Dichloromethane)
101688	Methylene diphenyl diisocyanate (MDI)
101779	Methylenedianiline(4,4')
---	Mineral fibers (NOTE #3)
91203	Naphthalene
7440020	Nickel Compounds
7440020	Nickel, refinery dust
12035722	Nickel, subsulfide
98953	Nitrobenzene
92933	Nitrodiphenyl(4)
100027	Nitrophenol(4)
79469	Nitropropane(2)
62759	Nitrosodimethylamine(N) (Dimethylnitrosoamine)
59892	Nitrosomorpholine(N)
684935	Nitroso-N-methylurea(N)
56382	Parathion
82688	Pentachloronitrobenzene (Quintobenzene)
87865	Pentachlorophenol
108952	Phenol
106503	Phenylenediamine(p)
75445	Phosgene

HAZARDOUS AIR POLLUTANTS

<u>CAS No.</u>	<u>CHEMICAL NAME</u>
7803512	Phosphine
7723140	Phosphorus
85449	Phthalic anhydride
1336363	Polychlorinated biphenyls (Arochlors)
---	Polycyclic Organic Matter (NOTE #5)
1120714	Propane sultone(1,3)
57578	Propiolactone(beta)
123386	Propionaldehyde
114261	Propoxur (Baygon)
78875	Propylene dichloride (1,2 dichloropropane)
75558	Propylene imine(1,2) (2-methyl aziridine)
75569	Propylene oxide
91225	Quinoline
106514	Quinone (1,4-Cyclohexadienedione)
---	Radionuclides (including radon) (NOTE #4)
7782492	Selenium Compounds
100425	Styrene
96093	Styrene oxide
1746016	Tetrachlorodibenzo-p-dioxin(2,3,7,8) (TCDD) (Dioxin)
79345	Tetrachloroethane(1,1,2,2)
127184	Tetrachloroethylene (Perchloroethylene)
7550450	Titanium Tetrachloride
108883	Toluene
95807	Toluene diamine(2,4) (2,4-diaminotoluene)
584849	Toluene diisocyanate(2,4)
95534	Toluidine(o)
8001352	Toxaphene (Chlorinated camphene)
120821	Trichlorobenzene(1,2,4)
79005	Trichloroethane(1,1,2)
79016	Trichloroethylene
95954	Trichlorophenol(2,4,5)
88062	Trichlorophenol(2,4,6)
121448	Triethylamine
1582098	Trifluralin
540841	Trimethylpentane(2,2,4)
75014	Vinyl Chloride
108054	Vinyl Acetate
593602	Vinyl Bromide
75354	Vinylidene chloride (1,1-Dichloroethylene)
1330207	Xylenes (mixed)
108383	Xylene(m)
95476	Xylene(o)
106423	Xylene(p)

NOTE # 1: X'CN where X = H' or any other group where a formal dissociation may occur, for example: KCN or Ca(CN)₂.

NOTE # 2: Includes mono- and di- ethers of ethylene glycol, diethylene glycol and triethylene glycol R-(OCH₂CH₂)_n-OR' where:

- n = 1,2,3
- R = lkyl or arl groups
- R' = R,H, or group which, when removed, yield glycol ethers with the structure: R-(OCH₂CH₂)_n-OH. Polymers are excluded from the glycol category

NOTE # 3: Includes glass microfibers, glass wool fibers, rock wool fibers, and slag wool fibers, each characterized as "respirable" (fiber diameter less than 3.5 micrometers) and possessing an aspect ratio (fiber length divided by fiber diameter) greater than 3.

NOTE # 4: A type of atom which spontaneously undergoes radioactive decay.

NOTE # 5: Includes organic compounds with more than one benzene ring, and which have a boiling point greater than or equal to 100 Celsius.

Owners Information

Section B

1. Name, Address & Contact for the Owner/Applicant

A. Company Name: Hercules, Inc.

B. Mailing Address:

- 1. Street Address or P.O. Box: 613 West 7th Street
- 2. City: Hattiesburg 3. State: Mississippi
- 4. Zip Code: 39401
- 5. Telephone No.: (601) 545-3450

C. Contact:

- 1. Name: Walter D. Langhans
- 2. Title: Plant Manager

2. Name, Address, Location and Contact for the Facility:

A. Name: Hercules, Inc.

B. Mailing Address:

- 1. Street Address or P.O. Box: 613 West 7th Street
- 2. City: Hattiesburg 3. State: Mississippi
- 4. Zip Code: 39401
- 5. Telephone No.: (601) 545-3450

C. Site Location:

- 1. Street: 613 West 7th Street
- 2. City: Hattiesburg 3. State: Mississippi
- 4. County: Forrest 5. Zip Code: 39401
- 6. Telephone No.: (601) 545-3450

Note: If the facility is located outside of the City limits, please attach a sketch or description to this application showing the approximate location of the site.

D. Contact:

- 1. Name: Charlie Jordan
- 2. Title: Environmental Coordinator

3. SIC Code(s)(including any associated with alternate operating scenarios): 2861, 2821, 2869, & 2899

4. Number of Employees: 84
5. Principal Product(s): Rosin Derivatives and Paper Chemicals
6. Principal Raw Materials: Rosin and Paper Chemicals
7. Principal Process(es): Rosin Derivatives and Paper Chemicals Manufacturing
8. Maximum amount of principal product produced or raw material consumed per day:
3,108,960 pounds per day
9. Facility Operating Schedule (Optional):
- A. Specify maximum hours per day the operation will occur: 24
- B. Specify maximum days per week the operation will occur: 7
- C. Specify maximum weeks per year the operation will occur: 52
- D. Specify the months the operation will occur: January - December
10. Is this facility a small business as defined by the Small Business Act? (Optional) _____

11. **EACH APPLICATION MUST BE SIGNED BY THE APPLICANT.**

The application must be signed by a responsible official as defined in Regulation APC-S-6, Section I.A.26.

I certify that to the best of my knowledge and belief formed after reasonable inquiry, the statements and information in this application are true, complete, and accurate, and that, as a responsible official, my signature shall constitute an agreement that the applicant assumes the responsibility for any alteration, additions, or changes in operation that may be necessary to achieve and maintain compliance with all applicable Rules and Regulations.

Walter D. Langhans
Printed Name of Responsible Official

4/29/03
Date Application Signed

Plant Manager
Title


Signature of Applicants Responsible Official

EMISSIONS SUMMARY for the ENTIRE FACILITY

List below the total emissions for each pollutant from the entire facility in accordance with Operating Permit Application Requirements, pp. 3-5. For stack emissions, use the maximum annual allowable (potential) emissions. For fugitive emissions, use the annual emissions calculated using the maximum operating conditions.

POLLUTANT Footnote 1	ANNUAL EMISSION RATE	
	lb/hr	tons/yr
PM/PM ₁₀		266.90
SO ₂		2033.78
NO _x		331.54
CO		90.24
VOC		587.76
Total HAPs		366.56
Toluene		342.10
Epichlorohydrin		12.62
Ethylene Oxide		9.48
Chloride ²		2.38
Hexane ²		1.71
Nickel ²		0.58

1. All regulated air pollutants, including hazardous air pollutants emitted from the entire facility should be listed. A list of regulated air pollutants has been provided in Section A.
2. HAP emissions (Chloride is not a listed HAP) associated with fuel combustion of natural gas and fuel oil with calculated emissions greater than 0.1 lb/hr.

With the exception of the emissions resulting from insignificant activities and emissions as defined in Regulation APC-S-6, Section VII, the pollutants listed above are all regulated air pollutants reasonably expected to be emitted from the facility.


SIGNATURE (must match signature on page 17)

SECTION C

For the sections listed below indicate the number that have been completed for each section as part of this application.

Section B <u> 1 </u>	Section L1 <u> 2 </u>	Section M1 <u> </u>
Section C <u> 1 </u>	Section L2 <u> </u>	Section M2 <u> </u>
Section D <u> 2 </u>	Section L3 <u> </u>	Section M3 <u> </u>
Section E <u> 10 </u>	Section L4 <u> </u>	Section M4 <u> </u>
Section F <u> </u>	Section L5 <u> 7 </u>	Section M5 <u> </u>
Section G <u> </u>	Section L6 <u> </u>	Section M6 <u> </u>
Section H <u> </u>	Section L7 <u> </u>	Section M7 <u> 12 </u>
Section I <u> </u>		Section M8 <u> </u>
Section J <u> </u>		Section N <u> 1 </u>
Section K <u> </u>		Section O <u> 3 </u>

As a minimum, sections B, C, M, N and O must be completed for the application to be considered complete.

Please list below all insignificant activities required by APC-S-6, Section VII.B that apply to your facility.

1. Maintenance Areas (painting, welding, general maintenance, sandblasting) per Section VII.A.2, 8, 20 and B.4.
2. Laboratory Equipment and Analyses per Section VII.A.4.
3. Water Cooling (Refrigeration) Systems per Section VII.A.10.
4. Mobile Sources (trucks, cars, forklifts, portable air compressors) per Section VII.A.15.
5. Combustion Units with a rated capacity less than 10 MMBTUH per Section VII.B.2:
 - Three - 3.3 MMBTUH Dowtherm Boilers (formerly AC-001, AG-002, and AJ-001)
 - Two - 8.3 MMBTUH Dowtherm Boilers (formerly AG-001 and AF-001)
 - 2.2 MMBTUH Catalyst Regeneration Unit
6. Storage Vessels per Section VII.B.7 (see attached list).
7. Back-up or Emergency Generators and Pumps (firehouse) per Section VII.B.9.
8. Sandblasting Equipment per Section VII.B.10.
9. Effluent Treatment per Section VII.B.19 and 32.
10. Steam Vents and Leaks per Section VII.B.25.
11. Instrument Air System per Section VII.B.27.
12. Plant Nitrogen per Section VII.D.
13. Plant Hydrogen per Section VII.D.
14. Compressed Gas Cylinders per Section VII.D.
15. Adduct Reactor Process Vent (formerly AD-001).

SECTION C

KYMENE PROCESS AREA					
Emission Point No.	Material/Product Stored	Tank Material	Capacity (gallons)	Construction Date	NSPS - Subpart Kb
K-101	Water	Steel	2,100	Pre-1977	No
K-110	Epichlorohydrin (EPI)	Steel	17,000	1979	No
K-111	Epichlorohydrin (EPI)	Steel	324	Pre-1977	No
K-120	Hexamethylene diamine	Steel	6,000	Pre-1977	No
K-121	Diethylene triamine (DETA)	Steel	1,481	Pre-1977	No
K-122	Diethylene triamine (DETA)	Steel	12,300	Pre-1977	No
K-123	Diethylene triamine (DETA)	Steel	12,338	2003	Yes
K-130	Polymer	Steel	14,900	Pre-1977	No
K-150	93% Sulfuric Acid	Steel	110	Pre-1977	No
K-151	93% Sulfuric Acid	Steel	5,000	1993	No
K-160	Kymene Wet Strength Resin	Steel	16,900	Pre-1977	No
K-161	Kymene Wet Strength Resin	Fiberglass Reinforced Plastic (FRP)	16,900	2000	Yes
K-162	Kymene Wet Strength Resin	FRP	16,900	1999	Yes
K-163	Kymene Wet Strength Resin	FRP	16,300	1979	No
K-164	Kymene Wet Strength Resin	FRP	16,300	1979	No
K-210	Polymer	Steel	16,900	Pre-1977	No
K-211	Water	Steel	2,660	Pre-1977	No
K-260	Kymene Wet Strength Resin	FRP	16,900	2001	Yes
K-261	Kymene Wet Strength Resin	FRP	16,900	1998	Yes
K-262	Kymene Wet Strength Resin	FRP	16,900	1998	Yes
K-268	Kymene Wet Strength Resin	FRP	8,500	1981	No
K-269	Kymene Wet Strength Resin	FRP	16,300	1981	No
K-409	40% Glycol/Water	FRP	1,500	2003	No
K-411	Kymene Wet Strength Resin	FRP	16,300	1991	Yes
K-412	Kymene Wet Strength Resin	FRP	16,300	1991	Yes
K-501TC*	Material Loading/Unloading	Steel	20,000	Pre-1977	No
K-502TT*	Material Loading/Unloading	Stainless Steel	6,000	Pre-1977	No

* TC – Railroad Tank Car TT – Tank Truck

SECTION C

PARACOL/AKD PROCESS AREA					
Emission Point No.	Material/Product Stored	Tank Material	Capacity (gallons)	Construction Date	NSPS - Subpart Kb
DP-6	Lignosol	Steel	5,230	Pre-1977	No
DP-9	Starch/Water	Steel	330	1992	No
DP-10	Starch Paste	Steel	180	1992	No
DP-11	AKD and Wax Dispersions	Steel	5,460	Pre-1977	No
DP-12	Water/Aquapel/Lignosol	Steel	5,300	Pre-1977	No
DP-13	Lignosol	Steel	5,300	Pre-1977	No
DP-14	AKD and Wax Dispersions	Steel	21	Pre-1977	No
DP-15	Alum/Water	Steel	240	Pre-1977	No
DP-23	Empty/To Be Removed	S. Steel	16,900	Pre-1977	No
DP-24	AKD and Wax Dispersions	Steel	16,900	Pre-1977	No
DP-25	AKD and Wax Dispersions	Steel	16,900	Pre-1977	No
DP-26	Wax	Steel	16,900	Pre-1977	No
DP-27	Wax/Empty	Steel	16,900	Pre-1977	No
DP-28	Wax/Empty	Steel	16,900	Pre-1977	No
DP-29	Wax/Empty	Steel	16,900	Pre-1977	No
DP-35	AKD and Wax Dispersions	Steel	51,800	Pre-1977	No
DP-36	50% Alum	Steel	5,880	Pre-1977	No
DP-37	AKD and Wax Dispersions	Steel	51,800	Pre-1977	No
DP-41	AKD and Wax Dispersions	Steel	12,260	Pre-1977	No
DP-42	AKD and Wax Dispersions	Steel	12,260	Pre-1977	No
DP-44	AKD and Wax Dispersions	Steel	11,840	Pre-1977	No
DP-45	AKD/Wax Dispersions/Empty	Steel	15,220	Pre-1977	No
DP-46	AKD and Wax Dispersions	Steel	11,840	1983	No
DP-47	AKD/Wax Dispersions/Empty	Steel	15,220	Pre-1977	No
DP-48	Empty	Steel	12,260	1979	No
DP-49	Chromoset/MgCl	FRP	13,500	2002	No
DP-50	Age Flocc	FRP	8,000	Pre-1977	No
DP-51	AKD/Wax Dispersions/Empty	FRP	12,260	1979	No
DP-52	AKD/Wax Dispersions/Empty	Steel	5,260	Pre-1977	No
DP-53	AKD/Wax Dispersions/Empty	Steel	11,890	Pre-1977	No
DP-54	AKD and Wax Dispersions	Steel	11,890	1981	No
DP-56	Release Agent	Steel	19,940	Pre-1977	No
DP-58	Naphthenic Oil	Steel	19,940	1981	No
DP-60	Glycol Ester	Steel	6,010	Pre-1977	No
DP-62	Propylene Glycol/Water	Steel	810	Pre-1977	No
DP-63	Propylene Glycol/Water	Steel	810	1984	No
DP-66	AKD and Wax Dispersions	Steel	11,890	1981	No
DP-68	AKD and Wax Dispersions	Steel	11,890	1981	No
DP-69	AKD and Wax Dispersions	Steel	3,120	1990	No
DP-70	Empty/To Be Removed	Steel	300	Pre-1977	No
DP-101TC*	Material Loading/Unloading	Steel	20,000	Pre-1977	No
DP-102TT*	Material Loading/Unloading	S. Steel	6,000	Pre-1977	No

* TC – Railroad Tank Car TT – Tank Truck

SECTION C

NEUPHOR PROCESS AREA					
Emission Point No.	Material/Product Stored	Tank Material	Capacity (gallons)	Construction Date	NSPS - Subpart Kb
NT-104	Rosin/Empty	Aluminum	158,500	Pre-1977	No
NT-105A	Rosin/Empty	Aluminum	110,500	Pre-1977	No
NT-105B	Rosin/Empty	Aluminum	110,500	Pre-1977	No
NT-R-106	Rosin Adduct	Aluminum	11,400	Pre-1977	No
NT-107	Rosin Adduct	S. Steel	37,500	Pre-1977	No
NT-108	Rosin Adduct	Aluminum	11,400	Pre-1977	No
NT-109	Rosin Adduct	Aluminum	13,500	Pre-1977	No
NT-113	Maleic Anhydride	S. Steel	6,200	Pre-1977	No
NT-123B	Resin Dispersions	Aluminum	158,500	Pre-1977	No
NT-131	Empty	Steel	110,500	Pre-1977	No
NT-141	Rosin	S. Steel	4,100	Pre-1977	No
NT-202	Caustic	Steel	110	Pre-1977	No
NT-205A	Water Phase	Fiberglass	700	Pre-1977	No
NT-205B	Water Phase	Fiberglass	700	Pre-1977	No
NT-206-1	Water	Steel	610	Pre-1977	No
NT-208A	Resin Dispersions	Aluminum	19,900	Pre-1977	No
NT-208B	Resin Dispersions	Aluminum	19,900	Pre-1977	No
NT-208C	Resin Dispersions/Empty	Aluminum	11,400	Pre-1977	No
NT-209	Resin Dispersions	Aluminum	158,500	Pre-1977	No
NT-210	Caustic and Water	Steel	900	Pre-1977	No
NT-300	Wet Strength Resin	S. Steel	20,300	Pre-1977	No
NT-302A	Water Phase	Fiberglass	10,600	Pre-1977	No
NT-302B	Water Phase	Fiberglass	10,600	Pre-1977	No
NT-309A	Resin Dispersions	Aluminum	27,100	Pre-1977	No
NT-309B	Resin Dispersions	Aluminum	27,100	Pre-1977	No
NT-310A	Resin Dispersions	Aluminum	158,500	Pre-1977	No
NT-310B	Resin Dispersions/Empty	Aluminum	147,300	Pre-1977	No
NT-311	Alum	Steel	10,100	Pre-1977	No
NT-312	Lignin Sulfonate	Steel	10,700	1997	No
NT-313	Age Floc	Steel	10,700	1997	No
NT-314	Empty/To Be Removed	Steel	10,700	Pre-1977	No
NT-315	25% Caustic	Steel	11,400	2003	No
NT-400	Empty	Steel	30,100	Pre-1977	No
NT-501TC*	Material Loading/Unloading	Steel	20,000	Pre-1977	No
NT-502TT*	Material Loading/Unloading	S. Steel	6,000	Pre-1977	No

* TC – Railroad Tank Car TT – Tank Truck

SECTION C

PASTE SIZE TANK AREA					
Emission Point No.	Material/Product Stored	Tank Material	Capacity (gallons)	Construction Date	NSPS - Subpart Kb
PS-2	Empty	Steel	12,400	Pre-1977	No
PS-3	Empty	Steel	11,750	Pre-1977	No
PS-4	Empty	Steel	11,750	Pre-1977	No
PS-5	Empty	Steel	11,750	Pre-1977	No
PS-6	Empty	Steel	13,536	Pre-1977	No
PS-7	Empty	Steel	13,536	Pre-1977	No
PS-11	Empty	Steel	12,269	Pre-1977	No
PS-21	Empty	Steel	12,269	Pre-1977	No
PS-22	Empty	Steel	12,269	Pre-1977	No
PS-23	Empty	Steel	12,269	Pre-1977	No
PS-24	Empty	Steel	12,269	Pre-1977	No
PS-29	Empty	Steel	11,750	Pre-1977	No
PS-30	Empty	Steel	11,750	Pre-1977	No
PS-33	Empty	Steel	5,182	Pre-1977	No
PS-34	Empty	Steel	5,182	Pre-1977	No
PS-35	Empty	Steel	25,831	Pre-1977	No
PS-43	Empty	Steel	51,819	Pre-1977	No
PS-45	Caustic	Steel	51,790	Pre-1977	No
PS-52	AKD/Wax Dispersions/Empty	Steel	51,819	Pre-1977	No
PS-55	Resin/Empty	Steel	51,819	Pre-1977	No
PS-56	Wastewater/Empty	Steel	51,819	Pre-1977	No
PS-58	Empty	Steel	51,819	Pre-1977	No
PS-61	Empty	Steel	51,819	Pre-1977	No
PS-62	Empty	Steel	51,819	Pre-1977	No
PS-63	Empty	Steel	926	Pre-1977	No
PS-65	50% Sodium Hydroxide	Steel	251,270	Pre-1977	No
PS-66	Empty	Steel	14,218	Pre-1977	No
PS-101TC*	Material Loading/Unloading	Steel	20,000	Pre-1977	No
PS-102TT*	Material Loading/Unloading	S. Steel	6,000	Pre-1977	No

* TC – Railroad Tank Car TT – Tank Truck

SECTION C

POLY-PALE PROCESS AREA					
Emission Point No.	Material/Product Stored	Tank Material	Capacity (gallons)	Construction Date	NSPS - Subpart Kb
P-59	Rosin/Resin	Steel	10,278	Pre-1977	No
T-20	Rosin	Steel	17,167	Pre-1977	No
T-22	Toluene/Rosin/Acid	Steel	400	Pre-1977	No
T-71	Toluene/Rosin	Steel	2,700	Pre-1977	No
T-77	98% Sulfuric Acid	Steel	10,170	Pre-1977	No
T-78	98% Sulfuric Acid	Steel	12,750	Pre-1977	No
T-85	Fresh Toluene	Steel	13,600	Pre-1977	No
T-96	25% Caustic	Steel	9,395	1993	No
T-100	98% Sulfuric Acid	Steel	8,300	Pre-1977	No
T-101	Toluene/Rosin	Steel	1,050	Pre-1977	No
T-106	Rosin	Steel	10,310	Pre-1977	No
T-119	Rosin	Steel	21,000	Pre-1977	No
T-120	Resin	Steel	125,000	Pre-1977	No
T-130	Resin	Steel	32,200	Pre-1977	No
T-132	Resin	Steel	82,000	Pre-1977	No
T-133	Resin	Steel	31,200	Pre-1977	No
T-134	Heat Transfer Fluid	Steel	75	1989	No
T-135	Heat Transfer Fluid	Steel	350	1990	No
T-136	Heat Transfer Fluid	Steel	1,100	1990	No
T-137	Cooling Water	Steel	4,000	Pre-1977	No
T-138	Heat Transfer Fluid	Steel	1,100	1992	No
T-301TC*	Material Loading/Unloading	Steel	20,000	Pre-1977	No
T-302TT*	Material Loading/Unloading	Steel	6,000	Pre-1977	No

* TC – Railroad Tank Car TT – Tank Truck

ROSIN SHED AREA					
Emission Point No.	Material/Product Stored	Tank Material	Capacity (gallons)	Construction Date	NSPS - Subpart Kb
B-18	Resin	Steel	18,613	Pre-1977	No
B-19	Resin	Steel	12,796	Pre-1977	No
B-20	Resin	Steel	6,662	Pre-1977	No
B-21	Resin	Steel	5,264	Pre-1977	No
B-101TC*	Material Loading/Unloading	Steel	20,000	Pre-1977	No
B-102TT*	Material Loading/Unloading	Steel	6,000	Pre-1977	No

* TC – Railroad Tank Car TT – Tank Truck

SECTION C

ROSIN AMINE DERIVATIVES PROCESS AREA					
Emission Point No.	Material/Product Stored	Tank Material	Capacity (gallons)	Construction Date	NSPS - Subpart Kb
RA-1	Amine D	Steel	8,218	Pre-1977	No
RA-2	Amine D	Steel	4,512	Pre-1977	No
RA-3	Amine D	Steel	4,512	Pre-1977	No
RA-4	Ammonia Water (oil layer)	Steel	5,702	Pre-1977	No
RA-5	Distilled Nitrile	Steel	10,000	Pre-1977	No
RA-6	Amine D	Steel	5,207	Pre-1977	No
RA-7	Crude Nitrile/Empty	Steel	11,844	Pre-1977	No
RA-8	Empty	Steel	150	Pre-1977	No
RA-9	Distilled Nitrile	Steel	8,215	Pre-1977	No
RA-10	Distilled Nitrile	Steel	8,215	Pre-1977	No
RA-11	Crude Nitrile/Empty	Steel	14,100	Pre-1977	No
RA-12	731D/Resin	Steel	25,380	Pre-1977	No
RA-13	Empty	Steel	4,464	Pre-1977	No
RA-15	5% Caustic	Steel	10,400	Pre-1977	No
RA-16	PolyRad/Surfactant	Steel	2,406	Pre-1977	No
RA-17	PolyRad/Surfactant	Steel	3,065	Pre-1977	No
RA-18	PolyRad/Surfactant	Steel	3,065	Pre-1977	No
RA-19	PolyRad/Surfactant	Steel	488	Pre-1977	No
RA-20	PolyRad/Surfactant	Steel	488	Pre-1977	No
RA-23	Resin	Steel	4,510	Pre-1977	No
RA-24	5% Sodium Hydroxide	Steel	40	Pre-1977	No
RA-25	Pexoil (light ends)	Steel	4,464	Pre-1977	No
RA-26	Nitrile	Steel	2,840	Pre-1977	No
RA-27	Lime/Nitrile	Steel	225	Pre-1977	No
RA-28	Amine D Acetate	Aluminum	2,812	Pre-1977	No
RA-29	Amine D Acetate/Empty	Aluminum	2,924	Pre-1977	No
RA-30	Glacial Acetic Acid	Steel	1,902	Pre-1977	No
RA-37	Rosin	Steel	1,990	Pre-1977	No
RA-40	Wastewater	Steel	25,350	Pre-1977	No
RA-41	Wastewater	Steel	25,350	Pre-1977	No
RA-44	Wastewater/Empty	Steel	9,877	Pre-1977	No
RA-49	Waste Oils	Steel	17,230	Pre-1977	No
RA-50	Ethylene Oxide	Steel	17,550	Pre-1977	No
RA-51	Isopropyl Alcohol	Steel	17,550	Pre-1977	No
RA-52	Acetic Acid	Steel	11,280	Pre-1977	No
RA-53	Heat Transfer Fluid	Steel	1,176	Pre-1977	No
RA-54	Ammonia	Steel	12,113	Pre-1977	No
RA-55	Ammonia	Steel	12,113	Pre-1977	No
RA-56	Wastewater	Steel	12,750	Pre-1977	No
RA-57	Wastewater	Steel	12,750	Pre-1977	No
RA-63	Ammonia	Steel	25	1987	No
HP-40	Wastewater	Steel	20,000	Pre-1977	No
HP-43	Wastewater	Steel	10,000	Pre-1977	No
HP-44	Wastewater	Steel	10,000	Pre-1977	No
RA-101TC*	Material Loading/Unloading	Steel	20,000	Pre-1977	No

* TC – Railroad Tank Car

SECTION C

HARD RESINS PROCESS AREA					
Emission Point No.	Material/Product Stored	Tank Material	Capacity (gallons)	Construction Date	NSPS - Subpart Kb
H-23	Heat Transfer Fluid	Steel	8,812	Pre-1977	No
P-1	Rosin	Steel	27,970	Pre-1977	No
S-23	Resin	Steel	6,187	Pre-1977	No
S-40	Glycerine	Steel	18,320	Pre-1977	No
S-74	Resin	Steel	2,135	Pre-1977	No
S-75	Resin	Steel	8,804	Pre-1977	No
S-80	Heat Transfer Fluid	Steel	2,203	Pre-1977	No
S-84	Resin	Steel	8,000	Pre-1977	No
S-85	Resin	Steel	8,000	Pre-1977	No
S-86	Resin	Steel	8,000	Pre-1977	No
S-89	Pexoil (light ends)	Steel	11,840	Pre-1977	No
S-91	Resin	Steel	13,151	Pre-1977	No
S-94	Resin	Steel	8,804	Pre-1977	No
S-95	Resin	Steel	8,804	Pre-1977	No
S-97	Olefin	Aluminum	8,220	Pre-1977	No
S-98	Empty	Aluminum	8,220	Pre-1977	No
S-110	Resin - South Utility Tank	Steel	3,933	Pre-1977	No
S-111	Resin - North Utility Tank	Steel	3,933	Pre-1977	No
S-115	Pexoil (light ends)	Steel	2,730	Pre-1977	No
S-116	Pexoil (light ends)	Steel	1,222	Pre-1977	No
S-118	Heat Transfer Fluid	Steel	43	Pre-1977	No
S-119	Heat Transfer Fluid	Steel	43	Pre-1977	No
S-120	Heat Transfer Fluid	Steel	43	Pre-1977	No
S-122	Heat Transfer Fluid	Steel	43	Pre-1977	No
S-123	Rosin/Empty	Aluminum	16,061	Pre-1977	No
S-124	Resin	Aluminum	19,036	Pre-1977	No
S-125	Empty	Steel	19,000	Pre-1977	No
S-401TC*	Material Loading/Unloading	Steel	20,000	Pre-1977	No
S-402TT*	Material Loading/Unloading	Steel	6,000	Pre-1977	No

* TC - Railroad Tank Car TT - Tank Truck

SECTION C

ROSIN DISTILLATION PROCESS AREA					
Emission Point No.	Material/Product Stored	Tank Material	Capacity (gallons)	Construction Date	NSPS - Subpart Kb
FL-1	Light Ends	Steel	881	Pre-1977	No
FL-3	Empty	Steel	1,903	Pre-1977	No
FL-4	Pexoil (light ends)	Steel	71	Pre-1977	No
FL-10	Resin	Steel	14,210	Pre-1977	No
FL-11	Resin	Steel	14,210	Pre-1977	No
H-4	Empty	Steel	220	Pre-1977	No
H-6	Water	Steel	1,775	Pre-1977	No
H-9	Water	Steel	1,535	Pre-1977	No
H-10	Water	Steel	1,535	Pre-1977	No
H-11	Heat Transfer Fluid	Steel	660	Pre-1977	No
H-12	Heat Transfer Fluid	Steel	33	Pre-1977	No
H-16	Heat Transfer Fluid	Steel	188	Pre-1977	No
H-27	Empty	Steel	421	Pre-1977	No
H-28	Resin	Steel	31,724	Pre-1977	No
H-29	16% Sodium Hydroxide	Steel	734	Pre-1977	No
H-30	25% Sodium Hydroxide	Steel	734	Pre-1977	No
Spare	Empty	Steel	19,000	Pre-1977	No
Spare	Empty	Steel	19,000	Pre-1977	No
Spare	Empty	Steel	19,000	Pre-1977	No
Spare	Empty	Steel	2,000	Pre-1977	No
Spare	Empty	Steel	2,000	Pre-1977	No
Spare	Empty	Steel	6,000	Pre-1977	No
Spare	Empty	Steel	10,200	Pre-1977	No
SA-605	Hydrogen	Steel	6,925	Pre-1977	No
H-101TC*	Material Loading/Unloading	Steel	20,000	Pre-1977	No
H-102TT*	Material Loading/Unloading	Steel	6,000	Pre-1977	No

* TC – Railroad Tank Car TT – Tank Truck

SECTION C

EFFLUENT TREATMENT AREA					
Emission Point No.	Material/Product Stored	Tank Material	Capacity (gallons)	Construction Date	NSPS - Subpart Kb
ET-1	40% Sulfuric Acid/Toluene	FRP	3,300	Pre-1977	No
ET-2	40% Sulfuric Acid/Toluene	FRP	4,300	Pre-1977	No
ET-5	98% Sulfuric Acid/Empty	Steel	4,900	1978	No
ET-6	93% Sulfuric Acid/Empty	Steel	8,800	1978	No
ET-7	Out of Service	Steel	7,600	Pre-1977	No
ET-8	Out of Service	Steel	169,600	1978	No
ET-9	Out of Service	Steel	3,300	1978	No
ET-10	Wastewater	Steel	5,111,100	1982	No
ET-11	Out of Service	Steel	17,100	1981	No
ET-12	Out of Service	Steel	9,300	1985	No
ET-14	Out of Service	Steel	169,600	Pre-1977	No
ET-15	Out of Service	Steel	3,300	Pre-1977	No
ET-16	Out of Service	Steel	280	1978	No
ET-17	Out of Service	Steel	1,210	1978	No
V-1	Out of Service	Steel	46,900	1979	No
V-2	Out of Service	Steel	46,900	1979	No
V-3	Out of Service	Steel	46,900	1979	No
V-4	Out of Service	Steel	4,300	Pre-1977	No
V-5	Out of Service	Steel	4,300	Pre-1977	No
V-6	Out of Service	Steel	4,300	Pre-1977	No
V-7	Out of Service	Steel	2,200	Pre-1977	No
V-8	Out of Service	Steel	8,500	Pre-1977	No
V-10	Out of Service	Steel	160	Pre-1977	No
V-11	Out of Service	Steel	15,200	Pre-1977	No
V-12	Out of Service	Steel	4,300	Pre-1977	No
ET-101TC*	Material Loading/Unloading	Steel	20,000	Pre-1977	No

* TC – Railroad Tank Car

FACILITY FIRE WATER PROTECTION					
Emission Point No.	Material/Product Stored	Tank Material	Capacity (gallons)	Construction Date	NSPS - Subpart Kb
FP-1	Water	Steel	444,500	Pre-1977	No
FP-2	Gasoline	Steel	280	Pre-1977	No
FP-3	Diesel	Steel	350	Pre-1977	No

SECTION C

LOADING SHED AREA					
Emission Point No.	Material/Product Stored	Tank Material	Capacity (gallons)	Construction Date	NSPS - Subpart Kb
L-7	Pine Oil/Empty	Steel	5,600	Pre-1977	No
L-8	Pine Oil/Empty	Steel	2,900	Pre-1977	No
L-9	Pine Oil/Empty	Steel	2,900	Pre-1977	No
L-101TC*	Material Loading/Unloading	Steel	20,000	Pre-1977	No
L-102TT*	Material Loading/Unloading	Steel	6,000	Pre-1977	No

* TC – Railroad Tank Car TT – Tank Truck

YARD TANKS					
Emission Point No.	Material/Product Stored	Tank Material	Capacity (gallons)	Construction Date	NSPS - Subpart Kb
Y-25	Empty	Steel	317	Pre-1977	No
Y-37	Gasoline	Steel	17,615	Pre-1977	No
Y-45	Diesel	Steel	5,640	Pre-1977	No

SYNTHETIC RESINS TANKS					
Emission Point No.	Material/Product Stored	Tank Material	Capacity (gallons)	Construction Date	NSPS - Subpart Kb
VN-1	Empty	Steel	47,049	Pre-1977	No
VN-3	Pamak TP	Steel	21,149	Pre-1977	No
TP-2	Empty	Steel	10,260	Pre-1977	No
TP-3	Empty	Steel	5,640	Pre-1977	No
TP-101TC*	Material Loading/Unloading	Steel	20,000	Pre-1977	No

* TC – Railroad Tank Car

RISK MANAGEMENT PLANS

If a risk management plan is required pursuant to the Mississippi Air Toxics Regulations, APC-S-8, and Section 112(r) of Title III of the Clean Air Act, the permit applicant need only clarify intentions to comply with the requirement to register such a plan. It will not be necessary to incorporate the content of the risk management plan as a permit term.

Please answer the following questions:

I. Are you required to develop and register a risk management plan pursuant to Section 112(r)?

X Yes No

Only if "yes", answer questions II., III., and/or IV.

II. Have you developed and submitted the risk management plan to EPA's RMP Reporting Center?

X Yes No

III. If yes, date submitted: June 16, 1999

IV. If no, provide a schedule below for the development and submittal of the risk management plan to the Reporting Center. Please notify the MDEQ's Air Division once the risk management plan has been submitted to the Reporting Center.

KYMENE PROCESS AREA

MANUFACTURING PROCESSES (page 1 of 2)

SECTION E

1. Emission Point No./ Name: AA-000, Kymene Process Area
2. Process Description: The Kymene Process Area produces specialty chemicals used primarily as wet strength additives in the manufacture of paper. Components in Epichlorohydrin service are subject to NESHAP 40 CFR 63, Subpart W for controlling HAP emissions. Equipment in the process area includes reactors, tanks, vents, piping, etc. Emissions occur from associated equipment and from fugitive losses.
3. Was this unit constructed or modified after August 7, 1977? X yes _____ no
If yes please give date and explain. Modified in February 2003.
4. Capacity (in tons/hr): Wet Strength Resin- 6.96 tons/hr Polymer - 1.15 tons/hr
5. Raw Material Input:

MATERIAL	QUANTITY/HR AVERAGE	QUANTITY/HR MAXIMUM	QUANTITY/YEAR MAXIMUM**
Wet Strength Resins			
Epichlorohydrin	625 lbs	625 lbs	5,475,000 lbs
Pre-Polymer	2309 lbs	2309 lbs	20,226,840 lbs
Sulfuric Acid	68 lbs	68 lbs	595,680 lbs
Antifoam	1 lb	1 lb	8760 lbs
Potassium Sorbate	1 lb	1 lb	8760 lbs
Hexamethylenediamine	565 lbs	565 lbs	4,949,400 lbs
Water	10,917 lbs	10,917 lbs	95,632,920 lbs
Pre-Polymer			
Adipic Acid	804 lbs	804 lbs	7,043,040 lbs
Diethylenetriamine	565 lbs	565 lbs	4,949,400 lbs
Water	940 lbs	940 lbs	8,234,400 lbs

* Actual 2002 Kymene production (73,462,683 lbs).

** Maximum quantity per year is based on maximum quantity per hour for 24 hrs/day and 365 days/yr.

6. Product Output:

PRODUCT or BY-PRODUCT	QUANTITY/HR AVERAGE	QUANTITY/HR MAXIMUM	QUANTITY/YEAR
Wet Strength Resins	13,920 lbs	13,920 lbs	121,939,200 lbs
Pre-Polymer	2309 lbs	2309 lbs	20,226,840 lbs

7. Stack Data:

AA-001 Kymene Process Vent equipped with a packed bed scrubber.

A. Height: 30 ft C. Exit gas velocity: Variable
 B. Inside diameter: 0.5 ft D. Exit gas temperature: Ambient

AA-002 Kymene Adipic Acid Handling System equipped with a dust collector.

A. Height: 40 ft C. Exit gas velocity: 27.6 ft/s
 B. Inside diameter: 0.67 ft D. Exit gas temperature: Ambient

8. UTM Coordinates:

A. Zone 16 B. North 3469.40 C. East 280.60

MANUFACTURING PROCESSES (page 2 of 2)

SECTION E

13. POLLUTANT EMISSIONS:

Example emission rate calculations, monitoring data, or stack test data must be attached in accordance with Operating Permit Application Requirements, pp. 3-5.

EMISSION POINT NO.	POLLUTANT (note 1)	CONTROL EQUIPMENT		ACTUAL EMISSION RATE (in accordance with Operating Permit Application Requirements, pp. 3-5)		PROPOSED ALLOWABLE EMISSION RATE (Optional)			
		* yes/no	effic.	note 2	lb/hr	tn/yr	note 2	lb/hr	tn/yr
AA-000**	VOC	No				1.50			1.50
	Epichlorohydrin					1.50			1.50
AA-001	VOC	Yes	98%			0.41			11.12
	Epichlorohydrin					0.41			11.12
AA-002	PM/PM ₁₀	Yes	99%			0.212			21.20
						0.93			92.86

- All regulated air pollutants including hazardous air pollutants emitted from this source should be listed in accordance with Operating Permit Application Requirements, pp. 3-5. A list of regulated air pollutants has been provided in Section A.
 - Provide emission rate in units of applicable emission standard, e.g. lb/MMbtu, gr/dscf, etc. This may not apply to every emission point or every pollutant from an emission point.
- * If yes, attach appropriate Air Pollution Control Data Sheet from Section L or manufacturers specifications if other.
 ** Fugitive emissions and insignificant sources associated with the Kymene Process Area.

SCRUBBERS (Page 1 of 2)

SECTION L5

1. Emission Point No. / Name: AA-001

2. Manufacturers Name and Model No.: Croll Reynolds 18T-15H

3. Date of construction for existing sources or date of anticipated start-up for new sources:
April 1991

4. Scrubber Data:

a) Scrubber type: Venturi Orifice
 X Packed Tower Gravity Tower
 Cyclonic Condenser
 X Mist Eliminator Impingement Plate
 Other:

b) Liquid injection rate:
1) Design maximum: 15 gpm @ 15 psia
2) Expected average: 15 gpm @ 10 psia

c) Pressure drop: 6 inches H₂O

d) Scrubbing liquid: **Water**
1) X Once - through Recycled
2) If recycled: gpm make - up rate
3) If water, describe settling basin: NA
4) Solution / Reactant systems:
a) Chemical make - up: NA
b) How is discharge handled, treated? Impoundment Basin to POTW

e) Gas flow: X Counter current Concurrent
1) Flow rate: 512 acfm
2) Inlet Temperature: 100 °F

f) Venturi Data: **NA**
1) Inlet Area: ft²
2) Throat Area: ft²
3) Throat velocity: ft / sec
4) Fixed throat Variable throat

g) Packed or Plate Tower Data:
1) Surface Area: 1.5 ft diameter
2) Packing depth: 15 ft
3) Type of packing: X Rings Saddles
 Other:
4) No. of plates: NA
5) Type of plates:

h) Demisting Data:
1) Mist eliminator filter area: 1.5 ft diameter
2) Type: Cyclone Vanes Pad
 X Other:

i) Efficiency: 98 %

j) Are extra nozzles readily available? _____ Yes No
How many? _____

k) Pressure measurement devices installed? _____ Yes No

5. Which process(es) does the scrubber control emissions from? **Wet Strength Resin and Pre-Polymer
Batch Reactors**

BAGHOUSES

SECTION L1

1. Emission Point No. / Name : AA-002
2. Manufacturers Name & Model No.: Unknown
3. Date of construction for existing sources or date of anticipated start-up for new sources: Pre-1977
4. Baghouse Data:
 - a) Cloth area: 47 ft²
 - b) Air to cloth ratio: Unknown acfm/ft²
 - c) Type of bag: Woven Membrane X Felted Other: Nylon
 - d) Bag material: Nylon
 - e) No. of bags: 24
 - f) No. of compartments: 1
 - g) Bag length: 3 ft
 - h) Bag diameter: 0.21 ft
 - i) Pressure drop: Unknown inches H₂O
 - j) Pressure measurement device installed: Yes X No
 - k) Air flow: Unknown acfm @ 72 °F
 - l) Efficiency: 99 %
 - m) Dirty air on: inside X outside of bag
 - n) Time between bag cleaning: Continuous during batch operation
 - o) Method of bag cleaning: X Shaking Reverse Air
 Pulse Jet Other:
 - p) Are extra bags readily available: X Yes No How Many? 30 (re-order minimum)
 - q) How is the collected dust stored, handled, disposed of? Reused or disposed of properly
5. Which process(es) does the baghouse control emissions from? Loading of Adipic Acid (powder) into Pre-Polymer Batch Reactor.

**COMPLIANCE DEMONSTRATION
BY RECORDKEEPING**

SECTION M7

1. Emission Point No./Name: AA-000

2. Pollutant: VOC and HAP (Epichlorohydrin)

3. Material or parameter being monitored or recorded: Leak Detection and Repair (LDAR)

4. Method of monitoring and recordkeeping: The Kymene Process Area equipment (reactor, tanks, agitator, valves, relief valves, pumps, and connectors) that directly contacts epichlorohydrin are monitored for leaks and the data is recorded on a schedule determined by 40 CFR 63, Subpart H and Subpart W.

5. List any EPA methods used: EPA Reference Method 21

6. Compliance shall be demonstrated:

 Daily Weekly X Monthly X Quarterly X Yearly

**COMPLIANCE DEMONSTRATION
BY RECORDKEEPING**

SECTION M7

1. Emission Point No./Name: AA-001

2. Pollutant: VOC and HAPs

3. Material or parameter being monitored or recorded: Scrubber water flow rate

4. Method of monitoring and recordkeeping: The scrubber water flowrate (gal/min) is monitored and recorded on a weekly basis to ensure the scrubber operates at the designed efficiency.

5. List any EPA methods used: NA

6. Compliance shall be demonstrated:
 Daily X Weekly Monthly Quarterly

**COMPLIANCE DEMONSTRATION
BY RECORDKEEPING**

SECTION M7

1. Emission Point No./Name: AA-002

2. Pollutant: PM

3. Material or parameter being monitored or recorded: Blower (on/off) and visual inspection of baghouse

4. Method of monitoring and recordkeeping: The dust collector is monitored on a weekly basis during the loading of Adipic Acid to ensure the baghouse blower is on and the control equipment is operating as intended. Also, a visual inspection of the baghouse is conducted as part of a preventative maintenance program and comments are logged on a weekly basis.

5. List any EPA methods used: NA

6. Compliance shall be demonstrated:

 Daily X Weekly Monthly Quarterly

PARACOL/AKD PROCESS AREA

MANUFACTURING PROCESSES (page 1 of 2)

SECTION E

1. Emission Point No./ Name: AB-000, Paracol/AKD Process Area
2. Process Description: The Paracol/AKD Process Area produces AKD and Wax Dispersions (specialty chemicals) used primarily as internal and surface sizing agents in the manufacture of paper. Equipment in the process area includes reactors, tanks, vents, piping, etc. Emissions occur from associated equipment and from fugitive losses.
3. Was this unit constructed or modified after August 7, 1977? X yes _____ no
If yes please give date and explain. Installed scrubber in 1987.
4. Capacity (in tons/hr): 6.20 tons/hr
5. Raw Material Input:

MATERIAL	QUANTITY/HR AVERAGE	QUANTITY/HR MAXIMUM	QUANTITY/YEAR MAXIMUM**
Kymene	503 lbs	503 lbs	4,406,280 lbs
Aquapel	1302 lbs	1302 lbs	11,405,520 lbs
Sulfonates	182 lbs	182 lbs	1,594,320 lbs
Starch	283 lbs	283 lbs	2,479,080 lbs
Water	9305 lbs	9305 lbs	81,511,800 lbs
Wax	673 lbs	673 lbs	5,895,480 lbs
Age Floc	61 lbs	61 lbs	534,360 lbs
Gum Ghatti	3 lbs	3 lbs	26,280 lbs
Triethanolamine	3 lbs	3 lbs	26,280 lbs
Stearic Acid	5 lbs	5 lbs	43,800 lbs
Sulfuric Acid	<1 lb	<1 lb	<8760 lbs
Biocide	6 lbs	6 lbs	52,560 lbs
Alum	75 lbs	75 lbs	657,000 lbs

* Actual 2002 Paracol production (29,614,451 lbs).

** Maximum quantity per year is based on maximum quantity per hour for 24 hrs/day and 365 days/yr.

6. Product Output:

PRODUCT or BY-PRODUCT	QUANTITY/HR AVERAGE	QUANTITY/HR MAXIMUM	QUANTITY/YEAR
AKD and Wax Dispersions	12,400 lbs	12,400 lbs	108,624,000 lbs

7. Stack Data:

AB-001 Paracol/AKD Processes are vented through a water scrubber.

A. Height: 15 ft C. Exit gas velocity: 50.9 ft/s
 B. Inside diameter: 0.83 ft D. Exit gas temperature: Ambient

8. UTM Coordinates:

A. Zone 16 B. North 3469.40 C. East 280.70

MANUFACTURING PROCESSES (page 2 of 2)

SECTION E

13. POLLUTANT EMISSIONS:

Example emission rate calculations, monitoring data, or stack test data must be attached in accordance with Operating Permit Application Requirements, pp. 3-5.

EMISSION POINT NO.	POLLUTANT (note 1)	CONTROL EQUIPMENT		ACTUAL EMISSION RATE (in accordance with Operating Permit Application Requirements, pp. 3-5)		PROPOSED ALLOWABLE EMISSION RATE (Optional)		
		* yes/no	effic.	note 2	lb/hr	note 2	lb/hr	tn/yr
AB-001	PM/PM ₁₀	Yes	75%		0.66		2.63	11.50

1. All regulated air pollutants including hazardous air pollutants emitted from this source should be listed in accordance with Operating Permit Application Requirements, pp. 3-5. A list of regulated air pollutants has been provided in Section A.
2. Provide emission rate in units of applicable emission standard, e.g. lb/MMBtu, gr/dscf, etc. This may not apply to every emission point or every pollutant from an emission point.

* If yes, attach appropriate Air Pollution Control Data Sheet from Section L or manufacturers specifications if other.

SCRUBBERS (Page 1 of 2)

SECTION L5

1. Emission Point No. / Name: AB-001

2. Manufacturers Name and Model No.: Hercules, Inc.

3. Date of construction for existing sources or date of anticipated start-up for new sources:
1987

4. Scrubber Data:

a) Scrubber type: Venturi Orifice
 Packed Tower X Gravity Tower
 Cyclonic Condenser
 Mist Eliminator Impingement Plate
 Other:

b) Liquid injection rate:
1) Design maximum: 6.1 gpm @ 40 psia
2) Expected average: 6.1 gpm @ 40 psia

c) Pressure drop: 6 inches H₂O (estimated)

d) Scrubbing liquid: **Water**
1) X Once - through Recycled
2) If recycled: gpm make - up rate
3) If water, describe settling basin: NA
4) Solution / Reactant systems:
a) Chemical make - up: NA
b) How is discharge handled, treated? Impoundment Basin to POTW

e) Gas flow: X Counter current Concurrent
1) Flow rate: 500 acfm
2) Inlet Temperature: Ambient °F

f) Venturi Data: **NA**
1) Inlet Area: ft²
2) Throat Area: ft²
3) Throat velocity: ft / sec
4) Fixed throat Variable throat

g) Packed or Plate Tower Data: **NA**
1) Surface Area: ft diameter
2) Packing depth: ft
3) Type of packing: Rings Saddles
 Other:
4) No. of plates:
5) Type of plates:

h) Demisting Data: **NA**
1) Mist eliminator filter area: ft diameter
2) Type: Cyclone Vanes Pad
 Other:

i) Efficiency: 75 % (estimated)

j) Are extra nozzles readily available? _____ Yes X No
How many? _____

k) Pressure measurement devices installed? _____ Yes X No

5. Which process(es) does the scrubber control emissions from? Paracol/AKD Process Area Vents
and Melter.

**COMPLIANCE DEMONSTRATION
BY RECORDKEEPING**

SECTION M7

1. Emission Point No./Name: AB-001

2. Pollutant: PM

3. Material or parameter being monitored or recorded: Scrubber water flow rate

4. Method of monitoring and recordkeeping: The scrubber water flow rate (gal/min) is monitored and recorded on a weekly basis to ensure the scrubber operates at the designed efficiency.

5. List any EPA methods used: NA

6. Compliance shall be demonstrated:

 Daily X Weekly Monthly Quarterly

NEUPHOR PROCESS AREA

MANUFACTURING PROCESSES (page 1 of 2)

SECTION E

1. Emission Point No./ Name: AD-000, Neuphor Process Area
2. Process Description: The Neuphor Process Area produces various resin dispersions (specialty chemicals) used as internal sizing agents in the manufacture of paper and as adhesives, coatings, and binders in diverse industrial applications. Equipment in the process area includes reactors, tanks, vents, piping, etc. Emissions occur from associated equipment and fugitive losses.
3. Was this unit constructed or modified after August 7, 1977? X yes no
If yes please give date and explain. Neuphor Process was initiated in 1987.
4. Capacity (in tons/hr): Resin Dispersions – 11.1 tons/hr Rosin Adduct – 4.96 tons/hr
5. Raw Material Input:

MATERIAL	QUANTITY/HR AVERAGE	QUANTITY/HR MAXIMUM	QUANTITY/YEAR MAXIMUM**
Resin Dispersions			
Resin	6751 lbs	6751 lbs	59,138,760 lbs
Casein	64 lbs	64 lbs	560,640 lbs
Kymene	1389 lbs	1389 lbs	12,167,640 lbs
Water	12,637 lbs	12,637 lbs	110,700,120 lbs
Aqueous Ammonia	14 lbs	14 lbs	122,640 lbs
Biocide	9 lbs	9 lbs	78,840 lbs
Caustic	36 lbs	36 lbs	315,360 lbs
Alum	1299 lbs	1299 lbs	11,379,240 lbs
Rosin Adduct			
Rosin	9450 lbs	9450 lbs	82,782,000 lbs
Fumaric Acid	640 lbs	640 lbs	5,606,400 lbs
Maleic Anhydride	640 lbs	640 lbs	5,606,400 lbs

* Actual 2002 Neuphor production (49,020,813 lbs).

** Maximum quantity per year is based on maximum quantity per hour for 24 hrs/day and 365 days/yr.

6. Product Output:

PRODUCT or BY-PRODUCT	QUANTITY/HR AVERAGE	QUANTITY/HR MAXIMUM	QUANTITY/YEAR
Resin Dispersions	22,200 lbs	22,200 lbs	194,472,000 lbs
Rosin Adduct	9920 lbs	9920 lbs	86,899,200 lbs

7. Stack Data:

AD-001 Adduct Reactor is vented through an activated carbon bed with scrubber (see insignificant activities, Section C).

A. Height: 20 ft C. Exit gas velocity: 0.39 ft/s
 B. Inside diameter: 0.5 ft D. Exit gas temperature: Ambient

8. UTM Coordinates:

A. Zone 16 B. North 3469.50 C. East 280.00

MANUFACTURING PROCESSES (page 2 of 2)

SECTION E

13. POLLUTANT EMISSIONS:

Example emission rate calculations, monitoring data, or stack test data must be attached in accordance with Operating Permit Application Requirements, pp. 3-5.

EMISSION POINT NO.	POLLUTANT (note 1)	CONTROL EQUIPMENT		ACTUAL EMISSION RATE (in accordance with Operating Permit Application Requirements, pp. 3-5)		PROPOSED ALLOWABLE EMISSION RATE (Optional)	
		* yes/no	effic.	note 2 lb/hr	tn/yr	note 2 lb/hr	tn/yr
AD-001**	VOC						

1. All regulated air pollutants including hazardous air pollutants emitted from this source should be listed in accordance with Operating Permit Application Requirements, pp. 3-5. A list of regulated air pollutants has been provided in Section A.
 Provide emission rate in units of applicable emission standard, e.g. lb/MMbtu, gr/dscf, etc. This may not apply to every emission point or every pollutant from an emission point.

* If yes, attach appropriate Air Pollution Control Data Sheet from Section L or manufacturers specifications if other.
 ** Insignificant activities - Section C, per MDEQ submittal on January 22, 2002.

POLY-PALE PROCESS AREA

MANUFACTURING PROCESSES (page 1 of 2)

SECTION E

1. Emission Point No./ Name: AC-000, Poly-Pale Process Area
2. Process Description: The Poly-Pale Process Area produces polymerized resin used in adhesives and other resin derivatives. Equipment in the process area includes reactors, tanks, vents, piping, etc. Emissions occur from associated equipment and fugitive losses.
3. Was this unit constructed or modified after August 7, 1977? _____ yes X no
If yes please give date and explain. _____
4. Capacity (in tons/hr): 3.60 tons/hr
5. Raw Material Input:

MATERIAL	QUANTITY/HR AVERAGE	QUANTITY/HR MAXIMUM	QUANTITY/YEAR MAXIMUM ^{*,**}
Rosin	7227 lbs	7227 lbs	63,308,520 lbs
Toluene ^{***}	7227 lbs	7227 lbs	63,308,520 lbs
Sulfuric Acid (catalyst)	760 lbs	760 lbs	6,657,600 lbs
Caustic	297 lbs	297 lbs	2,601,720 lbs

* Actual 2002 Poly-Pale production (Poly-Pale – 10,754,657 lbs and Melhi – 706,745 lbs).
** Maximum quantity per year is based on maximum quantity per hour for 24 hrs/day and 365 days/yr.
*** Toluene is stripped from the Toluene/Rosin solution and recycled into the process; therefore, the quantity used to produce product is not equal to the quantity consumed.

6. Product Output:

PRODUCT or BY-PRODUCT	QUANTITY/HR AVERAGE	QUANTITY/HR MAXIMUM	QUANTITY/YEAR
Poly-Pale	6898 lbs	6898 lbs	60,426,480 lbs
Melhi	302 lbs	302 lbs	2,645,520 lbs

7. Stack Data:

AC-002 Poly-Pale Process is vented to one of two water scrubbers (Water Scrubber #1).

A.	Height:	<u>35 ft</u>	C.	Exit gas velocity:	<u>1.7 ft/s</u>
B.	Inside diameter:	<u>0.25 ft</u>	D.	Exit gas temperature:	<u>96°F</u>

AC-003 Poly-Pale Process is vented to one of two water scrubbers (Water Scrubber #2).

A.	Height:	<u>35 ft</u>	C.	Exit gas velocity:	<u>1.8 ft/s</u>
B.	Inside diameter:	<u>0.25 ft</u>	D.	Exit gas temperature:	<u>92°F</u>

8. UTM Coordinates:

A. Zone	<u>16</u>	B. North	<u>3469.40</u>	C. East	<u>280.40</u>
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MANUFACTURING PROCESSES (page 2 of 2)

SECTION E

13. POLLUTANT EMISSIONS:

Example emission rate calculations, monitoring data, or stack test data must be attached in accordance with Operating Permit Application Requirements, pp. 3-5.

EMISSION POINT NO.	POLLUTANT (note 1)	CONTROL EQUIPMENT		ACTUAL EMISSION RATE (in accordance with Operating Permit Application Requirements, pp. 3-5)		PROPOSED ALLOWABLE EMISSION RATE (Optional)				
		* yes/no	effic.	note 2	lb/hr	tn/yr	note 2	lb/hr	tn/yr	
AC-000**	VOC	No				163.89				321.17
	Toluene					163.89				321.17
AC-002	VOC	Yes	~90%		0.44	1.93		4.40		19.27
	SO ₂				0.003	0.01		0.031		0.14
	H ₂ SO ₄				0.00	0.00		0.00		0.00
	Toluene				0.17	0.74		1.71		7.49
AC-003	VOC	Yes	~90%		0.11	0.48		1.10		4.82
	SO ₂				0.013	0.06		0.13		0.57
	H ₂ SO ₄				0.002	0.01		0.02		0.11
	Toluene				0.013	0.06		0.13		0.57

1. All regulated air pollutants including hazardous air pollutants emitted from this source should be listed in accordance with Operating Permit Application Requirements, pp. 3-5. A list of regulated air pollutants has been provided in Section A.
2. Provide emission rate in units of applicable emission standard, e.g. lb/MMBtu, gr/dscf, etc. This may not apply to every emission point or every pollutant from an emission point.

* If yes, attach appropriate Air Pollution Control Data Sheet from Section L or manufacturers specifications if other.
 ** Fugitive emissions and insignificant sources associated with the Poly-Pale Process Area.

MANUFACTURING PROCESSES (page 1 of 2)**SECTION E**

1. Emission Point No./ Name: AC-004, Poly-Pale Process Rosin Melter
2. Process Description: The Rosin Melter is used to melt rosin for Poly-Pale Process operations. The open top melter melts rosin, which arrives at the process area in drums.
-
3. Was this unit constructed or modified after August 7, 1977? _____ yes X no
If yes please give date and explain. _____
-
4. Capacity (in tons/hr): 2.5 tons/hr
5. Raw Material Input:

MATERIAL	QUANTITY/HR AVERAGE	QUANTITY/HR MAXIMUM	QUANTITY/YEAR MAXIMUM**
Rosin	5000 lbs	5000 lbs	43,800,000 lbs

* Actual 2002 rosin melted (4,313,790 lbs).

** Maximum quantity per year is based on maximum quantity per hour for 24 hrs/day and 365 days/yr.

6. Product Output:

PRODUCT or BY-PRODUCT	QUANTITY/HR AVERAGE	QUANTITY/HR MAXIMUM	QUANTITY/YEAR
Rosin	5000 lbs	5000 lbs	43,800,000 lbs

7. Stack Data:

AC-004 Poly-Pale Process Rosin Melter

A. Height: NA C. Exit gas velocity: NA
 B. Inside diameter: NA D. Exit gas temperature: NA

8. UTM Coordinates:

A. Zone 16 B. North 3469.40 C. East 280.40

MANUFACTURING PROCESSES (page 2 of 2)

SECTION E

13. POLLUTANT EMISSIONS:

Example emission rate calculations, monitoring data, or stack test data must be attached in accordance with Operating Permit Application Requirements, pp. 3-5.

EMISSION POINT NO.	POLLUTANT (note 1)	CONTROL EQUIPMENT		ACTUAL EMISSION RATE (in accordance with Operating Permit Application Requirements, pp. 3-5)		PROPOSED ALLOWABLE EMISSION RATE (Optional)	
		* yes/no	effic.	note 2 lb/hr	tn/yr	note 2 lb/hr	tn/yr
AC-004	PM/PM ₁₀	No			3.94		12.52
	VOC				0.49		1.57

1. All regulated air pollutants including hazardous air pollutants emitted from this source should be listed in accordance with Operating Permit Application Requirements, pp. 3-5. A list of regulated air pollutants has been provided in Section A.
2. Provide emission rate in units of applicable emission standard, e.g. lb/MMbtu, gr/dscf, etc. This may not apply to every emission point or every pollutant from an emission point.

* If yes, attach appropriate Air Pollution Control Data Sheet from Section L or manufacturers specifications if other.

SCRUBBERS (Page 1 of 2)

SECTION L5

- 1. Emission Point No. / Name: AC-002
- 2. Manufacturers Name and Model No.: Hercules, Inc.
- 3. Date of construction for existing sources or date of anticipated start-up for new sources:
Pre-1977
- 4. Scrubber Data:
 - a) Scrubber type:

<input type="checkbox"/>	Venturi	<input type="checkbox"/>	Orifice
<input type="checkbox"/>	Packed Tower	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Gravity Tower
<input type="checkbox"/>	Cyclonic	<input type="checkbox"/>	Condenser
<input type="checkbox"/>	Mist Eliminator	<input type="checkbox"/>	Impingement Plate
<input type="checkbox"/>	Other: _____		
 - b) Liquid injection rate:
 - 1) Design maximum: 6.1 gpm @ 40 psia
 - 2) Expected average: 6.1 gpm @ 40 psia
 - c) Pressure drop: 6 inches H₂O (estimated)
 - d) Scrubbing liquid: **Water**
 - 1) Once - through Recycled
 - 2) If recycled: _____ gpm make - up rate
 - 3) If water, describe settling basin: NA
 - 4) Solution / Reactant systems:
 - a) Chemical make - up: NA
 - b) How is discharge handled, treated? Impoundment Basin to POTW
 - e) Gas flow: Counter current Concurrent
 - 1) Flow rate: Variable acfm
 - 2) Inlet Temperature: Ambient °F
 - f) Venturi Data: **NA**
 - 1) Inlet Area: _____ ft²
 - 2) Throat Area: _____ ft²
 - 3) Throat velocity: _____ ft / sec
 - 4) Fixed throat Variable throat
 - g) Packed or Plate Tower Data: **NA**
 - 1) Surface Area: _____ ft diameter
 - 2) Packing depth: _____ ft
 - 3) Type of packing: _____ Rings _____ Saddles
Other: _____
 - 4) No. of plates: _____
 - 5) Type of plates: _____
 - h) Demisting Data: **NA**
 - 1) Mist eliminator filter area: _____ ft diameter
 - 2) Type: _____ Cyclone _____ Vanes _____ Pad
Other: _____
 - i) Efficiency: 90 % (estimated)

j) Are extra nozzles readily available? _____ Yes X No
How many? _____

k) Pressure measurement devices installed? _____ Yes X No

5. Which process(es) does the scrubber control emissions from? Approximately half (1/2) the Poly-Pale
Process equipment is controlled by this
scrubber.

SCRUBBERS (Page 1 of 2)

SECTION L5

1. Emission Point No. / Name: AC-003

2. Manufacturers Name and Model No.: Hercules, Inc.

3. Date of construction for existing sources or date of anticipated start-up for new sources:
Pre-1977

4. Scrubber Data:

a) Scrubber type: Venturi Orifice
 Packed Tower X Gravity Tower
 Cyclonic Condenser
 Mist Eliminator Impingement Plate
 Other:

b) Liquid injection rate:
 1) Design maximum: 6.1 gpm @ 40 psia
 2) Expected average: 6.1 gpm @ 40 psia

c) Pressure drop: 6 inches H₂O (estimated)

d) Scrubbing liquid: **Water**
 1) X Once - through Recycled
 2) If recycled: gpm make - up rate
 3) If water, describe settling basin: NA
 4) Solution / Reactant systems:
 a) Chemical make - up: NA
 b) How is discharge handled, treated? Impoundment Basin to POTW

e) Gas flow: X Counter current Concurrent
 1) Flow rate: Variable acfm
 2) Inlet Temperature: Ambient °F

f) Venturi Data: **NA**
 1) Inlet Area: ft²
 2) Throat Area: ft²
 3) Throat velocity: ft / sec
 4) Fixed throat Variable throat

g) Packed or Plate Tower Data: **NA**
 1) Surface Area: ft diameter
 2) Packing depth: ft
 3) Type of packing: Rings Saddles
 Other:
 4) No. of plates:
 5) Type of plates:

h) Demisting Data: **NA**
 1) Mist eliminator filter area: ft diameter
 2) Type: Cyclone Vanes Pad
 Other:

i) Efficiency: 90 % (estimated)

j) Are extra nozzles readily available? _____ Yes X No
How many? _____

k) Pressure measurement devices installed? _____ Yes X No

5. Which process(es) does the scrubber control emissions from? Approximately half (1/2) the Poly-Pale
 Process equipment is controlled by this
 scrubber.

**COMPLIANCE DEMONSTRATION
BY RECORDKEEPING**

SECTION M7

1. Emission Point No./Name: AC-002 and AC-003

2. Pollutant: SO₂, VOC, HAP (Toluene), and Acid Mist (H₂SO₄)

3. Material or parameter being monitored or recorded: Scrubber water flow

4. Method of monitoring and recordkeeping: The scrubber water flow to the scrubbers is visually monitored through a sight glass and recorded on a weekly basis to ensure the scrubbers operate as intended.

5. List any EPA methods used: NA

6. Compliance shall be demonstrated:

 Daily X Weekly Monthly Quarterly

**COMPLIANCE DEMONSTRATION
BY RECORDKEEPING**

SECTION M7

1. Emission Point No./Name: AC-004

2. Pollutant: PM and VOC

3. Material or parameter being monitored or recorded: Raw material input

4. Method of monitoring and recordkeeping: The number of rosin drums opened and melted in the Rosin Melter are monitored and recorded on a daily basis.

5. List any EPA methods used: NA

6. Compliance shall be demonstrated:
 Daily Weekly Monthly Quarterly

ROSIN AMINE DERIVATIVES PROCESS AREA

MANUFACTURING PROCESSES (page 1 of 2)

SECTION E

1. Emission Point No./ Name: AF-000, Rosin Amine Derivatives (RAD) Process Area and AF-000(EO), RAD Process Area in Ethylene Oxide service

2. Process Description: The RAD Process Area produces chemicals (Rosin Amine and Ethylene Oxide Derivatives) primarily used as corrosion inhibitors. The Polyether Polyol (in EO service) manufacturing components are subject to NESHAP 40 CFR 63, Subpart PPP for controlling HAP emissions. Equipment in the process area includes reactors, tanks, vents, piping, etc. Emissions occur from associated equipment and fugitive losses.

3. Was this unit constructed or modified after August 7, 1977? X yes no
 If yes please give date and explain. Installed Ammonia Scrubber in 1997 and modified operation of EO scrubber in 2002.

4. Capacity (in tons/hr): Resin Nitrile – 0.51 tph, Distilled Nitrile – 0.51 tph, Resin Amine – 0.37 tph, Resin Amine Acetates – 0.01 tph, RADs – 0.10 tph, and EODs – 0.05 tph

5. Raw Material Input:

MATERIAL	QUANTITY/HR AVERAGE	QUANTITY/HR MAXIMUM	QUANTITY/YEAR MAXIMUM**
Resin Nitrile			
Resin	1342 lbs	1342 lbs	11,755,920 lbs
Ammonia	119 lbs	119 lbs	1,042,440 lbs
Distilled Nitrile			
Resin Nitrile	1020 lbs	1020 lbs	8,935,200 lbs
Resin Amine			
Distilled Nitrile	793 lbs	793 lbs	6,946,680 lbs
Hydrogen Gas	11 mcf	11 mcf	96,360 mcf
Resin Amine Acetates			
Resin Amine	8 lbs	8 lbs	70,080 lbs

Acetic Acid	6 lbs	6 lbs	52,560 lbs
Isopropyl Alcohol	3 lbs	3 lbs	26,280 lbs
Resin Amine Derivatives			
Resin Amine	76 lbs	76 lbs	665,760 lbs
Ethylene Oxide	86 lbs	86 lbs	753,360 lbs
Isopropyl Alcohol	47 lbs	47 lbs	411,720 lbs
Ethylene Oxide Derivatives			
Rosin	33 lbs	33 lbs	289,080 lbs
Ethylene Oxide	71 lbs	71 lbs	621,960 lbs

* Actual 2002 RAD production (Amine D - 384,615 lbs, Polyrads - 114,640 lbs, & Surfactants - 38,425 lbs).

** Maximum quantity per year is based on maximum quantity per hour for 24 hrs/day and 365 days/yr.

6. Product Output:

PRODUCT or BY-PRODUCT	QUANTITY/HR AVERAGE	QUANTITY/HR MAXIMUM	QUANTITY/YEAR
Resin Nitrile	1020 lbs	1020 lbs	8,935,200 lbs
Distilled Nitrile	1020 lbs	1020 lbs	8,935,200 lbs
Resin Amine	732 lbs	732 lbs	6,412,320 lbs
Resin Amine Acetates	18 lbs	18 lbs	157,680 lbs
RADs	194 lbs	194 lbs	1,699,440 lbs
EODs	89 lbs	89 lbs	779,640 lbs

7. Stack Data:

AF-002 RAD Process Ammoniation Vent, which is equipped with a water scrubber.

A. Height: 15 ft C. Exit gas velocity: 0-1 ft/s
 B. Inside diameter: 0.5 ft D. Exit gas temperature: Ambient

AF-004 Ethylene Oxide Packed Bed Scrubber (with Sulfuric Acid) to control EO emissions.

A. Height: 50 ft C. Exit gas velocity: 0-1 ft/s
 B. Inside diameter: 0.25 ft D. Exit gas temperature: Ambient

8. UTM Coordinates:

A. Zone 16 B. North 3469.40 C. East 280.40

MANUFACTURING PROCESSES (page 2 of 2)

SECTION E

13. POLLUTANT EMISSIONS:

Example emission rate calculations, monitoring data, or stack test data must be attached in accordance with Operating Permit Application Requirements, pp. 3-5.

EMISSION POINT NO.	POLLUTANT (note 1)	CONTROL EQUIPMENT		ACTUAL EMISSION RATE (in accordance with Operating Permit Application Requirements, pp. 3-5)		PROPOSED ALLOWABLE EMISSION RATE (Optional)		
		* yes/no	effic.	note 2	lb/hr	tn/yr	lb/hr	tn/yr
AF-000**	VOC	No				0.56		8.68
	Ethylene Oxide					0.56		8.68
AF-002	Ammonia	Yes	95%					
AF-004	VOC	Yes	98%			0.03		0.80
	Ethylene Oxide					0.03		0.80

1. All regulated air pollutants including hazardous air pollutants emitted from this source should be listed in accordance with Operating Permit Application Requirements, pp. 3-5. A list of regulated air pollutants has been provided in Section A.
2. Provide emission rate in units of applicable emission standard, e.g. lb/MMBtu, gr/dscf, etc. This may not apply to every emission point or every pollutant from an emission point.

* If yes, attach appropriate Air Pollution Control Data Sheet from Section L or manufacturers specifications if other.

** Fugitive emissions and insignificant sources associated with the RAD Process Area.

SCRUBBERS (Page 1 of 2)

SECTION L5

1. Emission Point No. / Name: AF-002

2. Manufacturers Name and Model No.: Hercules, Inc.

3. Date of construction for existing sources or date of anticipated start-up for new sources:
1997

4. Scrubber Data:

a) Scrubber type: Venturi Orifice
 X Packed Tower Gravity Tower
 Cyclonic Condenser
 Mist Eliminator Impingement Plate
 Other:

b) Liquid injection rate:
1) Design maximum: unknown gpm @ unknown psia
2) Expected average: 4-6 gpm @ unknown psia (estimated)

c) Pressure drop: unknown inches H₂O (estimated)

d) Scrubbing liquid: **Water**
1) X Once - through Recycled
2) If recycled: gpm make - up rate
3) If water, describe settling basin: NA
4) Solution / Reactant systems:
a) Chemical make - up: NA
b) How is discharge handled, treated? Impoundment Basin to POTW

e) Gas flow: X Counter current Concurrent
1) Flow rate: Variable acfm
2) Inlet Temperature: Ambient °F

f) Venturi Data: **NA**
1) Inlet Area: ft²
2) Throat Area: ft²
3) Throat velocity: ft / sec
4) Fixed throat Variable throat

g) Packed or Plate Tower Data:
1) Surface Area: 2 ft diameter
2) Packing depth: 6 ft
3) Type of packing: X Rings Saddles
 Other:
4) No. of plates:
5) Type of plates:

h) Demisting Data: **NA**
1) Mist eliminator filter area: ft diameter
2) Type: Cyclone Vanes Pad
 Other:

i) Efficiency: 95 % (estimated)

j) Are extra nozzles readily available? _____ Yes X No
How many? _____

k) Pressure measurement devices installed? _____ Yes X No

5. Which process(es) does the scrubber control emissions from? RAD Process Ammoniation Reactor

SCRUBBERS (Page 1 of 2)

SECTION L5

1. Emission Point No. / Name: AF-004

2. Manufacturers Name and Model No.: Anderson 2000 Inc. Serial No. S-4733-832

3. Date of construction for existing sources or date of anticipated start-up for new sources:
1988

4. Scrubber Data:

a) Scrubber type: Venturi Orifice
 X Packed Tower Gravity Tower
 Cyclonic Condenser
 Mist Eliminator Impingement Plate
 Other:

b) Liquid injection rate:
 1) Design maximum: >0.5 gpm @ Unknown psia
 2) Expected average: 0.5 gpm @ Unknown psia

c) Pressure drop: Unknown inches H₂O (estimated)

d) Scrubbing liquid:
 1) Once - through X Recycled
 2) If recycled: < 1.10 pH maintained
 3) If water, describe settling basin: NA
 4) Solution / Reactant systems:
 a) Chemical make - up: Sulfuric Acid
 b) How is discharge handled, treated? Impoundment Basin to POTW

e) Gas flow: X Counter current Concurrent
 1) Flow rate: Variable acfm
 2) Inlet Temperature: 200 °F

f) Venturi Data: NA
 1) Inlet Area: ft²
 2) Throat Area: ft²
 3) Throat velocity: ft / sec
 4) Fixed throat Variable throat

g) Packed or Plate Tower Data:
 1) Surface Area: 0.25 ft diameter
 2) Packing depth: unknown ft
 3) Type of packing: X Rings Saddles
 Other:
 4) No. of plates:
 5) Type of plates:

h) Demisting Data: NA
 1) Mist eliminator filter area: ft diameter
 2) Type: Cyclone Vanes Pad
 Other:

i) Efficiency: 98 %

j) Are extra nozzles readily available? _____ Yes No
How many? _____

k) Pressure measurement devices installed? _____ Yes No

5. Which process(es) does the scrubber control emissions from? **RAD (EO) Process Area Vents**

**COMPLIANCE DEMONSTRATION
BY RECORDKEEPING**

SECTION M7

1. Emission Point No./Name: AF-000
2. Pollutant: VOC and HAP (Ethylene Oxide)
3. Material or parameter being monitored or recorded: Leak Detection and Repair (LDAR)
4. Method of monitoring and recordkeeping: The RAD (EO) Process Area equipment (reactor, tanks, piping, valves, relief valves, pumps, and connectors) that directly contacts Ethylene Oxide are monitored for leaks and the data is recorded on a schedule determined by 40 CFR 63, Subpart H and Subpart PPP.
5. List any EPA methods used: EPA Reference Method 21
6. Compliance shall be demonstrated:
 Daily Weekly X Monthly X Quarterly X Yearly

**COMPLIANCE DEMONSTRATION
BY RECORDKEEPING**

SECTION M7

1. Emission Point No./Name: AF-002

2. Pollutant: Ammonia

3. Material or parameter being monitored or recorded: Scrubber water flow

4. Method of monitoring and recordkeeping: The scrubber water flow to the scrubber is visually monitored through a sight glass and recorded on a weekly basis to ensure the scrubber is operating as intended.

5. List any EPA methods used: NA

6. Compliance shall be demonstrated:

 Daily X Weekly Monthly Quarterly

**COMPLIANCE DEMONSTRATION
BY RECORDKEEPING**

SECTION M7

1. Emission Point No./Name: AF-004

2. Pollutant: VOC and HAP (Ethylene Oxide)

3. Material or parameter being monitored or recorded: Scrubber water flow rate and pH

4. Method of monitoring and recordkeeping: The scrubber water flow rate (gal/min) and pH are monitored and recorded on a continuous basis (a minimum of every 15 minutes). A flow rate of greater than 0.5 gal/min and a pH of less than 1.1 are recommended for the scrubber to operate at the designed efficiency and regulatory requirements.

5. List any EPA methods used: NA

6. Compliance shall be demonstrated:

X Daily Weekly Monthly Quarterly

HARD RESINS PROCESS AREA

MANUFACTURING PROCESSES (page 1 of 2)

SECTION E

1. Emission Point No./ Name: AG-000, Hard Resins Process Area
2. Process Description: The Hard Resins Process Area produces specialty chemicals used primarily in food grade products (i.e., chewing gum) and adhesives. Equipment in the process area includes reactors, tanks, vents, piping, etc. Emissions occur from associated equipment and from fugitive losses.
3. Was this unit constructed or modified after August 7, 1977? X yes no
If yes please give date and explain. Modified in January 1998.
4. Capacity (in tons/hr): Kettles – 3.2 tons/hr Flaking – 3.5 tons/hr
5. Raw Material Input:

MATERIAL	QUANTITY/HR AVERAGE	QUANTITY/HR MAXIMUM	QUANTITY/YEAR MAXIMUM**
Kettle Feed Materials			
Rosin	6024 lbs	6024 lbs	52,770,240 lbs
Glycerin	435 lbs	435 lbs	3,810,600 lbs
Pentaerithritol	249 lbs	249 lbs	2,181,240 lbs
Maleic Anhydride	41 lbs	41 lbs	359,160 lbs
Phthalic Anhydride	9 lbs	9 lbs	78,840 lbs
Ethylene Glycol	4 lbs	4 lbs	35,040 lbs
Oxalic Acid	<1 lb	<1 lb	<8760 lbs
Calcium Formate	3 lbs	3 lbs	26,280 lbs
Irgonox 1010	<1 lb	<1 lb	<8760 lbs
Weston 618	<1 lb	<1 lb	<8760 lbs
TNPP	1 lb	1 lb	8760 lbs
Abalyn	15 lbs	15 lbs	131,400 lbs
Abitol	32 lbs	32 lbs	280,320 lbs
Picco	148 lbs	148 lbs	1,296,480 lbs
Adipic Acid	3 lbs	3 lbs	26,280 lbs
Fumaric Acid	20 lbs	20 lbs	175,200 lbs

DSTDP	<1 lb	<1 lb	<8760 lbs
Ethanox 323	<1 lb	<1 lb	<8760 lbs
Lithium Carbonate	<1 lb	<1 lb	<8760 lbs
Magnesium Oxide	<1 lb	<1 lb	<8760 lbs
Zinc Oxide	<1 lb	<1 lb	<8760 lbs
Santonox	<1 lb	<1 lb	<8760 lbs
Toluene Sulfonic Acid	<1 lb	<1 lb	<8760 lbs
Calcium Hydroxide	<1 lb	<1 lb	<8760 lbs
Paraformaldehyde	8 lbs	8 lbs	70,080 lbs
Paratertiary Octyl Phenol	25 lbs	25 lbs	219,000 lbs
Flaking and Drumming			
Resin	7000 lbs	7000 lbs	61,320,000 lbs

* Actual 2002 Hard Resins production (Kettle – 5,371,917 lbs and Flaked 9,676,150 lbs).

** Maximum quantity per year is based on maximum quantity per hour for 24 hrs/day and 365 days/yr.

6. Product Output:

PRODUCT or BY-PRODUCT	QUANTITY/HR AVERAGE	QUANTITY/HR MAXIMUM	QUANTITY/YEAR
Kettle Resin Derivatives	6400 lbs	6400 lbs	56,064,000 lbs
Flaking and Drumming	7000 lbs	7000 lbs	61,320,000 lbs

7. Stack Data:

AG-003 Hard Resins Kettles and Flaking Belt (hot end – pouring) vented to a water scrubber.

A. Height: 35 ft C. Exit gas velocity: 2 ft/s
 B. Inside diameter: 4 ft D. Exit gas temperature: Ambient

AG-005 Hard Resins Flaking Belt (cold end – flaking) vented to a dust collector.

A. Height: 10 ft C. Exit gas velocity: 28.73 ft/s
 B. Inside diameter: 2.4 ft x 1.5 ft D. Exit gas temperature: Ambient

8. UTM Coordinates:

A. Zone 16 B. North 3469.20 C. East 280.70

MANUFACTURING PROCESSES (page 2 of 2)

SECTION E

13. POLLUTANT EMISSIONS:

Example emission rate calculations, monitoring data, or stack test data must be attached in accordance with Operating Permit Application Requirements, pp. 3-5.

EMISSION POINT NO.	POLLUTANT (note 1)	CONTROL EQUIPMENT		ACTUAL EMISSION RATE (in accordance with Operating Permit Application Requirements, pp. 3-5)		PROPOSED ALLOWABLE EMISSION RATE (Optional)			
		* yes/no	effic.	note 2	lb/hr	tn/yr	note 2	lb/hr	tn/yr
AG-003	VOC	Yes	60%		17.82	78.05		44.55	195.13
AG-005	PM/PM ₁₀	Yes	90%		0.72	3.16		7.22	31.62

1. All regulated air pollutants including hazardous air pollutants emitted from this source should be listed in accordance with Operating Permit Application Requirements, pp. 3-5. A list of regulated air pollutants has been provided in Section A.
2. Provide emission rate in units of applicable emission standard, e.g. lb/MMbtu, gr/dscf, etc. This may not apply to every emission point or every pollutant from an emission point.

* If yes, attach appropriate Air Pollution Control Data Sheet from Section L or manufacturers specifications if other.

SCRUBBERS (Page 1 of 2)

SECTION L5

1. Emission Point No. / Name: AG-003

2. Manufacturers Name and Model No.: Hercules, Inc.

3. Date of construction for existing sources or date of anticipated start-up for new sources:
Constructed Pre-1977, and Modified in 1990

4. Scrubber Data:

a) Scrubber type: Venturi Orifice
 Packed Tower X Gravity Tower
 Cyclonic Condenser
 Mist Eliminator Impingement Plate
 Other:

b) Liquid injection rate:
1) Design maximum: 6 gpm @ 40 psia
2) Expected average: 6 gpm @ 20 psia

c) Pressure drop: 6 inches H₂O (estimated)

d) Scrubbing liquid: **Water**
1) X Once - through Recycled
2) If recycled: gpm make - up rate
3) If water, describe settling basin: NA
4) Solution / Reactant systems:
a) Chemical make - up: NA
b) How is discharge handled, treated? Impoundment Basin to POTW

e) Gas flow: X Counter current Concurrent
1) Flow rate: 8405 acfm
2) Inlet Temperature: 150 °F

f) Venturi Data: **NA**
1) Inlet Area: ft²
2) Throat Area: ft²
3) Throat velocity: ft / sec
4) Fixed throat Variable throat

g) Packed or Plate Tower Data: **NA**
1) Surface Area: ft diameter
2) Packing depth: ft
3) Type of packing: Rings Saddles
 Other:
4) No. of plates:
5) Type of plates:

h) Demisting Data: **NA**
1) Mist eliminator filter area: ft diameter
2) Type: Cyclone Vanes Pad
 Other:

i) Efficiency: 60 % (estimated)

j) Are extra nozzles readily available? _____ Yes X No
How many? _____

k) Pressure measurement devices installed? X Yes _____ No

5. Which process(es) does the scrubber control emissions from? Hard Resins Kettles and Hot End
 (Pouring) of Flaking Belt.

BAGHOUSES

SECTION L1

- 1. Emission Point No. / Name : AG-005
- 2. Manufacturers Name & Model No.: Buell "Norblo" Mechanical Shaker Dust Collector
Model No. 396-14-20
- 3. Date of construction for existing sources or date of anticipated start-up for new sources:
1979
- 4. Baghouse Data:
 - a) Cloth area: 7344 ft²
 - b) Air to cloth ratio: 3.06:1 acfm/ft²
 - c) Type of bag: Woven Felted
Membrane Other:
 - d) Bag material: Polyester
 - e) No. of bags: 396
 - f) No. of compartments: 4
 - g) Bag length: 14.17 ft
 - h) Bag diameter: 0.42 ft
 - i) Pressure drop: 4-6 inches H₂O
 - j) Pressure measurement device installed: Yes No
 - k) Air flow: 22,500 acfm @ 72 °F
 - l) Efficiency: 90 % (estimated)
 - m) Dirty air on: inside outside of bag
 - n) Time between bag cleaning: 8 minutes
 - o) Method of bag cleaning: Shaking Reverse Air
 Pulse Jet Other:
 - p) Are extra bags readily available: Yes No How Many? 50 (re-order minimum)
 - q) How is the collected dust stored, handled, disposed of? Reused or disposed of properly
- 6. Which process(es) does the baghouse control emissions from? Cold End of Hard Resins Flaking Belt.

**COMPLIANCE DEMONSTRATION
BY RECORDKEEPING**

SECTION M7

1. Emission Point No./Name: AG-003

2. Pollutant: VOC

3. Material or parameter being monitored or recorded: Scrubber water flow

4. Method of monitoring and recordkeeping: The scrubber water flow to the scrubber is visually monitored and recorded on a weekly basis to ensure the scrubber is operated as intended. The kettle vent fan and the flaking belt "hot" end vent fan are also monitored on a weekly basis to ensure proper scrubber operation.

5. List any EPA methods used: NA

6. Compliance shall be demonstrated:

 Daily X Weekly Monthly Quarterly

**COMPLIANCE DEMONSTRATION
BY RECORDKEEPING**

SECTION M7

1. Emission Point No./Name: AG-005

2. Pollutant: PM

3. Material or parameter being monitored or recorded: Pressure drop

4. Method of monitoring and recordkeeping: The pressure drop across the baghouse is monitored and recorded on a weekly basis to ensure the baghouse operates at the designed efficiency.

5. List any EPA methods used: NA

6. Compliance shall be demonstrated:
 Daily X Weekly Monthly Quarterly

ROSIN SHED AREA

MANUFACTURING PROCESSES (page 2 of 2)

SECTION E

13. POLLUTANT EMISSIONS:

Example emission rate calculations, monitoring data, or stack test data must be attached in accordance with Operating Permit Application Requirements, pp. 3-5.

EMISSION POINT NO.	POLLUTANT (note 1)	CONTROL EQUIPMENT		ACTUAL EMISSION RATE (in accordance with Operating Permit Application Requirements, pp. 3-5)		PROPOSED ALLOWABLE EMISSION RATE (Optional)				
		* yes/no	effic.	note 2	lb/hr	tn/yr	note 2	lb/hr	tn/yr	
AH-000**	VOC									

- All regulated air pollutants including hazardous air pollutants emitted from this source should be listed in accordance with Operating Permit Application Requirements, pp. 3-5. A list of regulated air pollutants has been provided in Section A.
 - Provide emission rate in units of applicable emission standard, e.g. lb/MMbtu, gr/dscf, etc. This may not apply to every emission point or every pollutant from an emission point.
- * If yes, attach appropriate Air Pollution Control Data Sheet from Section L or manufacturers specifications if other.
 ** No stack emissions, only fugitive and insignificant emissions associated with the Rosin Shed Process Area (see Insignificant Activities- Section C).

ROSIN DISTILLATION PROCESS AREA

MANUFACTURING PROCESSES (page 2 of 2)

SECTION E

13. POLLUTANT EMISSIONS:

Example emission rate calculations, monitoring data, or stack test data must be attached in accordance with Operating Permit Application Requirements, pp. 3-5.

EMISSION POINT NO.	POLLUTANT (note 1)	CONTROL EQUIPMENT		ACTUAL EMISSION RATE (in accordance with Operating Permit Application Requirements, pp. 3-5)		PROPOSED ALLOWABLE EMISSION RATE (Optional)				
		* yes/no	effic.	note 2	lb/hr	tn/yr	note 2	lb/hr	tn/yr	
AJ-000**	VOC									

1. All regulated air pollutants including hazardous air pollutants emitted from this source should be listed in accordance with Operating Permit Application Requirements, pp. 3-5. A list of regulated air pollutants has been provided in Section A.
2. Provide emission rate in units of applicable emission standard, e.g. lb/MMbtu, gr/dscf, etc. This may not apply to every emission point or every pollutant from an emission point.

* If yes, attach appropriate Air Pollution Control Data Sheet from Section L or manufacturers specifications if other.
 ** No stack emissions, only fugitive and insignificant emissions associated with the Rosin Distillation Area (see Insignificant Activities – Section C).

POWER HOUSE AND EFFLUENT TREATMENT AREAS

FUEL BURNING EQUIPMENT (page 1 of 2)

SECTION D

1. Emission Point No. / Name: AM-001, Package Boiler

2. Equipment Description: A steam generating boiler (Package Boiler No. 5), which produces steam for the facility.

3. Was this unit constructed or modified after August 7, 1977? Yes No
 If yes please give date and explain. _____

4. Capacity: 156 MMBTU/hr
5. Type of burner: Multiple Port Gas

6. Usage Type (i.e. Space Heat, Process, etc.): Process Steam (and Heat)

7. Complete the following table, identifying each type of fuel and the amount used. Specify the units for heat content, hourly usage, and yearly usage.

FUEL TYPE	HEAT CONTENT	% SULFUR	% ASH	MAXIMUM HOURLY USAGE	YEARLY USAGE
Natural Gas	1020 BTU/ft ³	NA	NA	152,941 ft ³ /hr	1340 MMft ³ /yr
Fuel Oil #2	141 MBTU/gal	0.5	NA	1106 gal/hr	0*
Fuel Oil #6	150 MBTU/gal	2.0	NA	1040 gal/hr	0*

* Fuel Oil was not burned in 2002, but can be used if necessary.

8. Please list any fuel components that are hazardous air pollutants and the percentage in the fuel.
Hexane (natural gas) and Chloride and Nickel (fuel oil) have potential emissions >0.1 lb/hr.

9. Operating Schedule: (Optional) 24 hours/day 7 days/week 52 weeks/year

10. Stack Data:

A. Height: <u>71 ft</u>	C. Exit gas velocity: <u>56 ft/s</u>
B. Inside diameter: <u>3 ft</u>	D. Exit gas temperature: <u>250 ° F</u>

11. UTM Coordinates:

A. Zone <u>16</u>	B. North <u>3469.30</u>	C. East <u>280.5</u>
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FUEL BURNING EQUIPMENT (page 1 of 2)

SECTION D

1. Emission Point No. / Name: AM-002, Package Boiler
2. Equipment Description: A steam generating boiler (Package Boiler No. 6), which produces steam for the facility.
3. Was this unit constructed or modified after August 7, 1977? Yes No
If yes please give date and explain. Installed in 1986.
4. Capacity: 65 MMBTU/hr 5. Type of burner: Multiple Port Gas
6. Usage Type (i.e. Space Heat, Process, etc.): Process Steam (and Heat)
7. Complete the following table, identifying each type of fuel and the amount used. Specify the units for heat content, hourly usage, and yearly usage.

FUEL TYPE	HEAT CONTENT	% SULFUR	% ASH	MAXIMUM HOURLY USAGE	YEARLY USAGE
Natural Gas	1020 BTU/ft ³	NA	NA	63,725 ft ³ /hr	558 MMft ³ /yr
Fuel Oil #2	141 MBTU/gal	0.5	NA	461 gal/hr	0*
Fuel Oil #6	150 MBTU/gal	2.0	NA	433 gal/hr	0*

* Fuel Oil was not burned in 2002, but can be used if necessary.

8. Please list any fuel components that are hazardous air pollutants and the percentage in the fuel.
Hexane (natural gas) and Chloride (fuel oil) have potential emissions >0.1 lb/hr.
9. Operating Schedule: (Optional) 24 hours/day 7 days/week 52 weeks/year
10. Stack Data:

A. Height: <u>64 ft</u>	C. Exit gas velocity: <u>Variable</u>
B. Inside diameter: <u>4 ft</u>	D. Exit gas temperature: <u>250 ° F</u>
11. UTM Coordinates:

A. Zone <u>16</u>	B. North <u>3469.30</u>	C. East <u>280.5</u>
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FUEL BURNING EQUIPMENT (page 2 of 2)

SECTION D

12. POLLUTANT EMISSIONS:

Example emission rate calculations, monitoring data, or stack test data must be attached in accordance with Operating Permit Application Requirements, pp. 3-5.

EMISSION POINT NO.	POLLUTANT (note 1)	CONTROL EQUIPMENT		ACTUAL EMISSION RATE (in accordance with Operating Permit Application Requirements, pp. 3-5)		PROPOSED ALLOWABLE EMISSION RATE (Optional)		
		* yes/no	effic.	note 2	lb/hr	note 2	lb/hr	tn/yr
AM-001	PM/PM ₁₀	No					22.46	98.39
	SO ₂	No					326.56	1430.33
	NO _x	No					48.88	214.09
	CO	No					12.85	56.27
	VOC	No					0.84	3.68
	Total HAPs**	No					0.76	3.35
AM-002	PM/PM ₁₀	No					4.33	18.97
	SO ₂	No					135.96	595.51
	NO _x	No					23.82	104.31
	CO	No					5.35	23.45
	VOC	No					0.35	1.54
	Total HAPs**	No					0.31	1.39

1. All regulated air pollutants including hazardous air pollutants emitted from this source should be listed. A list of regulated air pollutants has been provided in Section A.
2. Provide emission rate in units of applicable emission standard, e.g. lb/MMBtu, gr/dscf, etc. This may not apply to every emission point or every pollutant from an emission point.

* If yes, attach appropriate Air Pollution Control Data Sheet from Section L or manufacturers specifications if other.

** Individual HAP emission calculations are attached in report appendix.

MANUFACTURING PROCESSES (page 2 of 2)

SECTION E

13. POLLUTANT EMISSIONS:

Example emission rate calculations, monitoring data, or stack test data must be attached in accordance with Operating Permit Application Requirements, pp. 3-5.

EMISSION POINT NO.	POLLUTANT (note 1)	CONTROL EQUIPMENT		ACTUAL EMISSION RATE (in accordance with Operating Permit Application Requirements, pp. 3-5)		PROPOSED ALLOWABLE EMISSION RATE (Optional)				
		* yes/no	effic.	note 2	lb/hr	tn/yr	note 2	lb/hr	tn/yr	
AN-000**	VOC	No								12.86
	Toluene									

1. All regulated air pollutants including hazardous air pollutants emitted from this source should be listed in accordance with Operating Permit Application Requirements, pp. 3-5. A list of regulated air pollutants has been provided in Section A.
2. Provide emission rate in units of applicable emission standard, e.g. lb/MMBtu, gr/dscf, etc. This may not apply to every emission point or every pollutant from an emission point.

* If yes, attach appropriate Air Pollution Control Data Sheet from Section L or manufacturers specifications if other.
 ** Fugitive emissions and insignificant sources associated with the Effluent Treatment Area.

**COMPLIANCE DEMONSTRATION
BY RECORDKEEPING**

SECTION M7

1. Emission Point No./Name: AM-001 and AM-002

2. Pollutant: Fuel

3. Material or parameter being monitored or recorded: Fuel quality and fuel quantity

4. Method of monitoring and recordkeeping: The fuel type and quantity is recorded on a monthly basis, and a fuel analysis is obtained on a semi-annual basis. If fuel oil is combusted, the fuel quality (sulfur content) will be recorded. Also, if #6 fuel oil is combusted for five (5) consecutive days, the facility will comply with the existing Title V Operating Permit biennial compliance monitoring requirements.

5. List any EPA methods used: NA

6. Compliance shall be demonstrated:

 Daily Weekly X Monthly Quarterly

SECTION N

Current Applicable Requirements and Status (page 1 of 5)

List applicable state and federal regulations and applicable test methods for determining compliance with each applicable requirement. Clearly identify federal regulations from state requirements. Provide the compliance status as of the day the application is signed.

Emission Point No.	Applicable Requirement	Pollutant	Test Method	Limits	Compliance Status IN / OUT
Facility-Wide	APC-S-1, Section 3.1(a) & 3.2 – General Opacity Standard	PM (Smoke)	EPA Ref. Method 9	≤ 40%	IN
Facility-Wide	APC-S-1, Section 3.1(b) – Startup Opacity Standard	PM (Smoke)	EPA Ref. Method 9	≥ 40%, up to 15 minutes per startup in any 1 hour, not to exceed 3 startups in any 24 hour period.	IN
Facility-Wide	APC-S-1, Section 3.1(c) – Soot Blowing Opacity Standard	PM (Smoke)	EPA Ref. Method 9	≤ 60%, providing aggregate duration during any 24 hour period does not exceed 10 minutes per 10 ⁹ BTU gross heating value in any 1 hour.	IN
Facility-Wide	APC-S-1, Section 3.3 – General Nuisance Standard	PM	NA	As specified in the regulations.	IN
Facility-Wide	APC-S-1, Section 3.7 – Open Burning Standard	PM	NA	As specified in the regulations.	IN
Facility-Wide	APC-S-1, Section 5.2 – Miscellaneous Chemical Emissions	HAPs (Toxics)	NA	As specified in the regulations.	IN
Insignificant Activities – Fuel Burning Equipment	Title V Operating Permit (TVOP) No. 0800-00001, Condition 3.C.1 APC-S-1, Section 3.4(a)(I)	PM	EPA Ref. Method 1-5	0.6 lbs/MMBTU	IN
Insignificant Activities – Fuel Burning Equipment	TVOP No. 0800-00001, 3.C.2 APC-S-1, Section 4.1(a)	SO ₂	EPA Ref. Method 6	4.8 lbs/MMBTU	IN
Insignificant Activities – Manufacturing Sources	TVOP No. 0800-00001, 3.C.3 APC-S-1, Section 3.6(a)	PM	NA	E = 4.1(p) ^{0.67}	IN
Insignificant Activities – Storage Vessels (Identified in Section C)	TVOP No. 0800-00001, 3.C.4 40 CFR 60, Subpart Kb (60.110b and 60.116b(a) & (b))	VOC	NA	Record tank capacity and dimensions.	IN

Current Applicable Requirements and Status (page 2 of 5) SECTION N

List applicable state and federal regulations and applicable test methods for determining compliance with each applicable requirement. Clearly identify federal regulations from state requirements. Provide the compliance status as of the day the application is signed.

Emission Point No.	Applicable Requirement	Pollutant	Test Method	Limits	Compliance Status IN / OUT
AA-001, AA-002, AB-001, AC-002, AC-003, AF-004(EO), AG-003, and AG-005	TVOP No. 0800-00001, 5.B.14 APC-S-6, Section III.A.3	PM, VOC, and HAP	NA	Weekly monitoring and recordkeeping requirements for control equipment maintenance.	IN
AA-000, AA-001, and AN-000	TVOP No. 0800-00001, 3.B.1 40 CFR 63, Subpart W (63.520) 40 CFR 63, Subpart H (63.160) APC-S-1, Section 8.1	HAP (Epi)	EPA Ref. Method 21	Leak Detection and Repair (LDAR) for components in HAP (Epi) service.	IN
AA-000, AA-001, and AN-000	TVOP No. 0800-00001, 3.D.1-3 40 CFR 63, Subpart A (63.6(e))	HAP (Epi)	NA	Startup, Shutdown, and Malfunction Plan	IN
AA-000, AA-001, and AN-000	TVOP No. 0800-00001, 5.B.2 40 CFR 63, Subpart W (63.525(i)) 40 CFR 63, Subpart H (63.162(a) & (b))	HAP (Epi)	EPA Ref. Method 21	Compliance demonstration.	IN
AA-000, AA-001, and AN-000	TVOP No. 0800-00001, 5.B.3 40 CFR 63, Subpart W (63.526(d)) 40 CFR, Subpart H	HAP (Epi)	EPA Ref. Method 21	Monitoring schedule and leak definition concentrations are as specified in the regulations (varies).	IN
AA-000, AA-001, and AN-000	TVOP No. 0800-00001, 5.B.4 40 CFR 63, Subpart W (63.527(d)) 40 CFR, Subpart H (63.181)	HAP (Epi)	EPA Ref. Method 21	Recordkeeping Requirements	IN
AA-000, AA-001, and AN-000	TVOP No. 0800-00001, 5.C.1(b) 40 CFR 63, Subpart W (63.528(b)) 40 CFR, Subpart H (63.182)	HAP (Epi)	EPA Ref. Method 21	Reporting Requirements	IN

Current Applicable Requirements and Status (page 3 of 5) SECTION N

List applicable state and federal regulations and applicable test methods for determining compliance with each applicable requirement. Clearly identify federal regulations from state requirements. Provide the compliance status as of the day the application is signed.

Emission Point No.	Applicable Requirement	Pollutant	Test Method	Limits	Compliance Status IN / OUT
AA-002	TVOP No. 0800-00001, 3.B.2 & 5.B.8 APC-S-1, Section 3.6(a)	PM	NA	E = 4.1(p) ^{0.67} Monitor raw material processed (in lbs) and hours of operation daily.	IN
AB-001	TVOP No. 0800-00001, 3.B.2 & 5.B.9 APC-S-1, Section 3.6(a)	PM	NA	E = 4.1(p) ^{0.67} Monitor scrubber water flowrate weekly.	IN
AC-002 and AC-003	TVOP No. 0800-00001, 3.B.7 & 5.B.9 APC-S-1, Section 4.2(a)	SO ₂	NA	2000 ppm	IN
AC-004	TVOP No. 0800-00001, 3.B.2 & 5.B.13 APC-S-1, Section 3.6(a)	PM	NA	E = 4.1(p) ^{0.67} Monitor raw material processed (in lbs) and hours of operation daily.	IN
AF-000 (EO)	TVOP No. 0800-00001, 3.B.8, 3.B.11 & 5.B.31 40 CFR 63, Subpart PPP (63.1420 and 63.1434(a) and (h)) 40 CFR 63, Subpart H (63.160) APC-S-1, Section 8.1	HAP (EO)	EPA Ref. Method 21	Leak Detection and Repair (LDAR) for components in HAP (EO) service.	IN
AF-000 (EO)	TVOP No. 0800-00001, 3.D.4 & 3.D.5 40 CFR 63, Subpart PPP (63.1439(b)(1))	HAP (EO)	NA	Startup, Shutdown, and Malfunction Plan	IN
AF-000 (EO)	TVOP No. 0800-00001, 5.B.25 40 CFR 63, Subpart PPP (63.1438(f) & (g))	HAP (EO)	NA	Record monitoring excursions.	IN
AF-000 (EO)	TVOP No. 0800-00001, 5.B.28 40 CFR 63, Subpart PPP (63.1439(d)(1-8))	HAP (EO)	NA	Recordkeeping requirements.	IN

Current Applicable Requirements and Status (page 4 of 5) SECTION N

List applicable state and federal regulations and applicable test methods for determining compliance with each applicable requirement. Clearly identify federal regulations from state requirements. Provide the compliance status as of the day the application is signed.

Emission Point No.	Applicable Requirement	Pollutant	Test Method	Limits	Compliance Status IN / OUT
AF-000 (EO)	TVOP No. 0800-00001, 5.B.29 40 CFR 63, Subpart PPP (63.1439(g))	HAP (EO)	NA	Alternative monitoring and/or recordkeeping methods.	IN
AF-000 (EO)	TVOP No. 0800-00001, 5.B.30 40 CFR 63, Subpart PPP (63.1439(h))	HAP (EO)	NA	Reduced recordkeeping program.	IN
AF-000 (EO)	TVOP No. 0800-00001, 5.C.4 (b) & (c)	HAP (EO)	NA	Reporting requirements.	IN
AF-004(EO)	TVOP No. 0800-00001, 3.B.9 40 CFR 63, Subpart PPP (63.1425(b)(2)(ii))	HAP (EO)	NA	Aggregated 98% reduction of total epoxide emissions.	IN
AF-004(EO)	TVOP No. 0800-00001, 5.B.15-16 & 5.B.19 40 CFR 63, Subpart PPP (63.1426(c), (e) & 1430(b)(2)(i))	HAP (EO)	NA	Organic HAP concentration and control efficiency and determining HAP emission reduction.	IN
AF-004(EO)	TVOP No. 0800-00001, 5.B.17, 5.B.18 & 5.B.20 40 CFR 63, Subpart PPP (63.1429(a)(4), (d)(1-3) & 1430(c))	HAP (EO)	NA	Monitor scrubbing liquid flowrate and pH. Establish parameter monitoring levels for each.	IN
AF-004(EO)	TVOP No. 0800-00001, 5.B.21-23 40 CFR 63, Subpart PPP (63.1430(d)(1), (2)(i-ii) & (5))	HAP (EO)	NA	Continuous records of applicable equipment parameters, including daily averages, breakdowns, repairs, calibration checks, zero and high level adjustments.	IN
AF-004(EO)	TVOP No. 0800-00001, 5.B.24 40 CFR 63, Subpart PPP (63.1437(a)(1-4))	HAP (EO)	NA	Performance test requirements.	IN
AF-005(EO)	40 CFR 63, Subpart PPP (63.1423(b))	HAP (EO)	NA	The EO storage tank (AF-005) does not meet the definition of a storage vessel under Subpart PPP. AF-005 is a pressure vessel designed to operate in excess of 204.9 kilopascals and without emissions to the atmosphere.	IN

Current Applicable Requirements and Status (page 5 of 5) SECTION N

List applicable state and federal regulations and applicable test methods for determining compliance with each applicable requirement. Clearly identify federal regulations from state requirements. Provide the compliance status as of the day the application is signed.

Emission Point No.	Applicable Requirement	Pollutant	Test Method	Limits	Compliance Status IN / OUT
AG-005	TVOP No. 0800-00001, 3.B.2 & 5.B.10 APC-S-1, Section 3.6(a)	PM	NA	E = 4.1(p) ^{0.67} Monitor pressure drop across baghouse weekly.	IN
AM-001	TVOP No. 0800-00001, 3.B.5 APC-S-1, Section 3.4(a)(2)	PM	EPA Ref. Method 1-5	E = 0.8808* $I^{0.1667}$, not to exceed 22.5 lbs/hr and 98.6 TPY.	IN
AM-002	TVOP No. 0800-00001, 3.B.5 APC-S-1, Section 3.4(a)(2)	PM	EPA Ref. Method 1-5	E = 0.8808* $I^{0.1667}$, not to exceed 9.4 lbs/hr and 41.2 TPY.	IN
AM-001 and AM-002	TVOP No. 0800-00001, 3.B.4 APC-S-1, Section 4.1(a)	SO ₂	EPA Ref. Method 6	4.8 lbs/MMBTU	IN
AM-001 and AM-002	TVOP No. 0800-00001, 5.B.6 and 5.B.7	Fuel	NA	Record fuel type and quantity monthly and a fuel analysis semi-annually. If fuel oil is burned, also record the quality (sulfur content).	IN
AM-001 and AM-002	TVOP No. 0800-00001, 5.B.12	PM, SO ₂	EPA Ref. Method 1-5 and 6	Biennial compliance monitoring requirements, if #6 Fuel Oil is burned for 5 consecutive days.	IN

Future Applicable Requirements and Status

SECTION N

List applicable state and federal regulations and applicable test methods for determining compliance with each applicable requirement. Clearly identify federal regulations from state requirements. Provide the compliance status as of the day the application is signed.

Emission Point No.	Applicable Requirement	Pollutant	Test Method	Limits	Compliance Status IN / OUT
AC-000	40 CFR 63, Subpart FFFF – National Emission Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants: Miscellaneous Chemical Manufacturing	HAPs	NA	≥ 98% HAP reduction, or ≤ 20 ppmv HAP or TOC concentration. Limits and requirements vary with operating conditions and process equipment.	Regulation proposed on 4/4/02. Compliance date is 3 years from promulgation.
AM-001 and AM-002	40 CFR 63, Subpart DDDDD – National Emission Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants: Industrial, Commercial and Institutional Boilers and Process Heaters	HAPs	NA	Limits vary depending on fuel categories.	Regulation proposed on 1/13/03. Compliance date is 3 years from promulgation.

COMPLIANCE CERTIFICATION

SECTION O

1. Emission Point No./Name: Process Areas AA-000, AB-000, AD-000, AF-000, AF-000(EO), AG-000, AH-000, AJ-000, and AN-000. Includes all permitted emission points associated with each process area.

2. Indicate the source compliance status:
 - A. Where this source(s) is currently in compliance, we will continue to operate and maintain this source to assure compliance for the duration of the permit.

 - B. The Current Emissions Requirements and Status form (previous page) includes new requirements that apply or will apply to this source during the term of the permit. We will meet such requirements on a timely basis.

 - C. This source is not in compliance. The following statement of corrective action is submitted to describe action, which we will take to achieve compliance.
 1. Attached is a brief description of the problem and the proposed solution.

 2. We will achieve compliance according to the following schedule.

Progress reports will be submitted: **NA**
 Starting date: _____ and every six (6) months thereafter

Problem	Action	Deadline

COMPLIANCE CERTIFICATION

SECTION O

1. Emission Point No./Name: AC-000, Poly-Pale Process Area

2. Indicate the source compliance status:

- A. Where this source(s) is currently in compliance, we will continue to operate and maintain this source to assure compliance for the duration of the permit.
- B. The Current Emissions Requirements and Status form (previous page) includes new requirements that apply or will apply to this source during the term of the permit. We will meet such requirements on a timely basis.
- C. This source is not in compliance. The following statement of corrective action is submitted to describe action, which we will take to achieve compliance.
 - 1. Attached is a brief description of the problem and the proposed solution.
 - 2. We will achieve compliance according to the following schedule.

Progress reports will be submitted: **NA**
 Starting date: _____ and every six (6) months thereafter

Problem	Action	Deadline

COMPLIANCE CERTIFICATION

SECTION O

1. Emission Point No./Name: AM-001 and AM-002, Process Boilers

2. Indicate the source compliance status:

A. Where this source(s) is currently in compliance, we will continue to operate and maintain this source to assure compliance for the duration of the permit.

B. The Current Emissions Requirements and Status form (previous page) includes new requirements that apply or will apply to this source during the term of the permit. We will meet such requirements on a timely basis.

C. This source is not in compliance. The following statement of corrective action is submitted to describe action, which we will take to achieve compliance.

1. Attached is a brief description of the problem and the proposed solution.

2. We will achieve compliance according to the following schedule.

Progress reports will be submitted: NA

Starting date: _____ and every six (6) months thereafter

Problem	Action	Deadline



APPENDIX B
EMISSION CALCULATIONS

FUEL BURNING EQUIPMENT

**HERCULES, INCORPORATED
HATTIESBURG, MISSISSIPPI**

SUMMARY OF POTENTIAL UNCONTROLLED AND REGULATORY ALLOWABLE EMISSIONS FROM FUEL BURNING EQUIPMENT

Emission Point	Pollutant	Potential Uncontrolled and Regulatory Allowable Emissions																
		APC-S-1					AP-42											
		Applicable Standard	lb/hr	tons/yr	Natural Gas	lb/hr	tons/yr	Fuel Oil #2	lb/hr	tons/yr	Fuel Oil #6	lb/hr	tons/yr	Highest Factor	lb/hr	tons/yr	MOST STRINGENT**	
POWERHOUSE AREA																		
AM-001																		
Rated Capacity																		
Natural Gas Fired	156 MMBtu/hr	0.3796 lb/MMBtu	59.22	259.37	7.6 lb/MMR ³	1.16	5.09	2 lb/10 ³ gal	2.21	9.69	21.6 lb/10 ³ gal	22.46	98.39	22.46	98.39	22.46	98.39	22.46
Fuel Oil #2 Fired	152941 ft ³ /hr of Nat. gas	4.8 lb/MMBtu	748.80	3279.74	0.6 lb/MMR ³	0.09	0.40	78.5 lb/10 ³ gal	86.82	380.28	314 lb/10 ³ gal	326.56	1430.33	326.56	1430.33	326.56	1430.33	326.56
Sulfur Content	1105 gal/hr of Fuel oil #2				280 lb/MMR ³	42.82	187.57	24 lb/10 ³ gal	26.54	116.26	47 lb/10 ³ gal	48.88	214.09	48.88	214.09	48.88	214.09	48.88
	0.5 %				84 lb/MMR ³	12.85	56.27	5 lb/10 ³ gal	5.53	24.22	5 lb/10 ³ gal	5.20	22.78	12.85	56.27	12.85	56.27	12.85
Fuel Oil #6 Fired	1040 gal/hr of Fuel oil #6				5.5 lb/MMR ³	0.84	3.68	0.2 lb/10 ³ gal	0.22	0.97	0.28 lb/10 ³ gal	0.29	1.28	0.84	3.68	0.84	3.68	0.84
Sulfur Content	2 %							0.35 lb/10 ³ gal	0.38	1.68	0.347 lb/10 ³ gal	0.36	1.58	0.38	1.68	0.38	1.68	0.38
					0.075 lb/MMR ³	0.01	0.05	0.08 lb/10 ³ gal	0.09	0.41	0.085 lb/10 ³ gal	0.09	0.38	0.09	0.41	0.09	0.41	0.09
					1.8 lb/MMR ³	0.28	1.21							0.01	0.05	0.01	0.05	0.01
														0.28	1.21	0.28	1.21	0.28
AM-002																		
Rated Capacity	65 MMBtu/hr	0.3796 lb/MMBtu	24.67	108.07	7.6 lb/MMR ³	0.48	2.12	2 lb/10 ³ gal	0.92	4.04	10 lb/10 ³ gal	4.33	18.97	4.33	18.97	4.33	18.97	4.33
Natural Gas Fired	63725 ft ³ /hr of Nat. gas	4.8 lb/MMBtu	312.00	1365.56	0.6 lb/MMR ³	0.04	0.17	71 lb/10 ³ gal	32.73	143.36	314 lb/10 ³ gal	326.56	1430.33	326.56	1430.33	326.56	1430.33	326.56
Fuel Oil #2 Fired	461 gal/hr of Fuel oil #2				100 lb/MMR ³	6.37	27.91	20 lb/10 ³ gal	9.22	40.38	55 lb/10 ³ gal	23.82	104.31	23.82	104.31	23.82	104.31	23.82
Sulfur Content	0.5 %				84 lb/MMR ³	5.35	23.45	5 lb/10 ³ gal	2.31	10.10	5 lb/10 ³ gal	2.17	9.48	5.35	23.45	5.35	23.45	5.35
Fuel Oil #6 Fired	433 gal/hr of Fuel oil #6				5.5 lb/MMR ³	0.35	1.54	0.2 lb/10 ³ gal	0.09	0.40	0.28 lb/10 ³ gal	0.12	0.53	0.35	1.54	0.35	1.54	0.35
Sulfur Content	2 %							0.35 lb/10 ³ gal	0.16	0.70	0.347 lb/10 ³ gal	0.15	0.66	0.16	0.70	0.16	0.70	0.16
					0.075 lb/MMR ³	0.00	0.02	0.08 lb/10 ³ gal	0.04	0.17	0.085 lb/10 ³ gal	0.04	0.16	0.04	0.17	0.04	0.17	0.04
					1.8 lb/MMR ³	0.11	0.50							0.00	0.02	0.00	0.02	0.00
														0.11	0.50	0.11	0.50	0.11
INSIGNIFICANT ACTIVITIES																		
POLY-PALE PROCESS AREA																		
Heat Transfer Fluid Boiler (formerly AC-001)																		
Rated Capacity	3.2 MMBtu/hr	0.6 lb/MMBtu	1.92	8.41	7.6 lb/MMR ³	0.02	0.11	2 lb/10 ³ gal	0.05	0.20				0.05	0.20	0.05	0.20	0.05
Natural Gas Fired	3200 ft ³ /hr of Nat. gas	4.8 lb/MMBtu	15.36	67.28	0.6 lb/MMR ³	0.00	0.01	71 lb/10 ³ gal	1.63	7.15				1.63	7.15	1.63	7.15	1.63
Fuel Oil #2 Fired	23 gal/hr of Fuel oil #2				100 lb/MMR ³	0.32	1.40	20 lb/10 ³ gal	0.46	2.01				0.46	2.01	0.46	2.01	0.46
Sulfur Content	0.5 %				84 lb/MMR ³	0.27	1.18	5 lb/10 ³ gal	0.12	0.50				0.27	1.18	0.27	1.18	0.27
					5.5 lb/MMR ³	0.02	0.08	0.2 lb/10 ³ gal	0.00	0.02				0.02	0.08	0.02	0.08	0.02
HARD RESINS PROCESS AREA																		
Heat Transfer Fluid Boiler (formerly AG-001)																		
Rated Capacity	8.3 MMBtu/hr	0.6 lb/MMBtu	4.98	21.81	7.6 lb/MMR ³	0.06	0.28							0.06	0.28	0.06	0.28	0.06
Natural Gas Fired Only	8300 ft ³ /hr of Nat. gas	4.8 lb/MMBtu	39.84	174.50	0.6 lb/MMR ³	0.00	0.02							0.00	0.02	0.00	0.02	0.00
					100 lb/MMR ³	0.83	3.64							0.83	3.64	0.83	3.64	0.83
					84 lb/MMR ³	0.70	3.05							0.70	3.05	0.70	3.05	0.70
					5.5 lb/MMR ³	0.05	0.20							0.05	0.20	0.05	0.20	0.05

**HERCULES, INCORPORATED
HATTIESBURG, MISSISSIPPI**

SUMMARY OF POTENTIAL UNCONTROLLED AND REGULATORY ALLOWABLE EMISSIONS FROM FUEL BURNING EQUIPMENT

Emission Point	Pollutant	APC-S-1										AP-42										MOST STRINGENT**	
		Applicable Standard	lb/hr	tons/yr	Natural Gas	lb/hr	tons/yr	Fuel Oil #2	lb/hr	tons/yr	Fuel Oil #6	lb/hr	tons/yr	Highest Factor	lb/hr	tons/yr	lb/hr	tons/yr					
Heat Transfer Fluid Boiler (formerly AG-002)	Rated Capacity																						
	Natural Gas Fired Only	3.3 MMBtu/hr 3300 ft ³ /hr of Nat. gas																					
	PM ₁₀	0.6 lb/MMBtu	1.98	8.67	7.6 lb/MMR ³	0.03	0.11																
	SO ₂	4.8 lb/MMBtu	15.84	69.38	0.6 lb/MMR ³	0.00	0.01																
	NO _x				100 lb/MMR ³	0.33	1.45																
RAD PROCESS AREA	CO				84 lb/MMR ³	0.28	1.21																
	VOC				5.5 lb/MMR ³	0.02	0.08																
Heat Transfer Fluid Boiler (formerly AF-001)	Rated Capacity	8.3 MMBtu/hr																					
	Natural Gas Fired Only	8300 ft ³ /hr of Nat. gas																					
	PM ₁₀	0.6 lb/MMBtu	4.98	21.81	7.6 lb/MMR ³	0.06	0.28																
	SO ₂	4.8 lb/MMBtu	39.84	174.50	0.6 lb/MMR ³	0.00	0.02																
	NO _x				100 lb/MMR ³	0.83	3.64																
ROSIN DISTILLATION PROCESS AREA	CO				84 lb/MMR ³	0.70	3.05																
	VOC				5.5 lb/MMR ³	0.05	0.20																
Heat Transfer Fluid Boiler (formerly AJ-001)	Rated Capacity	3.3 MMBtu/hr																					
	Natural Gas Fired Only	3300 ft ³ /hr of Nat. gas																					
	PM ₁₀	0.6 lb/MMBtu	1.98	8.67	7.6 lb/MMR ³	0.03	0.11																
	SO ₂	4.8 lb/MMBtu	15.84	69.38	0.6 lb/MMR ³	0.00	0.01																
	NO _x				100 lb/MMR ³	0.33	1.45																
Catalyst Regeneration Unit	CO				84 lb/MMR ³	0.28	1.21																
	VOC				5.5 lb/MMR ³	0.02	0.08																
POTENTIAL/ALLOWABLE FUEL BURNING EMISSIONS	Rated Capacity	2.2 MMBtu/hr																					
	Natural Gas Fired Only	2200 ft ³ /hr of Nat. gas																					
	PM ₁₀	0.6 lb/MMBtu	1.32	5.76	7.6 lb/MMR ³	0.02	0.07																
	SO ₂	4.8 lb/MMBtu	10.56	46.25	0.6 lb/MMR ³	0.00	0.01																
	NO _x				100 lb/MMR ³	0.22	0.96																
POLLUTANT	CO				84 lb/MMR ³	0.18	0.81																
	VOC				5.5 lb/MMR ³	0.01	0.05																
	HAPs*																						
	TONS/YEAR																						

* Contains only HAPs with an emission rate greater than 0.1 lbs/hr.

** Most stringent of Allowable Emissions vs. Potential Uncontrolled Emissions.

**HERCULES, INCORPORATED
HATTIESBURG, MISSISSIPPI
SUMMARY OF ACTUAL EMISSIONS FROM FUEL BURNING EQUIPMENT**

Emission Point	Pollutant	AP-42										Highest Factor		MOST STRINGENT		
		Natural Gas	lb/yr	tons/yr	Fuel Oil #2	lb/yr	tons/yr	Fuel Oil #6	lb/yr	tons/yr	lb/yr	tons/yr	lb/yr	tons/yr		
RAD PROCESS AREA																
Heat Transfer Fluid Boiler (formerly AF-001)																
Rated Capacity																
Natural Gas Fired Only		8.3 MMBtu/hr														
		4,940,000.0 ft ³ /yr of Nat. gas														
	PM ₁₀	7.6 lb/MMR ³	37.54	0.02											37.54	0.02
	SO ₂	0.6 lb/MMR ³	2.96	0.00											2.96	0.00
	NO _x	100 lb/MMR ³	494.00	0.25											494.00	0.25
	CO	84 lb/MMR ³	414.96	0.21											414.96	0.21
	VOC	5.5 lb/MMR ³	27.17	0.01											27.17	0.01
ROSIN DISTILLATION PROCESS AREA																
Heat Transfer Fluid Boiler (formerly AJ-001)																
Rated Capacity																
Natural Gas Fired Only		3.3 MMBtu/hr														
		2,891,000.0 ft ³ /yr of Nat. gas														
	PM ₁₀	7.6 lb/MMR ³	21.97	0.01											21.97	0.01
	SO ₂	0.6 lb/MMR ³	1.73	0.00											1.73	0.00
	NO _x	100 lb/MMR ³	289.10	0.14											289.10	0.14
	CO	84 lb/MMR ³	242.84	0.12											242.84	0.12
	VOC	5.5 lb/MMR ³	15.90	0.01											15.90	0.01
Catalyst Regeneration Unit *																
Rated Capacity																
Natural Gas Fired Only		2.2 MMBtu/hr														
		0.0 ft ³ /yr of Nat. gas														
	PM ₁₀	7.6 lb/MMR ³	0.00	0.00											0.00	0.00
	SO ₂	0.6 lb/MMR ³	0.00	0.00											0.00	0.00
	NO _x	100 lb/MMR ³	0.00	0.00											0.00	0.00
	CO	84 lb/MMR ³	0.00	0.00											0.00	0.00
	VOC	5.5 lb/MMR ³	0.00	0.00											0.00	0.00
* Usage is accounted for in through the Rosin Distillation (AJ-001) gas flow meter.																
ACTUAL FUEL BURNING EMISSIONS																
POLLUTANT		TONS/YEAR														
PM ₁₀		1.77														
SO ₂		0.14														
NO _x		58.90														
CO		19.56														
VOC		1.28														



MANUFACTURING PROCESSES

**HERCULES, INCORPORATED
HATTIESBURG, MISSISSIPPI**

SUMMARY OF POTENTIAL UNCONTROLLED AND REGULATORY ALLOWABLE EMISSIONS FROM MANUFACTURING PROCESSES

Emission Point/Process Area	Pollutant	Capacity tons/hr	Emission Factor (3) lb/ton	Potential Uncontrolled/Allowable Emissions			Emissions tons/yr
				Point Source Emissions lb/hr	Stack Test Data lb/hr (1)	Point Source Emissions lb/yr (2)	
KYMENE PROCESS AREA							
AA-000 Kymene Process Area	Epichlorohydrin (Fugitive)					2998.46	1.50
AA-001 Kettle Vent Water Scrubber	Epichlorohydrin and VOC (2)						11.12
AA-002 Adipic Acid Baghouse	Particulate Matter (PM/PM ₁₀)	1.15	0.1	11.50	0.212	185712.00	92.86
PARACOL/AKD PROCESS AREA							
AB-001 Water Scrubber	Particulate Matter (PM/PM ₁₀)	0.875	3.0	2.63			11.50
POLY-PALE PROCESS AREA							
AC-000 Poly-Pale Process Area	Toluene (LDAR Fugitives)						
	Toluene (Other (2) Fugitives)						40.06
						80122.46	281.11
AC-002 West Poly-Pale Scrubber #1	VOC						
	Toluene				0.440	38544.00	19.27
	Sulfur Dioxide (SO ₂)				0.171	14979.60	7.49
	Acid Mist (H ₂ SO ₄)				0.003	271.56	0.14
					0.000	8.76	0.00
AC-003 East Poly-Pale Scrubber #2	VOC						
	Toluene				0.110	9636.00	4.82
	Sulfur Dioxide (SO ₂)				0.013	1138.80	0.57
	Acid Mist (H ₂ SO ₄)				0.013	1138.80	0.57
					0.002	210.24	0.11
AC-004 Poly-Pale Melter	Particulate Matter (PM/PM ₁₀)						
	VOC (Fugitive)						
						25039.00	12.52
						3139.00	1.57
NEUPHOR PROCESS AREA							
AD-001 Adduct Reactor w/ carbon absorption system	VOC (4)						
						274.00	0.14
RAD PROCESS AREA							
AF-000 Rosin Amine Derivatives Process Area	Ethylene Oxide (LDAR Fugitives)						
						17364.51	8.68
AF-004 Water Scrubber with Sulfuric Acid	Ethylene Oxide (5)					1590.20	0.80

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Emission Point/Process Area	Pollutant	Capacity tons/hr	Emission Factor (3) lb/ton	Potential Uncontrolled/Allowable Emissions			Emissions tons/yr
				Point Source Emissions lb/hr	Stack Test Data lb/hr (1)	Point Source Emissions lb/yr (2)	
HARD RESINS PROCESS AREA							
AG-003 Water Scrubber	VOC						
AG-005 Buell Norblo Dust Collector	Particulate Matter (PM/PM ₁₀)	3.5	3.0	10.50	17.820	390258.00	195.13
					0.722	63247.20	31.62
ROSIN SHED PROCESS AREA							
AH-000 Rosin Shed Process Area (6)	VOC						
ROSIN DISTILLATION PROCESS AREA							
AJ-000 Rosin Distillation Process Area (6)	VOC						
EFFLUENT TREATMENT AREA							
AN-000 Effluent Treatment Area	Toluene (Fugitive)						12.86
	Epichlorohydrin (Fugitive)						0.00
PAPER AREA AND RESIN AREA TANKS							
	VOC						4.79
TOTAL EMISSIONS							
	PM/PM ₁₀						148.50
	SO ₂						0.71
	Acid Mist (H ₂ SO ₄)						0.11
	VOC						581.85
	Epichlorohydrin						12.62
	Toluene						342.10
	Ethylene Oxide						9.48

(1) Data taken from the attached 1988 and 2001 stack test data.

(2) Data taken from the attached 2002 mass balance sheets developed by C. Jordan and attached in Appendix C or the Summary of Fugitive Emissions calculation spreadsheets.

(3) AA-002, used AP-42, Section 6.2 emission factor. The emission factor 0.1 lb/ton takes into account controls (assume 99% baghouse efficiency).
AB-001 and AG-005, used AP-42, Section 11.13 emission factor. Based on similar operation with a unit melter - glass fiber manufacturing.

(4) Based on January 22, 2001, submittal to MDEQ.

(5) Data taken from the attached 2002 mass balance sheets developed by C. Jordan and attached in Appendix. Emissions include capacity calculations and regulatory allowable efficiency of 98%.

(6) No stack emissions associated with the process.

**HERCULES, INCORPORATED
HATTIESBURG, MISSISSIPPI**

SUMMARY OF ACTUAL EMISSIONS FROM MANUFACTURING PROCESSES

Emission Point/Process Area	Pollutant	Capacity			Potential Uncontrolled/Allowable Emissions					
		tons/hr	lb/ton	lb/hr	Point Source Emissions lb/yr	Stack Test Data lb/hr (1)	Point Source Emissions lb/hr	Point Source Emissions lb/yr (2)	Fugitive Emissions lb/yr (2)	Emissions tons/yr
KYMENE PROCESS AREA										
AA-000 Kymene Process Area	Epichlorohydrin (Fugitive)								2998.46	1.50
AA-001 Kettle Vent Water Scrubber	Epichlorohydrin and VOC (2)						828.00			0.41
AA-002 Adipic Acid Baghouse	Particulate Matter (PM/PM ₁₀)	1.15	0.1	11.50	100740.00	0.212	0.212	1857.12		0.93
PARACOLAKD PROCESS AREA										
AB-001 Water Scrubber	Particulate Matter (PM/PM ₁₀)		3.0	0.66	5748.75					2.87
POLY-PALE PROCESS AREA										
AC-000 Poly-Pale Process Area	Toluene (LDAR Fugitives)								80122.46	40.06
	Toluene (Other (2) Fugitives)								247653.92	123.83
AC-002 West Poly-Pale Scrubber #1	VOC					0.440	0.44	3854.40		1.93
	Toluene					0.171	0.17	1489.20		0.74
	Sulfur Dioxide (SO ₂)					0.003	0.003	27.16		0.01
	Acid Mist (H ₂ SO ₄)					0.000	0.000	0.88		0.00
AC-003 East Poly-Pale Scrubber #2	VOC					0.110	0.11	963.60		0.48
	Toluene					0.013	0.01	113.88		0.06
	Sulfur Dioxide (SO ₂)					0.013	0.013	113.88		0.06
	Acid Mist (H ₂ SO ₄)					0.002	0.002	21.02		0.01
AC-004 Poly-Pale Melter	Particulate Matter (PM/PM ₁₀)								7889.00	3.94
	VOC (Fugitive)								989.00	0.49
NEUPHOR PROCESS AREA										
AD-001 Adduct Reactor w/ carbon absorption system	VOC (4)							274.00		0.14
RAD PROCESS AREA										
AF-000 Rosin Amine Derivatives Process Area	Ethylene Oxide (LDAR Fugitives)								1127.00	0.56
AF-004 Water Scrubber with Sulfuric Acid	Ethylene Oxide (5)							62.44		0.03

**HERCULES, INCORPORATED
HATTIESBURG, MISSISSIPPI**

SUMMARY OF ACTUAL EMISSIONS FROM MANUFACTURING PROCESSES

Emission Point/Process Area	Pollutant	Potential Uncontrolled/Allowable Emissions							
		Capacity tons/hr	Emission Factor (3) lb/ton	Point Source Emissions lb/hr	Point Source Emissions lb/yr	Stack Test Data lb/hr (1)	Point Source Emissions lb/yr (2)	Fugitive Emissions lb/yr (2)	Emissions tons/yr
HARD RESINS PROCESS AREA									
AG-003 Water Scrubber	VOC					17.820	17.82	156103.20	78.05
AG-005 Buell Norblo Dust Collector	Particulate Matter (PM/PM ₁₀)	3.5	3.0	10.50	91980.00	0.722	0.72	6324.72	3.16
ROSIN SHED PROCESS AREA									
AH-000 Rosin Shed Process Area (6)	VOC								
ROSIN DISTILLATION PROCESS AREA									
AJ-000 Rosin Distillation Process Area (6)	VOC								
EFFLUENT TREATMENT AREA									
AN-000 Effluent Treatment Area	Toluene (Fugitive)								2.33
	Epichlorohydrin (Fugitive)								0.00
PAPER AREA AND RESIN AREA TANKS									
	VOC							3160.00	1.58
TOTAL EMISSIONS									
	PM/PM ₁₀								10.91
	SO ₂								0.07
	Acid Mist (H ₂ SO ₄)								0.01
	VOC								251.40
	Epichlorohydrin								1.91
	Toluene								167.02
	Ethylene Oxide								0.59

(1) Data taken from the attached 1988 and 2001 stack test data.

(2) Data taken from the attached 2002 mass balance sheets developed by C. Jordan and attached in Appendix C or the Summary of Fugitive Emissions calculation spreadsheets.

(3) AA-002, used AP-42, Section 6.2 emission factor. The emission factor 0.1 lb/ton takes into account controls (assume 99% baghouse efficiency).
AB-001 and AG-005, used AP-42, Section 11.13 emission factor. Based on similar operation with a unit melter - glass fiber manufacturing.

(4) Based on January 22, 2001, submittal to MDEQ.

(5) Data taken from the attached 2002 mass balance sheets developed by C. Jordan and attached in Appendix.

(6) No stack emissions associated with the process. Emissions include capacity calculations and regulatory allowable efficiency of 98%.

FUGITIVE EMISSIONS

**HERCULES, INCORPORATED
HATTIESBURG, MISSISSIPPI**

SUMMARY OF POTENTIAL UNCONTROLLED FUGITIVE EMISSIONS FROM MANUFACTURING PROCESSES

Emission Point/Process Area	Pollutant	Equipment Type	No. of Equipment	SOCMI Emission Factor (lb/hr)		Emissions	
				Non-Leaking	Average	lb/hr	tons/yr
AA-000 Kymene Process Area	Epichlorohydrin and VOC (Fugitive)	Pumps (3) and Agitator (1)	4.00	0.03		0.10	0.46
		Valves (liquid service)	49.00	0.00		0.19	0.82
		Valves (vapor service)	8.00	0.00		0.01	0.04
		Connectors	333.00	0.00		0.04	0.19
							1.50
AC-000 Poly-Pale Process Area	Toluene and VOC (Fugitive)	Pumps (17) and Agitator (8)	25.00		0.11	2.75	12.05
		Valves (total)	111.00		0.02	1.78	7.78
		Connectors	1,928.00		0.00	3.47	15.20
		Magnitrols	5.00		0.23	1.15	5.04
							40.06
AF-000 RAD Process Area	Ethylene Oxide and VOC (Fugitive)	Pumps	3.00	0.03		0.08	0.34
		Valves (liquid service)	73.00	0.00		0.28	1.22
		Valves (vapor service)	21.00	0.00		0.02	0.10
		Connectors	275.00	0.00		0.04	0.16
		Relief Valves	16.00	0.10		1.57	6.87
Emission Point/Process Area	Pollutant	Equipment Type/Process	Amount (lbs)	Emission Factor	Emissions		
					lbs/yr	tons/yr	
		Lead Welding	115.00	1.50 lb/ton	0.09	0.00	
		Tyrex Suits	295.00	344.00 ppm	0.10	0.00	
		Sandblasting	1,000.00	1,142.00 ppm	1.14	0.00	
						0.00	
AN-000 Effluent Treatment Area	Toluene and VOC (Fugitive) Epichlorohydrin (Fugitive)				25,726.00	12.86	
					0.00	0.00	
AC-004 Pol-Pale Melter (1)	Particulate Matter (PM/PM10) VOC (Fugitive) (2)	Loading Melter/Melting	5,000.00	1.00 lb/ton	25,039.00	12.52	
		Melting	3,139.00		3,139.00	1.57	

(1) AC-004, used AP-42, Section 11.21 emission factor. Based on similar operation loading material - phosphate rock processing. PM emissions also include PM entrained with VOC emissions; therefore, it is assumed that each pound of VOC emissions calculated will also equal a pound of PM.

(2) Data taken from the attached 2002 mass balance sheets developed by C. Jordan and attached in Appendix C.

**HERCULES, INCORPORATED
HATTIESBURG, MISSISSIPPI**

SUMMARY OF ACTUAL FUGITIVE EMISSIONS FROM MANUFACTURING PROCESSES

Emission Point/Process Area	Pollutant	Equipment Type	No. of Equipment	SOCMI Emission Factor (lb/hr)		Days Operated	Emissions	
				Non-Leaking	Average		lb/hr	tons/yr
AA-000 Kymene Process Area	Epichlorohydrin and VOC (Fugitive)	Pumps (3) and Agitator (1)	4	0.02600		365	0.10	0.46
		Valves (liquid service)	49	0.00380			0.19	0.82
		Valves (vapor service)	8	0.00110			0.01	0.04
		Connectors	333	0.00013			0.04	0.19
								1.50
AC-000 Poly-Pale Process Area	Toluene and VOC (Fugitive)	Pumps (17) and Agitator (8)	25		0.11000	115	2.75	3.80
		Valves (total)	111		0.01600		1.78	2.45
		Connectors	1928		0.00180		3.47	4.79
		Magnitrols	5		0.23000		1.15	1.59
								12.62
AF-000 RAD Process Area	Ethylene Oxide and VOC (Fugitive)	Pumps	3	0.02600		28	0.08	0.03
		Valves (liquid service)	73	0.00380			0.28	0.09
		Valves (vapor service)	21	0.00110			0.02	0.01
		Connectors	275	0.00013			0.04	0.01
		Relief Valves	16	0.09800			1.57	0.53
								0.67
Emission Point/Process Area	Pollutant	Equipment Type/Process	Amount (lbs)	Emission Factor			Emissions	
Facility-Wide	Lead (Fugitive)*	Lead Welding	115	1.50	lb/ton		0.09	0.00
		Tyvx Suits	295	344.00	ppm		0.10	0.00
		Sandblasting	1000	1142.00	ppm		1.14	0.00
								0.00
AN-000 Effluent Treatment Area	Toluene and VOC (Fugitive)						4660.00	2.33
	Epichlorohydrin (Fugitive)						0.00	0.00
AC-004 Poly-Pale Melter (1)	Particulate Matter (PM/PM ₁₀)	Loading Melter/Melting	5000	1.00	lb/ton	115.00	7889.00	3.94
	VOC (Fugitive) (2)	Melting	3139				989.00	0.49

(1) AC-004, used AP-42, Section 11.21 emission factor. Based on similar operation loading material - phosphate rock processing. PM emissions also include PM entrained with VOC emissions; therefore, it is assumed that each pound of VOC emissions calculated will also equal a pound of PM.

(2) Data taken from the attached 2002 mass balance sheets developed by C. Jordan and attached in Appendix C.



APPENDIX C
SUPPORTING DATA

STACK TESTING RESULTS

AIR EMISSIONS TESTS

HERCULES, INC

EAST AND WEST POLY-PALE SCRUBBER.

FACILITY NO. 0800-00001

***Hattiesburg, Mississippi
July 2 and 3, 2001***

Hercules, Inc.
613 West 7th Street
Hattiesburg, MS 39401-2812

Performed by:

ENVIRONMENTAL MONITORING LABORATORIES, INC.

624 Ridgewood Road
P.O. Box 655
Ridgeland, Mississippi 39158

Phone: (601)856-3092

Fax: (601)853-2151

REPORT OF
AIR EMISSIONS TESTS
FOR
HERCULES, INC.

EAST AND WEST POLY-PALE SCRUBBER

Hattiesburg, Mississippi
July 2 and 3, 2001

FACILITY NO. 0800-00001

Hercules, Inc.
613 West 7th Street
Hattiesburg, Mississippi 39401-2812

contact: Brian Ketchum
phone: 601/584-3264

Performed By:
Environmental Monitoring Laboratories
Ridgeland, Mississippi
<601/856-3092>

ENVIRONMENTAL MONITORING LABORATORIES, INC.

P.O. Box 655 ☉ 624 Ridgewood Road
Ridgeland, Mississippi 39158

phone: 601/856-3092
fax : 601/853-3151

August 13, 2001

Subject: Hercules, Inc. Hattiesburg, Mississippi
FACILITY NO. 0800-00001

On July 2 and 3, 2001, Environmental Monitoring Laboratories performed air emissions testing for Hercules, Inc. in Hattiesburg, Mississippi. Testing was performed to measure total hydrocarbon (VOC), Toluene, sulfur dioxide and sulfuric acid emissions from the East and West Poly-Pale Scrubber at the request of Hercules. The East and West Poly-Pale Scrubbers both exhaust to the atmosphere through the same vent stack. Each was tested independently by blinding off the source not being tested.

Results of testing are summarized in the table below.

	VOC (as C)		Toluene		SO ₂		H ₂ SO ₄	
	ppm	#/hr.	ppm	#/hr.	ppm	#/hr.	ppm	#/hr.
EAST POLY-PALE	6399	0.07	83	0.007	136	0.009	9	0.0009
WEST POLY-PALE	51383	0.42	1990	0.124	24	0.0016	1	0.0001

Mr. Brian Ketchum of Hercules, Inc. coordinated the testing project. Danny Russell of EML was responsible for sample and data collection and for report preparation. Bag samples for toluene analysis were shipped to Bonner Analytical for analysis. Otherwise, sample custody was limited to Mr. Russell.

Following is a report of the test.

REPORT OF AIR EMISSIONS TESTS FOR
HERCULES, INC.
EAST AND WEST POLY-PALE SCRUBBER
HATTIESBURG, MISSISSIPPI
JULY 2 AND 3, 2001

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REPORT CERTIFICATION

I certify that I have examined the information submitted herein,
and based upon inquiries of those responsible for obtaining the
data or upon my direct acquisition of data, I believe the
submitted information is true, accurate and complete.

Signed



Daniel G. Russell

1.0 Test Results:

The following tables are technical summaries of the measured flow parameters and test results for air emissions testing done on July 2 and 3, 2001, for the East and West Poly-Pale Scrubbers at Hercules in Hattiesburg, Mississippi.

1.2 West Poly-Pale Scrubber

Run No.		1	2	3	AVG.
Date		07/02/01	07/02/01	07/02/01	-----
Time Start		1334	1500	1618	----
Time End		1434	1600	1719	----
VOC EMISSIONS	#/hr as C	0.41	0.44	0.41	0.42
VOC EMISSIONS	ppm as C	49798	54723	49627	51383
TOLUENE EMISSIONS	#/hr	0.097	0.171	0.106	0.124
TOLUENE EMISSIONS	ppm	1550	2770	1650	1990.00
SO2 EMISSIONS	#/hr	0.0017	0.0031	0.0001	0.0016
SO2 EMISSIONS	ppm	39	32	1	24
H2SO4 EMISSIONS	#/hr	0.0001	0.0001	0.0001	0.0001
H2SO4 EMISSIONS	ppm	1	1	2	1
VOLUMETRIC FLOWRATE	acfm	6	6	6	6
VOLUMETRIC FLOWRATE	dscfm	4	4	4	4
VELOCITY	ft./sec.	1.7	1.7	1.7	1.7
STACK TEMPERATURE	°F	93	95	96	94
MOISTURE	%	21.8	23.3	19.4	21.5

1.2 East Poly-Pale Scrubber

Run No.		1	2	3	AVG.
Date		07/03/01	07/03/01	07/03/01	-----
Time Start		0919	1043	1202	---
Time End		1019	1144	1302	----
VOC EMISSIONS	#/hr as C	0.11	0.04	0.05	0.07
VOC EMISSIONS	ppm as C	10243	4241	4714	6399
TOLUENE EMISSIONS	#/hr	0.013	0.001	0.006	0.007
TOLUENE EMISSIONS	ppm	162	15	71	82.67
SO2 EMISSIONS	#/hr	0.013	0.007	0.007	0.009
SO2 EMISSIONS	ppm	231	88	90	136
H2SO4 EMISSIONS	#/hr	0.0002	0.0001	0.0024	0.0009
H2SO4 EMISSIONS	ppm	2	1	25	9
VOLUMETRIC FLOWRATE	acfm	6	6	6	6
VOLUMETRIC FLOWRATE	dscfm	6	6	6	6
VELOCITY	ft./sec.	1.8	1.8	1.8	1.8
STACK TEMPERATURE	°F	92	91	89	90
MOISTURE	%	6.4	7.5	3.6	5.8



Interoffice Memo

cc: E. P. Trotter
D. W. Linde
G. Shelley
W. Langhans
D. Flanner

Hattiesburg, MS
July 25, 1989

To: P. W. Kirkendall

From: C. S. Jordan

AIR SAMPLING SUMMARY

The attachment is a summary of air sampling results for emission points as required in our permit to operate air emission equipment.

Test results are shown as the average of three-one hour samplings. The flowrates are in SCFH and the VOC in lbs/hr unless indicated otherwise. Analyses other than VOC are also indicated. The lbs/yr does not take into account actual operating hours.

Rather than going through a lengthy discussion of each sampling results please let me know if you have specific questions about any of the results.

CSJ:ml

A handwritten signature in cursive script, appearing to read "C. S. Jordan".

ml0011/4

SAMPLING PLAN

Emission Point	Definition	Sampling
101	Bwall Norbo Dust Collector	EPA Method 5 for particulates
102	Flaking Belt Vapor Water Scrubber	EPA Method 25 for VOC
110	Foral and Staybelite Plant	Storage tank data forms
111	Struthers-Wells Boiler	By calculation for natural gas
112	Hydrogen Process	EPA Method 25 for VOC
120	Hydrogen Furnace	Storage tank data forms
130	Pilot Plant Area	Storage tank data forms
131	Struthers-Wells Boiler	By calculation for natural gas
132	Vent No. 1	Area down.
133	Vent No. 2	Area down.
140	Resin 731 Area	Storage tank data forms
150	Stills and Desirats Area	Storage tank data forms
151	Foster-Wheeler Boiler	By calculation for natural gas

RESULTS

FLOW SCFH			V.O.C. (lbs/hr)				
#1	#2	#3	AVG	#1	#2	#3	AVG
487,959	50,510	465,287	467,918	0.651	0.673	0.842	0.722
406,603	425,254	426,495	419,450	10.14	3.40	6.11	6.55
(Tanks F,I,H)							
10,462 MCF/Yr. of Natural Gas							
1,677	1,859	2,006	1,847	0.147	0.484	0.352	0.328
(Tanks S)							
(Tanks LB)							
232 MCF/Yr. of Natural Gas							
(Down)							
(Down)							
(Tanks D)							
(Tanks D, FS)							
8,160 MCF/Yr. of Natural Gas							

IBS/
6,325

57,378

ml0011/6

SAMPLING PLAN

Emission Point	Definition	Sampling Area down.	FLOW SCHEM				RESULTS				V.O.C. (lbs/yr)	LBS.
			#1 (Down)	#2	#3	AVG	#1	#2	#3	AVG		
220	Sulfata Turpentins Refining Unit		101,962	101,499	103,826	102,429	13.62	3.24	5.15	7.34	64,2	
230	Carbon Regeneration Furnace Scrubber	EPA Method 25 for VOC	267,443 MCF/Yr. of Natural Gas									
240	Murry Boiler	By calculation for natural gas										
152	Stills and Dresinate Area	Storage tank data forms	(Tanks D, PS)									
250	Para-cymene Unit	Storage tank data forms	(Tanks HP)									
260	Synthetic Pine Oil Facility	Storage tank data forms	(Tanks TC)									
270	Paracol Plant	Storage tank data forms	(Tanks DP)									
038	Neighbor Plant	Storage tank data forms, plus VOC	(Tanks T)									
			269	260	289	273	8.54 ⁻³	1.7 ⁻²	3.88 ⁻³	0.01	8	

MASS BALANCE SPREADSHEETS

CAPACITY

*** INPUT ***

CALANDER YEAR	CAPACITY	
	*** = No input change	
POLY-PALE (LBS)	60,426,480	LBS
MELHI (LBS)	2,645,520	LBS
TOTAL PRODUCTION **CALC**	63,072,000	LBS
WASTEWATER FLOW (GPM)	52	GPM***
TOLUENE SOLUBILITY (PPM)	570	PPM***
DISPOSAL (LBS)	0	LBS
DISP SOLV FRACTION	0.00	FRACTION
TOLUENE USAGE (LBS)	794,243	LBS
NITROGEN (MCF) *	37,809	MCF ***
STEAM (MCF)*	149,032	MCF ***
% STEAM, BLOWING LINES	10	%***
MELHI (% TOLUENE)	4.0	%***
PP HEAT TREAT (% TOLUENE)	1.5	%***
POLY-PALE (% TOLUENE)	0.2	%***
NITROGEN SWEEP EFFICIENCY	0.5	DECIMAL***
COMMON VENT COND. TEMP. (1) PRODUCTION	75	deg F***
	63,072,000	LBS
LAB SOLVENT DISPOSAL	16,200	LBS
% TOLUENE	50	%***
OLD PAINT DISPOSAL	0	LBS
% TOLUENE	50	%***

TOLUENE SUMMARY FOR:
 POLY-PALE
 METAL RESINATES
 ZEON
 LAB

98% SULFURIC ACID	7,348,712	LBS (PP+WT)
HISTORICAL NEUTRALIZATION	0.84	FACTOR***
PPM SULFUR IN PPRODUCT	500	PPM***
OTHER ALK. WASTEWATER	150,000	GPD***
AVERAGE pH	~10.5	pH (>10 & <11)
AVERAGE NORMALITY	0.005	eq/l (for ~ 10.5 pH)
TYPICAL PRODUCTION RATE	120,000	LBS/DAY***
DAYS OPERATION**CALC**	526	DAYS
100% CAUSTIC	3,060,540	LBS (PP+WT)
T/T WEAK ACID SOLD	0	NUMBER
AVERAGE T/T WEIGHT	42,000	LBS
AVERAGE % ACID STRENGTH	0.40	FRACTION***

LEAD USAGE		
LEAD BARS 1/4"	70	LBS
LEAD BARS 3/16"	44	LBS
TOTAL BURNING BARS	114	LBS >100 REPORT I
SANDBLASTING SAND	1,000	LBS
SAND TCLP LEAD	1,142	PPM
TYVEX SUITS	295	LBS
TYVEX TCLP LEAD	344	PPM
LEAD EMISSION FACTOR	1.5	LB / TON
LEAD SHEETS 1/8"	4,960	LBS
LEAD SHEETS 1/4"	0	LBS
TOTAL SHEETS	4,960	LBS
SOLD TO SEMPUR	0	LBS

E O USAGE IN POLYDAD	753,360	LBS
E O USAGE IN E O D	621,960	LBS
TOTAL E O USAGE (CALC)	1,375,320	LBS
POLYRAD 0515	0	LBS
POLYRAD 0515A	424,860	LBS
POLYRAD 1110	1,019,664	LBS
POLYRAD 1110A	254,916	LBS

*** OUTPUT ***

	TOLUENE(LBS)	P,V,F / LDAR ADJUSTED
COST SHEET USAGE (LOSSES)	794,243	794,243
TANK BREATHING AND WORKING	150,198	150,198
NITROGEN VENTING/BLOWING	194,088	194,088
WASTEWATER TREATMENT VENTING	25,726	e 25,726
WWT PARTIONED TO SLUDGE	7,146	a 7,146
WWT ADSORPTION/INCINERATION	0	0
WWT DISCHARGE	0	0
POLY-PALE	121,095	b 121,095
MELHI	105,821	c 105,821
P,V,F (LDAR/ADJUSTED BY DIFF)	80,122	d 80,122
TOTAL CALCULATED	794,243	794,243
FUGITIVE BY DIFF = a + b + c + d =	314,184	339,506
DIFFERENCE(COST SHEET-CALC)	(0)	0
WWT DISCHARGE TO POTW =	110,048	110,048
QUANTITY ON-SITE IMPOUNDMENT	404	f 404

Point source	344,285	R(II/5.2)
Discharge direct	0	R(II/5.3.1)
WWT Ad/Inc	0	
Venting@WWT	25,726	
Fug(by diff)	313,780	
Total Fug (Fug + wwtVent)	339,506	R(II/5.1)
Discharge to POTW	110,048	R(II/6.1A1)
Total(Pt.Dis,Inc,Vt,Fug)	794,243	
Total(less Inc)	794,243	
Quantity on-site impoundment	404	R(II/5.5.3)
Quantity Released	684,195	R(II/8.1)
Treated on-site	0	R(II/8.6)
Treated off-site	118,148	R(II/8.7)
activity index	1.00	R(II/8.9)

	HISTORICAL	ACID BALANCE
FUGITIVE SO2 =	616,290 LBS	1,023,380 LBS
	48.86 LBS/HR	81.13 LBS/HR
	308.14 TONS/YEAR	511.69 TONS/YEAR
AT CAPACITY =	615,586 LBS	1,022,211 LBS
	70.27 LBS/HR	116.69 LBS/HR
	307.79 TONS/YEAR	511.11 TONS/YEAR
RECYCLED OFF-SITE =	0	LBS/YEAR
RECYCLED ON-SITE =	6,405,018	LBS/YEAR

FUGITIVE EMISSIONS =	0.09	LBS/YEAR (R5.1, R8.1)
RELEASED ONSITE =	0.20	LBS/YEAR (R5.5.4 R8.1)
TRANSFER OFFSITE =	1.24	LBS/YEAR (R6.2 R8.1)
RECYCLED OFFSITE =	0.00	LBS/YEAR (R8.5)
ACTIVITY INDEX =	1.00	

E O "LOSSES"(USAGE-THEORY)	96,875	LBS
FUGITIVE EMISSIONS	17,365	LBS
POINT SOURCE EMISSIONS	1,590	LBS
E O TO ETHYLENE GLYCOL	77,920	LBS
ETHYLENE GLYCOL PRODUCED	109,797	LBS
QUANTITY RELEASED	18,955	LBS
		R(II/5.1)
		R(II/5.2)
		R(II/8.6)
		>25,000 LBS
		R(II/8.1)

SURFACTANT AR150	779,640 LBS	ACTIVITY INDEX	1.00	R(II/ 8.9)
SURFACTANT AR160	0 LBS	FOR >25,000LBS :		
# DAYS OP (CAN USE NA)	365 DAYS (manual input	ETHYLENE GLYCOL DISCHARGED	0 LBS	R(II / 5.3.1)
(1) E. O. USAGE	1,375,320 required in "F132")	ETHYLENE GLYCOL TREATED ON-SITE	0 LBS	R(II/8.6)
SCRUBBER EFFICIENCY	98.0 % ASSUME***	ETHYLENE GLYCOL TO POTW	109,797 LBS	R(II/6.1.A.1)
KYMENE 557H	0 LBS	FIGITIVE EMISSIONS	2,998 LBS/YEAR	R(II / 5.1)
KYMENE 557LX	0 LBS	POINT SOURCE EMISSION	4,841 LBS/YEAR	R(II / 5.2)
KYMENE 736	0 LBS	TO WWT	17,493 LBS/YEAR	
KYMENE 1022	0 LBS	WWT VENTING	0 LBS/YEAR	
KYMENE MXC	0			
KYMENE 621	0			
KYMENE 625LX	0			
TOTAL KYMENE **CALC**	121,939,200 LBS	WWT TO SLUDGE	350 LBS/YEAR	
EPI IN 557H	0 LBS	WWT BIOLOGICAL	2,274 LBS/YEAR	R(II/ 8.6)
EPI IN 557LX	0 LBS	WWT ADSORB. / INCIN.	0 LBS/YEAR	
EPI IN 736	0 LBS	WWT EFF. DISCHARGE	0 LBS/YEAR	R(II / 5.3.1)
EPI IN 1022	0 LBS	QUANTITY RELEASED	8,189 LBS/YEAR	R(II / 8.1)
EPI IN MCX	0			
EPI IN 621	0			
EPI IN 625LX	0			
TOTAL EPI **CALC**	5,475,000 LBS	QUANTITY TREAT ON-SITE	2,274 LBS/YEAR	R(II / 8.6)
NITROGEN USAGE	9.481 MCF	QUANTITY ON-SITE IMPOL	350 LBS/YEAR	R(II/ 5.5.3)
NITROGEN SWEEP EFFICIENCY	0.2	ACTIVITY INDEX	1.00	R(II / 8.9)
(1) PRODUCTION	121,939,200 LBS	WWT DISCHARGE TO POT	14,869 LBS/YEAR	R(II/8.7)
SCRUBBER EFFICIENCY	98.0 % ASSUME			

MONTHS WWT FURN OP 0 MONTHS

HISTORICAL DATA ("SAME"?)
TOLUENE IN ZEON WWT 0 LBS/YR
TOLUENE IN I.B. SLUDGE 404 LBS/YR
AMMONIA IN I.B. SLUDGE 443 LBS/YR
I.B. SLUDGE GEN RATE 4 CU YDS/ DAY

ROSIN METLER @ POLY-PALE		SHEEN QUANTITY =	7 Gallons spilled
CHEMICAL NAME	PEXOIL / LIGHT ENDS	SHEEN QUANTITY =	56 Lbs spilled
MOLECULAR WEIGHT	302 lb/mole	EST. RECOVERY =	42 Lbs recovered
AREA OF SPILL	96 ft2	(SPILL-RECOVERY) =	14 LBS (NET RELEASE)
VAPOR PRESSURE	0.004450 psia	VAPOR GENERATION	0.000100 lbs/sec
TEMPERATURE	266 oF		0.0060 lbs/min
WIND SPEED	5 miles/hour		0.36 lbs/hr
SHEEN THICKNESS	0.125 inches		8.6 lbs/day
SP. GR.	0.89 decimal		3,139 lbs/year
EST. % RECOVERY	75 %		1.57 tpy

RESIN PRODUCTION	246,758,792 LBS	ROSIN PLANT-WIDE VOC =	3.68 TPY
PAPER PRODUCTION	425,035,200 LBS	ROSIN PLANT-WIDE VOC =	11.13 TPY (@ CAI
"ROSIN" HANDLING FACTOR(est)	2 (ie, "DOUBLE" HANDLING)		
NUMBER OF TANKS (est)	30 RESINS		
NUMBER OF TANKS (est)	10 PAPER		
AVERAGE TANK DIAMETER(est)	10 FT		
AVERAGE TANK HEIGHT(est)	20 FT		
AVG. VAPOR SPACE**CALC**	10 FT		
"ROSIN" MOL WEIGHT	302		
TEMPERATURE	175 oC or = 347 oF (calc)		
VAPOR PRESSURE	0.200 mm Hg or = 0.003868 psi (calc)		
AMBIENT DELTA TEMP	20 oF		

EPI (Form R-Air "only")	7,839 lbs/yr
Eth BZ (Form R-Air)	0 lbs/yr
Eth GLYCOL(Form R-Air)	0 lbs/yr
Eth OXIDE (Form R-Air)	18,955 lbs/yr
MALEIC ANH (Form R-Air)	0 lbs/yr
TOLUENE (Form R-Air)	683,791 lbs/yr
XLYENE (Form R-Air)	0 lbs/yr
Adipic acid - lbs	7,043,040 lbs/yr
Gum rosin/PP-lbs (melter)	43,800,000 lbs/yr
Resin flaked/HRA-lbs	61,320,000 lbs/yr
Nat Gas-(Poly-Pale)	12,535 mcf
(Power House)	431,938 mcf
(HRA)	13,484 mcf
(Rosin Dist)	2,891 mcf
(Hydrogen)	0 mcf
(RAD)	4,940 mcf
(Eff Treatment)	0 mcf
CAPACITY Fee Rate =	25.00 \$/TON
Poly-pale prod	60,426,480 lbs
SO2 Fugitives @ Poly-Pale	511.69 TPY
HRA Kettle production	56,064,000 lbs/yr
HRA Flaked	61,320,000 lbs/yr
Plt. fug. est. non-HAP VOC	3.68 TPY
Poly-Pale melter n-H- VOC	3,139 lbs/yr
Dowtherm-(Poly-Pale)	26,200 lbs/yr
Dowtherm-(HRA)	169,193 lbs/yr
Dowtherm-(Rosin Dist)	222,228 lbs/yr
Dowtherm-(RAD)	33,685 lbs/yr

		TPY

	PM	44.93
	SO2	522.96
	NOX	60.22
	CO	19.56
	VOC*	584.78
	TRS	0
	LEAD	0
	CFC/HCFE	0
	Other	0
	totHAP-voc	355.29
	TH non-voc	0
	SUM =	1232.46 TPY
CAPACITY	FEE RATE=	25.00 \$/TON
	TOTAL \$ =	30,811
	By quarters	7,702.85

* = Reflects Total VOC from the facility including VOC,s that are HAP's

BIPHENYL LOSS = 27*TOTAL= 121,853 LBS
 LESS THAN 10,000 LBS ?)
 NO REPORT REQUIRED

EPICHLOROHYDRIN

(1999 LDAR UPDATE WITH NON-LEAKING FACTORS)

INPUT	CAPACITY	
CALANDER YEAR		
KYMENE 557H	0	LBS
KYMENE 557LX	0	LBS
KYMENE 736	0	LBS
KYMENE 1022	0	LBS
KYMENE MXC	0	
KYMENE 621	0	
KYMENE 625LX	0	
TOTAL KYMENE **CALC**	121,939,200	LBS
EPI IN 557H	0	LBS
EPI IN 557LX	0	LBS
EPI IN 736	0	LBS
EPI IN 1022	0	LBS
EPI IN MCX	0	
EPI IN 621	0	
EPI IN 625LX	0	
TOTAL EPI **CALC**	5,475,000	LBS
NITROGEN USAGE	9,481	MCF
NITROGEN SWEEP EFFICIENCY	0.2	
(1) PRODUCTION	121,939,200	
PRODUCTION/ACTIVITY INDEX	1.00	
SCRUBBER EFFICIENCY	98.0	% ASSUME

OUTPUT

FIGITIVE EMISSIONS	2,998 LBS/YEAR	R(II/5.1)
POINT SOURCE EMISSIONS	4,841 LBS/YEAR	R(II/5.2)
TO WWT	17,493 LBS/YEAR	
WWT VENTING	0 LBS/YEAR	
WWT TO SLUDGE	350 LBS/YEAR	
WWT BIOLOGICAL	2,274 LBS/YEAR	R(II/8.6)
WWT ADSORB / INCIN	0 LBS/YEAR	
WWT EFF. DISCHARGE	0 LBS/YEAR	R(II/5.3.1)
QUANTITY RELEASED	8,189 LBS/YEAR	R(II/8.1)
QUANTITY TREAT ON-SITE	2,274 LBS/YEAR	R(II/8.6)
QUANTITY ON-SITE IMPOUND	350 LBS/YEAR	R(II/5.5.3)
WWT DISCHARGE TO POTW	14,869 LBS/YEAR	R(II/8.7)

	WITH COMPLETION OF KYMENE PROJECT, EQUIPMENT UPDATE "DOUBLED"				SOCMI FACTORS (LBS/HR)	
	OLD(1987)	UPDATE1992	LDAR(1995)	LDAR(1999)	AVERAGE	NON-LEAKING
NUMBER PUMPS (+1 AGIT)	1	2	2	4	0.11	0.02600
NUMBER VALVES (LIQ)	13	26	34	49	0.016	0.00380
NUMBER VALVES (VAP)				8		0.00110
NUMBER FLANGES (+CONN)	56	112	222	333	0.0018	0.00013
LBS/HR =	0	1	1	0		
LBS/YEAR =	3,669	7,337	10,193	2,998		

FOR EPI, ASSUME WORST CASE FOR ALL EPI EXCEPT 557LX
SINCE THE EPI "DROPS IN"
ASSUME ALL VAPOR SPACE DISPLACEMENT IS EPI

DISPLACEMENT =	EPI* 1GAL/8.34*1.2 * 1FT/7.48GAL =	73,137 FT3
EPI TO SCRUBBER =	EPI* 1MOLE/379FT3 * 92.5LBS/MOLE =	17,850 LBS

FOR 557LX WHICH IS PUMPED IN UNDERNEATH THE LIQUID	
EPI VAPOR PRESSURE =	40 mm Hg
EPI MOLE FRACTION IN VAPOR, VP/760 =	0.0526

LX DISPLACEMENT=	EPI* 1GAL/8.34*1.2 * 1FT/7.48/GAL =	0 FT3
EPI TO SCRUBBER = EPI* 1MOLE/379FT3 * 92.5LBS/MOLE =		0 LBS

TOTAL EPI(FROM RX) TO SCRUBBER = 17,850 LBS

ASSUME 98.0 PERCENT SCRUBBER EFFICIENCY
EPI IN SCRUBBER WATER TO WWT = 17,493 LBS
EPI FROM SCRUBBER VENT = 357 LBS

BREATHING LOSSES FROM K-110, 11.5FT DIA, 22FT HT
BREATHING LOSSES (K-110) = 94 LBS/YR
BREATHING LOSSES (K-111) = 2 LBS/YR
BREATHING LOSSES TOTAL = 96

ASSUME NUMBER OF BATCHES IS (LBS PRODUCTION / 107,000 LBS/BATCH)

NUMBER BATCHES = 121,939,200 DIVIDED BY 107,000 = 1,140 BATCHES

FOR 30 SCFM NITROGEN PURGE FOR 30 MINUTES PER BATCH (30*30=900CFM/BATCH)
 TOTAL NITROGEN PURGE = 1,140 * 900 = 1,025,657 CF

NITROGEN LEFT FOR BLANKET OF EPICHLOROHYDRIN AND DETA & HMDA = 8,455,343 CF

ASSUME NITROGEN SPLIT BETWEEN THE TWO SERVICES

THEREFORE NITROGEN IN EPI SERVICE = 4,227,672 = 483 SCFM

Antoine vapor pressure equation for:

$$\text{LOG}(P) = A - (B/(t+C))$$

A =
 B =
 C = 22 oC

EPICHLOROHYDRIN

NOTE: V.P. for EPI @ 22 oC = 15 mmHg

Nitrogen = 483

SCFH = 1,344 #moles/Hr

	T1(Centigrade) 22	72 oF		
	Vap Press mm Hg	Par Press mm Hg	Vapor Mol. Fr.	Vapor #moles/Hr
Nitrogen		745	0.980	1.3443
EPI	15	15	0.020	0.0271
Total		760.00	1.000	1.3714

	T1(Centigrade) 22	72 oF			
	Vap. Press mm Hg	Vapor Mol. Fr.	Vapor #moles/Hr	Vapor #/Hr	Liq. Cond. #/Hr
	745	0.980	1.3443	37.6625	
	15	0.020	0.0271	2.5045	0.0000
Total	760.00	1.000	1.3714	40.1670	0.0000

Epichlorohydrin (% Recovered) = 0.00

% Mol. Wt (Epichlorohydrin) = 92.53
 Mol. Wt (Nitrogen) = 28.016

Volume of 1 # mole of Nitrogen at Standard Conditions = 359 cuft

EMISSIONS (119 * 8,760 HRS/YR) =

21,939 LBS/YEAR

FOR A NITROGEN SWEEP EFFICIENCY OF 0.2

EMISSIONS = 21,939 * 0.2 = 4,388 LBS/YEAR

FUGITIVE EMISSIONS =
 PT SOURCE =
 TO WWT =

2,998 LBS/YR
 4,841 LBS/YR
 17,493 LBS/YR

(FROM LDAR P.V.F "F1236")
 ("D1257" + "D1262" + "H1341")
 ("E1256")

TOTAL = 25,332 LBS/YEAR

POLY-PALE

INPUT

CALENDAR YEAR	CAPACITY
POLY-PALE (LBS)	60,426,480
MELHI (LBS)	2,645,520
TOTAL PRODUCTION **CALC**	63,072,000
WASTEWATER FLOW (GPM)	52
TOLUENE SOLUBILITY (PPM)	570
DISPOSAL (LBS)	0
DISP. SOLV. FRACTION	0.00
TOLUENE USAGE (LBS)	794,243
NITROGEN (MCF) *	37,809
STEAM (MCF)*	149,032
% STEAM BLOWING LINES	10
MELHI (% TOLUENE)	4.0
PP HEAT TREAT (% TOLUENE)	1.5
POLY-PALE (% TOLUENE)	0.2
NITROGEN SWEEP EFFICIENCY	0.5
COMMON VENT COND. TEMP (I	75

*** OUTPUT ***	TOLUENE(LBS)		P,V,F / LDAR ADJUSTED
COST SHEET USAGE (LOSSES)	794,243		794,243
TANK BREATHING AND WORKING	150,198		150,198
NITROGEN VENTING/BLOWING	194,088		194,088
WASTEWATER TREATMENT VENTING	25,726	e	25,726
WWT PARTIONED TO SLUDGE	7,146	a	7,146
WWT ADSORBTION/INCINERATION	0		0
WWT DISCHARGE	0		0
POLY-PALE	121,095	b	121,095
MELHI	105,821	c	105,821
P,V,F (LDAR/ADJUSTED BY DIFF)	80,122	d	80,122
TOTAL CALCULATED	794,243		794,243
FUGITIVE BY DIFFERENCE = a+b+c+d+e-f =	314,184		339,506
DIFFERENCE(COST SHEET-CALC)	(0)		0
WWT DISCHARGED TO POTW =	110,048		110,048
QUANTITY ON-SITE IMPOUNDMENT	404	f	404
			R5 2
			R5 2
			R6 1 A1 , R8 7
			R5 5 3
SOLVENT LOSSES =	12.6 LBS/ 1,000 LBS PRODUCTION (COST SHEET)		
SOLVENT LOSSES =	12.6 LBS/ 1,000 LBS PRODUCTION(CALCULATED)		
SOLVENT LOSSES =	0.8 % COST SHEET LOSSES/TOTAL USAGE		
SOLVENT LOSSES =	0.8 % CALCULATED USAGE/TOTAL USAGE		
SOLVENT RECYC	62,277,757 LBS/YEAR		
POINT SOURCE	344,285 LBS/YEAR		

* NOTE: Must calculate each Antoine V P equation below
Must calc Kc and C for thrupt and small tank dia

LBS TOLUENE IN MELHI FROM T-108 =	4 % *	2,645,520	=	105,821 LBS
LBS TOLUENE TO HEAT TREATMENT =	2 % *	61,346,680	=	920,200 LBS
LBS TOLUENE IN POLY-PALE =	0 % *	60,547,575	=	121,095 LBS

FOR PUMPS, VALVES, FLANGES, ASSUME

	NUMBER	FACTOR	RATE
PUMPS	17	0.1100	1.8700
VALVES	111	0.0160	1.7760
FLANGES	1,928	0.0018	3.4704
AGITATORS	8	0.1100	0.8800
MAGNITROLS	5	0.2300	1.1500

TOTAL = 9.15 LBS/HOUR

FUGITIVE EMISSIONS (P,V,F) = 8.760 * 9.15 = 80,122 LBS/YEAR

FOR THE SUMP

FOR SUMP ASSL 74,880 GALLONS/DAY WASTEWATER FLOWRATE
ASSUME 570 PPM TOLUENE SOLUBILITY
LBS/DAY = 74,880 * 0.0000834 * 570 PPM = 356.0 LBS/DAY
ASSUME (10% EXCESS) FOR SPILLS, UPSETS, FLOWS, ETC. = 391.6 LBS/DAY
ESTIMATE DAYS OPERATION = 63,072,000 % 100,000 LBS/DAY = 365 DAYS
LBS/YEAR = 392 LBS/DAY * 365 DAYS = 142,920 LBS/YEAR

WASTEWATER TREATMENT SOLVENT DISTRIBUTION

BIOLOGICAL STUDIES @ 20 DAY RETENTION FOR UNACCUMULATED ARE

VOLATILIZED TO ATMOSPHERE = 72 %
PARTIONED TO SLUDGE = 18 %

OUR HOLD-UP IS ONLY 1/4 TO 1/5 OF 20 DAY BIOLOGICAL, THEREFORE

EQUALIZATION VOLATILIZED = 72 * 1/4 = 18 %
PARTIONED TO SLUDGE = 18 * 1/4 = 5 %
AVAILABLE FOR TREATMENT = 100 - 23 = 77 %

FOR APPROXIMATELY 90 % TREATMENT,
TREATED = 77 * 90 = 69 %
DISCHARGED = 77 * 10 = 8 %

FOR NO CARBON ADSORPTION, TREATED GOES TO ZERO BELOW

WASTEWATER TREATMENT (WWT) VENTING	142,920 LBS/YR =	25,726 LBS/YEAR
WWT PARTIONED TO SLUDGE = 05 *	142,920 LBS/YR =	7,146 LBS/YEAR
WWT ADSORPTION OR INCINERATION = 69 *	142,920 LBS/YR =	0 LBS/YEAR
WWT DISCHARGED DIRECT = 08 *	142,920 LBS/YR =	0 LBS/YEAR
WWT DISCHARGED TO POTW =		110,048 LBS/YEAR

VOC EMISSIONS - FIXED ROOF TANKS (TOLUENE)

TANK NO	TOTAL LOSS LBS/YR	EQUAT1 BREATHING LOSS LBS/YR	EQUAT2 WORKING LOSS LBS/YR	MOL-WT Mv	EQUAT2 MULTIPLY FACTOR	TVP	EQUAT 2 K _n	EQUAT2 ANNUAL THRUPUT GAL/YR	EQUAT2 TANK CAPACITY GAL/YR	EQUAT2 TURNOVER PER YR N	EQUAT1 AVG VAPOR SPACE HT (FT)
T-3 FD SOLN	9,270	81	9,189	92.13	0.000024	1.025	0.250	16,218,514	2,055	7892	2.50
T-7 #1 SEP	2,192	0	2,192	92.13		0.440	0.250	9,010,286	52	173275	1.00
T-8 #1 POLYZ	2,192	1	2,192	92.13		0.440	0.250	9,010,286	130	69310	1.00
T-9 #2 SEP	0	0	0	92.13 OUT		0.000	1.000	0	52	0	1.00
T-10 #2 POLYZ	0	0	0	92.13 OUT		0.000	1.000	0	130	0	1.00
T-11 #3 SEP	2,192	0	2,192	92.13		0.440	0.250	9,010,286	52	173275	1.00
T-12 #3 POLYZ	2,192	1	2,192	92.13		0.440	0.250	9,010,286	130	69310	1.00
T-13 #5 SEP	2,192	0	2,192	92.13		0.440	0.250	9,010,286	52	173275	1.00
T-14 #5 POLYZ	2,192	1	2,192	92.13		0.440	0.250	9,010,286	130	69310	1.00
T-15 #6 SEP	2,192	0	2,192	92.13		0.440	0.250	9,010,286	52	173275	1.00
T-16 #6 POLYZ	2,192	1	2,192	92.13		0.440	0.250	9,010,286	130	69310	1.00
T-17 #4 SEP	2,192	0	2,192	92.13		0.440	0.250	9,010,286	52	173275	1.00
T-18 #4 POLYZ	2,192	1	2,192	92.13		0.440	0.250	9,010,286	130	69310	1.00
T-21 PZD SOLN	5,703	25	5,678	92.13		0.600	0.250	17,119,543	1,200	14266	2.50
T-22 PZD SEP	0	0	0	92.13 NO VENT		0.700	0.250	855,977	400	2140	1.20
T-23 PZD SURGE	5,408	14	5,394	92.13		0.600	0.250	16,263,566	700	23234	2.40
T-24 HYZ SOLN	47,174	46	47,127	92.13		3.320	0.250	25,679,314	1,175	21855	4.00
T-25 WASH TK	25,151	44	25,108	92.13		1.420	0.250	31,986,514	4,170	7671	0.50
T-26 WASHD SOL	14,631	81	14,550	92.13		1.025	0.250	25,679,314	2,060	12466	2.50
T-27 EVAP FD	14,631	81	14,550	92.13		1.025	0.250	25,679,314	2,060	12466	2.50
T-30 1ST PP EV	14,555	5	14,550	92.13		1.025	0.250	25,679,314	420	61141	2.00
T-31 2ND PP EV	5,365	5	5,360	92.13		1.025	0.250	9,460,800	420	22526	2.00
T-36 PEXOIL/TOL	0	0	0	92.13 NO VENT		14.697	0.700	40,772	190	215	1.00
T-40 PEX/TOL ST	192,437	189,041	3,397	92.13		14.697	1.000	104,519	9,050	12	10.00
T-48 1ST MEL EV	465	6	459	92.13		1.025	0.250	810,926	505	1606	3.00
T-71 MEL SOLN	1,062	51	1,011	92.13		1.025	0.550	810,926	2,700	300	4.00
T-80 40%ACD/TO	1,607	229	1,378	92.13 ATM VENT		1.025	1.000	608,194	20,000	30	10
T-81 40%ACD/TO	1,607	229	1,378	92.13 ATM VENT		1.025	1.000	608,194	20,000	30	10
T-83 DEC SEP	1,708	54	1,654	92.13		1.025	0.360	2,027,314	3,450	588	6.00
T-84 40% AC/TOL	2,961	204	2,757	92.13 ATM VENT		1.025	1.000	1,216,389	17,000	72	8.00
T-85 FR TOL STC	859	247	613	92.13 ATM VENT		1.025	1.000	270,309	13,600	20	6.00
T-86 REC TOL	995	52	943	92.13		1.025	0.660	630,720	2,700	234	4.50
T-88 PP HYDRO	29,708	122	29,585	92.13		6.600	0.250	8,109,257	1,400	5792	2.00
T-93 SLG DEC	1,249	55	1,195	92.13		1.025	0.260	2,027,314	1,700	1193	3.00
T-99 H2O/TOL SE	4,931	81	4,850	92.13		1.025	0.250	8,559,771	2,065	4145	2.50
T-101 MEL ACCU	705	16	689	92.13		1.025	0.750	405,463	1,050	386	3.00
T-105 TOL FD MX	4,931	81	4,850	92.13		1.025	0.250	8,559,771	2,065	4145	2.50
T-108 MEL BLND	34,199	28,007	6,192	92.13 ATM VENT		14.695	0.470	405,463	1,070	379	2.00
T-116 H2O/TOL S	13,378	105	13,274	92.13		1.025	0.250	23,426,743	3,500	6693	2.50
T-117 WASH FEE	47,247	119	47,127	92.13		3.320	0.250	25,679,314	2,400	10700	3.00
T-124 2ND MEL E	256	1	255	92.13		1.025	0.250	450,514	71	6345	1.00
T-131 PP HYDRO	29,708	122	29,585	92.13 NO VENT		6.600	0.250	8,109,257	1,400	5792	2.00
T-139 SUMP	28,363	412	27,951	92.13 ATM VENT		1.025	0.250	49,331,314	2,500	19733	4.30
T-201 RX #7	5,404	10	5,394	92.13		0.600	0.250	16,263,566	1,500	10842	1.00
T-202 RX #8	5,404	10	5,394	92.13		0.600	0.250	16,263,566	1,500	10842	1.00
T-203 RX #9	5,404	10	5,394	92.13		0.600	0.250	16,263,566	1,500	10842	1.00
TOTAL (LBS/YR)	578,397	219,648	358,749					475,708,171	128,668	3697	

(ROSIN)

P-59 ROSIN STG	34	34	0	302		0	1	626,340	10,278	61	4.00
T-20 ROSIN FEE	58	58	0	302		0	0	7,446,000	17,167	434	4.50
T-33 ROSIN/DOV	1	1	0	604		0	0	7,884,000	730	10800	4.00
T-34 R SPG TANK	1	1	0	604		0	0	7,884,000	730	10800	4.00
T-106 MELHI STC	21	21	0	604		0	1	394,200	10,310	38	6.00
T-119 GUM STG	29	29	0	302		0	1	2,299,500	21,000	110	7.00
T-120 ROSIN STC	173	173	0	302		0	1	7,446,000	125,000	60	12.00
T-129 PP SURGE	0	0	0	604		0	0	7,008,000	240	29200	2.00
T-130 SCRAP RO	43	43	0	302		0	1	98,550	32,200	3	8.00
T-132 PP STG TK	232	232	0	604		0	1	7,008,000	82,000	85	10.00
T-133 GUM STG	41	41	0	302		0	1	2,299,500	31,200	74	10.00
TOTAL (LBS/YR)	634	634	0					50,394,090	330,855	152	

(OTHER)

T-77 98% H2SO4	5	5	0	98	0	1	144,540	10,170	14	6.00
T-78 98% H2SO4	7	7	0	98	0	1	144,540	12,750	11	6.00
T-96 25% NAOH	13	13	0	40	0	1	1,323,154	9,395	141	12.50
T-100 98% H2SO4	5	5	0	98	0	1	144,540	8,300	17	6.00
T-134 DOW CATC	0	0	0	166	0	0	8,760,000	75	116800	2.30
T-135 DOW FLAS	#NUM!	#NUM!	0	166	37	0	236,520,000	350	675771	4.70
T-136 DOW STOF	8	8	0	166	0	1	4,380	1,100	4	6.70
T-137 SER WATE	4	4	0	18	0	0	96,360,000	4,000	24090	1.00
T-138 DOW BLOV	#NUM!	#NUM!	0	166	37	1	0	1,100	0	2.50

T-3 FD SOLN	48.3	4,793								
T-7 #1 SEP	0.0	2,192								
T-8 #1 POLYZ	0.0	2,192								
T-9 #2 SEP	0.0	0	OUT							
T-10 #2 POLYZ	0.0	0	OUT							
T-11 #3 SEP	0.0	2,192								
T-12 #3 POLYZ	0.0	2,192								
T-13 #5 SEP	0.0	2,192								
T-14 #5 POLYZ	0.0	2,192								
T-15 #6 SEP	0.0	2,192								
T-16 #6 POLYZ	0.0	2,192								
T-17 #4 SEP	0.0	2,192								
T-18 #4 POLYZ	0.0	2,192								
T-21 PZD SOLN	8.5	5,218								
T-22 PZD SEP	100.0	0	NO VENT							
T-23 PZD SURGE	8.5	4,948								
T-24 HYZ SOLN	86.7	6,274								
T-25 WASH TK	65.8	8,602								
T-26 WASHD SOI	48.3	7,564								
T-27 EVAP FD	48.3	7,564								
T-30 1ST PP EV	48.3	7,525								
T-31 2ND PP EV	48.3	2,774								
T-36 PEXOIL/TOL	100.0	0	NO VENT							
T-40 PEX/TOL ST	99.4	1,155								
T-48 1ST MEL EV	48.3	241								
T-71 MEL SOLN	48.3	549								
T-80 40%ACD/TOL		1,607	ATM VENT							
T-81 40%ACD/TOL		1,607	ATM VENT							
T-83 DEC SEP	48.3	883								
T-84 40% AC/TOL		2,961	ATM VENT							
T-85 FR TOL STG		859	ATM VENT							
T-86 REC TOL	48.3	514								
T-88 PP HYDRO	100.0	0								
T-93 SLG DEC	48.3	646								
T-99 H2O/TOL SE	48.3	2,549								
T-101 MEL ACCU	48.3	364								
T-105 TOL FD Mx	48.3	2,549								
T-108 MEL BLND	100.0	0	ATM VENT *							
T-116 H2O/TOL S	48.3	6,917								
T-117 WASH FEE	86.7	6,284								
T-124 2ND MEL E	48.3	132								
T-131 PP HYDRO	100.0	0	NO VENT							
T-139 SUMP		28,363	ATM VENT							
T-201 RX #7	8.5	4,945								
T-202 RX #8	8.5	4,945								
T-203 RX #9	8.5	4,945								

NOTE: FOR VOC CALCULATIONS, MUST MANUALLY INPUT Kc AND C FOR THE THRUPT TURNOVERS(Kc) AND SMALL TANK DIAMETER(C)

TURNOVER FACTOR TURNOVERS	Kc	SMALL TANK DIAMETER FACTOR	
		DIA(FT)	C
<35	1	1FT	0.05
40	1	2FT	0.10
45	1	3FT	0.15
50	1	5FT	0.25
60	1	7.5FT	0.40
75	1	10FT	0.50
100	0	12.5FT	0.65
150	0	15FT	0.75
200	0	17.5FT	0.85
250	0	20FT	0.90
300	0	25FT	0.95
400	0	30FT	1.00

TOTAL 150.198

NOTE *EMISSIONS IN T-108 ARE SHOWN IN FINISHED PRODUCT MELHI

TOTAL TANKAGE CAPACITY = 128,668 GALLONS
 TOTAL NITROGEN USAGE = 4,316 SCFH

FOR BREATHING DISPLACEMENT = $\frac{P1 V1}{T1} = \frac{P2 V2}{T2}$

AVERAGE DAY TEMPERATURE = 76.3 DEG F
 AVERAGE NIGHT TEMPERATURE = 52.9 DEG F

FOR NIGHT VOLUME(V2) = 128,668 GALLONS OR 17,202 CU FT
 THE DAY VOLUME(V1) = 134,538 GALLONS OR 17,986 CU FT

BREATHING DISPLACEMENT = 785 FT3/DAY
 = 286,447 FT3/YEAR OR 33 SCFH

FOR WORKING DISPLACEMENT = 475,708,171 GALLONS
 = 63,597,349 FT3/YEAR OR 7,260 SCFH

TOTAL DISPLACEMENT = 286,447 FT3/YR + 63,597,349 FT3/YR
 = 63,883,797 FT3/YEAR
 = 7,293 SCFH

NITROGEN VENT 4,316 SCFH - 7,293 SCFH = (2,977) SCFH
 (MAX) = 4,293 SCFH (SEE NOTE BELOW)

NOTE: FOR POLY-PALE, PRODUCTION IS CONTINUEOUS/STEADY-STATE/LEVEL CONTROL

THEREFORE, BATCH VOLUMETRIC DISPLACEMENT IS MINIMAL (EMPTY TANKS EACH RUN)

ASSUME, TANKAGE VOLUMETRIC DISPLACEMENT (12 TIMES A YEAR) IS ACTUAL DISPLACEMENT

TANKAGE VOLU 128,668 GALLONS = 17,202 CU FT

VOLUME DISPLA 17,202 CU FT * 12 TIMES/YR % 8.760 HRS/YR = 24 SCFH

THEREFORE, MAXIMUM VENTIN 4,316 SCFH - 24 SCFH = 4,293 SCFH

FOR NITROGEN DISTRIBUTION BASED ON THRUPUT AND BREATHING VOLUME
 CONDENSER EXIT TEMPERATU 75.0 DEG F = 23.9 DEG C
 *cond. Exit temp. = cell C29

NOTE: MUST MANUALLY ADJUST "COND. TEMP." FOR TANKS THAT VENT TO ATMOSPHERE

ANTOINE EMISSI 445 SCFH AND 100.0 DEG F OR 37.8 DEG C
 EQUAL = 36,655 LBS/YEAR

TABLE BELOW BREAKS DOWN THE TOTAL ANTOINE EMISSIONS INTO INDIVIDUAL TANKS
 (IT HAS TO BE CALCULATED FOR EACH INDIVIDUAL TANK NITROGEN FLOW)

TANK NO	ANNUAL THRUPUT GAL/YR	TANK BREATHING GAL/YR	TOTAL GAL/YR	NITROGEN SCFH	TEMP DEG F	ANTOINE EMISSIONS LBS/YEAR
T-3 FD SOLN	16,218,514	701	16,219,216	146	100	12,026
T-7 #1 SEP	9,010,286	18	9,010,303	81	70	6,672
T-8 #1 POLYZ	9,010,286	44	9,010,330	81	70	6,672
T-9 #2 SEP	0	18	18	0	MTY	0 OUT
T-10 #2 POLYZ	0	44	44	0	MTY	0 OUT
T-11 #3 SEP	9,010,286	18	9,010,303	81	70	6,672
T-12 #3 POLYZ	9,010,286	44	9,010,330	81	70	6,672
T-13 #5 SEP	9,010,286	18	9,010,303	81	70	6,672
T-14 #5 POLYZ	9,010,286	44	9,010,330	81	70	6,672
T-15 #6 SEP	9,010,286	18	9,010,303	81	70	6,672
T-16 #6 POLYZ	9,010,286	44	9,010,330	81	70	6,672
T-17 #4 SEP	9,010,286	18	9,010,303	81	70	6,672
T-18 #4 POLYZ	9,010,286	44	9,010,330	81	70	6,672
T-21 PZD SOLN	17,119,543	410	17,119,952	154	80	12,685
T-22 PZD SEP	855,977	137	856,114	8	85	0 NO VENT
T-23 PZD SURGE	16,263,566	239	16,263,805	147	80	12,109
T-24 HYZ SOLN	25,679,314	401	25,679,715	232	150	19,110
T-25 WASH TK	31,986,514	1,423	31,987,937	289	115	23,805
T-26 WASHD SOI	25,679,314	703	25,680,017	232	100	19,110
T-27 EVAP FD	25,679,314	703	25,680,017	232	100	19,110
T-30 1ST PP EV	25,679,314	143	25,679,458	232	100	19,110
T-31 2ND PP EV	9,460,800	143	9,460,943	85	100	7,002
T-36 PEXOIL/TOL	40,772	65	40,836	0	222	0 NO VENT
T-40 PEX/TOL ST	104,519	3,088	107,608	1	222	82
T-48 1ST MEL EV	810,926	172	811,098	7	100	577
T-71 MEL SOLN	810,926	921	811,847	7	100	577
T-80 40%ACD/TO	608,194	6,825	615,019	6	100	1,019 ATM VENT
T-81 40%ACD/TO	608,194	6,825	615,019	6	100	1,019 ATM VENT
T-83 DEC SEP	2,027,314	1,177	2,028,492	18	100	1,483
T-84 40% AC/TOL	1,216,389	5,801	1,222,190	11	100	1,868 ATM VENT
T-85 FR TOL STC	270,309	4,641	274,950	2	100	340 ATM VENT
T-86 REC TOL	630,720	921	631,641	6	100	494
T-88 PP HYDRO	8,109,257	478	8,109,735	73	185	6,013
T-93 SLG DEC	2,027,314	580	2,027,894	18	100	1,483
T-99 H2O/TOL SE	8,559,771	705	8,560,476	77	100	6,343
T-101 MEL ACCU	405,463	358	405,821	4	100	329
T-105 TOL FD Mx	8,559,771	705	8,560,476	77	100	6,343
T-108 MEL BLND	405,463	365	405,828	4	222	679 ATM VENT
T-116 H2O/TOL S	23,426,743	1,194	23,427,937	211	100	17,380
T-117 WASH FEE	25,679,314	819	25,680,133	232	150	19,110
T-124 2ND MEL E	450,514	24	450,539	4	100	329
T-131 PP HYDRO	8,109,257	478	8,109,735	73	185	0 NO VENT
T-139 SUMP	49,331,314	853	49,332,167	445	100	75,593 ATM VENT
T-201 RX #7	16,263,566	512	16,264,078	147	80	12,109
T-202 RX #8	16,263,566	512	16,264,078	147	80	12,109
T-203 RX #9	16,263,566	512	16,264,078	147	80	12,109
TOTAL (LBS/YR)	475,708,171	43,909	475,752,080	4293		388,175
FOR			0.5 % NITROGEN SWEEP EFFICIENCY =			194,088

Antoine vapor pressure equation for:

TOLUENE

$$\text{LOG}(P) = A - (B/(t+C))$$

A = 7
 B = 1,345
 C = 219 °C

Nitrogen = 445 SCFH = 1.240 #moles/Hr

T1(Centigrade)
37.8

100.0 °F

T1(Centigrade)
23.9

75.0 °F

	Vap. Press. mm Hg	Par. Press. mm Hg	Vapor Mol. Fr.	Vapor #moles/Hr	Vap. Press. mm Hg	Vapor Mol. Fr.	Vapor #moles/Hr	Vapor #/Hr	Liq. Cond. #/Hr
Nitrogen		707	0.930	1.2396	733	0.965	1.2396	34.7274	
Toluene	53	53	0.070	0.0937	27	0.035	0.0454	4.1844	4.4458
Total		760.00	1.000	1.3332	760.00	1.000	1.2850	38.9117	4.4458

Toluene (% Recovered) =

51.51 %

Mol. Wt. (Toluene) = 92.134

Mol. Wt. (Nitrogen) = 28.016

Volume of 1 # mole of Nitrogen at Standard Conditions = 359 cuft

EMISSIONS (11178 * 8.760 HRS/YR) =

36,655 LBS/YEAR

ETHYLENE OXIDE

With 1999 LDAR update for NON-LEAKING factors

INPUT		**INPUT**
CALANDER YEAR		CAPACITY
E O USAGE IN POLYDAD		753,360 LBS
E O USAGE IN E O D		621,960 LBS
TOTAL E O USAGE (CALC)		1,375,320 LBS
POLYRAD 0515		0 LBS
POLYRAD 0515A		424,860 LBS
POLYRAD 1110		1,019,664 LBS
POLYRAD 1110A		254,916 LBS
SURFACTANT AR150		779,640 LBS
SURFACTANT AR160		0 LBS
# DAYS OPERATION (CAN USE NA)		365 DAYS (manual input required "F132")
SCRUBBER EFFICIENCY		98 0 % ASSUME

OUTPUT		*OUTPUT*
E O "LOSSES"(USAGE-THEORY)		96,875 LBS
FUGITIVE EMISSIONS		17,365 LBS R(II / 5.1)
POINT SOURCE EMISSIONS		1,590 LBS R(II / 5.2)
E O TO ETHYLENE GLYCOL		77,920 LBS R(II / 8.6)
ETHYLENE GLYCOL PRODUCED		109,797 LBS
QUANTITY RELEASED		18,955 LBS R(II / 8.1)
FOR ETHYLENE GLYCOL :		
ETHYLENE GLYCOL DISCHARGED		0 LBS R(II / 5.3.1)
ETHYLENE GLYCOL TREATED ON-SITE		0 LBS R(II/8.6)
ETHYLENE GLYCOL TO POTW		109,797 LBS R(II/6.1A.1)
E O USAGE/ 1,000 LBS PRODUCT		555 LBS
E O "LOSSES"/ 1,000 LBS PRODUCT		39 LBS

FOR POLYRADS ASSUME

ROSIN AMINE MOL WT.		285
ROSIN AMINE PURITY		94 %
ADJUSTED MOL WT.		303

POLYRAD 0515	0 * 85 =	0
POLYRAD 0515A	424,860 * 7 * 85 =	252,792
POLYRAD 0500 =		252,792
POLYRAD 1110	1,019,664 * 90 =	917,698
POLYRAD 1110A	254,916 * 7 * 9 =	160,597
POLYRAD 1100 =		1,078,295

FOR 0500 : 1 MOLE AMINE + 5 MOLES E O = 0500

303 + 5(44)	=523
E O = 5(44)/523 * LBS OF 0500 =	106,337 LBS

FOR 1100 : 1 MOLE AMINE + 11 MOLES E O = 1100

303 + 11(44)	=787
E O = 11(44)/787 * LBS 1100 =	663,144 LBS

FOR SURFACTANTS ASSUME

WOOD ROSIN MOL WT.		302
WOOD ROSIN ACID NO.		160
THEROETICAL ACID NO		186
WOOD ROSIN PURITY		86 %
ADJUSTED MOL WT.		351

SURFACTANT AR150	779,640 * 1.0 =	779,640
SURFACTANT AR160	0 * 1.0 =	0

FOR AR150 : 1 MOLE ROSIN + 15 MOLES E O = AR150

351 + 15(44)	=1011
E O = 15(44) * LBS OF AR150 =	508,964 LBS

FOR AR160 : 1 MOLE ROSIN + 16 MOLES E O = AR160

351 + 16(44)	= 1055
E O = 16(44) * LBS OF AR160 =	0 LBS

THEROETICAL E.O.				1,278,445 LBS
E.O. "LOSSES"(USAGE-THEORY)				96,875 LBS
E.O. USAGE = LBS OF E.O / (8.34 * 85)				194,008 GALLONS
DAYS OF OPERATION, FROM LOG SHEETS =				365 DAYS
TOTAL E.O. ADDUCTS =				2,110,726 LBS
TYPICAL PRODUCTION = LBS % DAYS =				5,783 LBS/DAY
BASE YR 1993 TYP PROD = 5,470LBS/DAY				
DAYS OPERATION =				365 DAYS
FOR P,V,F				
Pumps/liq=	3	*	0.0260	0.08 LBS/HR
Valves/liq=	73	*	0.0038	0.28 LBS/HR
Valves/Vap=	21	*	0.0011	0.02 LBS/HR
Fig&con/liq=	231	*	0.0001	0.03 LBS/HR
Fig&con/Vap=	44	*	0.0001	0.01 LBS/HR
RELIEF =	16	*	0.0980	1.57 LBS/HR

				1.98 LBS/HR
ON A CONTINUEOUS BASIS =				17,365 LBS/YR
SINCE WE BLOW THE LINES WE ONLY HAVE				
E.O. IN THE P,V,F SERVICE THE ACTUAL				
DAYS OF OPERATION =				
				365 DAYS
THEREFORE P,V,F FUGITIVE EMISSIONS =				17,365 LBS/YR
THEREFORE E.O. TO SCRUBBER =				79,510 LBS/YR
ASSUME SCRUBBER EFFICIENCY =			98.0	
E.O. TO ETHYLENE GLYCOL =				77,920 LBS/YR
E.O. VENTED FROM SCRUBBER STACK =				1,590 LBS/YR
ETHYLENE GLYCOL PRODUCED				
LBS E.O. * 62/44 =				109,797 LBS/YR



Fees 01ad#2 uses a different calculation method for scrubber efficiency based upon MACT standards for E.O. and EPI. The implied efficiency in both standards is 98.0 which is in this forms input data, unless otherwise input differently.

FEES

*** INPUT ***

CALANDER YEAR 2002

*** = No input change

POLY-PALE (LBS)	10,754,657	LBS
MELHI (LBS)	706,745	LBS
TOTAL PRODUCTION **CALC**	11,461,402	LBS
WASTEWATER FLOW (GPM)	30	GPM***
TOLUENE SOLUBILITY (PPM)	570	PPM***
DISPOSAL (LBS)	0	LBS
DISP. SOLV. FRACTION	0.00	FRACTION
TOLUENE USAGE (LBS)	353,976	LBS
NITROGEN (MCF) *	25,012	MCF ***
STEAM (MCF)*	32,380	MCF ***
% STEAM, BLOWING LINES	10	%***
MELHI (% TOLUENE)	4.0	%***
PP HEAT TREAT (% TOLUENE)	1.5	%***
POLY-PALE (% TOLUENE)	0.2	%***
NITROGEN SWEEP EFFICIENCY	0.5	DECIMAL***
COMMON VENT COND. TEMP. (I)	75	deg F***
2001 PRODUCTION	9,461,508	LBS
LAB SOLVENT DISPOSAL	16,200	LBS
% TOLUENE	50	%***
OLD PAINT DISPOSAL	0	LBS
% TOLUENE	50	%***

*** OUTPUT ***

	TOLUENE(LBS)	P.V.F / LDAR ADJUSTED
COST SHEET USAGE (LOSSES)	353,976	353,976
TANK BREATHING AND WORKING	29,707	29,707
NITROGEN VENTING/BLOWING	142,554	142,554
WASTEWATER TREATMENT VENTING	4,660	e 4,660
WWT PARTIONED TO SLUDGE	1,295	a 1,295
WWT ADSORPTION/INCINERATION	0	0
WWT DISCHARGE	0	0
POLY-PALE	21,552	b 21,552
MELHI	28,270	c 28,270
P.V.F (LDAR/ADJUSTED BY DIFF)	80,122	d 106,002
TOTAL CALCULATED	328,097	353,976
FUGITIVE BY DIFF = a + b + c + d =	131,239	161,375
DIFFERENCE(COST SHEET-CALC)	25,879	0
WWT DISCHARGE TO POTW =	19,936	19,936
QUANTITY ON-SITE IMPOUNDMENT	404	f 404

TOLUENE SUMMARY FOR POLY-PALE METAL RESINATES ZEON LAB

Point source	172,261	R(II / 5.2)
Discharge direct	0	R(II / 5.3.1)
WWT Ad/Inc	0	
Venting@WWT	4,660	
Fug(by diff)	156,714	
Total Fug (Fug + wwVent)	161,375	R(II / 5.1)
Discharge to POTW	19,936	R(II / 6.1A1)
Total(Pt.Dis,Inc,Vt.Fug)	353,976	
Total(less Inc)	353,976	
Quantity on-site impoundment	404	R(II / 5.5.3)
Quantity Released	334,040	R(II / 8.1)
Treated on-site	0	R(II / 8.6)
Treated off-site	28,036	R(II / 8.7)
activity index	1.21	R(II / 8.9)

98% SULFURIC ACID	1,441,747	LBS (PP+WT)
HISTORICAL NEUTRALIZATION	0.84	FACTOR***
PPM SULFUR IN PPRODUCT	500	PPM***
OTHER ALK. WASTEWATER	150,000	GPD***
AVERAGE pH	~10.5	pH (>10 & <11)
AVERAGE NORMALITY	0.005	eq/l (for ~ 10.5 pH)
TYPICAL PRODUCTION RATE	120,000	LBS/DAY***
DAYS OPERATION**CALC**	96	DAYS
100% CAUSTIC	544,713	LBS (PP+WT)
T/T WEAK ACID SOLD	0	NUMBER
AVERAGE T/T WEIGHT	42,000	LBS
AVERAGE % ACID STRENGTH	0.40	FRACTION***

	HISTORICAL	ACID BALANCE
FUGITIVE SO2 =	63,027 LBS	313,211 LBS
	27.50 LBS/HR	136.64 LBS/HR
	31.51 TONS/YEAR	156.61 TONS/YEAR
AT CAPACITY =	346,443 LBS	1,721,630 LBS
	39.55 LBS/HR	196.53 LBS/HR
	173.22 TONS/YEAR	860.82 TONS/YEAR
RECYCLED OFF-SITE =	0	LBS/YEAR
RECYCLED ON-SITE =	1,345,236	LBS/YEAR

LEAD USAGE	
LEAD BARS 1/4"	70 LBS
LEAD BARS 3/16"	44 LBS
TOTAL BURNING BARS	114 LBS >100 REPORT I
SANDBLASTING SAND	1,000 LBS
SAND TCLP LEAD	1,142 PPM
TYVEX SUITS	295 LBS
TYVEX TCLP LEAD	344 PPM
LEAD EMISSION FACTOR	1.5 LB / TON
LEAD SHEETS 1/8"	4,960 LBS
LEAD SHEETS 1/4"	0 LBS
TOTAL SHEETS	4,960 LBS
SOLD TO SEMPHER	0 LBS

FUGITIVE EMISSIONS =	0.09	LBS/YEAR (R5 1, R8 1)
RELEASED ONSITE =	0.20	LBS/YEAR (R5 5 4 R8 1)
TRANSFER OFFSITE =	1.24	LBS/YEAR (R6 2 R8 1)
RECYCLED OFFSITE =	0.00	LBS/YEAR (R8 5)
ACTIVITY INDEX =	1.21	

E O USAGE IN POLYDAD 51 884 LBS
 E O USAGE IN E O D 30,758 LBS
 TOTAL E O USAGE (CALC) 82,642 LBS
 POLYRAD 0515 0 LBS
 POLYRAD 0515A 23,650 LBS
 POLYRAD 1110 73,790 LBS
 POLYRAD 1110A 17,200 LBS
 SURFACTANT AR150 38,245 LBS
 SURFACTANT AR160 0 LBS
 # DAYS OP (CAN USE NA) 28 DAYS (manual input
 2001 E O USAGE 128,154 required in "F132")
 SCRUBBER EFFICIENCY 98 0 % ASSUME***

E O "LOSSES" (USAGE-THEORY) 4,249 LBS
 FUGITIVE EMISSIONS 1,127 LBS R(II / 5 1)
 POINT SOURCE EMISSIONS 62 LBS R(II / 5 2)
 E O TO ETHYLENE GLYCOL 3,060 LBS R(II / 8 6)
 ETHYLENE GLYCOL PRODUCED 4,312 LBS >25,000LBS 1
 QUANTITY RELEASED 1,189 LBS R(II / 8 1)
 ACTIVITY INDEX 0.64 R(II/ 8 9)
 FOR >25,000LBS :
 ETHYLENE GLYCOL DISCHARGED 0 LBS R(II / 5 3 1)
 ETHYLENE GLYCOL TREATED ON-SITE 0 LBS R(II/8 6)
 ETHYLENE GLYCOL TO POTW 4,312 LBS R(II/6.1.A.1)

KYMENE 557H 46,648,810 LBS
 KYMENE 557LX 24,100,813 LBS
 KYMENE 736 1,868,409 LBS
 KYMENE 1022 344,421 LBS
 KYMENE MXC 101,480
 KYMENE 621 351,410
 KYMENE 625LX 47,340
 TOTAL KYMENE **CALC** 73,462,683 LBS
 EPI IN 557H 2,121,156 LBS
 EPI IN 557LX 760,599 LBS
 EPI IN 736 468,099 LBS
 EPI IN 1022 47,718 LBS
 EPI IN MCX 4,330
 EPI IN 621 25,645
 EPI IN 625LX 6,368
 TOTAL EPI **CALC** 3,433,915 LBS
 NITROGEN USAGE 1,688 MCF
 NITROGEN SWEEP EFFICIENCY 0 2
 2001 PRODUCTION 62,497,806 LBS
 SCRUBBER EFFICIENCY 98 0 % ASSUME

FUGITIVE EMISSIONS 2,998 LBS/YEAR R(II / 5 1)
 POINT SOURCE EMISSION TO WWT 828 LBS/YEAR R(II / 5 2)
 WWT VENTING 8,669 LBS/YEAR
 0 LBS/YEAR
 WWT TO SLUDGE 173 LBS/YEAR
 WWT BIOLOGICAL 1,127 LBS/YEAR R(II/ 8 6)
 WWT ADSORB / INCIN 0 LBS/YEAR
 WWT EFF. DISCHARGE 0 LBS/YEAR R(II / 5 3 1)
 QUANTITY RELEASED 4,000 LBS/YEAR R(II / 8 1)
 QUANTITY TREAT ON-SITE 1,127 LBS/YEAR R(II / 8 6)
 QUANTITY ON-SITE IMPOL 173 LBS/YEAR R(II/ 5 5 3)
 ACTIVITY INDEX 1.18 R(II / 8 9)
 WWT DISCHARGE TO POT 7,369 LBS/YEAR R(II/ 8 7)

MONTHS WWT FURN OP 0 MONTHS

HISTORICAL DATA ("SAME")
 TOLUENE IN ZEON WWT 0 LBS/YR
 TOLUENE IN I.B. SLUDGE 404 LBS/YR
 AMMONIA IN I.B. SLUDGE 443 LBS/YR
 I.B. SLUDGE GEN RATE 4 CU YDS/ DAY

ROSLIN METLER @ POLY-PALE
 CHEMICAL NAME PEXOIL / LIGHT ENDS
 MOLECULAR WEIGHT 302 lb/mole
 AREA OF SPILL 96 ft2
 VAPOR PRESSURE 0.004450 psia
 TEMPERATURE 266 oF
 WIND SPEED 5 miles/hour
 SHEEN THICKNESS 0.125 inches
 SP. GR. 0.89 decimal
 EST % RECOVERY 75 %

SHEEN QUANTITY = 7 Gallons spilled
 SHEEN QUANTITY = 56 Lbs spilled
 EST. RECOVERY = 42 Lbs recovered
 (SPILL-RECOVERY) = 14 LBS (NET RELEASE)
 VAPOR GENERATION 0.000100 lbs/sec
 0.0060 lbs/min
 0.36 lbs/hr
 8.6 lbs/day
 3.139 lbs/year
 1.57 tpy

RESIN PRODUCTION 23,458,712 LBS
 PAPER PRODUCTION 164,483,244 LBS
 "ROSIN" HANDLING FACTOR(est) 2 (ie, "DOUBLE" HANDLING)
 NUMBER OF TANKS (est) 30 RESINS
 NUMBER OF TANKS (est) 10 PAPER
 AVERAGE TANK DIAMETER(est) 10 FT
 AVERAGE TANK HEIGHT(est) 20 FT
 AVG VAPOR SPACE**CALC** 10 FT
 "ROSIN" MOL WEIGHT 302
 TEMPERATURE 175 oC or= 347 oF (calc)
 VAPOR PRESSURE 0.200 mm Hg or= 0.003868 psi (calc)
 AMBIENT DELTA TEMP. 20 oF

ROSIN PLANT-WIDE VOC = 158 TPY
 ROSIN PLANT-WIDE VOC = 4.79 TPY (@ CAI)

EPI (Form R-Air "only")	3,827	lbs/yr
Eth BZ (Form R-Air)	0	lbs/yr
Eth GLYCOL(Form R-Air)	0	lbs/yr
Eth OXIDE (Form R-Air)	1,189	lbs/yr
MALEIC ANH (Form R-Air)	0	lbs/yr
TOLUENE (Form R-Air)	333,636	lbs/yr
XLYENE (Form R-Air)	0	lbs/yr
Adipic acid - lbs	4,417,347	lbs/yr
Gum rosin/PP-lbs (melter)	4,313,790	lbs/yr
Resin flaked/HRA-lbs	9,676,150	lbs/yr
Nat Gas-(Poly-Pale)	12,535	mcf
(Power House)	417,857	mcf
(HRA)	13,484	mcf
(Rosin Dist.)	2,891	mcf
(Hydrogen)	0	mcf
(RAD)	4,940	mcf
(Eff Treatment)	0	mcf
2002 Fee Rate =	25.00	\$/TON
Poly-pale prod	10,754,657	lbs
SO2 Fugitives @ Poly-Pale	156.61	TPY
HRA Kettle production	5,371,917	lbs/yr
HRA Flaked	9,676,150	lbs/yr
Plt fug est. non-HAP VOC	1.58	TPY
Poly-Pale melter non-HAP VOC	3,139	lbs/yr
Dowtherm-(Poly-Pale)	4,663	lbs/yr
Dowtherm-(HRA)	16,607	lbs/yr
Dowtherm-(Rosin Dist.)	23,817	lbs/yr
Dowtherm-(RAD)	2,037	lbs/yr

TPY	

PM	7.86
SO2	158.72
NOX	58.31
CO	18.97
VOC*	200.55
TRS	0
LEAD	0
CFC/HCFC	0
Other	0
totHAP-voc	169.33
TH non-voc	0
SUM =	444.41 TPY
2002 FEE RATE=	25.00 \$/TON
TOTAL \$ =	11,110
By quarters	2,777.58

* = Reflects Total VOC from the facility including VOC,s that are HAP's

BIPHENYL LOSS = 27 * TOTAL = 12,723 LBS (LESS THAN 10,000 LBS ?) NO REPORT REQUIRED

FROM FORM R CALCULATIONS=	"TPY"
EPICHLOROHYDRIN	1.91
ETHYL BENZENE	0.00
ETHYLENE GLYCOL	0.00
ETHYLENE OXIDE	0.59
MALEIC ANHYDRIDE	0.00
TOLUENE	166.82
XYLENE	0.00
total VOC (Form R)	169.33

AMMONIA USAGE @ RAD	107,972	LBS	NH3 "LOSSES"(USAGE-THEORY)	89,761	LBS	= 83.1%	
NITRILE PRODUCTION	429,814	LBS OF 731-D FEED	FUGITIVE EMISSIONS	2,667	LBS		R(II / 5.1)
WASTEWATER FLOW AVG	95,268	GPD	POINT SOURCE EMISSIONS	885	LBS		R(II / 5.2)
AVERAGE WASTEWATER pH	10.0		NH3 TO (NH4)2SO4 @ 90% & 10% POTV	86,209	LBS		
pH NORMALITY	0.00100		AMMONIUM SULFATE PRODUCED	301,224	LBS	<?> 25,000LBS	
IB SLUDGE GENERATE RATE	4	CU YD/DAY	AMMONIA RECYCLE	462,727	LBS		R(II / 8.4)
AQ NH3 AT DRESINOL	0	LBS	NH3 "LOSSES"/ 1,000 LBS FEED	208.8	LBS/1,000 LBS FEED		
H2SO4 TOTES @40% =	0	NUMBER	QUANTITY RELEASED	12,616	LBS		R(II / 8.1)
			QUANTITY TO POTW	8,621	LBS		R(6.1A.1.)(R8
			QUANTITY ON-SITE IMPOUNDMENT	443	LBS		(R/ 5.5.3)

PARTICULATE MATTER

AC-002 (162) Dust collector @ Kymene

0.93 TPY in 1988(base data) * 4,417,347 lbs = 1.73 TPY (PM)
 2,370,000 lbs used in 1988

AC-004 (-) Gum rosin melted @ Poly-Pale

Based on process weight equation, E = 4.1 * P ^0.67
 E = Particulate emissions in lbs/hour
 P = Process input capacity in tons/hour
 Capacity = 80hrs/8hr shift = 2.5 tons/hour
 = 3.27 TPY (PM)

AG-005 (101) Dust collector @ HRA

3 16 TPY in 1988(base data) * 9,676,150 lbs = 1.14 TPY (PM)
 26 840,510 lbs flaked in 1988

A-(Plant) Fuel burning @ PP,PH,HRA,Rosin dist H2,RAD,Eff

Poly-Pale - 3 2mmBTU/hr heat input
 PM =7 6lb/mmCUFT nat gas = 0 05 tpy 0 05 TPY(PM)
 PM(10)=0lb/mmCUFT nat gas = 0 00 tpy
 SO2 = 0 6lb/mmCUFT nat gas = 0 00 TPY(SO2)
 NOX = 100lb/mmCUFT nat gas = 0 63 TPY(NOX)
 CO = 84lb/mmCUFT nat gas = 0 53 TPY(CO)
 VOC = 5 5lb/mmCUFT nat gas = 0 03 TPY(VOC)

Power House - #5 Boiler = 156mmBTU/hr heat input
 Power House - #6 Boiler = 65mmBTU/hr heat input
 Assume 95% and 5% split of nat gas between #5 and #6 boilers

For #5 Boiler
 PM =7 6lb/mmCUFT nat gas = 1 51 tpy 1 51 TPY(PM)
 PM(10)=0lb/mmCUFT nat gas = 0 00 tpy
 SO2 = 0 6lb/mmCUFT nat gas = 0 12 TPY(SO2)
 NOX =280lb/mmCUFT nat gas = 55 57 TPY(NOX)
 CO = 84lb/mmCUFT nat gas = 16 67 TPY(CO)
 VOC = 5 5lb/mmCUFT nat gas = 1 09 TPY(VOC)

For #6 Boiler
 PM =7 6lb/mmCUFT nat gas = 0 08 tpy 0 08 TPY(PM)
 PM(10)=0lb/mmCUFT nat gas = 0 00 tpy
 SO2 = 0 6lb/mmCUFT nat gas = 0 01 TPY(SO2)
 NOX =100lb/mmCUFT nat gas = 1 04 TPY(NOX)
 CO = 84lb/mmCUFT nat gas = 0 88 TPY(CO)
 VOC = 5 5lb/mmCUFT nat gas = 0 06 TPY(VOC)

Hard Resins - 8 3mmBTU/hr heat input
 PM =7 6lb/mmCUFT nat gas = 0 05 tpy 0 05 TPY(PM)
 PM(10)=0lb/mmCUFT nat gas = 0 00 tpy
 SO2 = 0 6lb/mmCUFT nat gas = 0 00 TPY(SO2)
 NOX = 100lb/mmCUFT nat gas = 0 67 TPY(NOX)
 CO = 84lb/mmCUFT nat gas = 0 57 TPY(CO)
 VOC = 5 5lb/mmCUFT nat gas = 0 04 TPY(VOC)

Rosin Dist - 3 3mmBTU/hr heat input
 PM =7 6lb/mmCUFT nat gas = 0 01 tpy 0 01 TPY(PM)
 PM(10)=0lb/mmCUFT nat gas = 0 00 tpy
 SO2 = 0 6lb/mmCUFT nat gas = 0 00 TPY(SO2)
 NOX = 100lb/mmCUFT nat gas = 0 14 TPY(NOX)
 CO = 84lb/mmCUFT nat gas = 0 12 TPY(CO)
 VOC = 5 5lb/mmCUFT nat gas = 0 01 TPY(VOC)

Hydrogen - 21 0mmBTU/hr heat input
 PM =7 6lb/mmCUFT nat gas = 0 00 tpy 0 00 TPY(PM)
 PM(10)=0lb/mmCUFT nat gas = 0 00 tpy
 SO2 = 0 6lb/mmCUFT nat gas = 0 00 TPY(SO2)
 NOX = 100lb/mmCUFT nat gas = 0 00 TPY(NOX)
 CO = 84lb/mmCUFT nat gas = 0 00 TPY(CO)
 VOC = 5 5lb/mmCUFT nat gas = 0 00 TPY(VOC)

Rosin Amine D - 8 3mmBTU/hr heat input
 PM =7 6lb/mmCUFT nat gas = 0 02 tpy 0 02 TPY(PM)
 PM(10)=0lb/mmCUFT nat gas = 0 00 tpy
 SO2 = 0 6lb/mmCUFT nat gas = 0 00 TPY(SO2)
 NOX = 100lb/mmCUFT nat gas = 0 25 TPY(NOX)
 CO =84lb/mmCUFT nat gas = 0 21 TPY(CO)
 VOC = 5 5lb/mmCUFT nat gas = 0 01 TPY(VOC)

Eff Treatment - 2 95mmBTU/hr heat input
 PM =7 6lb/mmCUFT nat gas = 0 00 tpy 0 00 TPY(PM)
 PM(10)=0lb/mmCUFT nat gas = 0 00 tpy
 SO2 = 0 6lb/mmCUFT nat gas = 0 00 TPY(SO2)
 NOX = 100lb/mmCUFT nat gas = 0 00 TPY(NOX)
 CO = 84lb/mmCUFT nat gas = 0 00 TPY(CO)
 VOC = 5 5lb/mmCUFT nat gas = 0 00 TPY(VOC)

TOTAL PM 7 86 TPY
 TOT SO2 0 14 TPY
 TOT NOX 58 31 TPY
 TOT CO 18 97 TPY
 TOT VOC 1 24 TPY

SO2 FROM 1988 DATA

Poly-Pale east and west vents = 7 2lbs/yr + 7,907lbs/yr = 7,914lbs/yr = 3.96TPY

$$\frac{3.96 \text{ TPY (1988 Base data)}}{21,495,048 \text{ lbs Poly-Pale (1988)}} \cdot 10,754,657 \text{ lbs} = 1.98 \text{ TPY(SO2)}$$

VOC = VOC Assumed to be non-HAP

VOC FROM 1988 DATA

Poly-Pale east and west vents = 1.9lb/hr + 12.147lb/yr = 12.149lb/yr = 6.07 TPY

$$\frac{6.07 \text{ TPY (1988 Base data)}}{21,495,048 \text{ lbs Poly-Pale (1988)}} \cdot 10,754,657 \text{ lbs} = 3.04 \text{ TPY(VOC)}$$

HRA Water scrubber - Kettles/Hot = 98,696lbs/yr = 49.35 TPY

$$\frac{49.35 \text{ TPY (1988 Base data)}}{19,713,604 \text{ lbs Production (1988)}} \cdot 5,371,917 \text{ lbs} = 13.45 \text{ TPY(VOC)}$$

HRA Water scrubber - Flaking/Hot end = 57,378lbs/yr = 28.69 TPY

$$\frac{28.69 \text{ TPY (1988 Base data)}}{26,840,510 \text{ lbs flaked (1988)}} \cdot 9,676,150 \text{ lbs} = 10.34 \text{ TPY(VOC)}$$

Carbon Furnace = 64,269 lbs/yr = 32.14 TPY

$$32.14 \text{ TPY (1988 Base data)} \cdot \text{"ASSUME THE SAME"} = 32.14 \text{ TPY(VOC)}$$

"NOTE: Furnace only ran "X" months. Therefore subtract (12 - "x") months -32.14

"Rosin" VOC and "Paper Chemicals" VOC "ESTIMATES"

$$\text{From Plant-wide fugitive emission estimates spreadsheet} = 1.58 \text{ TPY(VOC)}$$

Poly-Pale melter fugitives 1.57 TPY(VOC)

$$\text{TOTAL VOC} = 29.98 \text{ TPY(VOC)}$$

EVAPORATION LOSSES

SOURCE :: Rosin Melter@ Poly-Pale (VP of Pexoil / Light Ends)

*** INPUT ***

CHEMICAL NAME	PEXOIL / LIGHT ENDS
MOLECULAR WEIGHT	302 lb/mole
AREA OF SPILL	96 ft2
VAPOR PRESSURE	0.004450 psia
TEMPERATURE	266 oF
WIND SPEED	5 miles/hour
SHEEN THICKNESS	0.125 inches
SP. GR	0.89 decimal
EST. % RECOVERY	75 %

*** OUTPUT ***

SHEEN QUANTITY =	7 Gallons spilled
SHEEN QUANTITY =	56 Lbs spilled
EST. RECOVERY =	42 Lbs recovered
(SPILL-RECOVERY) =	14 LBS (NET RELEASE)
VAPOR GENERATION	0.000100 lbs/sec
	0.0060 lbs/min
	0.36 lbs/hr
	8.6 lbs/day
	3.139 lbs/year

1.57 tpy

$$W = \frac{M K A P}{R T}$$

W = VAPOR GENERATION RATE, lbs/second

M = MOLECULAR WEIGHT OF CHEMICAL

A = AREA OF SPILL, ft²

P = VAPOR PRESSURE, psia

R = UNIVERSAL GAS CONSTANT 10.73 psia-ft³/oR-lb mole

T = TEMPERATURE OF LIQUID, oR = oF + 460

K = GAS-PHASE MASS TRANSFER COEFFICIENT, ft/second

$$K = 0.00438 (U)^{0.78} (D / 3.1 \times 10^{-4})^{2/3}$$

D = DIFFUSION COEFFICIENT, ft²/second

U = WINDSPEED, miles/hour

IF "D" IS NOT AVAILABLE

$$K = 0.00438 (U)^{0.78} (18/M)^{1/3}$$

ROSIN FUGITIVE EMISSIONS ESTIMATES-PLANT WIDE

INPUT

CALANDER YEAR	2,002		
RESIN PRODUCTION	23,458,712 LBS		
PAPER PRODUCTION	164,483,244 LBS		
"ROSIN" HANDLING FACTOR(est)	2 (ie, "DOUBLE" HANDLING)		
NUMBER OF TANKS (est.)	30 RESINS		
NUMBER OF TANKS (est.)	10 PAPER		
AVERAGE TANK DIAMETER(est)	10 FT		
AVERAGE TANK HEIGHT(est)	20 FT		
AVG. VAPOR SPACE**CALC**	10 FT		
"ROSIN" MOL. WEIGHT	302		
TEMPERATURE	175 oC	or =	347 oF (calc)
VAPOR PRESSURE	0.200 mm Hg	or =	0.003868 psi (calc)
AMBIENT DELTA TEMP.	20 oF		

* FOR CALCULATIONS: PAINT FACTOR, PRODUCT FACTOR, SMALLTANK FACTOR, TURNOVER FACTOR, ARE IN EQUATIONS

OUTPUT

ROSIN PLANT-WIDE VOC	=	1.58 TPY
ROSIN PLANT-WIDE VOC	=	4.79 TPY (@ CAPACITY)

FOR ROSIN "VOC" ESTIMATES

ROSIN HANDLING FACTOR	=	30 TANKS	*	2	=	60
$P / (P_a - P) = P / (14.7 - P)$	=	0				
PAINT FACTOR	=	1				
SMALL TK FACTOR	=	1				
PRODUCT FACTOR	=	1				
TANK CAPACITY	=	11,750 GALS				
ANNUAL THRUPUT	=	97,745 GALS/TANK				
NO. TURNOVERS	=	8				
TURNOVER FACTOR	=	1				

FOR BREATHING LOSSES, L(b), resins = 14 LBS/YR

FOR	60 "TANKS"	L(b), resins =	813.94 LBS/YEAR
			0.093 LBS/HR

0.41 TPY

FOR WORKING LOSSES, L(w) resins = 3 LBS/YR

FOR 60 "TANKS" L(w) resins = 164.44 LBS/YEAR
0.019 LBS/HR
0.08 TPY

FOR PAPER "VOC" ESTIMATES

KYMENE = 12.2 % TOTAL SOLIDS
NEUPHOR = 31.0 % TOTAL SOLIDS
PARACOL = 12.0 % TOTAL SOLIDS

ASSUME SIMILAR PRODUCTION RATES
THEREFORE THE AVERAGE TOTAL SOLIDS = 18 %

ROSIN PRODUCTION FACTOR = 30,264,917 LBS (adjusted for %T S.)

ROSIN HANDLING FACTOR = 10 TANKS * 2 = 20

ANNUAL THRUPUT = 2,056,041 GALS/TANK

NO. TURNS = 175

TURNOVER FACTOR = 0

FOR BREATHING LOSSES, L(b), paper = 14 LBS/YR

FOR 20 "TANKS" L(b), paper = 271.31 LBS/YEAR
0.03 LBS/HR
0.14 TPY

FOR WORKING LOSSES, L(w), paper = 17 LBS/YR

FOR 20 "TANKS" L(w), paper = 334.36 LBS/YEAR
0.04 LBS/HR
0.17 TPY

PLANT-WIDE VOC FOR ROSIN L(B) and L(w)

$$L(\text{total}) = L(\text{b}), \text{rosin} + L(\text{w}), \text{rosin} + L(\text{b}), \text{paper} + L(\text{w}), \text{paper}$$

$$= 0.41 + 0.08 + 0.14 + 0.17$$

$$L(\text{total}) = 0.79 \text{ TPY}$$

ASSUME PLANT-WIDE FUGITIVES (P,V,F) AND STEAM BLOWING SAME AS L(total)

THEREFORE TOTAL ROSIN VOC = 1.58 TPY

FOR CAPACITY

$$\text{RATIO FACTOR} = \frac{61.34 \text{ TPH (@ CAPACITY)}}{20.38 \text{ TPH (1994)}} = 3.02$$

TOLUENE TOTAL

CALANDER YEAR **2,002**

FOR ZEON WASTEWATER:

Assume toluene in wastewater is = **0 Lbs**

For WWT solvent distribution :

Biological studies @ 20 day retention for unaccumulated are

Volatilized to atmosphere = 72%

Partitioned to the sludge = 18%

Our hold-up is only 1/4 to 1/5 of 20 day biological, therefore

Equalization volatilized = $72 * 1/4 = 18\%$

Partitioned to the sludge = $18 * 1/4 = 5\%$

Available for treatment = $100 - 18 - 5 = 77\%$

For approximately 90% treatment :

Treated = $77 * 9 = 69\%$

Discharged = $77 * .1 = 8\%$

Wastewater treatment (WWT) venting = 18 *

0 lbs = 0 lbs/year

WWT partitioned to the sludge = 05 *

0 lbs = 0 lbs/year

WWT adsorption or incineration = 69 *

0 lbs = 0 lbs/year

WWT effluent discharge = .08 *

0 lbs = 0 lbs/year

WWT discharged to POTW =

0 lbs/year

TOLUENE SUMMARY (POLY-PALE & METAL RESINATES & ZEON)

	<u>Poly-Pale</u>	<u>Met Res</u>	<u>Zeon</u>	<u>TOTAL</u>	
Point source	172,261	0	0	172,261	R(II / 5.2)
Discharge direct	0	0	0	0	R(II / 5.3.1)
WWT Ad/Inc	0	0	0	0	
Venting@WWT	4,660	0	0	4,660	
Fug(by diff)	156,714	0	0	156,714	
Total Fug (Fug + wwtVent)	161,375	0	0	161,375	R(II / 5.1)
Discharge to POTW	19,936	0	0	19,936	
Total(Pt,Dis,Inc,Vt,Fug)	353,976	0	0	353,976	
Total(less Inc)	353,976	0	0	353,976	
Quantity on-site impoundment	404	0	0	404	R(II/ 5.5.3)
Quantity Released	334,040	0	0	334,040	R(II / 8.1)
Treated on-site	0	0	0	0	R(II / 8.6)
Treated off-site	28,036	0	0	28,036	R(II / 8.7)

	<u>Ethyl Benz</u>	<u>Xylene</u>
Point source	0 R(II / 5.2)	0
Discharge	0 R(II / 5.3.1)	0
WWT Ad/Inc	0	0
Venting@WWT	0	0
Fug(by diff)	0	0
Total(Fug + Vent)	0 R(II / 5.1)	0
Total(Pt,Dis,Inc,Vt,Fug)	0	0
Total(less Inc)	0 R(II / 8.1)	0
Recycled on-site	0 R(II / 8.4)	0
Treated on-site	0 R(II / 8.6)	0
Treated off-site	0 R(II / 6.2.1)	0

INPUT

CALENDAR YEAR 2 002
 POLY-PALE (LBS) 10,754,657
 MELHI (LBS) 706,745
 TOTAL PRODUCTION **CALC** 11,461,402
 WASTEWATER FLOW (GPM) 30
 TOLUENE SOLUBILITY (PPM) 570
 DISPOSAL (LBS) 0
 DISP SOLV FRACTION 0.00
 TOLUENE USAGE (LBS) 353,976
 NITROGEN (MCF) * 25,012
 STEAM (MCF)* 32,380
 % STEAM BLOWING LINES 10
 MELHI (% TOLUENE) 4.0
 PP HEAT TREAT (% TOLUENE) 1.5
 POLY-PALE (% TOLUENE) 0.2
 NITROGEN SWEEP EFFICIENCY 0.5
 COMMON VENT COND TEMP (I) 75

*** OUTPUT ***	TOLUENE(LBS)		P,V,F / LDAR ADJUSTED	
COST SHEET USAGE (LOSSES)	353,976		353,976	
TANK BREATHING AND WORKING	29,707		29,707	R5.2
NITROGEN VENTING/BLOWING	142,554		142,554	R5.2
WASTEWATER TREATMENT VENTING	4,660	e	4,660	
WWT PARTIONED TO SLUDGE	1,295	a	1,295	
WWT ADSORPTION/INCINERATION	0		0	
WWT DISCHARGE	0		0	
POLY-PALE	21,552	b	21,552	
MELHI	28,270	c	28,270	
P,V,F (LDAR/ADJUSTED BY DIFF)	80,122	d	106,002	
TOTAL CALCULATED	328,097		353,976	
FUGITIVE BY DIFFERENCE = a+b+c+d+e-f =	131,239		161,375	
DIFFERENCE(COST SHEET-CALC)	25,879		0	
WWT DISCHARGED TO POTW =	19,936		19,936	R6.1 A1, R8.7
QUANTITY ON-SITE IMPOUNDMENT	404	f	404	R5.5.3
SOLVENT LOSSES =	30.9 LBS/ 1,000 LBS PRODUCTION (COST SHEET)			
SOLVENT LOSSES =	28.6 LBS/ 1,000 LBS PRODUCTION(CALCULATED)			
SOLVENT LOSSES =	2.1 % COST SHEET LOSSES/TOTAL USAGE			
SOLVENT LOSSES =	1.9 % CALCULATED USAGE/TOTAL USAGE			
SOLVENT RECYC	11,107,426 LBS/YEAR			
POINT SOURCE :	172,261 LBS/YEAR			

* NOTE: Must calculate each Antoine V P equation below
 Must calc Kc and C for thruput and small tank dia

LBS TOLUENE IN MELHI FROM T-108 = 4 % * 706,745 = 28,270 LBS
 LBS TOLUENE TO HEAT TREATMENT = 2 % * 10,918,434 = 163,777 LBS
 LBS TOLUENE IN POLY-PALE = 0 % * 10,776,209 = 21,552 LBS

FOR PUMPS, VALVES, FLANGES, ASSUME

	NUMBER	FACTOR	RATE
PUMPS	17	0.1100	1.8700
VALVES	111	0.0160	1.7760
FLANGES	1,928	0.0018	3.4704
AGITATORS	8	0.1100	0.8800
MAGNITROLS	5	0.2300	1.1500
TOTAL =			9.15 LBS/HOUR

FUGITIVE EMISSIONS (P,V,F) = 8,760 * 9.15 = 80,122 LBS/YEAR

FOR THE SUMP

FOR SUMP ASSL 43,200 GALLONS/DAY WASTEWATER FLOWRATE

ASSUME 570 PPM TOLUENE SOLUBILITY
 LBS/DAY = 43,200 * 0.0000834 * 570 PPM = 205.4 LBS/DAY
 ASSUME (10% EXCESS) FOR SPILLS, UPSETS, FLOWS ETC = 225.9 LBS/DAY
 ESTIMATE DAYS OPERATION = 11,461,402 % 100,000 LBS/DAY = 115 DAYS
 LBS/YEAR = 226 LBS/DAY * 115 DAYS = 25,891 LBS/YEAR

WASTEWATER TREATMENT SOLVENT DISTRIBUTION

BIOLOGICAL STUDIES @ 20 DAY RETENTION FOR UNACCUMULATED ARE

VOLATILIZED TO ATMOSPHERE = 72 %
 PARTIONED TO SLUDGE = 18 %

OUR HOLD-UP IS ONLY 1/4 TO 1/5 OF 20 DAY BIOLOGICAL. THEREFORE

EQUALIZATION VOLATILIZED = 72 * 1/4 = 18 %
 PARTIONED TO SLUDGE = 18 * 1/4 = 5 %
 AVAILABLE FOR TREATMENT = 100 - 23 = 77 %

FOR APPROXIMATELY 90 % TREATMENT
 TREATED = 77 * 90 = 69 %
 DISCHARGED = 77 * 10 = 8 %

FOR NO CARBON ADSORPTION, TREATED GOES TO ZERO BELOW

WASTEWATER TREATMENT (WWT) VENTING	25,891 LBS/YR =	4,660 LBS/YEAR
WWT PARTIONED TO SLUDGE = 05 *	25,891 LBS/YR =	1,295 LBS/YEAR
WWT ADSORPTION OR INCINERATION = 69 *	25,891 LBS/YR =	0 LBS/YEAR
WWT DISCHARGED DIRECT = .08 *	25,891 LBS/YR =	0 LBS/YEAR
WWT DISCHARGED TO POTW =		19,936 LBS/YEAR

VOC EMISSIONS - FIXED ROOF TANKS (TOLUENE)

TOTAL LOSS	EQUAT1 BREATHING LOSS	EQUAT2 WORKING LOSS	MOL-WT Mv	EQUAT2 MULTIPLY	TVP	EQUAT 2 Kn	EQUAT2 ANNUAL THRUPUT	EQUAT2 TANK CAPACITY	EQUAT2 TURNOVER PER YR	EQUAT1 AVG VAPOR SPACE
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TANK NO.	LBS/YR	LBS/YR	LBS/YR	FACTOR	GAL/YR	GAL/YR	N	HT (FT)		
T-3 FD SOLN	1,751	81	1,670	92 13 0.000024	1,025	0,250	2,947,218	2,055	1434	2.50
T-7 #1 SEP	398	0	398	92 13	0,440	0,250	1,637,343	52	31487	1.00
T-8 #1 POLYZ	399	1	398	92 13	0,440	0,250	1,637,343	130	12595	1.00
T-9 #2 SEP	0	0	0	92 13 OUT	0,000	1,000	0	52	0	1.00
T-10 #2 POLYZ	0	0	0	92 13 OUT	0,000	1,000	0	130	0	1.00
T-11 #3 SEP	398	0	398	92 13	0,440	0,250	1,637,343	52	31487	1.00
T-12 #3 POLYZ	399	1	398	92 13	0,440	0,250	1,637,343	130	12595	1.00
T-13 #5 SEP	398	0	398	92 13	0,440	0,250	1,637,343	52	31487	1.00
T-14 #5 POLYZ	399	1	398	92 13	0,440	0,250	1,637,343	130	12595	1.00
T-15 #6 SEP	398	0	398	92 13	0,440	0,250	1,637,343	52	31487	1.00
T-16 #6 POLYZ	399	1	398	92 13	0,440	0,250	1,637,343	130	12595	1.00
T-17 #4 SEP	398	0	398	92 13	0,440	0,250	1,637,343	52	31487	1.00
T-18 #4 POLYZ	399	1	398	92 13	0,440	0,250	1,637,343	130	12595	1.00
T-21 PZD SOLN	1,057	25	1,032	92 13	0,600	0,250	3,110,952	1,200	2592	2.50
T-22 PZD SEP	0	0	0	92 13 NO VENT	0,700	0,250	155,548	400	389	1.20
T-23 PZD SURGE	994	14	980	92 13	0,600	0,250	2,955,404	700	4222	2.40
T-24 HYZ SOLN	8,610	46	8,564	92 13	3,320	0,250	4,666,428	1,175	3971	4.00
T-25 WASH TK	4,606	44	4,563	92 13	1,420	0,250	5,812,568	4,170	1394	0.50
T-26 WASHD SOL	2,725	81	2,644	92 13	1,025	0,250	4,666,428	2,060	2265	2.50
T-27 EVAP FD	2,725	81	2,644	92 13	1,025	0,250	4,666,428	2,060	2265	2.50
T-30 1ST PP EV	2,649	5	2,644	92 13	1,025	0,250	4,666,428	420	11111	2.00
T-31 2ND PP EV	979	5	974	92 13	1,025	0,250	1,719,210	420	4093	2.00
T-36 PEXOIL/TOL	0	0	0	92 13 NO VENT	14,697	0,700	7,409	190	39	1.00
T-40 PEX/TOL ST	189,658	189,041	617	92 13	14,697	1,000	18,993	9,050	2	10.00
T-48 1ST MEL EV	89	6	83	92 13	1,025	0,250	147,361	505	292	3.00
T-71 MEL SOLN	235	51	184	92 13	1,025	0,550	147,361	2,700	55	4.00
T-80 40%ACD/TO	479	229	250	92 13 ATM VENT	1,025	1,000	110,521	20,000	6	10
T-81 40%ACD/TO	479	229	250	92 13 ATM VENT	1,025	1,000	110,521	20,000	6	10
T-83 DEC SEP	354	54	301	92 13	1,025	0,360	368,402	3,450	107	6.00
T-84 40% AC/TOL	705	204	501	92 13 ATM VENT	1,025	1,000	221,041	17,000	13	8.00
T-85 FR TOL STC	358	247	111	92 13 ATM VENT	1,025	1,000	49,120	13,600	4	6.00
T-86 REC TOL	223	52	171	92 13	1,025	0,660	114,614	2,700	42	4.50
T-88 PP HYDRO	5,498	122	5,376	92 13	6,600	0,250	1,473,609	1,400	1053	2.00
T-93 SLG DEC	272	55	217	92 13	1,025	0,260	368,402	1,700	217	3.00
T-99 H2O/TOL SE	962	81	881	92 13	1,025	0,250	1,555,476	2,065	753	2.50
T-101 MEL ACCU	141	16	125	92 13	1,025	0,750	73,680	1,050	70	3.00
T-105 TOL FD M	962	81	881	92 13	1,025	0,250	1,555,476	2,065	753	2.50
T-108 MEL BLND	29,132	28,007	1,125	92 13 ATM VENT	14,695	0,470	73,680	1,070	69	2.00
T-116 H2O/TOL S	2,517	105	2,412	92 13	1,025	0,250	4,257,092	3,500	1216	2.50
T-117 WASH FEE	8,683	119	8,564	92 13	3,320	0,250	4,666,428	2,400	1944	3.00
T-124 2ND MEL E	47	1	46	92 13	1,025	0,250	81,867	71	1153	1.00
T-131 PP HYDRO	5,498	122	5,376	92 13 NO VENT	6,600	0,250	1,473,609	1,400	1053	2.00
T-139 SUMP	5,491	412	5,079	92 13 ATM VENT	1,025	0,250	8,964,454	2,500	3586	4.30
T-201 RX #7	990	10	980	92 13	0,600	0,250	2,955,404	1,500	1970	1.00
T-202 RX #8	990	10	980	92 13	0,600	0,250	2,955,404	1,500	1970	1.00
T-203 RX #9	990	10	980	92 13	0,600	0,250	2,955,404	1,500	1970	1.00
TOTAL (LBS/YR)	284,840	219,648	65,192				86,445,373	128,668	672	

(ROSIN)

P-59 ROSIN STG	34	34	0	302	0	1	98,835	10,278	10	4.00
T-20 ROSIN FEEI	58	58	0	302	0	0	1,174,961	17,167	68	4.50
T-33 ROSIN/DOV	1	1	0	604	0	0	1,244,076	730	1704	4.00
T-34 R SPG TANF	1	1	0	604	0	0	1,244,076	730	1704	4.00
T-106 MELHI STC	21	21	0	604	0	1	62,204	10,310	6	6.00
T-119 GUM STG	29	29	0	302	0	1	362,856	21,000	17	7.00
T-120 ROSIN STC	173	173	0	302	0	1	1,174,961	125,000	9	12.00
T-129 PP SURGE	0	0	0	604	0	0	1,105,846	240	4608	2.00
T-130 SCRAP RO	43	43	0	302	0	1	15,551	32,200	0	8.00
T-132 PP STG TK	232	232	0	604	0	1	1,105,846	82,000	13	10.00
T-133 GUM STG	41	41	0	302	0	1	362,856	31,200	12	10.00
TOTAL (LBS/YR)	634	634	0				7,952,067	330,855	24	

(OTHER)

T-77 98% H2SO4	5	5	0	98	0	1	22,808	10,170	2	6.00
T-78 98% H2SO4	7	7	0	98	0	1	22,808	12,750	2	6.00
T-96 25% NAOH	13	13	0	40	0	1	208,791	9,395	22	12.50
T-100 98% H2SO-	5	5	0	98	0	1	22,808	8,300	3	6.00
T-134 DOW CATC	0	0	0	166	0	0	1,382,307	75	18431	2.30
T-135 DOW FLAS	#NUM!	#NUM!	0	166	37	0	37,322,293	350	106635	4.70
T-136 DOW STOF	8	8	0	166	0	1	691	1,100	1	6.70
T-137 SER WATE	4	4	0	18	0	0	15,205,379	4,000	3801	1.00
T-138 DOW BLOV	#NUM!	#NUM!	0	166	37	1	0	1,100	0	2.50

T-3 FD SOLN	48.3	905		NOTE: FOR VOC CALCULATIONS MUST MANUALLY INPUT Kc AND C FOR THE THRUPT TURNOVERS(Kc) AND SMALL TANK DIAMETER(C)						
T-7 #1 SEP	0.0	398								
T-8 #1 POLYZ	0.0	399								
T-9 #2 SEP	0.0	0	OUT	TURNOVER FACTOR			SMALL TANK DIAMETER FACTOR			
T-10 #2 POLYZ	0.0	0	OUT	TURNOVERS	Kc		DIA(FT)	C		
T-11 #3 SEP	0.0	398								
T-12 #3 POLYZ	0.0	399		<35	1		1FT	0.05		

T-13 #5 SEP	0.0	398	40	1	2FT	0.10
T-14 #5 POLYZ	0.0	399	45	1	3FT	0.15
T-15 #6 SEP	0.0	398	50	1	5FT	0.25
T-16 #6 POLYZ	0.0	399	60	1	7.5FT	0.40
T-17 #4 SEP	0.0	398	75	1	10FT	0.50
T-18 #4 POLYZ	0.0	399	100	0	12.5FT	0.65
T-21 PZD SOLN	8.5	967	150	0	15FT	0.75
T-22 PZD SEP	100.0	0	200	0	17.5FT	0.85
T-23 PZD SURGE	8.5	910	250	0	20FT	0.90
T-24 HYZ SOLN	86.7	1,145	300	0	25FT	0.95
T-25 WASH TK	65.8	1,575	400	0	30FT	1.00
T-26 WASHD SOI	48.3	1,409				
T-27 EVAP FD	48.3	1,409				
T-30 1ST PP EV	48.3	1,369				
T-31 2ND PP EV	48.3	506				
T-36 PEXOIL/TOL	100.0	0	NO VENT			
T-40 PEX/TOL ST	99.4	1,138				
T-48 1ST MEL EV	48.3	46				
T-71 MEL SOLN	48.3	121				
T-80 40%ACD/TOL		479	ATM VENT			
T-81 40%ACD/TOL		479	ATM VENT			
T-83 DEC SEP	48.3	183				
T-84 40% AC/TOL		705	ATM VENT			
T-85 FR TOL STG		358	ATM VENT			
T-86 REC TOL	48.3	115				
T-88 PP HYDRO	100.0	0				
T-93 SLG DEC	48.3	141				
T-99 H2O/TOL SE	48.3	498				
T-101 MEL ACCU	48.3	73				
T-105 TOL FD M \times	48.3	498				
T-108 MEL BLND	100.0	0	ATM VENT *			
T-116 H2O/TOL S	48.3	1,301				
T-117 WASH FEE	86.7	1,155				
T-124 2ND MEL E	48.3	24				
T-131 PP HYDRO	100.0	0	NO VENT			
T-139 SUMP		5,491	ATM VENT			
T-201 RX #7	8.5	906				
T-202 RX #8	8.5	906				
T-203 RX #9	8.5	906				
TOTAL		29,707				

NOTE: *EMISSIONS IN T-108 ARE SHOWN IN FINISHED PRODUCT MELHI.

TOTAL TANKAGE CAPACITY =	128,668	GALLONS			
TOTAL NITROGEN USAGE =	2,855	SCFH			
FOR BREATHING DISPLACEMENT =	$\frac{P1 V1}{T1} - \frac{P2 V2}{T2}$				
AVERAGE DAY TEMPERATURE (T1)	76.3	DEG F			
AVERAGE NIGHT TEMPERATURE (T2)	52.9	DEG F			
FOR NIGHT VOLUME (V2) =	128,668	GALLONS OR	17,202	CU FT	
THE DAY VOLUME (V1) =	134,538	GALLONS OR	17,986	CU FT	
BREATHING DISPLACEMENT =	785	FT3/DAY			
=	286,447	FT3/YEAR OR	33	SCFH	
FOR WORKING DISPLACEMENT =	86445373	GALLONS			
=	11,556,868	FT3/YEAR OR	1319	SCFH	
TOTAL DISPLACEMENT =	286,447	FT3/YR +	11,556,868	FT3/YR	
=	11,843,316	FT3/YEAR			
=	1,352	SCFH			
NITROGEN VENT (MAX) =	2,855	SCFH -	1,352	SCFH =	
	2,832	SCFH (SEE NOTE BELOW)		1,503	SCFH

NOTE: FOR POLY-PALE PRODUCTION IS CONTINUOUS/"STEADY-STATE"/LEVEL CONTROL

THEREFORE, BATCH VOLUMETRIC DISPLACEMENT IS MINIMAL (EMPTY TANKS EACH RUN)

ASSUME, TANKAGE VOLUMETRIC DISPLACEMENT (12 TIMES A YEAR) IS ACTUAL DISPLACEMENT

TANKAGE VOLU	128,668	GALLONS =	17,202	CU FT	
VOLUME DISPLA	17,202	CU FT * 12 TIMES/YR %	8,760	HRS/YR =	
				24	SCFH
THEREFORE, MAXIMUM VENTIN	2,855	SCFH -	24	SCFH =	
				2,832	SCFH

FOR NITROGEN DISTRIBUTION BASED ON THRUPUT AND BREATHING VOLUME
CONDENSER EXIT TEMPERATU 75.0 DEG F = 23.9 DEG C
"cond. Exit temp = cell C29

NOTE: MUST MANUALLY ADJUST "COND. TEMP" FOR TANKS THAT VENT TO ATMOSPHERE

ANTOINE EMISSI 97 SCFH AND 100.0 DEG F OR 37.8 DEG C

EQUAL = 7,990 LBS/YEAR

TABLE BELOW BREAKS DOWN THE TOTAL ANTOINE EMISSIONS INTO INDIVIDUAL TANKS
(IT HAS TO BE CALCULATED FOR EACH INDIVIDUAL TANK NITROGEN FLOW)

TANK NO	ANNUAL THRUPUT GAL/YR	TANK BREATHING GAL/YR	TOTAL GALS/YR	NITROGEN SCFH	TEMP DEG F	ANTOINE EMISSIONS LBS/YEAR
T-3 FD SOLN	2,947,218	701	2,947,919	97	100	7,990
T-7 #1 SEP	1,637,343	18	1,637,361	54	70	4,448
T-8 #1 POLYZ	1,637,343	44	1,637,388	54	70	4,448
T-9 #2 SEP	0	18	18	0	MTY	0 OUT
T-10 #2 POLYZ	0	44	44	0	MTY	0 OUT
T-11 #3 SEP	1,637,343	18	1,637,361	54	70	4,448
T-12 #3 POLYZ	1,637,343	44	1,637,388	54	70	4,448
T-13 #5 SEP	1,637,343	18	1,637,361	54	70	4,448
T-14 #5 POLYZ	1,637,343	44	1,637,388	54	70	4,448
T-15 #6 SEP	1,637,343	18	1,637,361	54	70	4,448
T-16 #6 POLYZ	1,637,343	44	1,637,388	54	70	4,448
T-17 #4 SEP	1,637,343	18	1,637,361	54	70	4,448
T-18 #4 POLYZ	1,637,343	44	1,637,388	54	70	4,448
T-21 PZD SOLN	3,110,952	410	3,111,361	102	80	8,402
T-22 PZD SEP	155,548	137	155,684	5	85	0 NO VENT
T-23 PZD SURGE	2,955,404	239	2,955,643	97	80	7,990
T-24 HYZ SOLN	4,666,428	401	4,666,829	153	150	12,603
T-25 WASH TK	5,812,568	1,423	5,813,991	190	115	15,650
T-26 WASHD SOI	4,666,428	703	4,667,131	153	100	12,603
T-27 EVAP FD	4,666,428	703	4,667,131	153	100	12,603
T-30 1ST PP EV	4,666,428	143	4,666,571	153	100	12,603
T-31 2ND PP EV	1,719,210	143	1,719,354	56	100	4,613
T-36 PEXOIL/TOL	7,409	65	7,474	0	222	0 NO VENT
T-40 PEX/TOL ST	18,993	3,088	22,082	1	222	82
T-48 1ST MEL EV	147,361	172	147,533	5	100	412
T-71 MEL SOLN	147,361	921	148,282	5	100	412
T-80 40%ACD/TO	110,521	6,825	117,346	4	100	680 ATM VENT
T-81 40%ACD/TO	110,521	6,825	117,346	4	100	680 ATM VENT
T-83 DEC SEP	368,402	1,177	369,580	12	100	988
T-84 40% AC/TOL	221,041	5,801	226,843	7	100	1,189 ATM VENT
T-85 FR TOL STC	49,120	4,641	53,761	2	100	340 ATM VENT
T-86 REC TOL	114,614	921	115,535	4	100	329
T-88 PP HYDRO	1,473,609	478	1,474,087	48	185	3,954
T-93 SLG DEC	368,402	580	368,982	12	100	988
T-99 H2O/TOL SE	1,555,476	705	1,556,181	51	100	4,201
T-101 MEL ACCU	73,680	358	74,039	2	100	165
T-105 TOL FD Mx	1,555,476	705	1,556,181	51	100	4,201
T-108 MEL BLND	73,680	365	74,046	2	222	28,733 ATM VENT
T-116 H2O/TOL S	4,257,092	1,194	4,258,287	139	100	11,450
T-117 WASH FEE	4,666,428	819	4,667,247	153	150	12,603
T-124 2ND MEL E	81,867	24	81,891	3	100	247
T-131 PP HYDRO	1,473,609	478	1,474,087	48	185	0 NO VENT
T-139 SUMP	8,964,454	853	8,965,307	294	100	49,947 ATM VENT
T-201 RX #7	2,955,404	512	2,955,916	97	80	7,990
T-202 RX #8	2,955,404	512	2,955,916	97	80	7,990
T-203 RX #9	2,955,404	512	2,955,916	97	80	7,990
TOTAL (LBS/YR)	86,445,373	43,909	86,489,282	2832		285,108
	FOR		0.5 % NITROGEN SWEEP EFFICIENCY =			142,554

Antoine vapor pressure equation for

TOLUENE

$$\text{LOG}(P) = A - (B/(t+C))$$

A = 7
B = 1,345
C = 219 oC

Nitrogen = 97 SCFH = 0.270 #moles/Hr

T1(Centigrade)
37.8

100.0 oF

T1(Centigrade)
23.9

75.0 oF

	Vap Press mm Hg	Par Press mm Hg	Vapor Mol Fr	Vapor #moles/Hr	Vap Press mm Hg	Vapor Mol Fr	Vapor #moles/Hr	Vapor #/Hr	Liq Cond #/Hr
Nitrogen		707	0.930	0.2702	733	0.965	0.2702	7.5698	
Toluene	53	53	0.070	0.0204	27	0.035	0.0099	0.9121	0.9691
Total		760.00	1.000	0.2906	760.00	1.000	0.2801	8.4819	0.9691

Toluene (% Recovered) = 51.51 %
Mol Wt. (Toluene) = 92.134
Mol Wt. (Nitrogen) = 28.016
Volume of 1 # mole of Nitrogen at Standard Conditions = 359 cuft

EMISSIONS (11178 * 8,760 HRS/YR) = 7,990 LBS/YEAR

ASSUME HYDROLYSIS TOTAL SOLIDS IS 40 % AVERAGE (60% TOLUENE)

THEREFORE, TOLUENE USAGE 17,192,103 LBS

PERCENT SOLVENT LOSSES = 2.06 % (BASED ON COST SHEET LOSSES AND TOTAL USAGE)
PERCENT SOLVENT LOSSES = 1.91 % (BASED ON CALCULATED LOSSES AND TOTAL USAGE)

FOR SOLVENT RECYCLE ASSUME SOLUTION IS 50 % TOTAL SOLIDS

THEREFORE SOLVENT IN SOLL 11,461,402 LBS

SOLVENT RECYC 11,461,402 LBS LESS THE "LOSSES" (353,976 LBS) = 11,107,426 LBS/YEAR RECYCLED

164 MG/L * 3.785 L/GAL * 4 CUYD/DAY * 365 DAY/YR * 202 GAL/YD * 1 LB/454 G * 1 G/1000 MG = 404 LBS/YR

TOLUENE SURFACE IMPOUNDMENT (ON-SITE) = 404 LBS/YR

ETHYLENE OXIDE

With 1999 LDAR update for NON-LEAKING factors

INPUT	**INPUT**
CALANDER YEAR	2002
E O USAGE IN POLYDAD	51,884 LBS
E O USAGE IN E O D	30,758 LBS
TOTAL E O USAGE (CALC)	82,642 LBS
POLYRAD 0515	0 LBS
POLYRAD 0515A	23,650 LBS

POLYRAD 1110	73,790 LBS
POLYRAD 1110A	17,200 LBS
SURFACTANT AR150	38,245 LBS
SURFACTANT AR160	0 LBS
# DAYS OPERATION (CAN USE NA)	28 DAYS (manual input required "F132")
SCRUBBER EFFICIENCY	98.0 % ASSUME

OUTPUT	*OUTPUT*	
E.O. "LOSSES"(USAGE-THEORY)	4,249 LBS	
FUGITIVE EMISSIONS	1,127 LBS	R(II / 5 1)
POINT SOURCE EMISSIONS	62 LBS	R(II / 5 2)
E.O. TO ETHYLENE GLYCOL	3,060 LBS	R(II / 8 6)
ETHYLENE GLYCOL PRODUCED	4,312 LBS	
QUANTITY RELEASED	1,189 LBS	R(II / 8 1)
FOR ETHYLENE GLYCOL :		
ETHYLENE GLYCOL DISCHARGED	0 LBS	R(II / 5 3 1)
ETHYLENE GLYCOL TREATED ON-SITE	0 LBS	R(II/8 6)
ETHYLENE GLYCOL TO POTW	4,312 LBS	R(II/6 1A 1)
E.O. USAGE/ 1,000 LBS PRODUCT	541 LBS	
E.O. "LOSSES"/ 1,000 LBS PRODUCT	28 LBS	

FOR POLYRADS: ASSUME	
ROSIN AMINE MOL. WT	285
ROSIN AMINE PURITY	94 %
ADJUSTED MOL. WT.	303

POLYRAD 0515	0 * 85 =	0
POLYRAD 0515A	23,650 * 7 * 85 =	14,072
POLYRAD 0500 =		14,072
POLYRAD 1110	73,790 * 90 =	66,411
POLYRAD 1110A	17,200 * 7 * 9 =	10,836
POLYRAD 1100 =		77,247

FOR 0500 :	1 MOLE AMINE + 5 MOLES E.O. = 0500	
	303 + 5(44)	=523
	E.O. = 5(44)/523 * LBS OF 0500 =	5,919 LBS

FOR 1100 :	1 MOLE AMINE + 11 MOLES E.O. = 1100	
	303 + 11(44)	=787
	E.O. = 11(44)/787 * LBS 1100 =	47,506 LBS

FOR SURFACTANTS: ASSUME	
WOOD ROSIN MOL. WT	302
WOOD ROSIN ACID NO.	160
THEROETICAL ACID NO.	186
WOOD ROSIN PURITY	86 %
ADJUSTED MOL. WT.	351

SURFACTANT AR150	38,245 * 1.0 =	38,245
SURFACTANT AR160	0 * 1.0 =	0

FOR AR150 :	1 MOLE ROSIN + 15 MOLES E.O. = AR150	
	351 + 15(44)	=1011
	E.O. = 15(44) * LBS OF AR150 =	24,967 LBS

FOR AR160 :	1 MOLE ROSIN + 16 MOLES E.O. = AR160	
	351 + 16(44)	= 1055
	E.O. = 16(44) * LBS OF AR160 =	0 LBS

THEROETICAL E.O.	78,393 LBS
E.O. "LOSSES"(USAGE-THEORY)	4,249 LBS
E.O. USAGE = LBS OF E.O. / (8.34 * 85)	11,658 GALLONS
DAYS OF OPERATION FROM LOG SHEETS =	28 DAYS
TOTAL E.O. ADDUCTS =	129,564 LBS
TYPICAL PRODUCTION = LBS % DAYS =	4,627 LBS/DAY
BASE YR 1993 TYP PROD = 5.470LBS/DAY	
DAYS OPERATION =	24 DAYS

FOR P.V.F			
Pumps/liq=	3	0.0260	0.08 LBS/HR
Valves/liq=	73	0.0038	0.28 LBS/HR

Valves/Vap=	21	*	0.0011	0.02 LBS/HR
Fig&con/l/q=	231	*	0.0001	0.03 LBS/HR
Fig&con/Vap=	44	*	0.0001	0.01 LBS/HR
RELIEF =	16	*	0.0980	1.57 LBS/HR

1.98 LBS/HR

ON A CONTINUEOUS BASIS = 17,365 LBS/YR

SINCE WE BLOW THE LINES WE ONLY HAVE
E O IN THE P,V,F SERVICE THE ACTUAL
DAYS OF OPERATION = 24 DAYS

THEREFORE P,V,F FUGITIVE EMISSIONS = 1,127 LBS/YR

THEREFORE E O TO SCRUBBER = 3,122 LBS/YR

ASSUME SCRUBBER EFFICIENCY = 98.0
E O TO ETHYLENE GLYCOL = 3,060 LBS/YR
E O VENTED FROM SCRUBBER STACK = 62 LBS/YR

ETHYLENE GLYCOL PRODUCED
LBS E O * 62/44 = 4,312 LBS/YR

FOR 98 % REMOVAL

TREATED = 0.98 * 0 LBS = 0 LBS

DISCHARGE= 0 - 0 = 0 LBS

DISCHARGE TO POTW 4,312 LBS

calander year	lbs NH3 usage	lbs 731-D feed	lbs NH3 / M lbs feed	lbs EO usage	lbs product	lbs E O / M lbs Prod
87	195,829	1,403,869	139	1,442,191	1,999,020	721
88	231,231	1,999,100	116	1,508,355	2,119,510	712
89	127,840	1,254,044	102	490,301	824,720	595
90	122,926	1,465,446	84	275,339	435,640	632
91	154,160	1,614,772	95	244,077	502,906	485
92	128,821	1,611,607	80	270,067	437,822	617
93	98,645	1,194,184	83	246,553	431,490	571
94	195,096	2,198,972	89	257,031	465,003	553
95	137,304	1,166,265	118	233,440	364,498	640
			#DIV/0!			#DIV/0!
			#DIV/0!			#DIV/0!
			#DIV/0!			#DIV/0!
			#DIV/0!			#DIV/0!
JAN-YTD	15,470	120,822	128	46,820	11,882	3940
FEB-YTD	35,982	198,483	181	65,161	135,082	482
MAR-YTD	35,982	258,169	139	69,076	135,082	511
APR-YTD	60,930	303,856	201	55,699	198,532	281
MAY-YTD	82,436	467,130	176	99,656	228,062	437
JUN-YTD	94,657	575,616	164	119,995	277,902	432
JUL-YTD	110,156	699,975	157	120,145	287,272	418
AUG-YTD	110,156	699,975	157	135,619	329,552	412
SEP-YTD	121,250	928,428	131	158,995	359,192	443
OCT-YTD			#DIV/0!			#DIV/0!
NOV-YTD			#DIV/0!			#DIV/0!
DECYTD			#DIV/0!			#DIV/0!

EPICHLOROHYDRIN

(1999 LDAR UPDATE WITH NON-LEAKING FACTORS)

INPUT

CALANDER YEAR
KYMENE 557H
KYMENE 557LX
KYMENE 736
KYMENE 1022
KYMENE MXC
KYMENE 621
KYMENE 625LX

INPUT

2002
46,648,810 LBS
24,100,813 LBS
1,868,409 LBS
344,421 LBS
101,480 LBS
351,410 LBS
47,340 LBS

TOTAL KYMENE **CALC**	73,462,683	LBS
EPI IN 557H	2,121,156	LBS
EPI IN 557LX	760,599	LBS
EPI IN 736	468,099	LBS
EPI IN 1022	47,718	LBS
EPI IN MCX	4,330	
EPI IN 621	25,645	
EPI IN 625LX	6,368	
TOTAL EPI **CALC**	3,433,915	LBS
NITROGEN USAGE	1,688	MCF
NITROGEN SWEEP EFFICIENCY	0.2	
2001 PRODUCTION	62,497,806	
PRODUCTION/ACTIVITY INDEX	1.18	
SCRUBBER EFFICIENCY	98.0	% ASSUME

OUTPUT

FIGITIVE EMISSIONS	2,998 LBS/YEAR	R(II/5.1)
POINT SOURCE EMISSIONS	828 LBS/YEAR	R(II/5.2)
TO WWT	8,669 LBS/YEAR	
WWT VENTING	0 LBS/YEAR	
WWT TO SLUDGE	173 LBS/YEAR	
WWT BIOLOGICAL	1,127 LBS/YEAR	R(II/8.6)
WWT ADSORB. / INCIN	0 LBS/YEAR	
WWT EFF. DISCHARGE	0 LBS/YEAR	R(II/5.3.1)
QUANTITY RELEASED	4,000 LBS/YEAR	R(II/8.1)
QUANTITY TREAT ON-SITE	1,127 LBS/YEAR	R(II/8.6)
QUANTITY ON-SITE IMPOUND	173 LBS/YEAR	R(II/5.5.3)
WWT DISCHARGE TO POTW	7,369 LBS/YEAR	R(II/8.7)

	WITH COMPLETION OF KYMENE PROJECT, EQUIPMENT UPDATE "DOUBLED"				SOCMI FACTORS (LBS/HR)	
	OLD(1987)	UPDATE1992	LDAR(1995)	LDAR(1999)	AVERAGE	NON-LEAKING
NUMBER PUMPS (+1 AGIT)	1	2	2	4	0.11	0.02600
NUMBER VALVES (LIQ)	13	26	34	49	0.016	0.00380
NUMBER VALVES (VAP)				8		0.00110
NUMBER FLANGES (+CONN)	56	112	222	333	0.0018	0.00013
LBS/HR =	0	1	1	0		
LBS/YEAR =	3,669	7,337	10,193	2,998		

FOR EPI, ASSUME WORST CASE FOR ALL EPI EXCEPT 557LX
SINCE THE EPI "DROPS IN"
ASSUME ALL VAPOR SPACE DISPLACEMENT IS EPI

DISPLACEMENT =	EPI* 1GAL/8.34*1.2 * 1FT/7.48GAL =	35,711 FT3
EPI TO SCRUBBER =	EPI* 1MOLE/379FT3 * 92.5LBS/MOLE =	8,716 LBS

FOR 557LX WHICH IS PUMPED IN UNDERNEATH THE LIQUID
EPI VAPOR PRESSURE = 40 mm Hg
EPI MOLE FRACTION IN VAPOR, VP/760 = 0.0526

LX DISPLACEMENT =	EPI* 1GAL/8.34*1.2 * 1FT/7.48GAL =	10,160 FT3
EPI TO SCRUBBER =	EPI* 1MOLE/379FT3 * 92.5LBS/MOLE =	131 LBS

TOTAL EPI(FROM RX) TO SCRUBBER = 8,846 LBS

ASSUME 98.0 PERCENT SCRUBBER EFFICIENCY
EPI IN SCRUBBER WATER TO WWT = 8,669 LBS
EPI FROM SCRUBBER VENT = 177 LBS

BREATHING LOSSES FROM K-110, 11.5FT DIA 22FT HT
BREATHING LOSSES (K-110) = 94 LBS/YR
BREATHING LOSSES (K-111) = 2 LBS/YR
BREATHING LOSSES TOTAL = 96

ASSUME NUMBER OF BATCHES IS (LBS PRODUCTION / 107,000 LBS/BATCH)

NUMBER BATCHES = 73,462,683 DIVIDED BY 107,000 = 687 BATCHES

FOR 30 SCFM NITROGEN PURGE FOR 30 MINUTES PER BATCH (30*30=900CFM/BATCH)
TOTAL NITROGEN PURGE = 687 * 900 = 617,910 CF

NITROGEN LEFT FOR BLANKET OF EPICHLOROHYDRIN AND DETA & HMDA = 1,070,090 CF

ASSUME NITROGEN SPLIT BETWEEN THE TWO SERVICES

THEREFORE NITROGEN IN EPI SERVICE = 535,045 = 61 SCFM

Antoine vapor pressure equation for

EPICHLOROHYDRIN

$$\text{LOG}(P) = A - \frac{B}{t+C}$$

A =
B =
C = 22 oC

NOTE V.P. for EPI @ 22 oC = 15 mmHg

Nitrogen = 61

SCFH = 0.170 #moles/Hr

	T1(Centigrade) 22	72 oF		
	Vap Press mm Hg	Par Press mm Hg	Vapor Mol Fr	Vapor #moles/Hr
Nitrogen		745	0.980	0.1701
EPI	15	15	0.020	0.0034
Total		760.00	1.000	0.1736

	T1(Centigrade) 22	72 oF			
	Vap Press mm Hg	Vapor Mol Fr	Vapor #moles/Hr	Vapor #/Hr	Liq Cond #/Hr
	745	0.980	0.1701	4.7665	
	15	0.020	0.0034	0.3170	0.0000
Total	760.00	1.000	0.1736	5.0834	0.0000

Epichlorohydrin (% Recovered) = 0.00

Mol Wt (Epichlorohydrin) = 92.53
Mol. Wt (Nitrogen) = 28.016

Volume of 1 # mole of Nitrogen at Standard Conditions = 359 cuft

EMISSIONS (119 * 8.760 HRS/YR) =

2777 LBS/YEAR

FOR A NITROGEN SWEEP EFFICIENCY OF 0.2

EMISSIONS = 2,777 * 0.2 = 0.2

= 555 LBS/YEAR

FUGITIVE EMISSIONS = 2,998 LBS/YR
PT SOURCE = 828 LBS/YR
TO WWT = 8,669 LBS/YR

(FROM LDAR P,V,F "F1236")
("D1257" + "D1262" + "H1341")
("E1256")

TOTAL = 12,496 LBS/YEAR

FOR WATERTREATMENT

BIOLOGICAL STUDIES @ 20 DAY RETENTION FOR UNACCUMULATED ARE:
VOLATILIZED TO ATMOSPHERE = 0 %
PARTIONED TO THE SLUDGE = 6 %
BIOLOGICAL DEGRADED = 53 %

OUR HOLD-UP IS ONLY 1/4 TO 1/5 OF 20 DAY BIOLOGICAL THEREFORE

VOLATILIZED TO THE AIR = 0 * 1/4 = 0 %
PARTIONED TO THE SLUDGE = 6 * 1/4 = 2 %
BIOLOGICAL DEGRADED = 53 * 1/4 = 13 %
THEREFORE AVAILABLE OF TREATMENT = 100 - 0 - 2 - 13 = 85 %

FOR APPROXIMATELY 90 % TREATMENT:
TREATMENT = 85 * 90 = 77 %
DISCHARGED = 85 * 10 = 8 %

WASTEWATER TREATMENT (WWT) VENTING = 0 *	8669	LBS/YR =	0 LBS/YEAR
WWT PARTIONED TO THE SLUDGE = 02 *	8669	LBS/YR =	173 LBS/YEAR
WWT BIOLOGICAL TREATMENT = 13 *	8669	LBS/YR =	1127 LBS/YEAR
WWT ADSORBTION OR INCINERATION = .77 *	8669	LBS/YR =	0 LBS/YEAR
WWT EFFLUENT DISCHARGE = .08 *	8669	LBS/YR =	0 LBS/YEAR

WWT DISCHARGED TO POTW = 7,369 LBS/YEAR

AMMONIA

(WITHOUT LDAR COMPONENT UPDATE)

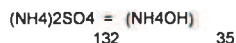
INPUT

INPUT

CALANDER YEAR	2002	pH	Normality
AMMONIA USAGE	107,972 LBS	9.00	0.00010
NITRILE PRODUCTION	429,814 LBS OF 731-D FEED	9.50	0.00050
WASTEWATER FLOW AVERAGE	95,268 GPD	10.00	0.00100
AVERAGE WASTEWATER pH	10.0	10.50	0.00500
pH NORMALITY	0.00100	11.00	0.01000
B. SLUDGE GENERATION RATE	4 CU YD/DAY	11.50	0.05000
		12.00	0.10000

OUTPUT	*OUTPUT*	12 50	0 50000
		13	1 00000
NH3 "LOSSES"(USAGE-THEORY)	89,761 LBS		
FUGITIVE EMISSIONS	2,667 LBS		R(II / 5 1)
POINT SOURCE EMISSIONS	885 LBS		R(II / 5 2)
NH3 TO (NH4)2SO4 @ 90% & 10% POTW	86,209 LBS		
AMMONIUM SULFATE PRODUCED	301,224 LBS	<?> 25,000LBS	
AMMONIA RECYCLE	462,727 LBS		R(II / 8 4)
NH3 "LOSSES"/ 1,000 LBS FEED	208.8 LBS/1,000 LBS FEED		
QUANTITY RELEASED	12,616 LBS		R(II / 8 1)
QUANTITY TO POTW	8,621 LBS		R(6 1A 1)(R8.7)
QUANTITY ON SITE IMPOUNDMENT	443 LBS		(RII/ 5 5 3)
731-D MOLECULAR WEIGHT	302		
731-D THEROETICAL ACID NUMBER	186		
731-D TYPICAL ACID NUMBER	150		
731-D % PURITY (A N)	80.65		
AMMONIATION FINAL A N	10		
% CONVERSION (A.N. DROP)	93.33		
ADJUSTED MOL WT	401.23		
THEROETICAL AMMONIA	18,211		
AMMONIA LOSSES	89,761		
NH3 % EXCESS	492.89 %		
AVERAGE FUGITIVE EMISSION FACTORS, EPA-450/3-86-002			
NUMBER PUMPS	3.00	0.11	0.33
NUMBER VALVES	68.00	0.01	0.82
NUMBER FLANGES	145.00	0.00	0.26
RELIEF	4.00	0.23	0.92
		TOTAL =	2.33 LBS/HR
		=	20,385 LBS/YEAR
FUGITIVE EMISSIONS (P, V, F) =	2,667 LBS/YEAR		
WASTEWATER FLOW	95,268 GPD		
ASSUME pH OF	10.0	0.00100 N	= 0.01700 g/l
NH3 IN WASTEWATER	86,209 LBS		
AVG NH3 LOSS IN WASTEWATER =	1,805 LBS/DAY		
AMMONIUM SULFATE PRODUCED	301,224 LBS		
NH3 LIQ 300FT/2"LINE	245 LBS		
NH3 VAP 300FT/1"LINE	1 LBS		
LOSSES/TRUCK UNLOADING	246 LBS/TRUCK		
TOTAL BLEED DOWN	885 LBS		
AMMONIA FRESH USAGE	25 SCFM		
AMMONIA RECYCLE USAGE	150 SCFM		
TOTAL USE	175 SCFM		
DAILY USE	11,303 LBS/DAY		
TYPICAL 731-D FEED RATE	15,000 LBS/DAY		
DAYS OPERATION(FEED)	28.65		
DAYS OPERATION(NH3)	66.87		
AVERAGE DAYS OPERATION	47.76 DAYS		
LBS RECYCLE	462,727 LBS		

FOR
AQ AMMONIA AT DRESINOL



ASSUME 1 TOTE/YEAR OF 40% ACID USED IN EDUCTOR SCRUBBER

200GAL/TOTE * 1 TOTE/YR * 8.34LB/GAL * 1.4 SP GR * 40(%) * 70/98 = 6,672 LB/YR OF (NH4OH)

FROM FORM R, 10% OF (NH4OH) IS "REPORTABLE" = 10 * 6,672 = 667 LBS/YR

THEREFORE AMMONIA IS $17/35 * 667 = 324$ LB/YR AS AMMONIA PER TOTE OF 40% ACID

NUMBER OF TOTES = 0
 AMMONIA TO POTW = 0 LBS/YR (R6.1 A.1)

FOR
 AMMONIUM SULFATE FORMED AT RAD

$86,209 \text{ LBS} * .10(\%) = 8,621 \text{ LBS/YR}$
 AMMONIA TO POTW = 8,621 LBS/YR (R6.1 A.1)

FOR
 AMMONIA IN SLUDGE (BASIS = 4 CU YDS PER DAY OF SLUDGE GENERATION)

$180 \text{ MG/L} * 3.785 \text{ L/GAL} * 4 \text{ CUYD/DAY} * 365 \text{ DAY/YR} * 202 \text{ GAL/YD} * 1 \text{ LB/454G} * 1 \text{ G/1000MG} = 443 \text{ LBS/YR}$
 AMMONIA SURFACE IMPOUNDMENT (ON-SITE) = 443 LBS/YR

SO2 (Sulfur Dioxide) FUGITIVES @ POLY-PALE

INPUT

CALANDER YEAR	2002
POLY-PALE PRODUCTION	10,754,657 LBS
MELHI PRODUCTION	706,745 LBS
TOTAL PRODUCTION**CALC**	11,461,402 LBS
98% SULFURIC ACID	1,441,747 LBS
HISTORICAL NEUTRALIZATION	0.84 FACTOR
PPM SULFUR IN PPRODUCT	500 PPM
OTHER ALKALINE WASTEWATER	150,000 GPD
AVERAGE pH	~10.5 pH (>10 & <11)
AVERAGE NORMALITY	0.0050 eq/l (for ~ 10.5 pH)
TYPICAL PRODUCTION RATE	120,000 LBS/DAY
DAYS OPERATION**CALC**	96 DAYS
100% CAUSTIC	544,713 LBS
T/T WEAK ACID SOLD	0 NUMBER
AVERAGE T/T WEIGHT	42,000 LBS
AVERAGE % ACID STRENGTH	0.40 FRACTION

OUTPUT

	HISTORICAL	ACID BALANCE
FUGITIVE SO2 =	63,027 LBS 27 LBS/HR 32 TONS/YEAR	313,211 LBS 136.64 LBS/HR 156.61 TONS/YEAR
AT CAPACITY =	346,443 LBS 40 LBS/HR 173 TONS/YEAR	1,721,630 LBS 196.53 LBS/HR 860.82 TONS/YEAR
RECYCLED OFF-SITE =	0 LBS/YEAR	
RECYCLED ON-SITE =	1,345,236 LBS/YEAR	

HISTORICAL DATA, ALONG WITH 1990 STUDY, SHOWS 84% OF ACID IS NEUTRALIZED

THEREFORE, 16% IS CONSUMED BY OTHER PLANT ALKALI SOURCES

(HERCLOR & RAD WASTEWATERS, PRODUCT, SO2 GENERATION, SO2, SO3, H2SO4 MIST, ..., ETC.)

ACID (100%) BASIS =	1,412,912 LBS			
NEUTRALIZED =	0.84	*	1,412,912	= 1,186,846 LBS
THEREFORE REMAINDER =	1,412,912	-	1,186,846	= 226,066 LBS

"EXAMPLE"

ASSUME WW's FOR HERCLOR. RAD ECT. ARE

10 pH
0.001 eq/l
150,000 gpd

THEREFORE, LBS NAOH EQUIVALENTS ARE:

("example")

$(0.040g / 2.2 lbs * 150,000gpd * 8.34 * 365days/yr) / 454g/lb = 18,287 lbs NaOH Eq$

"ACTUAL"

LBS NaOH EQ (CALC) = 91,433 LBS NAOH EQ

THEREFORE, H2SO4 NEUTRALIZED = 98/80 * 91,433 LBS EQ = 112,005 LBS

ASSUME 500 PPM SULFUR IN POLY-PALE AND MELHI @ 11,461,402 LBS PRODUCT

THEREFORE H2SO4 = 98lb/32lb * 500 /1,000,000 * 11,461,402 = 17,550 LBS H2SO4

NUMBER OF TANK TRUCKS OF WEAK ACID SOLD = 0 TRUCKS

AVERAGE TANK TRUCK WEIGHT = 42,000 LBS

AVERAGE ACID CONCENTRATION = 0.40 % (FRACTION)

ACID = 0 * 42,000 * 0.40 = 0 LBS SOLD

THERE IS NO DATA FOR BREAKDOWN OF SO2, SO3, H2SO4 MIST, ETC...
THEREFORE, ASSUME "ALL" GOES TO "SO2"

THEREFORE SO2 = 64/98 * 96,511 = 63,027 LBS SO2
27.50 LBS/HR
31.51 TONS/YEAR

AT CAPACITY, SO2 = 346,443 LBS SO2
39.55 LBS/HR
173.22 TONS/YEAR

AMOUNT RECYCLED OFF-SITE = NUMBER OF TRUCKS SOLD TO G.P. = 0 LBS/YEAR

AMOUNT RECYCLED ON-SITE = USAGE - AMT SOLD - AMT TO SO2 = 1,345,236 LBS/YEAR

ACID / BASE BALANCE

POLY-PALE ACID (100% BASIS) = + 1,412,912 LBS

ACID NEUTRALIZED WITH CAUSTIC = - 667,273 LBS

ACID NEUTRALIZED WITH OTHER eq = - 248,484 LBS

ACID IN MELHI AND POLY-PALE = - 17,550 LBS

ACID SOLD = - 0 LBS

H2SO4 REACTING WITH NH3 LOSSES OF 86,209 LBS

REMAINING ACIDITY = 479,604 LBS

THEREFORE SO2 = 64/98 * 479,604 = 313,211 LBS SO2
136.64 LBS/HR
156.61 TONS/YEAR

AT CAPACITY, SO2 = 1,721,630 LBS SO2
196.53 LBS/HR
860.82 TONS/YEAR

BIPHENYL 2001

AREA	DOWTHERM(LBS)	NAT GAS(M CF)
AMINE	2,037	4,940
POLYRAD	0	0
DYMEREX	23,817	2,891
KETTLE	16,607	13,484
POLY-PALE	4,663	12,535
P-CYMENE	0	0

TOTAL 47,124 LBS 33,850 MCF

DOWTHERM IS 27 PERCENT BIPHENYL
BIPHENYL LOSS = 27 * TOTAL = 12,723 LBS (LESS THAN 10,000 LBS ?)
NO REPORT REQUIRED

NEW PP BOILER DESIGN = $\frac{2.0 \text{ MM BTU/HR VAPOR OUTPUT}}{3.19 \text{ MM BTU/HR BURNER OUTPUT}}$ = 627

OLDER BOILERS NOT AS EFFICIENT, USE AVERAGE PERCENT EFF. = 6

THEREFORE VAPOR OUTPUT = 6 * TOTAL (MCF) = 20,310 (MCF EQUIV)

ASSUME 1.0 MM BTU/MCF
DOWTHERM ENTHALAPY @ 620F = 381.5 BTU/LB
DOWTHERM RECYCLE = 1 MM BTU/MCF * 1 MCF / 381.5 BTU * NO MCF EQUIV
= 53,237,221 LBS

BIPHENYL RECYCLE = 27 * DOWTHERM RECYCLE = 14,374,050 LBS

LEAD

LEAD BARS 1/4"	70 LBS			
LEAD BARS 3/8"	44 LBS			
TOTAL BURNING BARS	114 LBS > 100 REPORT I	FUGITIVE EMISSIONS =	0.09 LBS/YEAR	(R5.1, R8.1)
SANDBLASTING SAND	1,000 LBS	RELEASED ONSITE =	0.20 LBS/YEAR	(R5.5, R8.1)
SAND TCLP LEAD	1,142 PPM	TRANSFER OFFSITE =	1.24 LBS/YEAR	(R6.2, R8.1)
TYVEX SUITS	295 LBS	RECYCLED OFFSITE =	0.00 LBS/YEAR	(R8.5)
TYVEX TCLP LEAD	344 PPM	ACTIVITY INDEX =	1.21	
LEAD EMISSION FACTOR	1.5 LB / TON			
LEAD SHEETS	4,960 LBS			

LEAD FUGITIVE EMISSIONS = 1.5 LBS/TON * 0.057 TONS = 0.09 LBS/YEAR

LEAD TYVEX SUITS = 344 PPM * 295 LBS = 0.10 LBS/YEAR

LEAD IN SANDBLAST = 1,142 PPM * 1,000 LBS = 1.14 LBS/YEAR

ASSUME 1/16" THICKNESS SAW BLADE
1/8" THICKNESS FOR ALL CUTTINGS SHEET, PIPE, GASKETS, ETC
1 LINEAR FOOT OF CUTTING FOR EVERY 10 LBS OF LEAD USED. COMPENSATES FOR THICKER PIPE/GASKETS/ETC.
 $(1/16 * 1/12) * (1/8 * 1/12) * 1 \text{ FT} * 62.4 * 11.95 = 0.04 \text{ LB LEAD / LINEAR FT OF CUTTING}$

LEAD CUTTINGS, ON FLOOR = 4,960 LBS * 0.04 LB/10 LBS = 20.1 LBS/YEAR

ASSUME VACUUM UP 99 PERCENT OF CUTTINGS

CUTTINGS LOST = 0.20 LBS/YEAR

LEAD RECYCLED = 0 LBS SOLD TO SHERPER

ACTIVITY INDEX = SAME AS POLY-PALE = 1.21