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## INTRODUCTION

The Hercules Incorporated, Hattiesburg Mississippi Plant, is located at 613 West 7<sup>th</sup> Street. The previous Title V Operating Permit Renewal Application was submitted in April, 2003. Since then, two modifications and several 502(b)10 notifications have been submitted, mainly due to the downsizing of existing facilities. One modification requested a change to reduce and limit hazardous air pollutants (HAPs) below the Title V major source threshold limits of 25 tons per year for total HAPs and 10 tons per year for any individual HAP.

Only two manufacturing processes remain. The plant manufactures specialty Paper Chemicals in both the Kymene process area (emission point AA-000) and the Paracol/AKD process area (emission point AB-000). Process operations generate emissions of particulate matter (PM), volatile organic compounds (VOC), and HAPs.

The fuel burning equipment (emission point AM-003), is a natural gas fired boiler, and generates (PM), (VOC), sulfur dioxide ( $\text{SO}_2$ ), nitrogen oxides (NOx), and carbon monoxide (CO).

The plants Effluent Treatment area, which discharges to the City POTW, consists of wastewater equalization, solids removal, and pH adjustment. Emissions from the area include possible fugitive VOC and may include HAP losses from the plants wastewater.

## **APPENDICES**

**APPENDIX A**  
**TITLE V OPERATING PERMIT RENEWAL APPLICATION**

OCT 24 2008

FOR OFFICIAL USE ONLY	
APPLICATION RECEIPT DATE:	_____
APPLICATION NO.:	_____
FOR MODIFICATION: MINOR	_____
SIGNIFICANT	_____

**STATE OF MISSISSIPPI  
DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL QUALITY  
OFFICE OF POLLUTION CONTROL  
AIR DIVISION  
P.O. BOX 10385  
JACKSON, MS. 39289-0385  
PHONE NO.: (601) 961 - 5171**

**APPLICATION FOR TITLE V  
AIR POLLUTION CONTROL PERMIT  
TO OPERATE AIR EMISSIONS EQUIPMENT**

**PERMITTING ACTIVITY:**

- INITIAL APPLICATION  
 SIGNIFICANT MODIFICATION  
 RENEWAL OF OPERATING PERMIT

NAME: HERCULES, INC.

CITY: HATTIESBURG, MISSISSIPPI

COUNTY: FORREST

FACILITY No. (if known): 0800-00001

**APPLICATION FOR TITLE V PERMIT TO  
OPERATE AIR EMISSIONS EQUIPMENT**

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## **OPERATING PERMIT APPLICATION REQUIREMENTS**

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All applications must be submitted on the form supplied by the Permit Board. Trivial activities as listed in Attachment A are presumed to emit less than 1 pound per hour of a pollutant that is not a hazardous air pollutant and less than 0.1 pound per hour of any hazardous air pollutant; these activities need not be reported in the application. Insignificant activities which are specified in Section VII.A. of Regulation APC-S-6 and listed herein also need not be included . For insignificant activities which are specified in Section VII.B. of Regulation APC-S-6, a list must be included in the application. An application may not omit information needed to determine the applicability of, or to impose, any applicable requirement, or to evaluate the fee amount required under the schedule pursuant to Section VI. of Regulation APC-S-6. The forms and attachments shall include the elements specified as follows:

- A. Identifying information, including company name and address (or plant name and address if different from the company name), owner's name and agent, and telephone number and names of plant site manager/contact;
- B. A description of the source's process and products by Standard Industrial Classification Code including any associated with any alternate scenario identified by the source;
- C. Emission-related information as follows:
  1. A qualitative description of all emissions units, including those not subject to applicable requirements but not those omitted under trivial or insignificant activities provisions;
  2. A description of all emissions of pollutants for which the source is major and of all emissions of regulated air pollutants sufficient to determine or verify major source status, to determine or verify applicability of and compliance with applicable requirements, and to assess and collect permit fees, if the emissions basis for fees has not been previously determined. Fugitive emissions from individual components within a facility may be determined collectively based on their relationship to the associated process unless individual emission rates are needed to determine the applicability of an applicable requirement such as NSPS, NESHAPS, a MACT standard, etc. or to determine air quality impacts. Similarly, where individual components or units with a facility may be classified into a generic group due to the commonality of applicable requirements and /or the nature of operation, stack emissions may be determined collectively for the group unless individual emission rates are needed to determine applicability of an applicable requirement or to determine air quality impacts;
  3. For each pollutant and emissions unit which is regulated, emission rates in TPY and in such terms as are necessary to establish compliance consistent with the applicable standard reference test method, except that, for pollutants and units which have no applicable requirements expressed in emission rate terms, emission rate quantification may be omitted;
  4. To the extent it is needed to determine or regulate emissions, the information that follows: fuels, fuel use, raw materials, production rates, and operating schedules;
  5. Identification and description of air pollution control equipment and compliance monitoring devices or activities;
  6. Limitations on source operation affecting emissions or any work practice standards, where applicable, for all regulated pollutants at the Title V source;
  7. Other information required by any applicable requirement (including information related to stack height limitations developed pursuant to Section 123 of the Federal Act); and

8. Calculations on which the information requested in this section is based.
- D. Air pollution control requirements as follows:
  1. Citation and description of all applicable requirements, and
  2. Description of or reference to any applicable test method for determining compliance with each applicable requirement;
- E. Other specific information that may be necessary to implement and enforce other applicable requirements of the Federal Act or of these regulations or to determine the applicability of such requirements;
- F. An explanation of any proposed exemptions from otherwise applicable requirements;
- G. Additional information as determined to be necessary by the Permit Board to define alternative operating scenarios identified by the source pursuant to Section III.A.9. of Regulation APC-S-6 or to define permit terms and conditions implementing 40 CFR 70.4(b)(12) or Section III.A.10. of Regulation APC-S-6;
- H. A compliance plan for all Title V sources that contains all of the following:
  1. A description of the compliance status of the source with respect to all applicable requirements;
  2. A description as follows:
    - a. For applicable requirements with which the source is in compliance, a statement that the source will continue to comply with such requirements;
    - b. For applicable requirements that will become effective during the permit term, a statement that the source will meet such requirements on a timely basis;
    - c. For requirements for which the source is not in compliance at the time of permit issuance, a narrative description of how the source will achieve compliance with such requirements;
  3. A compliance schedule as follows:
    - a. For applicable requirements with which the source is in compliance, a statement that the source will continue to comply with such requirements;
    - b. For applicable requirements that will become effective during the permit term, a statement that the source will meet such requirements on a timely basis. A statement that the source will meet in a timely manner applicable requirements that become effective during the permit term shall satisfy this provision, unless a more detailed schedule is expressly required by the applicable requirements;
    - c. A schedule of compliance for sources that are not in compliance with all applicable requirements at the time of permit issuance. Such a schedule shall include a schedule or remedial measures, including an enforceable sequence of actions with milestones, leading to compliance with any applicable requirements for which the source will be in noncompliance at the time of permit issuance. This compliance schedule shall resemble and be at least as stringent as that contained in any judicial consent decree or administrative order to which the source is subject. Any such schedule of compliance shall be supplemental to,

and shall not sanction noncompliance with, the applicable requirements on which it is based;

4. A schedule for submission of certified progress reports, to be submitted no less frequently than every 6 months for sources required to have a schedule of compliance to remedy a violation;
  5. The compliance plan content requirements specified in this paragraph shall apply and be included in the acid rain portion of a compliance plan for an affected source, except as specifically superseded by regulations promulgated under Title IV of the Federal Act with regard to the schedule and method(s) the source will use to achieve compliance with the acid rain emissions limitations;
- I. Requirements for compliance certification, including the following:
    1. A certification of compliance with all applicable requirements by a responsible official consistent with Section II.E of Regulation APC-S-6 and Section 114(a)(3) of the Federal Act;
    2. A statement of methods used for determining compliance, including a description of monitoring, recordkeeping, and reporting requirements and test methods;
    3. A schedule for submission of compliance certifications during the permit term, to be submitted no less frequently than annually, or more frequently if specified by the underlying applicable requirement or by the Permit Board;
    4. A statement indicating the sources compliance status with any applicable enhanced monitoring and compliance certification requirements of the Federal Act; and
  - J. The use of nationally-standardized forms for acid rain portions of permit applications and compliance plans, as required by regulations promulgated under Title IV of the Federal Act.

## **INSIGNIFICANT ACTIVITIES AND EMISSIONS**

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- I. The following activities/emissions sources are not required to be included in a Title V permit application:
- A. New or modified pilot plants, subject to temporary source regulations located in Section III.E. of regulation APC-S-6.
  - B. Maintenance and upkeep:
    - 1. Maintenance, structural changes, or repairs which do not change the capacity of such process, fuel-burning, refuse-burning, or control equipment, and do not involve any change in quality, nature, or quantity of potential emissions of any regulated air pollutants; and
    - 2. Housekeeping activities or building maintenance procedures;
  - C. Air conditioning or ventilation: comfort air conditioning or comfort ventilating systems which do not transport, remove, or exhaust regulated air pollutants to the atmosphere;
  - D. Laboratory equipment:
    - 1. Laboratory equipment used exclusively for chemical or physical analysis for quality control or environmental monitoring purposes; or
    - 2. Non-production laboratory equipment used at non-profit health or non-profit educational institutions for chemical or physical analyses, bench scale experimentation or training, or instruction;
  - E. Hot water heaters which are used for domestic purposes only and are not used to heat process water;
  - F. Fuel use related to food preparation by a restaurant, cafeteria, residential cooker or barbecue grill where the products are intended for human consumption;
  - G. Clerical activities such as operating copy machines and document printers, except operation of such units on a commercial basis;
  - H. Hand held equipment used for buffing, polishing, carving, cutting, drilling, machining, routing, sanding, sawing, surface grinding, or turning of ceramic art work, precision parts, leather, metals, plastics, fiber board, masonry, carbon, glass, or wood;
  - I. Equipment for washing or drying fabricated glass or metal products, if no VOCs are used in the process and no oil or solid fuel is burned;
  - J. Water cooling towers (except at nuclear power plants); water treatment systems for process cooling water or boiler feed water; and water tanks, reservoirs, or other water containers not used in direct contact with gaseous or liquid process streams containing carbon compounds, sulfur compounds, halogens or halogen compounds, cyanide compounds, inorganic acids, or acid gases;
  - K. Domestic sewage treatment facilities (excluding combustion or incineration equipment, land farms, storage silos for dry material, or grease trap waste handling or treatment facilities);
  - L. Stacks or vents to prevent escape of sewer gases through plumbing traps;

- M. Vacuum cleaning systems for housekeeping, except at a source with hazardous air pollutants;
  - N. Alkaline/phosphate washers and associated cleaners and burners;
  - O. Mobile sources;
  - P. Livestock and poultry feedlots and associated fuel burning equipment other than incinerators;
  - Q. Outdoor kerosene heaters;
  - R. Equipment used for hydraulic or hydrostatic testing;
  - S. Safety devices, excluding those with continuous emissions; and
  - T. Brazing, soldering, or welding equipment that is used intermittently or in a non-continuous mode.
- II. The following activities/emissions sources must be listed in the application but emissions from these activities do not have to be quantified.
- A. All gas fired, #2 oil fired, infrared, electric ovens with no emissions other than products of fuel combustion;
  - B. Combustion units with rated input capacity less than 10 million Btu/hr that are fueled by:
    1. Liquified petroleum gas or natural gas supplied by a public utility; or
    2. Commercial fuel oil #2 or lighter;
  - C. Equipment used for inspection of metal products;
  - D. Equipment used exclusively for forging, pressing, drawing, spinning, or extruding metals;
  - E. Equipment used exclusively to mill or grind coatings and molding compounds where all materials charged are in paste form;
  - F. Mixers, blenders, roll mills, or calendars for rubber or plastics for which no materials in powder form are added and in which no organic solvents, diluents, or thinners are used;
  - G. All storage tanks used exclusively to store fuel oils, kerosene, diesel, jet fuel, crude oil, natural gas, or liquified petroleum gas (the application must list the size of the tank, date constructed and/or modified, type tank, and material stored);
  - H. Space heaters utilizing natural or LPG gas and used exclusively for space heating;
  - I. Back-up or emergency use generators, boilers or other fuel burning equipment which is of equal or smaller capacity than normal main operating equipment, cannot be used in conjunction with normal main operating equipment, and does not emit, have or cause the potential to emit of any regulated air pollutant to increase;
  - J. Blast cleaning equipment using a suspension of abrasives in water;
  - K. Die casting machines;
  - L. Foundry sand mold forming equipment to which no heat is applied and from which no organics are emitted.

- M. Bark and wood - waste storage and handling;
  - N. Log wetting areas;
  - P. Log flumes;
  - Q. Sodium hydrosulfide storage tank;
  - R. Smelt dissolving tank view ports;
  - S. Spout cooling water storage;
  - T. Effluent drains;
  - U. White water chest;
  - V. Repulper vents;
  - W. Clay storage tank;
  - X. Alum storage tank;
  - Y. Starch storage tank;
  - Z. Steam vents and leaks;
  - AA. Degaerator vents;
  - AB. Mill air and instrument air system;
  - AC. Demineralizer water storage tank;
  - AD. Acid storage tank;
  - AE. Process water tank;
  - AF. Air purification system vents;
  - AG. Effluent neutralizing tank/system;
  - AH. Dregs washer;
  - AI. Lime silo;
  - AJ. Lime mud mix tank;
  - AK. H<sub>2</sub>O<sub>2</sub> storage tank;
  - AL. Green liquor tank; and
  - AM. Tall oil storage tank.
- III. Notwithstanding I. and II. above, the applicant shall include all emissions sources and quantify emissions if needed to determine major source status, to determine compliance with an applicable requirement and/or the applicability of any applicable requirement such as NSPS, NESHAP, MACT standard, etc. as such term

is defined in Section I. of Regulation APC-S-6 or collect any permit fee owed under the approved fee scheduled.

IV. Notwithstanding I. and II. above, the applicant shall include all emission sources with a potential to emit:

1. greater than 1 pound per hour of any regulated pollutant that is not a hazardous air pollutant;
2. greater than 0.1 pound per hour of any hazardous air pollutant.

V. The permittee does not have to report the addition of any insignificant activity listed in Section I. above unless the addition is a Title I modification or requires a permit to construct. If a Title I permit or a Permit to Construct is required, then the modification procedures outlined in Section IV.E. of Regulation APC-S-6 shall be followed.

VI. The addition of any insignificant activity listed in Section II. above, shall be handled as an administrative amendment as defined in Section IV.D. of Regulation APC-S-6 unless the addition is a Title I modification or requires a Permit to Construct. If a Title I permit or Permit to Construct is required, then the modification procedures outlined in Section IV.E. of Regulation APC-S-6 shall be followed.

## **REGULATED AIR POLLUTANTS**

Total suspended particulate matter	Hydrochlorofluorocarbon-21
PM <sub>10</sub>	Hydrochlorofluorocarbon-22
Sulfur dioxide	Hydrochlorofluorocarbon-31
Nitrogen oxides	Hydrochlorofluorocarbon-121
Carbon monoxide	Hydrochlorofluorocarbon-122
Volatile organic compounds( see note 1)	Hydrochlorofluorocarbon-123
Lead	Hydrochlorofluorocarbon-124
Dioxin/Furan	Hydrochlorofluorocarbon-131
Fluorides	Hydrochlorofluorocarbon-132
Hydrogen chloride	Hydrochlorofluorocarbon-133
Hydrogen sulfide	Hydrochlorofluorocarbon-141
Sulfuric acid mist	Hydrochlorofluorocarbon-142
Total reduced sulfur	Hydrochlorofluorocarbon-221
Reduced sulfur compounds	Hydrochlorofluorocarbon-222
Arsenic	Hydrochlorofluorocarbon-223
Asbestos	Hydrochlorofluorocarbon-224
Beryllium	Hydrochlorofluorocarbon-225
Benzene	Hydrochlorofluorocarbon-226
Mercury	Hydrochlorofluorocarbon-231
Radionuclides	Hydrochlorofluorocarbon-232
Vinyl chloride	Hydrochlorofluorocarbon-233
Carbon tetrachloride	Hydrochlorofluorocarbon-234
Chlorofluorocarbon-11	Hydrochlorofluorocarbon-235
Chlorofluorocarbon-12	Hydrochlorofluorocarbon-241
Chlorofluorocarbon-13	Hydrochlorofluorocarbon-242
Chlorofluorocarbon-111	Hydrochlorofluorocarbon-243
Chlorofluorocarbon-112	Hydrochlorofluorocarbon-244
Chlorofluorocarbon-113	Hydrochlorofluorocarbon-251
Chlorofluorocarbon-114	Hydrochlorofluorocarbon-252
Chlorofluorocarbon-115	Hydrochlorofluorocarbon-253
Chlorofluorocarbon-211	Hydrochlorofluorocarbon-261
Chlorofluorocarbon-212	Hydrochlorofluorocarbon-262
Chlorofluorocarbon-213	Hydrochlorofluorocarbon-271
Chlorofluorocarbon-214	Halon-1211
Chlorofluorocarbon-215	Halon-1301
Chlorofluorocarbon-216	Halon-2402
Chlorofluorocarbon-217	Methyl chloroform

Note 1 - Volatile organic compounds (VOC) includes any compound of carbon, excluding carbon monoxide, carbonic acid, metallic carbides or carbonates and ammonium carbonate, which participates in atmospheric photochemical reactions. This includes any such organic compound other than the following which have been determined to have negligible photochemical reactivity: Methane; ethane; methylene chloride; 1,1,1-trichloroethane; CFC-113; CFC-11;CFC-12; CFC-22; FC-23; CFC-114; CFC-115; HCFC-123; HFC-134a; HCFC-141b; HCFC-142b; HCFC-124; HFC-125; HFC-134; HFC-143a; HFC-153a; and perfluorocarbon compounds which fall into these classes: (i) Cyclic, branched, or linear, completely fluorinated alkanes; (ii) Cyclic, branched, or linear, completely fluorinated ethers with no unsaturations; (iii) Cyclic, branched, or linear completely fluorinated tertiary amines with no unsaturations; and (iv) Sulfur containing perfluorocarbons with no unsaturations and with sulfur bonds only to carbon and fluorine. For the purposes of this application hazardous air pollutants that are volatile organic compounds should be included as VOCs for reflection of total VOCs from the facility but need to be identified separately as well.

## **HAZARDOUS AIR POLLUTANTS**

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<b>CAS No.</b>	<b>CHEMICAL NAME</b>
75070	Acetaldehyde
60355	Acetamide
75058	Acetonitrile
98862	Acetophenone
53963	Acetylaminofluorene(2)
107028	Acrolein
79061	Acrylamide
79107	Acrylic Acid
107131	Acrylonitrile
107051	Allyl Chloride
92671	Aminodiphenyl(4)
62533	Aniline
90040	Anisidine(o)
7440360	Antimony Compounds
7440382	Arsenic Compounds (inorganic including arsine)
1332214	Asbestos
71432	Benzene
92875	Benzidine
98077	Benzotrichloride
100447	Benzyl Chloride
7440417	Beryllium Compounds
192524	Biphenyl
117817	Bis(2-ethylhexyl)phthalate(DEHP) (Dioctyl Phthalate)
542881	Bis(chloromethyl)ether
75252	Bromoform
106990	Butadiene(1,3)
7440439	Cadmium Compounds
156627	Calcium Cyanamide
105602	Caprolactam
133062	Captan
63252	Carbaryl
75150	Carbon Disulfide
56235	Carbon Tetrachloride
463581	Carbonyl Sulfide
120809	Catechol
133904	Chloramben
57749	Chlordane
7782505	Chlorine
79118	Chloroacetic Acid
532274	Chloroacetophenone(2)
108907	Chlorobenzene
510156	Chlorobenzinate
67663	Chloroform
107302	Chloromethyl methyl ether
126998	Chloroprene (Neoprene; 2-Chloro-1,3-Butadiene)
7440473	Chromium Compounds (IV)
10210681	Cobalt Carbonyl (as Co)
7440484	Cobalt Compounds (metal, dust, and fumes as Co)
16842038	Cobalt Hydrocarbyl (as Co)

## **HAZARDOUS AIR POLLUTANTS**

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<b>CAS No.</b>	<b>CHEMICAL NAME</b>
65996818A	Coke Oven Emissions
1319773	Cresols/Cresylic acid
108394	Cresol(m)
95487	Cresol(o)
106445	Cresol(p)
98828	Cumene (Isopropylbenzene)
---	Cyanide Compounds (NOTE # 1)
3547044	DDE
334883	Diazomethane
132649	Dibenzofurans
96128	Dibromo-3-chloropropane(1,2)
84742	Diethylphthalate
106467	Dichlorobenzene(1,4)(p)
91941	Dichlorobenzidene(3,3)
111444	Dichloroethyl ether (Bis(2-chloroethyl)ether)
542756	Dichloropropene(1,3)
62737	Dichlorvos
111422	Diethanolamine
121697	Diethyl aniline (N,N) (dimethylaniline (N,N))
64675	Diethyl Sulfate
119904	Dimethoxybenzidine(3,3')
60117	4 - Dimethyl aminoazobenzene
119937	Dimethyl benzidine (3,3')
79447	Dimethyl carbamoyl chloride
68122	Dimethyl formamide
57147	Dimethyl hydrazine(1,1)
131113	Dimethyl phthalate
77781	Dimethyl sulfate
534521	Dinitro-o-cresol(4,6), and salts
51285	Dinitrophenol(2,4)
121142	Dinitrotoluene(2,4)
123911	Dioxane(1,4) (1,4-diethyleneoxide)
122667	Diphenylhydrazine(1,2)
94757	d(2,4), salts and esters
106898	Epichlorohydrin (Chloro-2,3-epoxypropane(1))
106887	Epoxybutane(1,2) (1,2-Butylene oxide)
140885	Ethyl acrylate
100414	Ethyl benzene
51796	Ethyl carbamate (Urethane)
75003	Ethyl chloride (Chloroethane)
106934	Ethylene dibromide (1,2-Dibromoethane)
107062	Ethylene dichloride (1,2-Dichloroethane)
107211	Ethylene glycol
151564	Ethylene imine (Azridine)
75218	Ethylene oxide
96457	Ethylene thiourea
75343	Ethylidene dichloride (1,1-Dichloroethane)
50000	Formaldehyde
---	Glycol ethers (NOTE #2)
76448	Heptachlor

## **HAZARDOUS AIR POLLUTANTS**

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<b>CAS No.</b>	<b>CHEMICAL NAME</b>
118741	Hexachlorobenzene
87683	Hexachlorocyclopentadiene
67721	Hexachloroethane
822060	Hexamethylene-1,6-diisocyanate
680319	Hexamethylphosphoramide
110543	Hexane
302012	Hydrazine
7647010	Hydrochloric acid
7664393	Hydrogen Fluoride (Hydrofluoric acid)
123319	Hydroquinone
78591	Isophorone
7439921	Lead Compounds
58899	Lindane (all isomers)
108316	Maleic anhydride
7439965	Manganese Compounds
7439976	Mercury Compounds
67561	Methanol
72435	Methoxychlor
74839	Methyl bromide (Bromomethane)
74873	Methyl chloride (Chloromethane)
71556	Methyl chloroform (1,1,1-Trichloroethane)
78933	Methyl ethyl ketone (2-Butanone) (MEK)
60344	Methyl hydrazine
74884	Methyl iodide (Iodomethane)
108101	Methyl isobutyl ketone (Hexone)
624839	Methyl isocyanate
80626	Methyl methacrylate
1634044	Methyl tert butyl ether
101144	Methylene bis(2-chloroaniline)(4,4) (MOCA)
75092	Methylene chloride (Dichloromethane)
101688	Methylene diphenyl diisocyanate (MDI)
101779	Methylenedianiline(4,4')
---	Mineral fibers (NOTE #3)
91203	Naphthalene
7440020	Nickel Compounds
7440020	Nickel, refinery dust
12035722	Nickel, subsulfide
98953	Nitrobenzene
92933	Nitrodiphenyl(4)
100027	Nitrophenol(4)
79469	Nitropropane(2)
62759	Nitrosodimethylamine(N) (Dimethylnitrosoamine)
59892	Nitrosomorpholine(N)
684935	Nitroso-N-methylurea(N)
56382	Parathion
82688	Pentachloronitrobenzene (Quintobenzene)
87865	Pentachlorophenol
108952	Phenol
106503	Phenylenediamine(p)
75445	Phosgene

## **HAZARDOUS AIR POLLUTANTS**

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<b>CAS No.</b>	<b>CHEMICAL NAME</b>
7803512	Phosphine
7723140	Phosphorus
85449	Phthalic anhydride
1336363	Polychlorinated biphenyls (Arochlors)
---	Polycyclic Organic Matter (NOTE #5)
1120714	Propane sultone(1,3)
57578	Propiolactone(beta)
123386	Propionaldehyde
114261	Propoxur (Baygon)
78875	Propylene dichloride (1,2 dichloropropane)
75558	Propylene imine(1,2) (2-methyl aziridine)
75569	Propylene oxide
91225	Quinoline
106514	Quinone (1,4-Cyclohexadienedione)
---	Radionuclides (including radon) (NOTE #4)
7782492	Selenium Compounds
100425	Styrene
96093	Styrene oxide
1746016	Tetrachlorodibenzo-p-dioxin(2,3,7,8) (TCDD) (Dioxin)
79345	Tetrachloroethane(1,1,2,2)
127184	Tetrachloroethylene (Perchloroethylene)
7550450	Titanium Tetrachloride
108883	Toluene
95807	Toluene diamine(2,4) (2,4-diaminotoluene)
584849	Toluene diisocyanate(2,4)
95534	Toluidine(o)
8001352	Toxaphene (Chlorinated camphene)
120821	Trichlorobenzene(1,2,4)
79005	Trichloroethane(1,1,2)
79016	Trichloroethylene
95954	Trichlorophenol(2,4,5)
88062	Trichlorophenol(2,4,6)
121448	Triethylamine
1582098	Trifluralin
540841	Trimethylpentane(2,2,4)
75014	Vinyl Chloride
108054	Vinyl Acetate
593602	Vinyl Bromide
75354	Vinylidene chloride (1,1-Dichloroethylene)
1330207	Xylenes (mixed)
108383	Xylene(m)
95476	Xylene(o)
106423	Xylene(p)
NOTE # 1:	X'CN where X = H' or any other group where a formal dissociation may occur, for example: KCN or Ca(CN) <sub>2</sub> .
NOTE # 2:	Includes mono- and di- ethers of ethylene glycol, diethylene glycol and triethylene glycol R-(OCH <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>n</sub> -OR' where: n = 1,2,3 R = lkyl or arl groups R' = R,H, or group which, when removed, yield glycol ethers with the structure: R-(OCH <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>n</sub> -OH. Polymers are excluded from the glycol category

NOTE # 3: Includes glass microfibers, glass wool fibers, rock wool fibers, and slag wool fibers, each characterized as "respirable" (fiber diameter less than 3.5 micrometers) and possessing an aspect ratio (fiber length divided by fiber diameter) greater than 3.

NOTE # 4: A type of atom which spontaneously undergoes radioactive decay.

NOTE # 5: Includes organic compounds with more than one benzene ring, and which have a boiling point greater than or equal to 100 Celsius.

## **Owners Information**

## **Section B**

1. Name, Address & Contact for the Owner/Applicant

A. Company Name: Hercules, Inc.

B. Mailing Address:

1. Street Address or P.O. Box: 613 West 7th Street

2. City: Hattiesburg 3. State: Mississippi

4. Zip Code: 39401

5. Telephone No.: (601) 545-3450

C. Contact:

1. Name: Rodney S. Bolton

2. Title: Plant Manager

2. Name, Address, Location and Contact for the Facility:

A. Name: Hercules, Inc.

B. Mailing Address:

1. Street Address or P.O. Box: 613 West 7th Street

2. City: Hattiesburg 3. State: Mississippi

4. Zip Code: 39401

5. Telephone No.: (601) 545-3450

C. Site Location:

1. Street: 613 West 7th Street

2. City: Hattiesburg 3. State: Mississippi

4. County: Forrest 5. Zip Code: 39401

6. Telephone No.: (601) 545-3450

Note: If the facility is located outside of the City limits, please attach a sketch or description to this application showing the approximate location of the site.

D. Contact:

1. Name: Rodney S Bolton

2. Title: Plant Manager

3. SIC Code(s)(including any associated with alternate operating scenarios): 2821 & 2899

4. Number of Employees: 22
5. Principal Product(s): Paper Chemicals
6. Principal Raw Materials: Paper Chemicals
7. Principal Process(es): Chemicals Manufacturing
8. Maximum amount of principal product produced or raw material consumed per day:  
14.31 tons per hour
9. Facility Operating Schedule (Optional):  
A. Specify maximum hours per day the operation will occur: 24  
B. Specify maximum days per week the operation will occur: 7  
C. Specify maximum weeks per year the operation will occur: 52  
D. Specify the months the operation will occur: January - December
10. Is this facility a small business as defined by the Small Business Act? (Optional) \_\_\_\_\_
11. **EACH APPLICATION MUST BE SIGNED BY THE APPLICANT.**

The application must be signed by a responsible official as defined in Regulation APC-S-6, Section I.A.26.

*I certify that to the best of my knowledge and belief formed after reasonable inquiry, the statements and information in this application are true, complete, and accurate, and that, as a responsible official, my signature shall constitute an agreement that the applicant assumes the responsibility for any alteration, additions, or changes in operation that may be necessary to achieve and maintain compliance with all applicable Rules and Regulations.*

Rodney S. Bolrton

Printed Name of Responsible Official

10/21/08

Date Application Signed

Plant Manager

Title

RS Bolton

Signature of Applicants Responsible Official

### **SECTIONC**

## **EMISSIONS SUMMARY for the ENTIRE FACILITY**

List below the total emissions for each pollutant from the entire facility in accordance with Operating Permit Application Requirements, pp. 3-5. For stack emissions, use the maximum annual allowable (potential) emissions. For fugitive emissions, use the annual emissions calculated using the maximum operating conditions.

1. All regulated air pollutants, including hazardous air pollutants emitted from the entire facility should be listed. A list of regulated air pollutants has been provided in Section A.

With the exception of the emissions resulting from insignificant activities and emissions as defined in Regulation APC-S-6, Section VII, the pollutants listed above are all regulated air pollutants reasonably expected to be emitted from the facility.

RS Bolton

## **SECTION C**

For the sections listed below indicate the number that have been completed for each section as part of this application.

Section B <u>1</u>	Section L1 <u>1</u>	Section M1 _____
Section C <u>1</u>	Section L2 _____	Section M2 _____
Section D <u>1</u>	Section L3 _____	Section M3 _____
Section E <u>3</u>	Section L4 _____	Section M4 _____
Section F _____	Section L5 <u>1</u>	Section M5 _____
Section G _____	Section L6 _____	Section M6 _____
Section H _____	Section L7 _____	Section M7 <u>5</u>
Section I _____		Section M8 _____
Section J _____		Section N <u>1</u>
Section K _____		Section O <u>2</u>

**As a minimum, sections B, C, M, N and O must be completed for the application to be considered complete.**

Please list below all insignificant activities required by APC-S-6, Section VII.B that apply to your facility.

1. General Maintenance Area; painting, welding,, sandblasting, etc, per Section VII.A.2, 8, 20 and B.4.
2. Laboratory Equipment and Analyses per Section VII.A.4.
3. Water Cooling (Refrigeration) Systems per Section VII.A.10.
4. Mobile Sources (trucks, cars, forklifts, portable air compressors) per Section VII.A.15.
5. Storage Vessels per Section VII.B.7 (see attached list).
6. Back-up or Emergency Generators and Pumps (Fire Protection System) per Section VII.B.9.
7. Sandblasting Equipment per Section VII.B.10.
8. Effluent Treatment per Section VII.B.19 and B32.
9. Steam Vents and Leaks per Section VII.B.25.
10. Instrument Air System per Section VII.B.27.
11. Plant Nitrogen per Section VII.D.
12. Compressed Gas Cylinders per Section VII.D.

## SECTION C

KYMENE PROCESS AREA					
Emission Point No.	Material/Product Stored	Tank Material	Capacity (gallons)	Construction Date	NSPS - Subpart Kb
K-101	Water	Steel	2,100	Pre-1977	No
K-110	Epichlorohydrin (EPI)	Steel	17,000	1979	No
K-120	Hexamethylene diamine (HMDA)	Steel	6,000	Pre-1977	No
K-122	Diethylene triamine (DETA)	Steel	12,300	Pre-1977	No
K-123	Diethylene triamine (DETA)	Steel	12,338	2003	No
K-130	Polymer	Steel	14,900	Pre-1977	No
K-150	93% Sulfuric Acid	Steel	110	Pre-1977	No
K-151	93% Sulfuric Acid	Steel	5,000	1993	No
K-160	Kymene Wet Strength Resin	Steel	16,900	2004	No
K-161	Kymene Wet Strength Resin	FRP**	16,900	2000	No
K-162	Kymene Wet Strength Resin	FRP	16,900	1999	No
K-163	Kymene Wet Strength Resin	FRP	16,300	1979	No
K-164	Kymene Wet Strength Resin	FRP	16,300	1979	No
K-210	Polymer	Steel	16,900	Pre-1977	No
K-211	Water	Steel	2,660	Pre-1977	No
K-260	Kymene Wet Strength Resin	FRP	16,900	2001	No
K-261	Kymene Wet Strength Resin	FRP	16,900	1998	No
K-262	Kymene Wet Strength Resin	FRP	16,900	1998	No
K-268	Kymene Wet Strength Resin	FRP	8,500	1981	No
K-269	Kymene Wet Strength Resin	FRP	16,300	1981	No
K-409	40% Glycol/Water	FRP	1,500	2003	No
K-411	Kymene Wet Strength Resin	FRP	16,300	1991	No
K-412	Kymene Wet Strength Resin	FRP	16,300	1991	No
K-501TC*	Material Loading/Unloading		20,000		
K-502TT*	Material Loading/Unloading		6,000		

\* TC – Railroad Tank Car      TT – Tank Truck

\*\* FRP= Fiberglass Reinforced Plastic

## SECTION C

PARACOL/AKD PROCESS AREA					
Emission Point No.	Material/Product Stored	Tank Material	Capacity (gallons)	Construction Date	NSPS - Subpart Kb
DP-6	Lignosol	Steel	5,230	Pre-1977	No
DP-9	Starch/Water	Steel	330	1992	No
DP-10	Starch Paste	Steel	180	1992	No
DP-11	AKD and Wax Dispersions	Steel	5,460	Pre-1977	No
DP-12	Water/Aquapel/Lignosol	Steel	5,300	Pre-1977	No
DP-13	Lignosol	Steel	5,300	Pre-1977	No
DP-14	AKD and Wax Dispersions	Steel	21	Pre-1977	No
DP-15	Alum/Water	Steel	240	Pre-1977	No
DP-19	Caustic/Empty	Steel	317	Pre-1977	No
DP-23	Empty/To Be Removed	S. Steel	16,900	Pre-1977	No
DP-24	AKD and Wax Dispersions	Steel	16,900	Pre-1977	No
DP-25	AKD and Wax Dispersions	Steel	16,900	Pre-1977	No
DP-26	Wax	Steel	16,900	Pre-1977	No
DP-27	Wax/Empty	Steel	16,900	Pre-1977	No
DP-28	Wax/Empty	Steel	16,900	Pre-1977	No
DP-29	Wax/Empty	Steel	16,900	Pre-1977	No
DP-35	AKD and Wax Dispersions	Steel	51,800	Pre-1977	No
DP-36	50% Alum	Steel	5,880	Pre-1977	No
DP-37	AKD and Wax Dispersions	Steel	51,800	Pre-1977	No
DP-41	AKD and Wax Dispersions	Steel	12,260	Pre-1977	No
DP-42	AKD and Wax Dispersions	Steel	12,260	Pre-1977	No
DP-44	AKD and Wax Dispersions	Steel	11,840	Pre-1977	No
DP-45	AKD/Wax Dispersions/Empty	Steel	15,220	Pre-1977	No
DP-46	AKD and Wax Dispersions	Steel	11,840	1983	No
DP-47	AKD/Wax Dispersions/Empty	Steel	15,220	Pre-1977	No
DP-48	Empty	Steel	12,260	1979	No
DP-49	Chromoset/MgCl	FRP	13,500	2002	No
DP-50	Age Floc	FRP	8,000	Pre-1977	No
DP-51	AKD/Wax Dispersions/Empty	FRP	12,260	1979	No
DP-52	AKD/Wax Dispersions/Empty	Steel	5,260	Pre-1977	No
DP-53	AKD/Wax Dispersions/Empty	Steel	11,890	Pre-1977	No
DP-54	AKD and Wax Dispersions	Steel	11,890	1981	No
DP-56	Release Agent	Steel	19,940	Pre-1977	No
DP-58	Naphthenic Oil	Steel	19,940	1981	No
DP-60	Glycol Ester	Steel	6,010	Pre-1977	No
DP-65	Propylene Glycol/Water	Steel	1400	2003	No
DP-66	AKD and Wax Dispersions	Steel	11,890	1981	No
DP-68	AKD and Wax Dispersions	Steel	11,890	1981	No
DP-69	AKD and Wax Dispersions	Steel	3,120	1990	No
DP-70	H2SO4/Empty	Steel	300	Pre-1977	No
DP-101TC*	Material Loading/Unloading	Steel	20,000	Pre-1977	No
DP-102TT*	Material Loading/Unloading	Steel	6,000	Pre-1977	No
PS-45	Dispersions/Empty	Steel	51790	Pre-1977	No

\* TC – Railroad Tank Car     TT – Tank Truck

FRP= Fiberglass Reinforced Plastic

## SECTION C

EFFLUENT TREATMENT AREA					
Emission Point No.	Material/Product Stored	Tank Material	Capacity (gallons)	Construction Date	NSPS - Subpart Kb
ET-10	Wastewater	Steel	5,111,100	1982	No
ET-18	Out of Service	Steel	17,100	1981	No
ET-19	Out of Service	Steel	9,300	1985	No

FACILITY FIRE WATER PROTECTION					
Emission Point No.	Material/Product Stored	Tank Material	Capacity (gallons)	Construction Date	NSPS - Subpart Kb
FP-1	Water	Steel	444,500	Pre-1977	No
FP-2	Gasoline	Steel	280	Pre-1977	No
FP-3	Diesel	Steel	350	Pre-1977	No

YARD TANKS					
Emission Point No.	Material/Product Stored	Tank Material	Capacity (gallons)	Construction Date	NSPS - Subpart Kb
Y-25	Empty	Steel	317	Pre-1977	No
Y-37	Gasoline	Steel	17,615	Pre-1977	No
Y-45	Diesel	Steel	5,640	Pre-1977	No
VN-3	Pamak TP	Steel	21,149	Pre-1977	No

## **SECTION C**

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### **RISK MANAGEMENT PLANS**

If a risk management plan is required pursuant to the Mississippi Air Toxics Regulations, APC-S-8, and Section 112(r) of Title III of the Clean Air Act, the permit applicant need only clarify intentions to comply with the requirement to register such a plan. It will not be necessary to incorporate the content of the risk management plan as a permit term.

Please answer the following questions:

- I. Are you required to develop and register a risk management plan pursuant to Section 112(r)?

Yes \_\_\_\_\_ No \_\_\_\_\_

Only if "yes", answer questions II., III., and/or IV.

- II. Have you developed and submitted the risk management plan to EPA's RMP Reporting Center?

Yes \_\_\_\_\_ No \_\_\_\_\_

- III. If yes, date submitted: June 16, 1999

- IV. If no, provide a schedule below for the development and submittal of the risk management plan to the Reporting Center. Please notify the MDEQ's Air Division once the risk management plan has been submitted to the Reporting Center.

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## **KYMENE PROCESS AREA**

## **MANUFACTURING PROCESSES (page 1 of 2)**

## **SECTION E**

1. Emission Point No./ Name: AA-000, Kymene Process Area
2. Process Description: The Kymene Process Area produces specialty chemicals used primarily as wet strength additives in the manufacture of paper. Components in Epichlorohydrin service are subject to NESHAP 40 CFR 63, Subpart W for controlling HAP emissions. Equipment in the process area includes reactors, tanks, vents, piping, etc. Emissions occur from associated equipment and from fugitive losses.
3. Was this unit constructed or modified after August 7, 1977? X yes \_\_\_\_\_ no  
If yes please give date and explain. Modified in February 2003.
4. Capacity (in tons/hr): Wet Strength Resin- 6.96 tons/hr      Polymer - 1.15 tons/hr
5. Raw Material Input:

MATERIAL	QUANTITY/HR AVERAGE	QUANTITY/HR MAXIMUM	QUANTITY/YEAR MAXIMUM***
<b>Wet Strength Resins</b>			
Epichlorohydrin	625 lbs	625 lbs	5,475,000 lbs
Pre-Polymer	2309 lbs	2309 lbs	20,226,840 lbs
Sulfuric Acid	68 lbs	68 lbs	595,680 lbs
Antifoam	1 lb	1 lb	8760 lbs
Potassium Sorbate	1 lb	1 lb	8760 lbs
Hexamethylenediamine	565 lbs	565 lbs	4,949,400 lbs
Water	10,917 lbs	10,917 lbs	95,632,920 lbs
<b>Pre-Polymer</b>			
Adipic Acid	804 lbs	804 lbs	7,043,040 lbs
Diethylenetriamine	565 lbs	565 lbs	4,949,400 lbs
Water	940 lbs	940 lbs	8,234,400 lbs

\* Actual 2002 Kymene production (73,462,683 lbs).

\*\* Maximum quantity per year is based on maximum quantity per hour for 24 hrs/day and 365 days/yr.

6. Product Output:

PRODUCT or BY-PRODUCT	QUANTITY/HR AVERAGE	QUANTITY/HR MAXIMUM	QUANTITY/YEAR
Wet Strength Resins	13,920 lbs	13,920 lbs	121,939,200 lbs
Pre-Polymer	2309 lbs	2309 lbs	20,226,840 lbs

7. Stack Data:

*AA-001 Kymene Process Vent equipped with a packed bed scrubber.*

A. Height:	<u>30 ft</u>	C. Exit gas velocity:	<u>Variable</u>
B. Inside diameter:	<u>0.5 ft</u>	D. Exit gas temperature:	<u>Ambient</u>

*AA-002 Kymene Adipic Acid Handling System equipped with a dust collector.*

A. Height:	<u>40 ft</u>	C. Exit gas velocity:	<u>27.6 ft/s</u>
B. Inside diameter:	<u>0.67 ft</u>	D. Exit gas temperature:	<u>Ambient</u>

8. UTM Coordinates:

A. Zone	<u>16</u>	B. North	<u>3469.40</u>	C. East	<u>280.60</u>
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## **MANUFACTURING PROCESSES (page 2 of 2)**

### **SECTION E**

#### **13. POLLUTANT EMISSIONS:**

Example emission rate calculations, monitoring data, or stack test data must be attached in accordance with Operating Permit Application Requirements, pp. 3-5.

EMISSION POINT NO.	POLLUTANT (note 1)	CONTROL EQUIPMENT		ACTUAL EMISSION RATE (in accordance with Operating Permit Application Requirements, pp. 3-5)		PROPOSED ALLOWABLE EMISSION RATE (Optional)		
		* yes/no	effic.	note 2	lb/hr	tn/yr	note 2	lb/hr
AA-000**	VOC	No				1.50		1.50
	Epichlorohydrin					1.50		1.50
AA-001	VOC	Yes	98%		0.41		0.41	8.4
	Epichlorohydrin							
AA-002	PM/PM <sub>10</sub>	Yes	99%		0.212	0.93	21.20	92.86

1. All regulated air pollutants including hazardous air pollutants emitted from this source should be listed in accordance with Operating Permit Application Requirements, pp. 3-5. A list of regulated air pollutants has been provided in Section A.
2. Provide emission rate in units of applicable emission standard, e.g. lb/MMbtu, gr/dscf, etc. This may not apply to every emission point or every pollutant from an emission point.

\* If yes, attach appropriate Air Pollution Control Data Sheet from Section L or manufacturers specifications if other.

\*\* Fugitive emissions and insignificant sources associated with the Kymene Process Area.

## SCRUBBERS (Page 1 of 2)

## SECTION L5

1. Emission Point No. / Name: AA-001
2. Manufacturers Name and Model No.: Croll Reynolds 18T-15H
3. Date of construction for existing sources or date of anticipated start-up for new sources:  
April 1991
4. Scrubber Data:
  - a) Scrubber type:

<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Venturi	<input type="checkbox"/>	Orifice
<input type="checkbox"/>	Packed Tower	<input type="checkbox"/>	Gravity Tower
<input type="checkbox"/>	Cyclonic	<input type="checkbox"/>	Condenser
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Mist Eliminator	<input type="checkbox"/>	Impingement Plate
Other: _____			
  - b) Liquid injection rate:

1)	Design maximum:	<u>15</u>	gpm @	<u>15</u>	psia
2)	Expected average:	<u>15</u>	gpm @	<u>10</u>	psia
  - c) Pressure drop: 6 inches H<sub>2</sub>O
  - d) Scrubbing liquid: Water
    - 1)  Once - through  Recycled
    - 2) If recycled: \_\_\_\_\_ gpm make - up rate
    - 3) If water, describe settling basin: NA
    - 4) Solution / Reactant systems:
      - a) Chemical make - up: NA
      - b) How is discharge handled, treated? Impoundment Basin to POTW
  - e) Gas flow:

<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Counter current	<input type="checkbox"/>	Concurrent
1)	Flow rate:	<u>512</u>	acfm
2)	Inlet Temperature:	<u>100</u>	°F
  - f) Venturi Data: NA
    - 1) Inlet Area: \_\_\_\_\_ ft<sup>2</sup>
    - 2) Throat Area: \_\_\_\_\_ ft<sup>2</sup>
    - 3) Throat velocity: \_\_\_\_\_ ft / sec
    - 4) \_\_\_\_\_ Fixed throat \_\_\_\_\_ Variable throat
  - g) Packed or Plate Tower Data:
    - 1) Surface Area: 1.5 ft diameter
    - 2) Packing depth: 15 ft
    - 3) Type of packing:  Rings  Saddles  
Other: \_\_\_\_\_
    - 4) No. of plates: NA
    - 5) Type of plates: \_\_\_\_\_
  - h) Demisting Data:
    - 1) Mist eliminator filter area: 1.5 ft diameter
    - 2) Type:  Cyclone  Vanes  Pad  
 Other: \_\_\_\_\_
  - i) Efficiency: 98 %

## SCRUBBERS (Page 2 of 2)

## SECTION L5

j) Are extra nozzles readily available? \_\_\_\_\_ Yes  X No

How many? \_\_\_\_\_

k) Pressure measurement devices installed? \_\_\_\_\_ Yes  X No

5. Which process(es) does the scrubber control emissions from? Wet Strength Resin and Pre-Polymer Batch Reactors  
\_\_\_\_\_

## BAGHOUSES

## SECTION L1

1. Emission Point No. / Name : AA-002
2. Manufacturers Name & Model No.: Unknown
3. Date of construction for existing sources or date of anticipated start-up for new sources:  
Pre-1977
4. Baghouse Data:
  - a) Cloth area: 47 ft<sup>2</sup>
  - b) Air to cloth ratio: Unknown acfm/ft<sup>2</sup>
  - c) Type of bag: \_\_\_\_\_ Woven Membrane  Felted Other: Nylon
  - d) Bag material: Nylon
  - e) No. of bags: 24
  - f) No. of compartments: 1
  - g) Bag length: 3 ft
  - h) Bag diameter: 0.21 ft
  - i) Pressure drop: Unknown inches H<sub>2</sub>O
  - j) Pressure measurement device installed: \_\_\_\_\_ Yes  No
  - k) Air flow: Unknown acfm @ 72 °F
  - l) Efficiency: 99 %
  - m) Dirty air on: \_\_\_\_\_ inside  outside of bag
  - n) Time between bag cleaning: Continuous during batch operation
  - o) Method of bag cleaning:  Shaking \_\_\_\_\_ Pulse Jet \_\_\_\_\_ Reverse Air Other: \_\_\_\_\_
  - p) Are extra bags readily available: X Yes \_\_\_\_\_ No How Many? 30 (re-order minimum)
  - q) How is the collected dust stored, handled, disposed of? Reused or disposed of properly
5. Which process(es) does the baghouse control emissions from? Loading of Adipic Acid (powder) into Pre-Polymer Batch Reactor.

# **COMPLIANCE DEMONSTRATION BY RECORDKEEPING**

## **SECTION M7**

1. Emission Point No./Name: AA-000
2. Pollutant: VOC and HAP (Epichlorohydrin)
3. Material or parameter being monitored or recorded: Leak Detection and Repair (LDAR)
4. Method of monitoring and recordkeeping: The Kymene Process Area equipment (reactor, tanks, agitator, valves, relief valves, pumps, and connectors) that directly contacts epichlorohydrin are monitored for leaks and the data is recorded on a schedule determined by 40 CFR 63, Subpart H and Subpart W.
5. List any EPA methods used: EPA Reference Method 21  

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6. Compliance shall be demonstrated:  
 Daily     Weekly     Monthly     Quarterly     Yearly

## **COMPLIANCE DEMONSTRATION BY RECORDKEEPING**

### **SECTION M7**

1. Emission Point No./Name: AA-001
2. Pollutant: VOC and HAPs
3. Material or parameter being monitored or recorded: Scrubber water flow rate
4. Method of monitoring and recordkeeping: The scrubber water flowrate (gal/min) is monitored and recorded on a weekly basis to ensure the scrubber operates at the designed efficiency.  
  

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5. List any EPA methods used: NA  
  

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6. Compliance shall be demonstrated:  
 Daily     Weekly     Monthly     Quarterly

# **COMPLIANCE DEMONSTRATION BY RECORDKEEPING**

## **SECTION M7**

1. Emission Point No./Name: AA-001
2. Pollutant: HAPs (Epichlorohydrin)
3. Material or parameter being monitored or recorded: Epichlorohydrin
4. Method of monitoring and recordkeeping: The total Epichlorohydrin emitted will be calculated on a monthly basis and a 12-month emissions total. The calculations will be based on Kymene production and industry knowledge.
5. List any EPA methods used: NA  

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6. Compliance shall be demonstrated:  
 Daily       Weekly       Monthly       Quarterly

## **COMPLIANCE DEMONSTRATION BY RECORDKEEPING**

### **SECTION M7**

1. Emission Point No./Name: AA-002
2. Pollutant: PM
3. Material or parameter being monitored or recorded: Blower (on/off) and visual inspection of baghouse  

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4. Method of monitoring and recordkeeping: The dust collector is monitored on a weekly basis during the loading of Adipic Acid to ensure the baghouse blower is on and the control equipment is operating as intended. Also, a visual inspection of the baghouse is conducted as part of a preventative maintenance program and comments are logged on a weekly basis.  

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5. List any EPA methods used: NA  

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6. Compliance shall be demonstrated:  

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<input type="checkbox"/>	Daily	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Weekly	<input type="checkbox"/>	Monthly	<input type="checkbox"/>	Quarterly
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## **PARACOL/AKD PROCESS AREA**

## **MANUFACTURING PROCESSES (page 1 of 2)**

## **SECTION E**

1. Emission Point No./ Name: AB-000, Paracol/AKD Process Area
2. Process Description: The Paracol/AKD Process Area produces AKD and Wax Dispersions (specialty chemicals) used primarily as internal and surface sizing agents in the manufacture of paper. Equipment in the process area includes reactors, tanks, vents, piping, etc. Emissions occur from associated equipment and from fugitive losses.
3. Was this unit constructed or modified after August 7, 1977? X yes \_\_\_\_\_ no  
If yes please give date and explain. Installed scrubber in 1987.
4. Capacity (in tons/hr): 6.20 tons/hr
5. Raw Material Input:

MATERIAL	QUANTITY/HR AVERAGE	QUANTITY/HR MAXIMUM	QUANTITY/YEAR MAXIMUM* <sup>**</sup>
Kymene	503 lbs	503 lbs	4,406,280 lbs
Aquapel	1302 lbs	1302 lbs	11,405,520 lbs
Sulfonates	182 lbs	182 lbs	1,594,320 lbs
Starch	283 lbs	283 lbs	2,479,080 lbs
Water	9305 lbs	9305 lbs	81,511,800 lbs
Wax	673 lbs	673 lbs	5,895,480 lbs
Age Floc	61 lbs	61 lbs	534,360 lbs
Gum Ghatti	3 lbs	3 lbs	26,280 lbs
Triethanolamine	3 lbs	3 lbs	26,280 lbs
Stearic Acid	5 lbs	5 lbs	43,800 lbs
Sulfuric Acid	<1 lb	<1 lb	<8760 lbs
Biocide	6 lbs	6 lbs	52,560 lbs
Alum	75 lbs	75 lbs	657,000 lbs

\* Actual 2002 Paracol production (29,614,451 lbs).

\*\* Maximum quantity per year is based on maximum quantity per hour for 24 hrs/day and 365 days/yr.

6. Product Output:

PRODUCT or BY-PRODUCT	QUANTITY/HR AVERAGE	QUANTITY/HR MAXIMUM	QUANTITY/YEAR
AKD and Wax Dispersions	12,400 lbs	12,400 lbs	108,624,000 lbs

7. Stack Data:

***AB-001 Paracol/AKD Processes are vented through a water scrubber.***

A. Height: 15 ft      C. Exit gas velocity: 50.9 ft/s  
B. Inside diameter: 0.83 ft      D. Exit gas temperature: Ambient

8. UTM Coordinates:

A. Zone 16      B. North 3469.40      C. East 280.70

**MANUFACTURING PROCESSES** (page 2 of 2)

SECTION F

- ### 13. POLLUTANT EMISSIONS:

Example emission rate calculations, monitoring data, or stack test data must be attached in accordance with Operating Permit Application Requirements, pp. 3-5.

1. All regulated air pollutants including hazardous air pollutants emitted from this source should be listed in accordance with Operating Permit Application Requirements, pp. 3-5. A list of regulated air pollutants has been provided in Section A.
  2. Provide emission rate in units of applicable emission standard, e.g., lb/MMbtu, gr/dscf, etc. This may not apply to every emission point or every pollutant from an emission point.

\* If yes, attach appropriate Air Pollution Control Data Sheet from Section L or manufacturers specifications if other.

## **SCRUBBERS (Page 1 of 2)**

## **SECTION L5**

1. Emission Point No. / Name: AB-001
2. Manufacturers Name and Model No.: Hercules, Inc.
3. Date of construction for existing sources or date of anticipated start-up for new sources:  
1987
4. Scrubber Data:
  - a) Scrubber type: Venturi Orifice  
Packed Tower  Gravity Tower  
Cyclonic Condenser  
Mist Eliminator Impingement Plate  
Other: \_\_\_\_\_
  - b) Liquid injection rate:
    - 1) Design maximum: 6.1 gpm @ 40 psia
    - 2) Expected average: 6.1 gpm @ 40 psia
  - c) Pressure drop: 6 inches H<sub>2</sub>O (estimated)
  - d) Scrubbing liquid: **Water**
    - 1)  Once - through Recycled
    - 2) If recycled: \_\_\_\_\_ gpm make - up rate
    - 3) If water, describe settling basin: NA
    - 4) Solution / Reactant systems:
      - a) Chemical make - up: NA
      - b) How is discharge handled, treated? Impoundment Basin to POTW
  - e) Gas flow:
    - 1)  Counter current Concurrent  
Flow rate: 500 acfm
    - 2) Inlet Temperature: Ambient °F
  - f) Venturi Data: **NA**
    - 1) Inlet Area: \_\_\_\_\_ ft<sup>2</sup>
    - 2) Throat Area: \_\_\_\_\_ ft<sup>2</sup>
    - 3) Throat velocity: \_\_\_\_\_ ft / sec
    - 4) Fixed throat \_\_\_\_\_ Variable throat
  - g) Packed or Plate Tower Data: **NA**
    - 1) Surface Area: \_\_\_\_\_ ft diameter
    - 2) Packing depth: \_\_\_\_\_ ft
    - 3) Type of packing: \_\_\_\_\_ Rings \_\_\_\_\_ Saddles  
Other: \_\_\_\_\_
    - 4) No. of plates: \_\_\_\_\_
    - 5) Type of plates: \_\_\_\_\_
  - h) Demisting Data: **NA**
    - 1) Mist eliminator filter area: \_\_\_\_\_ ft diameter
    - 2) Type: Cyclone Vanес Pad  
Other: \_\_\_\_\_
  - i) Efficiency: 75 % (estimated)

## SCRUBBERS (Page 2 of 2)

## SECTION L5

j) Are extra nozzles readily available? \_\_\_\_\_ Yes  No

How many? \_\_\_\_\_

k) Pressure measurement devices installed? \_\_\_\_\_ Yes  No

5. Which process(es) does the scrubber control emissions from? Paracol/AKD Process Area Vents and Melter.
- 
-

## **COMPLIANCE DEMONSTRATION BY RECORDKEEPING**

### **SECTION M7**

1. Emission Point No./Name: AB-001
2. Pollutant: PM
3. Material or parameter being monitored or recorded: Scrubber water flow rate
4. Method of monitoring and recordkeeping: The scrubber water flow rate (gal/min) is monitored and recorded on a weekly basis to ensure the scrubber operates at the designed efficiency.  
  

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5. List any EPA methods used: NA  
  

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6. Compliance shall be demonstrated:  
 Daily     Weekly     Monthly     Quarterly

**POWER HOUSE AND EFFLUENT TREATMENT AREAS**

## FUEL BURNING EQUIPMENT (page 1 of 2)

## SECTION D

1. Emission Point No. / Name: AM-003, Johnston 600 Horsepower Package Boiler
2. Equipment Description: A steam generating boiler, which produces steam for the facility.
3. Was this unit constructed or modified after August 7, 1977? X Yes No  
If yes please give date and explain. Actual date construction commenced was January 27, 2004  
  
Actual date of initial start-up occurred on May 17, 2004.
4. Capacity: 24.345 MMBTU/hr 5. Type of burner: forced draft
6. Usage Type (i.e. Space Heat, Process, etc.): Process Steam (and Heat)
7. Complete the following table, identifying each type of fuel and the amount used. Specify the units for heat content, hourly usage, and yearly usage.

FUEL TYPE	HEAT CONTENT	% SULFUR	% ASH	MAXIMUM HOURLY USAGE	YEARLY USAGE
Natural Gas	1020 BTU/ft <sup>3</sup>	NA	NA	63,725 ft <sup>3</sup> /hr	558 MMft <sup>3</sup> /yr

8. Please list any fuel components that are hazardous air pollutants and the percentage in the fuel.

9. Operating Schedule: (Optional) 24 hours/day 7 days/week 52 weeks/year

10. Stack Data:  
A. Height: 30 ft C. Exit gas velocity: 3375 ft/min  
B. Inside diameter: 1.83 ft D. Exit gas temperature: ~250 ° F

11. UTM Coordinates:  
A. Zone 16 B. North 3469.30 C. East 280.5

**FUEL BURNING EQUIPMENT** (page 2 of 2)

## SECTION D

## 12. POLLUTANT EMISSIONS:

Example emission rate calculations, monitoring data, or stack test data must be attached in accordance with Operating Permit Application Requirements, pp. 3-5.

1. All regulated air pollutants including hazardous air pollutants emitted from this source should be listed. A list of regulated air pollutants has been provided in Section A.

2. Provide emission rate in units of applicable emission standard, e.g. lb/MMBtu, gr/dscf, etc. This may not apply to every emission point or every pollutant from an emission point.

## **COMPLIANCE DEMONSTRATION BY RECORDKEEPING**

### **SECTION M7**

1. Emission Point No./Name: AM-003
2. Pollutant: Fuel
3. Material or parameter being monitored or recorded: Fuel type and quantity
4. Method of monitoring and recordkeeping: The fuel type and quantity will be monitored and recorded on a daily basis as required by NSPS, 40 CFR 60, Subpart Dc.  

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5. List any EPA methods used: NA  

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6. Compliance shall be demonstrated:  

<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Daily	<input type="checkbox"/>	Weekly	<input type="checkbox"/>	Monthly	<input type="checkbox"/>	Quarterly
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## MANUFACTURING PROCESSES (page 1 of 2)

## SECTION E

1. Emission Point No./ Name: AN-000, Effluent Treatment Area
2. Process Description: The Effluent Treatment Area consists of equalization, solids removal, and pH adjustment prior to discharge to the local POTW. Emissions from the area occur from fugitive losses.
3. Was this unit constructed or modified after August 7, 1977? \_\_\_\_\_ yes  X no  
If yes please give date and explain. \_\_\_\_\_
4. Capacity (in tons/hr): NA
5. Raw Material Input:

MATERIAL	QUANTITY/HR AVERAGE	QUANTITY/HR MAXIMUM	QUANTITY/YEAR MAXIMUM
NA			

6. Product Output:

PRODUCT or BY-PRODUCT	QUANTITY/HR AVERAGE	QUANTITY/HR MAXIMUM	QUANTITY/YEAR MAXIMUM
NA			

7. Stack Data:

A. Height: NA      C. Exit gas velocity: NA  
B. Inside diameter: NA      D. Exit gas temperature: NA

8. UTM Coordinates:

A. Zone 16      B. North 3469.50      C. East 280.00

MANUFACTURING PROCESSES (page 2 of 2)

SECTION E

### 13. POLLUTANT EMISSIONS:

Example emission rate calculations, monitoring data, or stack test data must be attached in accordance with **Operating Permit Application Requirements**, pp. 3-5.

1. All regulated air pollutants including hazardous air pollutants emitted from this source should be listed in accordance with Operating Permit Application Requirements, pp. 3-5. A list of regulated air pollutants has been provided in Section A.

2. Provide emission rate in units of applicable emission standard, e.g. lb/MMbtu, gr/dscf, etc. This may not apply to every emission point or every pollutant from an emission point.

If yes, attach appropriate Air Pollution Control Data Sheet from Section L or manufacturers specifications if other. Fugitive emissions and insignificant sources associated with the Effluent Treatment Area.

\*

## Current Applicable Requirements and Status (page 1 of 5)

## SECTION N

List applicable state and federal regulations and applicable test methods for determining compliance with each applicable requirement. Clearly identify federal regulations from state requirements. Provide the compliance status as of the day the application is signed.

Emission Point No.	Applicable Requirement	Pollutant	Test Method	Limits	Compliance Status IN / OUT
Facility-Wide	APC-S-1, Section 3.1(a) & 3.2 – General Opacity Standard	PM (Smoke)	EPA Ref. Method 9	≤ 40%	IN
Facility-Wide	APC-S-1, Section 3.1(b) – Startup Opacity Standard	PM (Smoke)	EPA Ref. Method 9	≥ 40%, up to 15 minutes per startup in any 1 hour, not to exceed 3 startups in any 24 hour period.	IN
Facility-Wide	APC-S-1, Section 3.1(c) – Soot Blowing Opacity Standard	PM (Smoke)	EPA Ref. Method 9	≤ 60%, providing aggregate duration during any 24 hour period does not exceed 10 minutes per 10 <sup>9</sup> BTU gross heating value in any 1 hour.	IN
Facility-Wide	APC-S-1, Section 3.3 – General Nuisance Standard	PM	NA	As specified in the regulations.	IN
Facility-Wide	APC-S-1, Section 3.7 – Open Burning Standard	PM	NA	As specified in the regulations.	IN
Facility-Wide	APC-S-1, Section 5.2 – Miscellaneous Chemical Emissions	HAPs (Toxics)	NA	As specified in the regulations.	IN
Insignificant Activities – Fuel Burning Equipment	Title V Operating Permit (TVOP) No. 0800-00001, Condition 3.C.1	PM	EPA Ref. Method 1-5	0.6 lbs/MMBTU	IN
Insignificant Activities – Fuel Burning Equipment	APC-S-1, Section 3.4(a)(1)				
Insignificant Activities – Manufacturing Sources	TVOP No. 0800-00001, 3.C.2	SO <sub>2</sub>	EPA Ref. Method 6	4.8 lbs/MMBTU	IN
AA-001, AA-002, AB-001	APC-S-1, Section 4.1(a)				
Insignificant Activities – Manufacturing Sources	TVOP No. 0800-00001, 3.C.3	PM	NA	E = 4.1(p) <sup>0.67</sup>	IN
AA-001, AA-002, AB-001	APC-S-1, Section 3.6(a)				
Insignificant Activities – Manufacturing Sources	TVOP No. 0800-00001, 5.B.14	PM, VOC, and HAP	NA	Weekly monitoring and recordkeeping requirements for control equipment maintenance.	IN
AA-001, AA-002, AB-001	APC-S-6, Section III.A.3				

## Current Applicable Requirements and Status (page 2 of 5)

## SECTION N

List applicable state and federal regulations and applicable test methods for determining compliance with each applicable requirement. Clearly identify federal regulations from state requirements. Provide the compliance status as of the day the application is signed.

Emission Point No.	Applicable Requirement	Pollutant	Test Method	Limits	Compliance Status IN / OUT
<b>AA-000, AA-001, and AN-000</b>	<b>TVOP No. 0800-00001, 3.B.1 40 CFR 63, Subpart W (63.520) 40 CFR 63, Subpart H (63.160) APC-S-1, Section 8.1</b>	<b>HAP (Epi)</b>	<b>EPA Ref. Method 21</b>	<b>Leak Detection and Repair (LDAR) for components in HAP (Epi) service.</b>	<b>IN</b>
<b>AA-000, AA-001, and AN-000</b>	<b>TVOP No. 0800-00001, 3.D.1-3 40 CFR 63, Subpart A (63.6(e))</b>	<b>HAP (Epi)</b>	<b>NA</b>	<b>Startup, Shutdown, and Malfunction Plan</b>	<b>IN</b>
<b>AA-000, AA-001, and AN-000</b>	<b>TVOP No. 0800-00001, 5.B.2 40 CFR 63, Subpart W (63.525(i)) 40 CFR 63, Subpart H (63.162(a) &amp; (b))</b>	<b>HAP (Epi)</b>	<b>EPA Ref. Method 21</b>	<b>Compliance demonstration.</b>	<b>IN</b>
<b>AA-000, AA-001, and AN-000</b>	<b>TVOP No. 0800-00001, 5.B.3 40 CFR 63, Subpart W (63.526(d)) 40 CFR, Subpart H</b>	<b>HAP (Epi)</b>	<b>EPA Ref. Method 21</b>	<b>Monitoring schedule and leak definition concentrations are as specified in the regulations (varies).</b>	<b>IN</b>
<b>AA-000, AA-001, and AN-000</b>	<b>TVOP No. 0800-00001, 5.B.4 40 CFR 63, Subpart W (63.527(d)) 40 CFR, Subpart H (63.181)</b>	<b>HAP (Epi)</b>	<b>EPA Ref. Method 21</b>	<b>Recordkeeping Requirements</b>	<b>IN</b>
<b>AA-000, AA-001, and AN-000</b>	<b>TVOP No. 0800-00001, 5.C.1(b) 40 CFR 63, Subpart W (63.528(b)) 40 CFR, Subpart H (63.182)</b>	<b>HAP (Epi)</b>	<b>EPA Ref. Method 21</b>	<b>Reporting Requirements</b>	<b>IN</b>

## Current Applicable Requirements and Status (page 3 of 5)

### SECTION N

List applicable state and federal regulations and applicable test methods for determining compliance with each applicable requirement. Clearly identify federal regulations from state requirements. Provide the compliance status as of the day the application is signed.

Emission Point No.	Applicable Requirement	Pollutant	Test Method	Limits	Compliance Status IN / OUT
AA-002	TVOP No. 0800-00001, 3.B.2 & 5.B.8 APC-S-1, Section 3.6(a)	PM	NA	E = 4.1(p) <sup>0.67</sup> Monitor raw material processed (in lbs) and hours of operation daily.	IN
AB-001	TVOP No. 0800-00001, 3.B.2 & 5.B.9 APC-S-1, Section 3.6(a)	PM	NA	E = 4.1(p) <sup>0.67</sup> Monitor scrubber water flowrate weekly.	IN

## **Current Applicable Requirements and Status (page 5 of 5)**

### **SECTION N**

List applicable state and federal regulations and applicable test methods for determining compliance with each applicable requirement. Clearly identify federal regulations from state requirements. Provide the compliance status as of the day the application is signed.

Emission Point No.	Applicable Requirement	Pollutant	Test Method	Limits	Compliance Status IN / OUT
AM-003	APC-S-1, Section 3.4(a)(2) 40 CFR 60, Subpart Dc	PM	EPA Ref. Method 1-5	$E = 0.8808 \cdot T^{0.1657}$ , with monitoring and recording of fuel type and quantity on a daily basis.	NA
AM-003	TVOP No. 0800-000001, 3.B.4 APC-S-1, Section 4.1(a)	SO <sub>2</sub>	EPA Ref. Method 6	4.8 lbs/MMBTU	IN

## **Future Applicable Requirements and Status**

## SECTION N

**List applicable state and federal regulations and applicable test methods for determining compliance with each applicable requirement. Clearly identify federal regulations from state requirements. Provide the compliance status as of the day the application is signed.**

## **COMPLIANCE CERTIFICATION**

## **SECTION O**

1. Emission Point No./Name: Process Areas AA-000, AB-000, and AN-000.  
Includes all permitted emission points associated with each process area.
2. Indicate the source compliance status:
  - A.  Where this source(s) is currently in compliance, we will continue to operate and maintain this source to assure compliance for the duration of the permit.
  - B. \_\_\_\_\_ The Current Emissions Requirements and Status form (previous page) includes new requirements that apply or will apply to this source during the term of the permit. We will meet such requirements on a timely basis.
  - C. \_\_\_\_\_ This source is not in compliance. The following statement of corrective action is submitted to describe action, which we will take to achieve compliance.
    1. \_\_\_\_\_ Attached is a brief description of the problem and the proposed solution.
    2. \_\_\_\_\_ We will achieve compliance according to the following schedule.

**Progress reports will be submitted:** NA

Starting date: \_\_\_\_\_ and every six (6) months thereafter

Problem	Action	Deadline

## COMPLIANCE CERTIFICATION

## SECTION O

1. Emission Point No./Name: AM-003, 24.345 MMBTU/hr Natural Gas Process Boiler

2. Indicate the source compliance status:

A. \_\_\_\_\_ Where this source is currently in compliance, we will continue to operate and maintain this source to assure compliance for the duration of the permit.

B.  The Current Emissions Requirements and Status form (previous page) includes new requirements that apply or will apply to this source during the term of the permit. We will meet such requirements on a timely basis (*upon construction and initial operation*).

C. \_\_\_\_\_ This source is not in compliance. The following statement of corrective action is submitted to describe action, which we will take to achieve compliance.

1. \_\_\_\_\_ Attached is a brief description of the problem and the proposed solution.

2. \_\_\_\_\_ We will achieve compliance according to the following schedule.

**Progress reports will be submitted:**

Starting date: \_\_\_\_\_ and every six (6) months thereafter

Problem	Action	Deadline

**APPENDIX B**  
**EMISSION CALCULATIONS**



## **FUEL BURNING EQUIPMENT**

**HERCULES, INCORPORATED**  
**HATTIESBURG, MISSISSIPPI**

**SUMMARY OF POTENTIAL UNCONTROLLED AND REGULATORY ALLOWABLE EMISSIONS FROM FUEL BURNING EQUIPMENT**

Emissions Point	Pollutant	Potential Uncontrolled and Regulatory Allowable Emissions				Actual Emissions lb/hr
		Applicable Standard	b/hr	tons/yr	AP-42	
POWERHOUSE AREA						
All-403						
Rated Capacity	24,345 MMBtu/hr	PM/PM <sub>10</sub>	0.5173 lb/MMBtu	12.59	65.16	7.6 lb/MMBtu
Natural Gas Fired	23857.6 Tcf/yr of Nat. gas	SO <sub>2</sub>	4.8 lb/MMBtu	116.88	511.53	0.6 lb/MMBtu
		NO <sub>x</sub>			100 lb/MMBtu	0.01 lb/MMBtu
		CO			84 lb/MMBtu	10.45 lb/MMBtu
		VOC			5.5 lb/MMBtu	2.39 lb/MMBtu
IN SIGNIFICANT ACTIVITIES						
None						
<b>POTENTIAL/ACTUAL FUEL BURNING EMISSIONS</b>						
POLLUTANT		TONS/YEAR				
PM/PM <sub>10</sub>		0.79				
SO <sub>2</sub>		0.08				
NO <sub>x</sub>		10.46				
CO		8.78				
VOC		0.57				



## **MANUFACTURING PROCESSES**

**HERCULES, INCORPORATED**  
**HATTIESBURG, MISSISSIPPI**

**SUMMARY OF POTENTIAL UNCONTROLLED AND REGULATORY ALLOWABLE EMISSIONS FROM MANUFACTURING PROCESSES**

Emission Point/Process Area	Pollutant	Capacity (1) tons/hr	Emission Factor (3) lb/ton	Point Source Emissions lb/yr	Stack Test Data lb/hr	Point Source Emissions lb/yr (2)	Fugitive Emissions lb/yr (2)	Emissions tons/yr
<b>KYMENE PROCESS AREA</b>								
AA-000 Kymane Process Area	Epichlorohydrin (Fugitive)							
AA-001 Kettle Vent Water Scrubber	Epichlorohydrin and VOC (2)							
AA-002 Adipic Acid Baghouse	Particulate Matter (PM/PM <sub>10</sub> )	1.15	0.1	11.50	100740.00	0.212	21.20	185712.00
<b>PARACOL/AKD PROCESS AREA</b>								
AB-001 Water Scrubber	Particulate Matter (PM/PM <sub>10</sub> )	0.875	3.0	2.63	22995.00			
<b>EFFLUENT TREATMENT AREA</b>								
AN-000 Effluent Treatment Area	Epichlorohydrin (Fugitive)							
<b>PAPER AREA TANKS</b>								
	VOC (from 40 Tks to 10 Tks*)							
<b>TOTAL EMISSIONS</b>								
	PM/PM <sub>10</sub>							
	VOC							
	Epichlorohydrin							

- (1) Data taken from the attached 1998 and 2001 stack test data.
- (2) Data taken from the attached 2002/2007 mass balance sheets attached in Appendix C or the Summary of Fugitive Emissions calculation spreadsheets.
- (3) AA-002, used AP-42, Section 6.2 emission factor. The emission factor 0.1 lb/ton takes into account controls (assume 99% baghouse efficiency).
- AB-001 used AP-42, Section 11.13 emission factor. Based on similar operation with a unit meller - glass fiber manufacturing.
- (5) Data taken from the attached 2002/2007 mass balance sheets attached in Appendix. Emissions include capacity calculations and regulatory allowable efficiency of 98%.

**HERCULES, INCORPORATED  
HATTIESBURG, MISSISSIPPI**

**SUMMARY OF ACTUAL EMISSIONS FROM MANUFACTURING PROCESSES**

Emission Point/Process Area	Pollutant	Capacity tons/hr	Emission Factor (3) lb/ton	Point Source Emissions lb/hr	Stack Test Data lb/hr (1)	Point Source Emissions lb/hr (2)	Fugitive Emissions lb/yr (2)	Emissions tons/yr
10/17/2008								
<b>KYMANE PROCESS AREA</b>								
AA-000 Kymane Process Area	Epichlorohydrin (Fugitive)							2998.46
AA-001 Kettle Vent Water Scrubber	Epichlorohydrin and VOC (2)							1.50
AA-002 Adipic Acid Baghouse	Particulate Matter (PM/PM <sub>10</sub> )	1.15	0.1	11.50	100740.00	0.212	1857.12	1.05
<b>PARACOOLAKD PROCESS AREA</b>								
AB-001 Water Scrubber	Particulate Matter (PM/PM <sub>10</sub> )	0.875	3.0	0.66	5748.75			2.87
<b>EFFLUENT TREATMENT AREA</b>								
AN-000 Effluent Treatment Area	Epichlorohydrin (Fugitive)							0.00
<b>PAPER AREA TANKS</b>								
	VOC (from 40 Tks to 10 Tks*)							
<b>TOTAL EMISSIONS</b>								
	PM/PM <sub>10</sub>							3.80
	VOC							2.94
	Epichlorohydrin							2.55

(1) Data taken from the attached 1988 and 2001 stack test data.

(2) Data taken from the attached 2002/2007 mass balance sheets attached in Appendix C or the Summary of Fugitive Emissions calculation spreadsheets.

(3) AA-002, used AP-42, Section 6.2 emission factor. The emission factor 0.1 lb/ton takes into account controls (assume 99% baghouse efficiency). AB-001 used AP-42, Section 11.13 emission factor. Based on similar operation with a unit melter - glass fiber manufacturing.

(5) Data taken from the attached 2002/2007 mass balance sheets attached in Appendix. Emissions include capacity calculations and regulatory allowable efficiency of 98%.



## **FUGITIVE EMISSIONS**

**HERCULES, INCORPORATED  
HATTIESBURG, MISSISSIPPI**

**SUMMARY OF POTENTIAL UNCONTROLLED FUGITIVE EMISSIONS FROM MANUFACTURING PROCESSES**

Emission Point/Process Area	Pollutant	Equipment Type	No. of Equipment	SOCMF Emission Factor (lb/hr)	Emissions
			Non-Leaking	Average	lb/hr
10/17/2008					tons/yr
AA-000 Kyneme Process Area	Epichlorohydrin and VOC (Fugitive)	Pumps (3) and Agitator (1) Valves (liquid service)	4.00 49.00	0.03 0.00	0.10 0.19
		Valves (vapor service)	8.00	0.00	0.01
		Connectors	333.00	0.00	0.04
					0.19
					1.50
Emission Point/Process Area	Pollutant	Equipment Type/Process	Amount (lbs)	Emission Factor	Emissions
AN-000 Effluent Treatment Area	Epichlorohydrin (Fugitive)				0.00
					0.00

Data taken from the attached 2002/2007 mass balance sheets attached in Appendix C.

**HERCULES, INCORPORATED**  
**HATTIESBURG, MISSISSIPPI**

**SUMMARY OF ACTUAL FUGITIVE EMISSIONS FROM MANUFACTURING PROCESSES**

Emission Point/Process Area	Pollutant	Equipment Type	No. of Equipment	SOCMF Emission Factor (lb/hr)	Days Operated	Emissions
			Non-Leaking	Average		lb/hr
						tons/yr
<b>10/17/2008</b>						
AA-000 Kymene Process Area	Epichlorohydrin and VOC (Fugitive)	Pumps (3) and Agitator (1)	4	0.02600		385
		Valves (liquid service)	49	0.00380		0.19
		Valves (vapor service)	8	0.00110		0.01
		Connectors	333	0.00013		0.04
						0.19
						1.60
Emission Point/Process Area	Pollutant	Equipment Type/Process	Amount (lbs)	Emission Factor		Emissions
AN-000 Effluent Treatment Area	Epichlorohydrin (Fugitive)					0.00
						0.00

(1) AC-004, used AP-42, Section 11.21 emission factor. Based on similar operation loading material - phosphate rock processing. PM emissions also include PM entrained with VOC emissions; therefore, it is assumed that each pound of VOC emissions calculated will also equal a pound of PM.

(2) Data taken from the attached 2002/2007 mass balance sheets attached in Appendix C.

**APPENDIX C**  
**SUPPORTING DATA**

## **STACK TESTING RESULTS**



# Interoffice Memo

cc: E. P. Trotter  
D. W. Linde  
G. Shelley  
W. Langhans  
D. Flanner

Hattiesburg, MS  
July 25, 1989

To: P. W. Kirkendall  
From: C. S. Jordan

## AIR SAMPLING SUMMARY

The attachment is a summary of air sampling results for emission points as required in our permit to operate air emission equipment.

Test results are shown as the average of three-one hour samplings. The flowrates are in SCFH and the VOC in lbs/hr unless indicated otherwise. Analyses other than VOC are also indicated. The lbs/yr does not take into account actual operating hours.

Rather than going through a lengthy discussion of each sampling results please let me know if you have specific questions about any of the results.

CSJ:ml

## SAMPLING PLAN

Emission Point	Definition	Sampling	Storage tank data forms						
010	Resin Process Area								
011	Mill Room Area	Area down.							
012	Extractor, Refinery, and Still House Combination Water and Oil Scrubber	Area down.							
013	Pedite Plant Oil Scrubber	EPA Method 25 for VOC.							
020	Dalnay Plant	Area permanently shut down by year's end.							
021	Flare Tower	Calculation for sulfur dioxide for banking.							
022	Limestone Tank No. 1	See Emission Point 020.	(Down)						
023	Limestone Tank No. 2	See Emission Point 020.	(Down)						
024	Digestion Sump Vent	EPA Method 25 for VOC for banking.	(Down)						
030	Poly-Pale Plant	Storage tank data forms	(Tanks T)						
031	McKee Boiler	By calculation for natural gas	2,475 MCF/Yr. of Natural Gas						
032	McKee Boiler	By calculation for natural gas	2,475 MCF/Yr. of Natural Gas						
033	Water Scrubber (2 vents)	EPA Method 25 for VOC, plus sulfur dioxide impinger trap, plus toluene by G.C. for East and West vents.	4.14 0.009 6.84-4	0.01 1.39 5.29-5	6.48-4 2.4-3 6.84-4	1.12-5 1.56-5 5.29-5	4.21-6 6.18-5 4.31-6	2.21-4 8.25-4 2.47-4	1.9 7.2 2.2(T)

## RESULTS

Emission Point	Definition	FLOW SCFT			Y.O.C. (lbs/hr.)
		#1 (Tanks E L, P, R, H, Y, TX)	#2 (Down)	#3 (Down)	
010	Resin Process Area				
011	Mill Room Area				
012	Extractor, Refinery, and Still House Combination Water and Oil Scrubber				
013	Pedite Plant Oil Scrubber				
020	Dalnay Plant				
021	Flare Tower	124,288 lbs. H <sub>2</sub> S → 233,954 lbs. SO <sub>2</sub> (CY-1987)			
022	Limestone Tank No. 1				
023	Limestone Tank No. 2				
024	Digestion Sump Vent				
030	Poly-Pale Plant				
031	McKee Boiler				
032	McKee Boiler				
033	Water Scrubber (2 vents)				

SAVING PLAN

SAMPLING PLAN

Emission Point Definition	Sampling
(continued)	
033	
034 Heat Treatment	No vent
040 Resin Shed	Storage tank data forms
041 Drumming Operation	Per our discussion we propose not to sample.
042 Flaking Belt Vapor Water Scrubber	EPA Method 25 for VOC
043 Flaking Belt Dust Water Scrubber	EPA Method 5 for particulate
050 Package Boiler No. 5	By calculation for natural gas
060 Vinsol Resin Process	Storage tank data forms
061 Sealas Furnace No. 1	By calculation for natural gas
062 Sealas Furnace No. 2	Identical to Emission Point 061
063 Water Scrubber Kettle No. 1	EPA Method 25 for VOC
064 Water Scrubber Kettle No. 2	Identical to Emission Point 063

SUSSEX

FLOW SCFM		Y.O.C. (lbs/hr)					
#1	#2	#3	Avg	#1	#2	#3	Avg
554	288	370	404	0.836	1.254	2.07	1.39
				1.093	0.691	0.924	0.903
				0.834	0.766	1.220	0.94
							8,234
(Tanks B)							
(Did not sample)							
0	0	0	0	1,346 ppm	1,418 ppm	4,518 ppm	2,427 ppm
							No 11
23,108	21,981	23,998	23,029	0.374	0.40	0.470	0.415
							3,634
842,277 MCF/YR. of Natural Gas							
(Tanks VN)							
121 MCF/YR. of Natural Gas							
(Spare)							
219	240	212	224	0.217	0.416	0.294	0.309
							2,707
(Only one scrubber - See 063)							



## SAMPLING PLAN

Location Point	Definition	Sampling EPA Method	Sampling 5 for particulates	Flow SCFM	V.O.C. (lbs/hr)
101	Bowl Naboo Dust Collector		#1 487,959	\$2 50,510	\$3 465,287
102	Flaking Belt Vapor Water Scrubber	EPA Method 25 for VOC		Avg 406,603	Avg 467,918
110	Foral and Staybelle Plant			425,254	0.651
111	Struthers-Wells Boiler	Storage tank data forms By calculation for natural gas		426,495	0.673
112	Hydrogen Process	EPA Method 25 for VOC		419,450	0.842
120	Hydrogen Furnace	Storage tank data forms			0.722
130	Pilot Plant Area	Storage tank data forms			6,325
131	Struthers-Wells Boiler	By calculation for natural gas			57,371
132	Vent No. 1	Area down. (Down)			
133	Vent No. 2	Area down. (Down)			
140	Resin 731 Area	Storage tank data forms (Tanks D)			
150	Stills and Dresinate Area	Storage tank data forms (Tanks D ES)			
151	Foster-Wheeler Boiler	By calculation for natural gas 8,160 MCF/Yr. of Natural Gas			

Location Point	Definition	Flow SCFM	V.O.C. (lbs/hr)
		#1 487,959	\$2 50,510
		\$2 465,287	Avg 467,918
		\$1 0.651	Avg 0.673
		\$2 0.673	Avg 0.842
		\$3 0.842	Avg 0.722
		\$4 6,325	Avg 57,371

SAMPLING PLAN

<u>Emulsion Point</u>	<u>Definition</u>	<u>Sampling</u>	<u>Storage tank data forms</u>	<u>RESULTS</u>
160 Kynure Plant				
161 Kettle Water Aspirator	EPA Method 25 for VOC, plus Epichlorohydrin by G.C.		#1 (Tanks K)	FLOW SCFM
162 Dust Collector	EPA Method 5 for particulates	#2	#3	Avg
170 Defoamer Plant	Storage tank data forms	0	0	0
171 Silica Drier Furnace	By calculation for natural gas	18,595 ppm 0	8,320 ppm 137 ppm	3,134 ppm 16 ppm
172 Dust Collector	EPA Method 5 for particulates	36,251	35,071	33,635
180 Rosin Amine D Plant	Storage tank data forms	(Tanks DP)	0.307	0.266
181 Struthers-Wells Boiler	By calculation for natural gas	1,918 MCF/Yr. of Natural Gas	0.0635	0.212
182 Ammoniation Water Scrubber	EPA Method 25 for VOC plus ammonia impinger trap	81,235	78,154	77,215
183 Amine Reactor Water Scrubber	EPA Method 25 for VOC	(Tanks RA)	6,246	0.782
190 Polyrad and Polyol Area	Storage tank data forms, plus EPA Method 25 for VOC, plus ethylene oxide by G.C.	24,515 MCF/Yr. of Natural Gas	0.961	2.669
200 Para-menthane Unit	Area down.	(Tanks RA)		23,38
210 Para-menthane Hydroperoxide Unit	Area down.	(Down)		
		(Down)		

				Y.O.C. (lb/hr)
			#1	#2
			#2	#3
			#3	Avg
			Avg	
			#1	#2
			#2	#3
			#3	Avg
			Avg	

SAMPLING PLAN

Emission Point	Definition	Sampling	FLOW SCFM				Y.O.C. (Lbs/Hr.)			
			#1 (Down)	#2	#3	Avg	#1	#2	#3	Avg
220	Sulfate Turpentine Refining Unit	Area down.								
230	Carbon Regeneration Furnace Scrubber	EPA Method 25 for VOC	101,962	101,499	103,826	102,429	13.62	3.24	5.15	7.34
240	Murry Boiler	By calculation for natural gas	267,443 MCF/YR. of Natural Gas							
152	Stills and Dress Nitrate Area	Storage tank data forms (Tanks D, PS)								
250	Para-cymene Unit	Storage tank data forms (Tanks HP)								
260	Synthetic Pine Oil Facility	Storage tank data forms (Tanks TC)								
270	Paracol Plant	Storage tank data forms (Tanks DP)								
018	Neckor Plant	Storage tank data forms, plus VOC (Tanks T)	269	260	289	273	8.54 <sup>-3</sup>	1.7 <sup>-2</sup>	3.88 <sup>-3</sup>	0.01

**MASS BALANCE SPREADSHEETS**

## **CAPACITY**

Fees 01adj#2 uses a different calculation method for scrubber efficiency based upon MACT standards for E.O. and EPI.  
The implied efficiency in both standards is 98.0 which is in this forms input data, unless otherwise input differently.

## CAPACITY

### \*\*\* INPUT \*\*\*

CALANDER YEAR	CAPACITY
*** = No input change	
POLY-PALE (LBS)	60,426,480 LBS
MELHI (LBS)	2,645,520 LBS
TOTAL PRODUCTION **CALC**	63,072,000 LBS
WASTEWATER FLOW (GPM)	52 GPM***
TOLUENE SOLUBILITY (PPM)	570 PPM***
DISPOSAL (LBS)	0 LBS
DISP. SOLV FRACTION	0.00 FRACTION
TOLUENE USAGE (LBS)	794,243 LBS
NITROGEN (MCF)*	37,809 MCF ***
STEAM (MCF)*	149,032 MCF ***
% STEAM, BLOWING LINES	10 %***
MELHI (% TOLUENE)	4.0 %***
PP HEAT TREAT (% TOLUENE)	1.5 %***
POLY-PALE (% TOLUENE)	0.2 %***
NITROGEN SWEEP EFFICIENCY	0.5 DECIMAL***
COMMON VENT COND. TEMP. (I	75 degF***
(1) PRODUCTION	63,072,000 LBS
LAB SOLVENT DISPOSAL	16,200 LBS
% TOLUENE	50 %***
OLD PAINT DISPOSAL	0 LBS
% TOLUENE	50 %***

### \*\*\* OUTPUT \*\*\*

TOLUENE(LBS)	P.V.F / LDAR ADJUSTED
COST SHEET USAGE (LOSSES)	794,243
TANK BREATHING AND WORKING	150,198
NITROGEN VENTING/BLOWING	194,088
WASTEWATER TREATMENT VENTING	25,726
WWT PARTITIONED TO SLUDGE	7,146
WWT ABSORPTION/INCINERATION	0
WWT DISCHARGE	0
POLY-PALE	121,095
MELHI	105,821
P,V,F (LDAR/ADJUSTED BY DIFF)	80,122
TOTAL CALCULATED	794,243
FUGITIVE BY DIFF = a + b + c + d =	314,184
DIFFERENCE(COST SHEET-CALC)	(0)
WWT DISCHARGE TO POTW =	110,048
QUANTITY ON-SITE IMPOUNDMENT	404

TOLUENE SUMMARY FOR :  
POLY-PALE  
METAL RESINATES  
ZEON  
LAB

Point source	344,285	R( II / 5.2 )
Discharge direct	0	R( II / 5.3.1 )
WWT Ad/Inc	0	
Venting@WWT	25,726	
Fug(by diff)	313,780	
Total Fug ( Fug + wwtVent )	339,506	R( II / 5.1 )
Discharge to POTW	110,048	R(II / 6.1A1.)
Total(Pt,Dis,Inc,Vt,Fug)	794,243	
Total(less Inc)	794,243	
Quantity on-site impoundment	404	R(II / 5.5.3)
Quantity Released	684,195	R( II / 8.1 )
Treated on-site	0	R( II / 8.6 )
Treated off-site	118,148	R( II / 8.7 )
activity index	1.00	R( II / 8.9 )

		HISTORICAL	ACID BALANCE
98% SULFURIC ACID	7,348,712 LBS (PP+WT)		
HISTORICAL NEUTRALIZATION	0.84 FACTOR***		
PPM SULFUR IN PPPRODUCT	500 PPM***		
OTHER ALK. WASTEWATER	150,000 GPD***	FUGITIVE SO2 =	
AVERAGE pH	~10.5 pH (>10 & <11)		616,290 LBS
AVERAGE NORMALITY	0.005 NORM ( for ~ 10.5 pH )		48.86 LBS/HR
TYPICAL PRODUCTION RATE	120,000 LBS/DAY***	AT CAPACITY =	308.14 TONS/YEAR
DAYS OPERATION**CALC**	526 DAYS		511.69 TONS/YEAR
100% CAUSTIC	3,060,540 LBS (PP+WT)		
T/T WEAK ACID SOLD	0 NUMBER	RECYCLED OFF-SITE =	
AVERAGE T/T WEIGHT	42,000 LBS		0 LBS/YEAR
AVERAGE % ACID STRENGTH	0.40 FRACTION***	RECYCLED ON-SITE =	6,405,018 LBS/YEAR

LEAD BARS 1/4"	70 LBS		
LEAD BARS 3/16"	44 LBS		
TOTAL BURNING BARS	114 LBS >100 REPORT !	FUGITIVE EMISSIONS =	0.09 LBS/YEAR (R5.1, R8.1)
SANDBLASTING SAND	1,000 LBS	RELEASED ONSITE =	0.20 LBS/YEAR (R5.5.4 R8.1)
SAND TCLP LEAD	1,142 PPM	TRANSFER OFFSITE =	1.24 LBS/YEAR (R6.2 R8.1)
TYVEK SUITS	295 LBS	RECYCLED OFFSITE =	0.00 LBS/YEAR (R8.5)
TYVEK TCLP LEAD	344 PPM	ACTIVITY INDEX =	1.00
LEAD EMISSION FACTOR	1.5 LBS / TON		
LEAD SHEETS 1/8"	4,960 LBS		
LEAD SHEETS 1/4"	0 LBS		
TOTAL SHEETS	4,960 LBS		
SOLD TO SHEMPER	0 LBS		

E O USAGE IN POLYDAD	753,360 LBS	E O "LOSSES"(USAGE-THEORY)	96,875 LBS
E O USAGE IN E O D	621,960 LBS	FUGITIVE EMISSIONS	17,365 LBS
TOTAL E.O USAGE (CALC)	1,375,320 LBS	POINT SOURCE EMISSIONS	1,590 LBS
POLYRAD 0515	0 LBS	E.O TO ETHYLENE GLYCOL	77,920 LBS
POLYRAD 0515A	424,860 LBS	ETHYLENE GLYCOL PRODUCED	109,797 LBS
POLYRAD 1110	1,019,664 LBS	QUANTITY RELEASED	18,955 LBS
POLYRAD 1110A	254,916 LBS		R( II / 8.1 )
SURFACTANT AR150	779,640 LBS	ACTIVITY INDEX	1.00
SURFACTANT AR160	0 LBS	FOR >25,000LBS :	R( II / 8.9 )
# DAYS OP. (CAN USE NA)	365 DAYS (manual input	ETHYLENE GLYCOL DISCHARGED	0 LBS
(1) E. O. USAGE	1,375,320 required in "F132")	ETHYLENE GLYCOL TREATED ON-SITE	0 LBS
SCRUBBER EFFICIENCY	98.0 % ASSUME***	ETHYLENE GLYCOL TO POTW	109,797 LBS
KYMENE 557H	0 LBS	FIGITIVE EMISSIONS	2,998 LBS/YEAR
KYMENE 557LX	0 LBS	POINT SOURCE EMISSION	4,841 LBS/YEAR
KYMENE 736	0 LBS	TO WWT	17,493 LBS/YEAR
KYMENE 1022	0 LBS	WWT VENTING	0 LBS/YEAR
KYMENE MXC	0	WWT TO SLUDGE	350 LBS/YEAR
KYMENE 621	0	WWT BIOLOGICAL	2,274 LBS/YEAR
KYMENE 625LX	0	WWT ADSORB. / INCIN.	0 LBS/YEAR
TOTAL KYMENE **CALC**	121,939,200 LBS	WWT EFF. DISCHARGE	0 LBS/YEAR
EPI IN 557H	0 LBS	QUANTITY RELEASED	8,189 LBS/YEAR
EPI IN 557LX	0 LBS		R( II / 8.6 )
EPI IN 736	0 LBS	QUANTITY TREAT ON-SITE	2,274 LBS/YEAR
EPI IN 1022	0 LBS	QUANTITY ON-SITE IMPOL	350 LBS/YEAR
EPI IN MXC	0	ACTIVITY INDEX	1.00
EPI IN 621	0	WWT DISCHARGE TO POT	14,869 LBS/YEAR
EPI IN 625LX	0		R( II / 8.7 )
TOTAL EPI **CALC**	5,475,000 LBS		
NITROGEN USAGE	9,481 MCF		
NITROGEN SWEEP EFFICIENCY	0.2		
(1) PRODUCTION	121,939,200 LBS		
SCRUBBER EFFICIENCY	98.0 % ASSUME		

MONTHS WWT FURN OP                    0 MONTHS

HISTORICAL DATA ("SAME")?

TOLUENE IN ZEON WWT	0 LBS/YR
TOLUENE IN I.B. SLUDGE	404 LBS/YR
AMMONIA IN I.B. SLUDGE	443 LBS/YR
I.B. SLUDGE GEN RATE	4 CU YDS/ DAY

ROSIN METLER @ POLY-PALE		SHEEN QUANTITY =	7 Gallons spilled
CHEMICAL NAME	PEXOIL / LIGHT ENDS	SHEEN QUANTITY =	56 Lbs spilled
MOLECULAR WEIGHT	302 lb/mole	EST. RECOVERY =	42 Lbs recovered
AREA OF SPILL	96 ft <sup>2</sup>	(SPILL-RECOVERY) =	14 LBS (NET RELEASE)
VAPOR PRESSURE	0.004450 psia	VAPOR GENERATION	0.000100 lbs/sec
TEMPERATURE	266 oF		0.0060 lbs/min
WIND SPEED	5 miles/hour		0.36 lbs/hr
SHEEN THICKNESS	0.125 inches		8.6 lbs/day
SP. GR.	0.89 decimal		3,139 lbs/year
EST. % RECOVERY	75 %		1.57 tpy

RESIN PRODUCTION	246,758,792 LBS	ROSIN PLANT-WIDE VOC	=	3.68 TPY
PAPER PRODUCTION	425,035,200 LBS			
"ROSIN" HANDLING FACTOR(est)	2 (ie."DOUBLE" HANDLING)	ROSIN PLANT-WIDE VOC	=	11.13 TPY (@ CAI
NUMBER OF TANKS ( est )	30 RESINS			
NUMBER OF TANKS ( est )	10 PAPER			
AVERAGE TANK DIAMETER(est)	10 FT			
AVERAGE TANK HEIGHT(est)	20 FT			
AVG. VAPOR SPACE**CALC**	10 FT			
"ROSIN" MOL. WEIGHT	302			
TEMPERATURE	175 oC or = 347 oF (calc)			
VAPOR PRESSURE	0.200 mm Hg or = 0.003868 psi (calc)			
AMBIENT DELTA TEMP.	20 oF			

TPY			
	PM	44.93	
EPI (Form R-Air "only")	7,839 lbs/yr	SO2	522.96
Eth BZ (Form R-Air)	0 lbs/yr	NOX	60.22
Eth GLYCOL (Form R-Air)	0 lbs/yr	CO	19.56
Eth OXIDE (Form R-Air)	18,955 lbs/yr	VOC*	584.78
MALEIC ANH (Form R-Air)	0 lbs/yr	TRS	0
TOLUENE (Form R-Air)	683,791 lbs/yr	LEAD	0
XLYENE (Form R-Air)	0 lbs/yr	CFC/HCFC	0
Adipic acid - lbs	7,043,040 lbs/yr	Other	0
Gum rosin/PP-lbs (melter)	43,800,000 lbs/yr	totHAP-voc	355.29
Resin flaked/HRA-lbs	61,320,000 lbs/yr	TH non-voc	0
Nat Gas-(Poly-Pale)	12,535 mcf		
(Power House)	431,938 mcf	SUM =	1232.46 TPY
(HRA)	13,484 mcf	CAPACITY FEE RATE=	25.00 \$/TON
(Rosin Dist.)	2,891 mcf	TOTAL \$ =	30,811
(Hydrogen)	0 mcf		
(RAD)	4,940 mcf	By quarters	7,702.85
(Eff. Treatment)	0 mcf		
CAPACITY Fee Rate =	25.00 \$/TON		
Poly-pale prod	60,426,480 lbs	* = Reflects Total VOC from the facility	
SO2 Fugitives @ Poly-Pale	511.69 TPY	Including VOC's that are HAP's	
HRA Kettle production	56,064,000 lbs/yr		
HRA Flaked	61,320,000 lbs/yr		
Plt. fug est non-HAP VOC	3.68 TPY		
Poly-Pale melter n-H- VOC	3,139 lbs/yr		
Dowtherm-(Poly-Pale)	26,200 lbs/yr	BIPHENYL LOSS = 27%TOTAL=	121,853 LBS
Dowtherm-(HRA)	169,193 lbs/yr		[ LESS THAN 10,000 LBS ? ]
Dowtherm-(Rosin Dist.)	222,228 lbs/yr		NO REPORT REQUIRED
Dowtherm-(RAD)	33,685 lbs/yr		

FROM FORM R CALCULATIONS=

"TPY"

EPICHLOROHYDRIN	3.92
ETHYL BENZENE	0.00
ETHYLENE GLYCOL	0.00
ETHYLENE OXIDE	9.48
MALEIC ANHYDRIDE	0.00
TOLUENE	341.90
XYLENE	0.00
total VOC (Form R)	355.29

AMMONIA USAGE @ RAD	1,042,440 LBS	NH3 "LOSSES"(USAGE-THEORY)	663,857 LBS	= 63.7%
NITRILE PRODUCTION	8,935,200 LBS OF 731-D FEED	FUGITIVE EMISSIONS	34,660 LBS	R( II / 5.1 )
WASTEWATER FLOW AVG	95,268 GPD	POINT SOURCE EMISSIONS	8,541 LBS	R( II / 5.2 )
AVERAGE WASTEWATER pH	10.0	NH3 TO (NH4)2SO4 @ 90%, & 10% POTV	620,655 LBS	
pH NORMALITY	0.00100	AMMONIUM SULFATE PRODUCED	2,168,642 LBS <?>	25,000LBS
I.B. SLUDGE GENERATE RATE	4 CU YD/DAY	AMMONIA RECYCLE	6,012,989 LBS	R( II / 8.4 )
AQ NH3 AT DRESINOL	0 LBS	NH3 "LOSSES"/ 1,000 LBS FEED	74.3 LBS/1,000 LBS FEED	
H2SO4 TOTES @40% =	0 NUMBER	QUANTITY RELEASED	105,710 LBS	R( II / 8.1 )
		QUANTITY TO POTW	62,066 LBS	R(6.1A.1.)(R8)
		QUANTITY ON-SITE IMPOUNDMENT	443 LBS	(RIII/ 5.5.3)

PARTICULATE MATTER

AC-002 (162) Dust collector @ Kymene

$$\begin{array}{l} 0.93 \text{ TPY in 1988(base data)} \\ \hline 2,370,000 \text{ lbs used in 1988} \end{array} = 7,043,040 \text{ lbs} = 2.76 \text{ TPY (PM)}$$

AC-004 (-) Gum rosin melted @ Poly-Pale

Based on process weight equation,  $E = 4.1 * P^{0.67}$   
E = Particulate emissions in lbs/hour  
P = Process input capacity in tons/hour  
Capacity = 80hrs/8hr shift = 2.5 tons/hour

$$= 33.18 \text{ TPY (PM)}$$

AG-005 (101) Dust collector @ HRA

3 16 TPY in 1988(base data)

-----  
26,840,510 lbs flaked in 1988

61,320,000 lbs =

7.22 TPY (PM)

A-(Plant) Fuel burning @ PP.PH.HRA,Rosin dist,H2.RAD,Eff

Poly-Pale - 3.2mmBTU/hr heat input  
PM = 7.6lb/mmCUFT nat gas = 0.05 tpy 0.05 TPY(PM)  
PM(10)=0lb/mmCUFT nat gas = 0.00 tpy  
SO2 = 0.6lb/mmCUFT nat gas = 0.00 TPY(SO2)  
NOX = 100lb/mmCUFT nat gas = 0.63 TPY(NOX)  
CO = 84lb/mmCUFT nat gas = 0.53 TPY(CO)  
VOC = 5.5lb/mmCUFT nat gas = 0.03 TPY(VOC)

Power House - #5 Boiler = 156mmBTU/hr heat input  
Power House - #6 Boiler = 65mmBTU/hr heat input  
Assume 95% and 5% split of nat gas between #5 and #6 boilers

For #5 Boiler  
PM = 7.6lb/mmCUFT nat gas = 1.56 tpy 1.56 TPY(PM)  
PM(10)=0lb/mmCUFT nat gas = 0.00 tpy  
SO2 = 0.6lb/mmCUFT nat gas = 0.12 TPY(SO2)  
NOX = 280lb/mmCUFT nat gas = 57.45 TPY(NOX)  
CO = 84lb/mmCUFT nat gas = 17.23 TPY(CO)  
VOC = 5.5lb/mmCUFT nat gas = 1.13 TPY(VOC)

For #6 Boiler  
PM = 7.6lb/mmCUFT nat gas = 0.08 tpy 0.08 TPY(PM)  
PM(10)=0lb/mmCUFT nat gas = 0.00 tpy  
SO2 = 0.6lb/mmCUFT nat gas = 0.01 TPY(SO2)  
NOX = 100lb/mmCUFT nat gas = 1.08 TPY(NOX)  
CO = 84lb/mmCUFT nat gas = 0.91 TPY(CO)  
VOC = 5.5lb/mmCUFT nat gas = 0.06 TPY(VOC)

Hard Resins - 8.3mmBTU/hr heat input  
PM = 7.6lb/mmCUFT nat gas = 0.05 tpy 0.05 TPY(PM)  
PM(10)=0lb/mmCUFT nat gas = 0.00 tpy  
SO2 = 0.6lb/mmCUFT nat gas = 0.00 TPY(SO2)  
NOX = 100lb/mmCUFT nat gas = 0.67 TPY(NOX)  
CO = 84lb/mmCUFT nat gas = 0.57 TPY(CO)  
VOC = 5.5lb/mmCUFT nat gas = 0.04 TPY(VOC)

Rosin Dist. - 3.3mmBTU/hr heat input  
PM = 7.6lb/mmCUFT nat gas = 0.01 tpy 0.01 TPY(PM)  
PM(10)=0lb/mmCUFT nat gas = 0.00 tpy  
SO2 = 0.6lb/mmCUFT nat gas = 0.00 TPY(SO2)  
NOX = 100lb/mmCUFT nat gas = 0.14 TPY(NOX)  
CO = 84lb/mmCUFT nat gas = 0.12 TPY(CO)  
VOC = 5.5lb/mmCUFT nat gas = 0.01 TPY(VOC)

Hydrogen - 21.0mmBTU/hr heat input  
PM = 7.6lb/mmCUFT nat gas = 0.00 tpy 0.00 TPY(PM)  
PM(10)=0lb/mmCUFT nat gas = 0.00 tpy  
SO2 = 0.6lb/mmCUFT nat gas = 0.00 TPY(SO2)  
NOX = 100lb/mmCUFT nat gas = 0.00 TPY(NOX)  
CO = 84lb/mmCUFT nat gas = 0.00 TPY(CO)  
VOC = 5.5lb/mmCUFT nat gas = 0.00 TPY(VOC)

Rosin Amine D - 8.3mmBTU/hr heat input  
PM = 7.6lb/mmCUFT nat gas = 0.02 tpy 0.02 TPY(PM)  
PM(10)=0lb/mmCUFT nat gas = 0.00 tpy  
SO2 = 0.6lb/mmCUFT nat gas = 0.00 TPY(SO2)  
NOX = 100lb/mmCUFT nat gas = 0.25 TPY(NOX)  
CO = 84lb/mmCUFT nat gas = 0.21 TPY(CO)  
VOC = 5.5lb/mmCUFT nat gas = 0.01 TPY(VOC)

Eff Treatment - 2.95mmBTU/hr heat input  
PM = 7.6lb/mmCUFT nat gas = 0.00 tpy 0.00 TPY(PM)  
PM(10)=0lb/mmCUFT nat gas = 0.00 tpy  
SO2 = 0.6lb/mmCUFT nat gas = 0.00 TPY(SO2)  
NOX = 100lb/mmCUFT nat gas = 0.00 TPY(NOX)  
CO = 84lb/mmCUFT nat gas = 0.00 TPY(CO)  
VOC = 5.5lb/mmCUFT nat gas = 0.00 TPY(VOC)

TOTAL PM	44.93 TPY
TOT SO2	0.14 TPY
TOT NOX	60.22 TPY
TOT CO	19.56 TPY
TOT VOC	1.28 TPY

SO2 FROM 1988 DATA

Poly-Pale east and west vents = 7.2lbs/yr + 7,907lbs/yr = 7,914lbs/yr = 3.96TPY

$$\frac{3.96 \text{ TPY (1988 Base data)}}{21,495,048 \text{ lbs Poly-Pale (1988)}} = \frac{60,426,480 \text{ lbs}}{11.13 \text{ TPY(SO2)}}$$

VOC = VOC Assumed to be non-HAP

VOC FROM 1988 DATA

Poly-Pale east and west vents = 1.9lb/hr + 12,147lb/yr = 12,149lb/yr = 6.07 TPY

$$\frac{6.07 \text{ TPY (1988 Base data)}}{21,495,048 \text{ lbs Poly-Pale (1988)}} = \frac{60,426,480 \text{ lbs}}{17.06 \text{ TPY(VOC)}}$$

HRA Water scrubber - Kettles/Hot = 98,696lbs/yr = 49.35 TPY

$$\frac{49.35 \text{ TPY (1988 Base data)}}{19,713,604 \text{ lbs Production (1988)}} = \frac{56,064,000 \text{ lbs}}{140.35 \text{ TPY(VOC)}}$$

HRA Water scrubber - Flaking/Hot end = 57,378lbs/yr = 28.69 TPY

$$\frac{28.69 \text{ TPY (1988 Base data)}}{26,840,510 \text{ lbs flaked (1988)}} = \frac{61,320,000 \text{ lbs}}{65.55 \text{ TPY(VOC)}}$$

Carbon Furnace = 64,269 lbs/yr = 32.14 TPY

$$32.14 \text{ TPY (1988 Base data)} \quad \text{"ASSUME THE SAME"} = \frac{32.14 \text{ TPY(VOC)}}$$

'NOTE:: Furnace only ran "X" months :: Therefore subtract (12 - "X") months

-32.14

"Rosin" VOC and "Paper Chemicals" VOC "ESTIMATES"

$$\text{From Plant-wide fugitive emission estimates spreadsheet} = \frac{3.68 \text{ TPY(VOC)}}$$

$$\text{Poly-Pale melter fugitives} = \frac{1.57 \text{ TPY(VOC)}}$$

$$\text{TOTAL VOC*} = \frac{228.21 \text{ TPY(VOC*)}}$$

EVAPORATION LOSSES

SOURCE :: Rosin Melter@ Poly-Pale (VP of Pexoil / Light Ends)

\*\*\* INPUT \*\*\*

CHEMICAL NAME	PEXOIL / LIGHT ENDS
MOLECULAR WEIGHT	302 lb/mole
AREA OF SPILL	96 ft <sup>2</sup>
VAPOR PRESSURE	0.004450 psia
TEMPERATURE	266 oF
WIND SPEED	5 miles/hour
SHEEN THICKNESS	0.125 inches
SP. GR.	0.89 decimal
EST. % RECOVERY	75 %

\*\*\* OUTPUT \*\*\*

SHEEN QUANTITY =	7 Gallons spilled
SHEEN QUANTITY =	56 Lbs spilled
EST. RECOVERY =	42 Lbs recovered
(SPILL-RECOVERY) =	14 LBS (NET RELEASE)
VAPOR GENERATION	0.000100 lbs/sec 0.0060 lbs/min 0.36 lbs/hr 8.6 lbs/day 3,139 lbs/year

M K A P

$$W = \frac{M K A P}{R T}$$

W = VAPOR GENERATION RATE, lbs/second  
 M = MOLECULAR WEIGHT OF CHEMICAL  
 A = AREA OF SPILL, ft<sup>2</sup>  
 P = VAPOR PRESSURE, psia.  
 R = UNIVERSAL GAS CONSTANT, 10 73 psia-ft<sup>3</sup>/oR-lb mole  
 T = TEMPERATURE OF LIQUID, oR = oF + 460  
 K = GAS-PHASE MASS TRANSFER COEFFICIENT, ft/second

$$K = 0.00438 (U)^{0.78} (D / 3.1 \cdot 10^{-4})^{1/2/3}$$

D = DIFFUSION COEFFICIENT, ft/second

U = WINDSPEED, miles/hour

IF "D" IS NOT AVAILABLE

$$K = 0.00438 (U)^{0.78} (18/M)^{1/3}$$

#### ROSIN: FUGITIVE EMISSIONS ESTIMATES-PLANT WIDE

##### \*\*\*INPUT\*\*\*

CALANDER YEAR	CAPACITY
RESIN PRODUCTION	246,758,792 LBS
PAPER PRODUCTION	425,035,200 LBS
"ROSIN" HANDLING FACTOR(est)	2 (ie, "DOUBLE" HANDLING)
NUMBER OF TANKS (est.)	30 RESINS
NUMBER OF TANKS (est.)	10 PAPER
AVERAGE TANK DIAMETER(est)	10 FT
AVERAGE TANK HEIGHT(est)	20 FT
AVG. VAPOR SPACE**CALC**	10 FT
"ROSIN" MOL. WEIGHT	302
TEMPERATURE	175 oC or = 347 oF (calc)
VAPOR PRESSURE	0.200 mm Hg or = 0.003868 psi (calc)
AMBIENT DELTA TEMP.	20 oF

\* FOR CALCULATIONS: PAINT FACTOR, PRODUCT FACTOR, SMALL TANK FACTOR, TURNOVER FACTOR, ARE IN EQUATIONS

##### \*\*\*OUTPUT\*\*\*

ROSIN PLANT-WIDE VOC =	3.68 TPY
ROSIN PLANT-WIDE VOC =	11.13 TPY (@ CAPACITY)

#### FOR ROSIN "VOC" ESTIMATES

ROSIN HANDLING FACTOR =	30 TANKS	*	2	=	60
P / (P <sub>a</sub> - P) = P / (14.7 - P) =	0				
PAINT FACTOR =	1				
SMALL TK. FACTOR =	1				
PRODUCT FACTOR =	1				
TANK CAPACITY =	11,750 GALS				
ANNUAL THRUPUT =	1,028,162 GALS/TANK				
NO. TURNOVERS =	88				
TURNOVER FACTOR=	1				
FOR BREATHING LOSSES, L(b),resins =	14 LBS/YR				
FOR 60 "TANKS"	L(b),resins =	813.94 LBS/YEAR			
		0.093 LBS/HR			

0.41 TPY

FOR WORKING LOSSES, L(w),resins = 29 LBS/YR

FOR 60 "TANKS" L(w),resins = 1,729.68 LBS/YEAR  
0.197 LBS/HR  
0.86 TPY

FOR PAPER "VOC" ESTIMATES

KYMENE = 12.2 % TOTAL SOLIDS  
NEUPHOR = 31.0 % TOTAL SOLIDS  
PARACOL = 12.0 % TOTAL SOLIDS

ASSUME SIMILAR PRODUCTION RATES  
THEREFORE THE AVERAGE TOTAL SOLIDS =

18 %

ROSIN PRODUCTION FACTOR = 78,206,477 LBS (adjusted for %T.S.)

ROSIN HANDLING FACTOR = 10 TANKS \* 2 = 20

ANNUAL THRUPUT = 5,312,940 GALS/TANK

NO. TURNOVERS = 452

TURNOVER FACTOR= 0

FOR BREATHING LOSSES, L(b),paper = 14 LBS/YR

FOR 20 "TANKS" L(b),paper = 271.31 LBS/YEAR  
0.03 LBS/HR  
0.14 TPY

FOR WORKING LOSSES, L(w),paper = 43 LBS/YR

FOR 20 "TANKS" L(w),paper = 864.00 LBS/YEAR  
0.10 LBS/HR  
0.43 TPY

PLANT-WIDE VOC FOR ROSIN L(B) and L(w)

$$\begin{aligned} L(\text{total}) &= L(b),\text{rosin} + L(w),\text{rosin} + L(b),\text{paper} + L(w),\text{paper} \\ &= 0.41 \quad 0.86 \quad 0.14 \quad 0.43 \end{aligned}$$

$$L(\text{total}) = 1.84 \text{ TPY}$$

ASSUME PLANT-WIDE FUGITIVES (P,V,F) AND STEAM BLOWING SAME AS L(total)

THEREFORE TOTAL ROSIN VOC= 3.68 TPY

FOR CAPACITY:

RATIO FACTOR =  $\frac{61.34 \text{ TPH (@ CAPACITY)}}{20.38 \text{ TPH (1994)}} = 3.02$

TOLUENE TOTAL

CALANDER YEAR      CAPACITY

## FOR ZEON WASTEWATER:

Assume toluene in wastewater is =                    0 Lbs

For WWT solvent distribution

Biological studies @ 20 day retention for unaccumulated are:

Volatileized to atmosphere = 72%

Partitioned to the sludge = 18%

Our hold-up is only 1/4 to 1/5 of 20 day biological, therefore

Equalization volatilized = .72 \* 1/4 = 18%

Partitioned to the sludge = .18 \* 1/4 = 5%

Available for treatment = 100 - 18 - 5 = 77%

For approximately 90% treatment :

Treated = 77 \* .9 = 69%

Discharged = 77 \* .1 = 8%

Wastewater treatment (WWT) venting = .18 \*

0 lbs =                    0 lbs/year

WWT partitioned to the sludge = .05 \*

0 lbs =                    0 lbs/year

WWT adsorption or incineration = .69 \*

0 lbs =                    0 lbs/year

WWT effluent discharge = .08 \*

0 lbs =                    0 lbs/year

WWT discharged to POTW =

0 lbs/year

## TOLUENE SUMMARY ( POLY-PALE &amp; METAL RESINATES &amp; ZEON )

	<u>Poly-Pale</u>	<u>Met Res</u>	<u>Zeon</u>	<u>TOTAL</u>
Point source	344,285	0	0	344,285 R( II / 5.2 )
Discharge direct	0	0	0	0 R( II / 5.3.1 )
WWT Ad/Inc	0	0	0	0
Venting@WWT	25,726	0	0	25,726
Fug(by diff)	313,780	0	0	313,780
Total Fug ( Fug + wwtVent )	339,506	0	0	339,506 R( II / 5.1 )
Discharge to POTW	110,048	0	0	110,048
Total(Pt,Dis,Inc,Vt,Fug)	794,243	0	0	794,243
Total(less Inc)	794,243	0	0	794,243
Quantity on-site impoundment	404	0	0	404 R(II/ 5.5.3)
Quantity Released	684,195	0	0	684,195 R( II / 8.1 )
Treated on-site	0	0	0	0 R( II / 8.6 )
Treated off-site	118,148	0	0	118,148 R( II / 8.7 )

	<u>Ethyl Benz.</u>	<u>Xylene</u>
Point source	0 R( II / 5.2 )	0
Discharge	0 R( II / 5.3.1 )	0
WWT Ad/Inc	0	0
Venting@WWT	0	0
Fug(by diff)	0	0
Total( Fug + Vent )	0 R( II / 5.1 )	0
Total(Pt,Dis,Inc,Vt,Fug)	0	0
Total(less Inc)	0 R( II / 8.1 )	0
Recycled on-site	0 R( II / 8.4 )	0
Treated on-site	0 R( II / 8.6 )	0
Treated off-site	0 R( II / 6.2.1 )	0

\*\*\*INPUT\*\*\*

CALENDAR YEAR	CAPACITY
POLY-PALE (LBS)	60,426,480
MELHI (LBS)	2,645,520
TOTAL PRODUCTION **CALC**	63,072,000
WASTEWATER FLOW (GPM)	52
TOLUENE SOLUBILITY (PPM)	570
DISPOSAL (LBS)	0
DISP. SOLV. FRACTION	0.00
TOLUENE USAGE (LBS)	794,243
NITROGEN (MCF) *	37,809
STEAM (MCF)*	149,032
% STEAM, BLOWING LINES	10
MELHI (% TOLUENE)	4.0
PP HEAT TREAT (% TOLUENE)	1.5
POLY-PALE (% TOLUENE)	0.2
NITROGEN SWEEP EFFICIENCY	0.5
COMMON VENT COND. TEMP. (I)	75

*** OUTPUT ***	TOLUENE(LBS)	P,V,F / LDAR ADJUSTED
COST SHEET USAGE (LOSSES)	794,243	794,243
TANK BREATHING AND WORKING	150,198	150,198
NITROGEN VENTING/BLOWING	194,088	194,088
WASTEWATER TREATMENT VENTING	25,726	e 25,726
WWT PARTITIONED TO SLUDGE	7,146	a 7,146
WWT ADSORPTION/INCINERATION	0	0
WWT DISCHARGE	0	0
POLY-PALE	121,095	b 121,095
MELHI	105,821	c 105,821
P,V,F (LDAR/ADJUSTED BY DIFF)	80,122	d 80,122
TOTAL CALCULATED	794,243	794,243
FUGITIVE BY DIFFERENCE = a+b+c+d+e-f =	314,184	339,506
DIFFERENCE(COST SHEET-CALC)	(0)	0
WWT DISCHARGED TO POTW =	110,048	110,048
QUANTITY ON-SITE IMPOUNDMENT	404	f 404
SOLVENT LOSSES =	12.6	LBS/ 1,000 LBS PRODUCTION (COST SHEET)
SOLVENT LOSSES =	12.6	LBS/ 1,000 LBS PRODUCTION(CALCULATED)
SOLVENT LOSSES =	0.8 %	COST SHEET LOSSES/TOTAL USAGE
SOLVENT LOSSES =	0.8 %	CALCULATED USAGE/TOTAL USAGE

SOLVENT RECYC 62,277,757 LBS/YEAR  
 POINT SOURCE : 344,285 LBS/YEAR

\* NOTE: Must calculate each Antoine V P equation below  
 Must calc Kc and C for thruput and small tank dia.

LBS TOLUENE IN MELHI FROM T-108 =	4 %	*	2,645,520	=	105,821 LBS
LBS TOLUENE TO HEAT TREATMENT =	2 %	*	61,346,680	=	920,200 LBS
LBS TOLUENE IN POLY-PALE =	0 %	*	60,547,575	=	121,095 LBS

FOR: PUMPS,VALVES,FLANGES, ASSUME

	NUMBER	FACTOR	RATE
PUMPS	17	0.1100	1.8700
VALVES	111	0.0160	1.7760
FLANGES	1,928	0.0018	3.4704
AGITATORS	8	0.1100	0.8800
MAGNITROLS	5	0.2300	1.1500
TOTAL =		9.15	LBS/HOUR

FUGITIVE EMISSIONS (P,V,F) = 8,760 \* 9.15 = 80,122 LBS/YEAR

FOR THE SUMP.

FOR SUMP ASSL 74,880 GALLONS/DAY WASTEWATER FLOWRATE

ASSUME 570 PPM TOLUENE SOLUBILITY  
LBS/DAY = 74,880 \* .00000834\* 570 PPM = 356.0 LBS/DAY  
ASSUME ( 10% EXCESS) FOR SPILLS, UPSETS, FLOWS, ETC. = 391.6 LBS/DAY

ESTIMATE DAYS OPERATION = 63,072,000 % 100,000 LBS/DAY = 365 DAYS  
LBS/YEAR = 392 LBS/DAY \* 365 DAYS = 142,920 LBS/YEAR

#### WASTEWATER TREATMENT SOLVENT DISTRIBUTION

BIOLOGICAL STUDIES @ 20 DAY RETENTION FOR UNACCUMULATED ARE

VOLATILIZED TO ATMOSPHERE = 72 %  
PARTITIONED TO SLUDGE = 18 %

OUR HOLD-UP IS ONLY 1/4 TO 1/5 OF 20 DAY BIOLOGICAL, THEREFORE

EQUALIZATION VOLATILIZED = .72 \* 1/4 = 18 %  
PARTITIONED TO SLUDGE = 18 \* 1/4 = 5 %  
AVAILABLE FOR TREATMENT = 100 - 23 = 77 %

FOR APPROXIMATELY 90 % TREATMENT,  
TREATED = .77 \* .90 = 69 %  
DISCHARGED = .77 \* .10 = 8 %

FOR NO CARBON ADSORPTION, TREATED GOES TO ZERO BELOW

WASTEWATER TREATMENT (WWT) VENTING 142,920 LBS/YR = 25,726 LBS/YEAR  
WWT PARTITIONED TO SLUDGE = .05 \* 142,920 LBS/YR = 7,146 LBS/YEAR  
WWT ADSORPTION OR INCINERATION = .69 \* 142,920 LBS/YR = 0 LBS/YEAR  
WWT DISCHARGED DIRECT = .08 \* 142,920 LBS/YR = 0 LBS/YEAR

WWT DISCHARGED TO POTW = 110,048 LBS/YEAR

#### VOC EMISSIONS - FIXED ROOF TANKS ( TOLUENE )

TOTAL LOSS	EQUAT1 BREATHING LOSS	EQUAT2 WORKING LOSS	MOL-WT Mv	EQUAT2 MULTIPLY TVP	EQUAT 2 Kn	EQUAT2 ANNUAL THRUPUT	EQUAT2 TANK CAPACITY	EQUAT2 TURNOVER PER YR	EQUAT1 AVG VAPOR SPACE
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TANK NO.	LBS/YR	LBS/YR	LBS/YR	FACTOR		GAL/YR	GAL/YR	N	HT (FT)
T-3 FD SOLN	9,270	81	9,189	92.13	0.000024	1.025	0.250	16,218,514	2,055
T-7 #1 SEP	2,192	0	2,192	92.13		0.440	0.250	9,010,286	52
T-8 #1 POLYZ	2,192	1	2,192	92.13		0.440	0.250	9,010,286	130
T-9 #2 SEP	0	0	0	92.13 OUT		0.000	1.000	0	52
T-10 #2 POLYZ	0	0	0	92.13 OUT		0.000	1.000	0	0
T-11 #3 SEP	2,192	0	2,192	92.13		0.440	0.250	9,010,286	52
T-12 #3 POLYZ	2,192	1	2,192	92.13		0.440	0.250	9,010,286	130
T-13 #5 SEP	2,192	0	2,192	92.13		0.440	0.250	9,010,286	52
T-14 #5 POLYZ	2,192	1	2,192	92.13		0.440	0.250	9,010,286	130
T-15 #6 SEP	2,192	0	2,192	92.13		0.440	0.250	9,010,286	52
T-16 #6 POLYZ	2,192	1	2,192	92.13		0.440	0.250	9,010,286	130
T-17 #4 SEP	2,192	0	2,192	92.13		0.440	0.250	9,010,286	52
T-18 #4 POLYZ	2,192	1	2,192	92.13		0.440	0.250	9,010,286	130
T-21 PZD SOLN	5,703	25	5,678	92.13		0.600	0.250	17,119,543	1,200
T-22 PZD SEP	0	0	0	92.13 NO VENT		0.700	0.250	855,977	400
T-23 PZD SURGE	5,408	14	5,394	92.13		0.600	0.250	16,263,566	700
T-24 HYZ SOLN	47,174	46	47,127	92.13		3.320	0.250	25,679,314	1,175
T-25 WASH TK	25,151	44	25,108	92.13		1.420	0.250	31,986,514	4,170
T-26 WASHD SOI	14,631	81	14,550	92.13		1.025	0.250	25,679,314	2,060
T-27 EVAP FD	14,631	81	14,550	92.13		1.025	0.250	25,679,314	12466
T-30 1ST PP EV	14,555	5	14,550	92.13		1.025	0.250	25,679,314	420
T-31 2ND PP EV	5,365	5	5,360	92.13		1.025	0.250	9,460,800	420
T-36 PEXOIL/TOL	0	0	0	92.13 NO VENT		14,697	0.700	40,772	190
T-40 PEX/TOL ST	192,437	189,041	3,397	92.13		14,697	1.000	104,519	9,050
T-48 1ST MEL EV	465	6	459	92.13		1.025	0.250	810,926	505
T-71 MEL SOLN	1,062	51	1,011	92.13		1.025	0.550	810,926	2,700
T-80 40%ACD/TOL	1,607	229	1,378	92.13 ATM VENT		1.025	1.000	608,194	20,000
T-81 40%ACD/TOL	1,607	229	1,378	92.13 ATM VENT		1.025	1.000	608,194	30
T-83 DEC SEP	1,708	54	1,654	92.13		1.025	0.360	2,027,314	3,450
T-84 40% AC/TOL	2,961	204	2,757	92.13 ATM VENT		1.025	1.000	1,216,389	17,000
T-85 FR TOL STG	859	247	613	92.13 ATM VENT		1.025	1.000	270,309	13,600
T-86 REC TOL	995	52	943	92.13		1.025	0.660	630,720	2,700
T-88 PP HYDRO	29,708	122	29,585	92.13		6,600	0.250	8,109,257	1,400
T-93 SLG DEC	1,249	55	1,195	92.13		1.025	0.260	2,027,314	1,700
T-99 H2O/TOL SE	4,931	81	4,850	92.13		1.025	0.250	8,559,771	2,065
T-101 MEL ACCU	705	16	689	92.13		1.025	0.750	405,463	1,050
T-105 TOL FD MX	4,931	81	4,850	92.13		1.025	0.250	8,559,771	4145
T-108 MEL BLND	34,199	28,007	6,192	92.13 ATM VENT		14,695	0.470	405,463	1,070
T-116 H2O/TOL S	13,378	105	13,274	92.13		1.025	0.250	23,426,743	3,500
T-117 WASH FEE	47,247	119	47,127	92.13		3.320	0.250	25,679,314	2,400
T-124 2ND MEL E	256	1	255	92.13		1.025	0.250	450,514	71
T-131 PP HYDRO	29,708	122	29,585	92.13 NO VENT		6,600	0.250	8,109,257	1,400
T-139 SUMP	28,363	412	27,951	92.13 ATM VENT		1.025	0.250	49,331,314	2,500
T-201 RX #7	5,404	10	5,394	92.13		0.600	0.250	16,263,566	1,500
T-202 RX #8	5,404	10	5,394	92.13		0.600	0.250	16,263,566	1,500
T-203 RX #9	5,404	10	5,394	92.13		0.600	0.250	16,263,566	1,500
TOTAL (LBS/YR)	578,397	219,648	358,749					475,708,171	128,668
									3697

## ( ROSIN )

P-59 ROSIN STG	34	34	0	302		0	1	626,340	10,278	61	4.00
T-20 ROSIN FEET	58	58	0	302		0	0	7,446,000	17,167	434	4.50
T-33 ROSIN/DOW	1	1	0	604		0	0	7,884,000	730	10800	4.00
T-34 R SPG TANF	1	1	0	604		0	0	7,884,000	730	10800	4.00
T-106 MELHI STG	21	21	0	604		0	1	394,200	10,310	38	6.00
T-119 GUM STG	29	29	0	302		0	1	2,299,500	21,000	110	7.00
T-120 ROSIN STC	173	173	0	302		0	1	7,446,000	125,000	60	12.00
T-129 PP SURGE	0	0	0	604		0	0	7,008,000	240	29200	2.00
T-130 SCRAP RO	43	43	0	302		0	1	98,550	32,200	3	8.00
T-132 PP STG TK	232	232	0	604		0	1	7,008,000	82,000	85	10.00
T-133 GUM STG	41	41	0	302		0	1	2,299,500	31,200	74	10.00
TOTAL (LBS/YR)	634	634	0					50,394,090	330,855	152	

## ( OTHER )

T-77 98% H2SO4	5	5	0	98		0	1	144,540	10,170	14	6.00
T-78 98% H2SO4	7	7	0	98		0	1	144,540	12,750	11	6.00
T-96 25% NAOH	13	13	0	40		0	1	1,323,154	9,395	141	12.50
T-100 98% H2SO4	5	5	0	98		0	1	144,540	8,300	17	6.00
T-134 DOW CATC	0	0	0	166		0	0	8,760,000	75	116800	2.30
T-135 DOW FLAS	#NUM!	#NUM!	0	166		37	0	236,520,000	350	675771	4.70
T-136 DOW STOF	8	8	0	166		0	1	4,380	1,100	4	6.70
T-137 SER WATE	4	4	0	18		0	0	96,360,000	4,000	24090	1.00
T-138 DOW BLOV	#NUM!	#NUM!	0	166		37	1	0	1,100	0	2.50

T-3 FD SOLN	48.3	4,793	NOTE:	FOR VOC CALCULATIONS, MUST MANUALLY INPUT Kc AND C FOR THE THRUPUT TURNOVERS(Kc) AND SMALL TANK DIAMETER(C)
T-7 #1 SEP	0.0	2,192		
T-8 #1 POLYZ	0.0	2,192		
T-9 #2 SEP	0.0	0 OUT		
T-10 #2 POLYZ	0.0	0 OUT		
T-11 #3 SEP	0.0	2,192		
T-12 #3 POLYZ	0.0	2,192		
			TURNOVER FACTOR TURNOVERS      Kc	SMALL TANK DIAMETER FACTOR DIA(FT)      C
			<35	1
				1FT
				0.05

T-13 #5 SEP	0.0	2,192	40	1	2FT	0.10
T-14 #5 POLYZ	0.0	2,192	45	1	3FT	0.15
T-15 #6 SEP	0.0	2,192	50	1	5FT	0.25
T-16 #6 POLYZ	0.0	2,192	60	1	7.5FT	0.40
T-17 #4 SEP	0.0	2,192	75	1	10FT	0.50
T-18 #4 POLYZ	0.0	2,192	100	0	12.5FT	0.65
T-21 PZD SOLN	8.5	5,218	150	0	15FT	0.75
T-22 PZD SEP	100.0	0 NO VENT	200	0	17.5FT	0.85
T-23 PZD SURGE	8.5	4,948	250	0	20FT	0.90
T-24 HYZ SOLN	86.7	6,274	300	0	25FT	0.95
T-25 WASH TK	65.8	8,602	400	0	30FT	1.00
T-26 WASHD SOI	48.3	7,564				
T-27 EVAP FD	48.3	7,564				
T-30 1ST PP EV	48.3	7,525				
T-31 2ND PP EV	48.3	2,774				
T-36 PEKOIL/TOL	100.0	0 NO VENT				
T-40 PEX/TOL ST	99.4	1,155				
T-48 1ST MEL EV	48.3	241				
T-71 MEL SOLN	48.3	549				
T-80 40%ACD/TOL		1,607 ATM VENT				
T-81 40%ACD/TOL		1,607 ATM VENT				
T-83 DEC SEP	48.3	883				
T-84 40% AC/TOL		2,961 ATM VENT				
T-85 FR TOL STG		859 ATM VENT				
T-86 REC TOL	48.3	514				
T-88 PP HYDRO	100.0	0				
T-93 SLG DEC	48.3	646				
T-99 H2O/TOL SE	48.3	2,549				
T-101 MEL ACCU	48.3	364				
T-105 TOL FD MD	48.3	2,549				
T-108 MEL BLND	100.0	0 ATM VENT *				
T-116 H2O/TOL S	48.3	6,917				
T-117 WASH FEE	86.7	6,284				
T-124 2ND MEL E	48.3	132				
T-131 PP HYDRO	100.0	0 NO VENT				
T-139 SUMP		28,363 ATM VENT				
T-201 RX #7	8.5	4,945				
T-202 RX #8	8.5	4,945				
T-203 RX #9	8.5	4,945				
TOTAL		150,198				

NOTE: \*EMISSIONS IN T-108 ARE SHOWN IN FINISHED PRODUCT MELHI.

TOTAL TANKAGE CAPACITY = 128,668 GALLONS  
 TOTAL NITROGEN USAGE = 4,316 SCFH  
 P1 V1 P2 V2  
 FOR BREATHING DISPLACEMENT = -----  
 T1 T2  
 AVERAGE DAY TEMPERATURE( 76.3 DEG F.  
 AVERAGE NIGHT TEMPERATUR 52.9 DEG F.  
 FOR NIGHT VOLUEME(V2) = 128,668 GALLONS OR 17,202 CU FT  
 THE DAY VOLUEME(V1) = 134,538 GALLONS OR 17,986 CU FT  
 BREATHING DISPLACEMENT 785 FT3/DAY  
 = 286,447 FT3/YEAR OR 33 SCFH  
 FOR WORKING DISPLACEMENT 475708171 GALLONS  
 = 63,597,349 FT3/YEAR OR 7260 SCFH  
 TOTAL DISPLAC: 286,447 FT3/YR + 63,597,349 FT3/YR  
 = 63,883,797 FT3/YEAR  
 = 7,293 SCFH  
 NITROGEN VENT 4,316 SCFH - 7,293 SCFH = (2,977) SCFH  
 (MAX) = 4,293 SCFH ( SEE NOTE BELOW )

NOTE::: FOR POLY-PALE, PRODUCTION IS CONTINUEOUS/"STEADY-STATE"/LEVEL CONTROL

THEREFORE, BATCH VOLUMETRIC DISPLACEMENT IS MINIMAL, (EMPTY TANKS EACH RUN )

ASSUME; TANKAGE VOLUMETRIC DISPLACEMENT (12 TIMES A YEAR) IS ACTUAL DISPLACEMENT

TANKAGE VOLUN 128,668 GALLONS = 17,202 CU FT  
 VOLUME DISPLA 17,202 CU FT \* 12 TIMES/YR % 8,760 HRS/YR = 24 SCFH  
 THEREFORE; MAXIMUM VENTIN 4,316 SCFH - 24 SCFH = 4,293 SCFH

FOR NITROGEN DISTRIBUTION BASED ON THRUPUT AND BREATHING VOLUEME  
 CONDENSER EXIT TEMPERATU 75.0 DEG F = 23.9 DEG C  
 "cond. Exit temp. = cell C29"

NOTE. MUST MANUALLY ADJUST "COND. TEMP." FOR TANKS THAT VENT TO ATMOSPHERE

ANTOINE EMISS 445 SCFH AND 100.0 DEG F OR 37.8 DEG C

EQUAL =

36,655 LBS/YEAR

TABLE BELOW BREAKS DOWN THE TOTAL ANTOINE EMISSIONS INTO INDIVIDUAL TANKS  
(IT HAS TO BE CALCULATED FOR EACH INDIVIDUAL TANK NITROGEN FLOW)

TANK NO	ANNUAL THRUPUT GAL/YR	TANK BREATHING GAL/YR	TOTAL GALS/YR	NITROGEN SCFH	TEMP DEG F	ANTOINE EMISSIONS LBS/YEAR
T-3 FD SOLN	16,218,514	701	16,219,216	146	100	12,026
T-7 #1 SEP	9,010,286	18	9,010,303	81	70	6,672
T-8 #1 POLYZ	9,010,286	44	9,010,330	81	70	6,672
T-9 #2 SEP	0	18	18	0	MTY	0 OUT
T-10 #2 POLYZ	0	44	44	0	MTY	0 OUT
T-11 #3 SEP	9,010,286	18	9,010,303	81	70	6,672
T-12 #3 POLYZ	9,010,286	44	9,010,330	81	70	6,672
T-13 #5 SEP	9,010,286	18	9,010,303	81	70	6,672
T-14 #5 POLYZ	9,010,286	44	9,010,330	81	70	6,672
T-15 #6 SEP	9,010,286	18	9,010,303	81	70	6,672
T-16 #6 POLYZ	9,010,286	44	9,010,330	81	70	6,672
T-17 #4 SEP	9,010,286	18	9,010,303	81	70	6,672
T-18 #4 POLYZ	9,010,286	44	9,010,330	81	70	6,672
T-21 PZD SOLN	17,119,543	410	17,119,952	154	80	12,685
T-22 PZD SEP	855,977	137	856,114	8	85	0 NO VENT
T-23 PZD SURGE	16,263,566	239	16,263,805	147	80	12,109
T-24 HYZ SOLN	25,679,314	401	25,679,715	232	150	19,110
T-25 WASH TK	31,986,514	1,423	31,987,937	289	115	23,805
T-26 WASHD SOI	25,679,314	703	25,680,017	232	100	19,110
T-27 EVAP FD	25,679,314	703	25,680,017	232	100	19,110
T-30 1ST PP EV	25,679,314	143	25,679,458	232	100	19,110
T-31 2ND PP EV	9,460,800	143	9,460,943	85	100	7,002
T-36 PEXOIL/TOL	40,772	65	40,836	0	222	0 NO VENT
T-40 PEX/TOL ST	104,519	3,088	107,608	1	222	82
T-48 1ST MEL EV	810,926	172	811,098	7	100	577
T-71 MEL SOLN	810,926	921	811,847	7	100	577
T-80 40%ACD/TO	608,194	6,825	615,019	6	100	1,019 ATM VENT
T-81 40%ACD/TO	608,194	6,825	615,019	6	100	1,019 ATM VENT
T-83 DEC SEP	2,027,314	1,177	2,028,492	18	100	1,483
T-84 40% AC/TOL	1,216,389	5,801	1,222,190	11	100	1,868 ATM VENT
T-85 FR TOL STG	270,309	4,641	274,950	2	100	340 ATM VENT
T-86 REC TOL	630,720	921	631,641	6	100	494
T-88 PP HYDRO	8,109,257	478	8,109,735	73	185	6,013
T-93 SLG DEC	2,027,314	580	2,027,894	18	100	1,483
T-99 H2O/TOL SE	8,559,771	705	8,560,476	77	100	6,343
T-101 MEL ACCU	405,463	358	405,821	4	100	329
T-105 TOL FD MX	8,559,771	705	8,560,476	77	100	6,343
T-108 MEL BLND	405,463	365	405,828	4	222	679 ATM VENT
T-116 H2O/TOL S	23,426,743	1,194	23,427,937	211	100	17,380
T-117 WASH FEE	25,679,314	819	25,680,133	232	150	19,110
T-124 2ND MEL E	450,514	24	450,539	4	100	329
T-131 PP HYDRO	8,109,257	478	8,109,735	73	185	0 NO VENT
T-139 SUMP	49,331,314	853	49,332,167	445	100	75,593 ATM VENT
T-201 RX #7	16,263,566	512	16,264,078	147	80	12,109
T-202 RX #8	16,263,566	512	16,264,078	147	80	12,109
T-203 RX #9	16,263,566	512	16,264,078	147	80	12,109
TOTAL (LBS/YR)	475,708,171	43,909	475,752,080	4293	388,175	
FOR	0.5 % NITROGEN SWEEP EFFICIENCY =			194,088		

Antoine vapor pressure equation for:

$$\log(P) = A - \frac{B}{(t+C)}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 A &= & 7 \\
 B &= & 1,345 \\
 C &= & 219 ^\circ\text{C}
 \end{aligned}$$

TOLUENE

Nitrogen =	445	SCFH =	1,240 #moles/Hr
T1(Centigrade)		T1(Centigrade)	

T1(Centigrade)

37.8

100.0 oF

T1(Centigrade)

23.9

75.0 oF

	Vap Press mm Hg	Par. Press. mm Hg	Vapor Mol. Fr.	Vapor #moles/Hr	Vap Press mm Hg	Vapor Mol. Fr.	Vapor #moles/Hr	Vapor #/Hr	Liq. Cond. #/Hr
Nitrogen		707	0.930	1.2396	733	0.965	1.2396	34.7274	
Toluene	53	53	0.070	0.0937	27	0.035	0.0454	4.1844	4.4458

Toluene (% Recovered) = 51.51 % Mol Wt (Toluene) = 92.134

Mol. Wt. (Nitrogen) = 28.016

Volume of 1 # mole of Nitrogen at Standard Conditions = 359 cuft

EMISSIONS ( 11178 \* 8,760 HRS/YR ) = 36,655 LBS/YEAR

ASSUME HYDROLYSIS TOTAL SOLIDS IS 40 % AVERAGE ( 60% TOLUENE )

THEREFORE, TOLUENE USAGE 94,608,000 LBS

PERCENT SOLVENT LOSSES = 0.84 % (BASED ON COST SHEET LOSSES AND TOTAL USAGE)

PERCENT SOLVENT LOSSES = 0.84 % (BASED ON CALCULATED LOSSES AND TOTAL USAGE)

FOR SOLVENT RECYCLE ASSUME SOLUTION IS 50 % TOTAL SOLIDS

THEREFORE SOLVENT IN SOLU 63,072,000 LBS

SOLVENT RECYC 63,072,000 LBS LESS THE "LOSSES" ( 794,243 LBS ) = 62,277,757 LBS/YEAR RECYCLED

164 MG/L \* 3,785 L/GAL \* 4 CUYD/DAY \* 365 DAY/YR \* 202 GAL/YD \* 1 LB/454G \* 1G/1000MG = 404 LBS/YR

TOLUENE SURFACE IMPOUNDMENT ( ON-SITE ) = 404 LBS/YR

#### ETHYLENE OXIDE

With 1999 LDAR update for NON-LEAKING factors

##### \*\*INPUT\*\*

CALANDER YEAR  
E.O. USAGE IN POLYDAD  
E.O. USAGE IN E.O.D.  
TOTAL E.O. USAGE (CALC)  
POLYRAD 0515  
POLYRAD 0515A

##### \*\*INPUT\*\*

CAPACITY  
753,360 LBS  
621,960 LBS  
1,375,320 LBS  
0 LBS  
424,860 LBS

POLYRAD 1110	1,019,664	LBS
POLYRAD 1110A	254,916	LBS
SURFACTANT AR150	779,640	LBS
SURFACTANT AR160	0	LBS
# DAYS OPERATION (CAN USE NA)	365	DAYS (manual input required "F132")
SCRUBBER EFFICIENCY	98.0	% ASSUME

**\*OUTPUT\***

E.O. "LOSSES"(USAGE-THEORY)	96,875	LBS
FUGITIVE EMISSIONS	17,365	LBS
POINT SOURCE EMISSIONS	1,590	LBS
E.O. TO ETHYLENE GLYCOL	77,920	LBS
ETHYLENE GLYCOL PRODUCED	109,797	LBS
QUANTITY RELEASED	18,955	LBS

**\*OUTPUT\***

FOR ETHYLENE GLYCOL :		
ETHYLENE GLYCOL DISCHARGED	0	LBS
ETHYLENE GLYCOL TREATED ON-SITE	0	LBS
ETHYLENE GLYCOL TO POTW	109,797	LBS
E.O. USAGE/ 1,000 LBS PRODUCT	555	LBS
E.O. "LOSSES"/ 1,000 LBS PRODUCT	39	LBS

**FOR POLYRADS: ASSUME**

ROSIN AMINE MOL. WT.	285
ROSIN AMINE PURITY	94 %
ADJUSTED MOL. WT.	303

POLYRAD 0515	0 * .85 =	0
POLYRAD 0515A	424,860 * .7*.85=	252,792
POLYRAD 0500 =		252,792
POLYRAD 1110	1,019,664 * .90 =	917,698
POLYRAD 1110A	254,916 * .7*.9=	160,597
POLYRAD 1100 =		1,078,295

FOR 0500:::	1 MOLE AMINE + 5 MOLES E.O. = 0500	
	303 + 5(44)	=523
	E.O.= 5(44)/523 * LBS OF 0500 =	106,337 LBS

FOR 1100:::	1 MOLE AMINE + 11 MOLES E.O. = 1100	
	303 + 11(44)	=787
	E.O.= 11(44)/787 * LBS 1100 =	663,144 LBS

**FOR SURFACTANTS: ASSUME**

WOOD ROSIN MOL. WT.	302
WOOD ROSIN ACID NO.	160
THEROETICAL ACID NO.	186
WOOD ROSIN PURITY	86 %
ADJUSTED MOL. WT.	351

SURFACTANT AR150	779,640 * 1.0 =	779,640
SURFACTANT AR160	0 * 1.0 =	0

FOR AR150:::	1 MOLE ROSIN + 15 MOLES E.O. = AR150	
	351 + 15(44)	=1011
	E.O.= 15(44) * LBS OF AR150 =	508,964 LBS

FOR AR160:::	1 MOLE ROSIN + 16 MOLES E.O. = AR160	
	351 + 16(44)	= 1055
	E.O.= 16(44) * LBS OF AR160 =	0 LBS

THEROETICAL E.O.	1,278,445	LBS
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E.O. "LOSSES"(USAGE-THEORY)	96,875	LBS
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E.O. USAGE = LBS OF E.O. / (8.34*.85)	194,008	GALLONS
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DAYS OF OPERATION, FROM LOG SHEETS =	365	DAYS
TOTAL E.O. ADDUCTS =	2,110,726	LBS
TYPICAL PRODUCTION = LBS % DAYS =	5,783	LBS/DAY
BASE YR 1993 TYP PROD = 5,470LBS/DAY		
DAY'S OPERATION =	365	DAYS

FOR P,V,F			
Pumps/liq=	3	*	0.0260
Valves/liq=	73	*	0.0038
			0.08 LBS/HR
			0.28 LBS/HR

Valves/Vap=	21	*	0.0011	0.02	LBS/HR
Flg&con/liq=	231	*	0.0001	0.03	LBS/HR
Flg&con/Vap=	44	*	0.0001	0.01	LBS/HR
RELIEF =	16	*	0.0980	1.57	LBS/HR

-----  
1.98 LBS/HR

ON A CONTINUOUS BASIS = 17,365 LBS/YR

SINCE WE BLOW THE LINES WE ONLY HAVE  
E.O. IN THE P,V,F SERVICE THE ACTUAL  
DAYS OF OPERATION = 365 DAYS

THEREFORE P,V,F FUGITIVE EMISSIONS = 17,365 LBS/YR

THEREFORE E.O. TO SCRUBBER = 79,510 LBS/YR

ASSUME SCRUBBER EFFICIENCY = 98.0  
E.O. TO ETHYLENE GLYCOL = 77,920 LBS/YR  
E.O. VENTED FROM SCRUBBER STACK = 1,590 LBS/YR

ETHYLENE GLYCOL PRODUCED  
LBS E.O. \* 62/44 = 109,797 LBS/YR

FOR 98 % REMOVAL :

TREATED =	0.98 *	0 LBS =	0 LBS
DISCHARGE=	0	-	0 = 0 LBS

DISCHARGE TO POTW 109,797 LBS

calander year	lbs NH3 usage	lbs 731-D feed	lbs NH3 / M lbs feed	lbs EO usage	lbs product	lbs E.O. / M lbs Prod
87	195,829	1,403,869	139	1,442,191	1,999,020	721
88	231,231	1,999,100	116	1,508,355	2,119,510	712
89	127,840	1,254,044	102	490,301	824,720	595
90	122,926	1,465,446	84	275,339	435,540	632
91	154,160	1,614,772	95	244,077	502,906	485
92	128,821	1,611,607	80	270,067	437,822	617
93	98,645	1,194,184	83	246,553	431,490	571
94	195,096	2,198,972	89	257,031	465,003	553
95	137,304	1,166,265	118	233,440	364,498	640
		#DIV/0!		#DIV/0!		
		#DIV/0!		#DIV/0!		
		#DIV/0!		#DIV/0!		
		#DIV/0!		#DIV/0!		
JAN-YTD	15,470	120,822	128	46,820	11,882	3940
FEB-YTD	35,982	198,483	181	65,161	135,082	482
MAR-YTD	35,982	258,169	139	69,076	135,082	511
APR-YTD	60,930	303,856	201	55,699	198,532	281
MAY-YTD	82,436	467,130	176	99,656	228,062	437
JUN-YTD	94,657	575,616	164	119,995	277,902	432
JUL-YTD	110,156	699,975	157	120,145	287,272	418
AUG-YTD	110,156	699,975	157	135,619	329,552	412
SEP-YTD	121,250	928,428	131	158,995	359,192	443
OCT-YTD		#DIV/0!		#DIV/0!		
NOV-YTD		#DIV/0!		#DIV/0!		
DECYTD		#DIV/0!		#DIV/0!		

### EPICHLOROHYDRIN

(1999 LDAR UPDATE WITH NON-LEAKING FACTORS)

\*\*\*INPUT\*\*\*

CALANDER YEAR  
KYMENE 557H  
KYMENE 557LX  
KYMENE 736  
KYMENE 1022  
KYMENE MXC  
KYMENE 621  
KYMENE 625LX

\*\*\*INPUT\*\*\*

CAPACITY  
0 LBS  
0 LBS  
0 LBS  
0 LBS  
0 LBS  
0 LBS  
0 LBS

TOTAL KYMENE **CALC**	121,939,200	LBS
EPI IN 557H	0	LBS
EPI IN 557LX	0	LBS
EPI IN 736	0	LBS
EPI IN 1022	0	LBS
EPI IN MCX	0	
EPI IN 621	0	
EPI IN 625LX	0	
TOTAL EPI **CALC**	5,475,000	LBS
NITROGEN USAGE	9,481	MCF
NITROGEN SWEEP EFFICIENCY	0.2	
(1) PRODUCTION	121,939,200	
PRODUCTION/ACTIVITY INDEX	1.00	
SCRUBBER EFFICIENCY	98.0	% ASSUME

\*\*\*OUTPUT\*\*\*

FIGITIVE EMISSIONS	2,998 LBS/YEAR	R( II / 5.1 )
POINT SOURCE EMISSIONS	4,841 LBS/YEAR	R( II / 5.2 )
TO WWT	17,493 LBS/YEAR	
WWT VENTING	0 LBS/YEAR	
WWT TO SLUDGE	350 LBS/YEAR	
WWT BIOLOGICAL	2,274 LBS/YEAR	R( II / 8.6 )
WWT ADSORB / INCIN	0 LBS/YEAR	
WWT EFF. DISCHARGE	0 LBS/YEAR	R( II / 5.3.1 )
QUANTITY RELEASED	8,189 LBS/YEAR	R( II / 8.1 )
QUANTITY TREAT ON-SITE	2,274 LBS/YEAR	R( II / 8.6 )
QUANTITY ON-SITE IMPOUND	350 LBS/YEAR	R( III / 5.5.3 )
WWT DISCHARGE TO POTW	14,869 LBS/YEAR	R( II / 8.7 )

WITH COMPLETION OF KYMENE PROJECT, EQUIPMENT UPDATE "DOUBLED"				SOCMI FACTORS (LBS/HR)	
	OLD(1987)	UPDATE1992	LDAR(1995)	LDAR(1999)	AVERAGE NON-LEAKING
NUMBER PUMPS (+1 AGIT)	1	2	2	4	0.11 0.02600
NUMBER VALVES (LIQ)	13	26	34	49	0.016 0.00380
NUMBER VALVES (VAP)				8	0.00110
NUMBER FLANGES (+CONN)	56	112	222	333	0.0018 0.00013
LBS/HR =	0	1	1	0	
LBS/YEAR =	3,669	7,337	10,193	2,998	

FOR EPI, ASSUME WORST CASE FOR ALL EPI EXCEPT 557LX  
SINCE THE EPI "DROPS IN"  
ASSUME ALL VAPOR SPACE DISPLACEMENT IS EPI

DISPLACEMENT =	EPI* 1GAL/8.34*1.2 *1FT/.48GAL =	73,137 FT3
EPI TO SCRUBBER =	EPI* 1MOLE/379FT3 * 92.5LBS/MOLE =	17,850 LBS

FOR 557LX WHICH IS PUMPED IN UNDERNEATH THE LIQUID  
EPI VAPOR PRESSURE = 40 mm Hg  
EPI MOLE FRACTION IN VAPOR, VP/760 = 0.0526

LX DISPLACEMENT=	EPI* 1GAL/8.34*1.2 *1FT/.48/GAL =	0 FT3
EPI TO SCRUBBER =	EPI* 1MOLE/379FT3 * 92.5LBS/MOLE =	0 LBS

TOTAL EPI(FROM RX) TO SCRUBBER =	17,850	LBS
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ASSUME 98.0 PERCENT SCRUBBER EFFICIENCY		
EPI IN SCRUBBER WATER TO WWT =	17,493	LBS
EPI FROM SCRUBBER VENT =	357 LBS	

BREATHING LOSSES FROM K-110, 11.5FT DIA, 22FT HT		
BREATHING LOSSES (K-110) =	94 LBS/YR	
BREATHING LOSSES (K-111) =	2 LBS/YR	
BREATHING LOSSES TOTAL =	96	

ASSUME NUMBER OF BATCHES IS ( LBS PRODUCTION / 107,000 LBS/BATCH)

NUMBER BATCHES =	121,939,200 DIVIDED BY 107,000	= 1,140 BATCHES
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FOR 30 SCFM NITROGEN PURGE FOR 30 MINUTES PER BATCH (30\*30=900CFM/BATCH)  
TOTAL NITROGEN PURGE = 1,140 \* 900 = 1,025,657 CF

NITROGEN LEFT FOR BLANKET OF EPICHLOROHYDRIN AND DETA & HMDA = 8,455,343 CF

ASSUME NITROGEN SPLIT BETWEEN THE TWO SERVICES

THEREFORE NITROGEN IN EPI SERVICE = 4,227,672	= 483 SCFM
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## Antoine vapor pressure equation for:

EPICHLOROHYDRIN

LOG(P) = A - (B/(t+C))

A =

B =

C =

22 oC

NOTE: V.P. for EPI @ 22 oC = 15 mmHg

Nitrogen = 483

SCFH = 1.344 #moles/Hr

T1(Centigrade)

22

72 oF

	Vap Press mm Hg	Par. Press mm Hg	Vapor Mol. Fr.	Vapor #moles/Hr
Nitrogen		745	0.980	1.3443
EPI	15	15	0.020	0.0271

Total 760.00 1.000 1.3714

T1(Centigrade)

22

72 oF

	Vap Press mm Hg	Vapor Mol. Fr.	Vapor #moles/Hr	Vapor #Hr	Liq. Cond. #Hr
	745	0.980	1.3443	37.6625	
	15	0.020	0.0271	2.5045	0.0000

760.00 1.000 1.3714 40.1670 0.0000

Epichlorohydrin (% Recovered) = 0.00

% Mol. Wt. (Epichlorohydrin) = 92.53

Mol. Wt. (Nitrogen) = 28.016

Volume of 1 # mole of Nitrogen at Standard Conditions = 359 cuft

EMISSIONS ( 119 \* 8,760 HRS/YR ) =

21939 LBS/YEAR

FOR A NITROGEN SWEEP EFFICIENCY OF 0.2

EMISSIONS = 21,939 \* 0.2 =

4,388 LBS/YEAR

FUGITIVE EMISSIONS = 2,998 LBS/YR  
PT SOURCE = 4,841 LBS/YR  
TO WWT = 17,493 LBS/YR( FROM LDAR P,V,F "F1236" )  
( "D1257" + "D1262" + "H1341" )  
( "E1256" )

TOTAL = 25,332 LBS/YEAR

## FOR WATERTREATMENT :

BIOLOGICAL STUDIES @ 20 DAY RETENTION FOR UNACCUMULATED ARE :  
VOLATILIZED TO ATMOSPHERE = 0 %  
PARTITIONED TO THE SLUDGE = 6 %  
BIOLOGICAL DEGRADED = 53 %

OUR HOLD-UP IS ONLY 1/4 TO 1/5 OF 20 DAY BIOLOGICAL, THEREFORE

VOLATILIZED TO THE AIR = 0 \* 1/4 = 0 %  
PARTITIONED TO THE SLUDGE = 6 \* 1/4 = 2 %  
BIOLOGICAL DEGRADED = 53 \* 1/4 = 13 %  
THE THEREFORE AVAILABLE OF TREATMENT = 100 - 0 - 2 - 13 = 85 %

## FOR APPROXIMATELY 90 % TREATMENT:

TREATMENT = 85 \* .90 = 77 %  
DISCHARGED = 85 \* .10 = 8 %WASTEWATER TREATMENT (WWT) VENTING = 0 \* 17493 LBS/YR = 0 LBS/YEAR  
WWT PARTITIONED TO THE SLUDGE = .02 \* 17493 LBS/YR = 350 LBS/YEAR  
WWT BIOLOGICAL TREATMENT = .13 \* 17493 LBS/YR = 2274 LBS/YEAR  
WWT ADSORPTION OR INCINERATION = .77 \* 17493 LBS/YR = 0 LBS/YEAR  
WWT EFFLUENT DISCHARGE = .08 \* 17493 LBS/YR = 0 LBS/YEAR

WWT DISCHARGED TO POTW = 14,869 LBS/YEAR

## AMMONIA

(WITHOUT LDAR COMPONENT UPDATE )

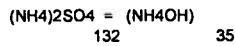
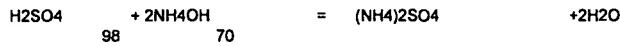
\*\*INPUT\*\*

\*\*INPUT\*\*

CALANDER YEAR  
AMMONIA USAGE  
NITRILE PRODUCTION  
WASTEWATER FLOW AVERAGE  
AVERAGE WASTEWATER pH  
pH NORMALITY  
1B SLUDGE GENERATION RATECAPACITY  
1,042,440 LBS  
8,935,200 LBS OF 731-D FEED  
95,268 GPD  
10.0  
0.00100  
4 CU YD/DAYpH  
9.00  
9.50  
10.00  
10.50  
11.00  
11.50  
12.00Normality  
0.00010  
0.00050  
0.00100  
0.00500  
0.01000  
0.05000  
0.10000

*OUTPUT*	*OUTPUT*	12.50      0.50000	
		13      1.00000	
NH3 "LOSSES"(USAGE-THEORY)	663.857 LBS		
FUGITIVE EMISSIONS	34,660 LBS	R( II / 5.1 )	
POINT SOURCE EMISSIONS	8,541 LBS	R( II / 5.2 )	
NH3 TO (NH4)2SO4 @ 90%, & 10% POTW	620.655 LBS		
AMMONIUM SULFATE PRODUCED	2,168,642 LBS <?> 25,000LBS		
AMMONIA RECYCLE	6,012,989 LBS	R( II / 8.4 )	
NH3 "LOSSES"/1,000 LBS FEED	74.3 LBS/1,000 LBS FEED		
QUANTITY RELEASED	105,710 LBS	R( II / 8.1 )	
QUANTITY TO POTW	62,066 LBS	R(6.1A 1.)(R8.7)	
QUANTITY ON-SITE IMPOUNDMENT	443 LBS	(RIII 5.5.3)	
 731-D MOLECULAR WEIGHT	302		
731-D THEROETICAL ACID NUMBER	186		
731-D TYPICAL ACID NUMBER	150		
731-D % PURITY (A.N.)	80.65		
AMMONIATION FINAL A.N.	10		
% CONVERSION (A.N. DROP)	93.33		
ADJUSTED MOL WT	401.23		
TEROETICAL AMMONIA	378.583		
AMMONIA LOSSES	663.857		
NH3 % EXCESS	175.35 %		
 AVERAGE FUGITIVE EMISSION FACTORS, EPA-450/3-86-002			
NUMBER PUMPS	3.00	0.11	0.33
NUMBER VALVES	68.00	0.01	0.82
NUMBER FLANGES	145.00	0.00	0.26
RELIEF	4.00	0.23	0.92
	TOTAL =	2.33 LBS/HR	
	=	20,385 LBS/YEAR	
 FUGITIVE EMISSIONS ( P, V, F ) =	34,660 LBS/YEAR		
 WASTEWATER FLOW	95,268 GPD		
ASSUME pH OF	10.0	0.00100 N	= 0.01700 g/l
NH3 IN WASTEWATER	620,655 LBS		
 AVG NH3 LOSS IN WASTEWATER =	1,000 LBS/DAY		
 AMMONIUM SULFATE PRODUCED	2,168,642 LBS		
 NH3 LIQ 300FT/2"LINE	245 LBS		
NH3 VAP 300FT/1"LINE	1 LBS		
LOSSES/TRUCK UNLOADING	246 LBS/TRUCK		
TOTAL BLEED DOWN	8,541 LBS		
 AMMONIA FRESH USAGE	25 SCFM		
AMMONIA RECYCLE USAGE	150 SCFM		
TOTAL USE	175 SCFM		
DAILY USE	11,303 LBS/DAY		
TYPICAL 731-D FEED RATE	15,000 LBS/DAY		
DAYS OPERATION(FEED)	595.68		
DAYS OPERATION(NH3)	645.56		
AVERAGE DAYS OPERATION	620.62 DAYS		
 LBS RECYCLE	6,012,989 LBS		

FOR  
AQ AMMONIA AT DRESINOL



ASSUME 1 TOTE/YEAR OF 40% ACID USED IN EDUCTOR SCRUBBER

200GAL/TOTE \* 1 TOTE/YR \* 8.34LB/GAL \* 1.4 SP GR \* .40(%) \* 70/98 = 6,672 LB/YR OF (NH4OH)

FROM FORM R, 10% OF (NH4OH) IS "REPORTABLE" = .10 \* 6,672 = 667 LBS/YR

THEREFORE AMMONIA IS 17/35 \* 667 = 324 LB/YR AS AMMONIA PER TOTE OF 40% ACID

NUMBER OF TOTES = 0  
AMMONIA TO POTW = 0 LBS/YR (R6.1.A.1.)

FOR  
AMMONIUM SULFATE FORMED AT RAD

620,655 LBS \* .10(%) = 62,066 LBS/YR  
AMMONIA TO POTW = 62,066 LBS/YR (R6.1.A.1.)

FOR  
AMMONIA IN SLUDGE (BASIS = 4 CU YDS PER DAY OF SLUDGE GENERATION)

180 MG/L \* 3,785 L/GAL \* 4 CUYD/DAY \* 365DAY/YR \* 202GAL/YD \* 1LB/454G \* 1G/1000MG = 443 LBS/YR  
AMMONIA SURFACE IMPOUNDMENT (ON-SITE) = 443 LBS/YR

SO2 (Sulfur Dioxide) FUGITIVES @ POLY-PALE

\*\*\*INPUT\*\*\*

CALANDER YEAR	CAPACITY
POLY-PALE PRODUCTION	60,426,480 LBS
MELHI PRODUCTION	2,645,520 LBS
TOTAL PRODUCTION**CALC**	63,072,000 LBS
98% SULFURIC ACID	7,348,712 LBS
HISTORICAL NEUTRALIZATION	0.84 FACTOR
PPM SULFUR IN PRODUCT	500 PPM
OTHER ALKALINE WASTEWATER	150,000 GPD
AVERAGE pH	~10.5 pH (>10 & <11)
AVERAGE NORMALITY	0.0050 eq/l (for ~ 10.5 pH)
TYPICAL PRODUCTION RATE	120,000 LBS/DAY
DAYS OPERATION**CALC**	526 DAYS
100% CAUSTIC	3,060,540 LBS
T/T WEAK ACID SOLD	0 NUMBER
AVERAGE T/T WEIGHT	42,000 LBS
AVERAGE % ACID STRENGTH	0.40 FRACTION

\*\*\*OUTPUT\*\*\*

	HISTORICAL	ACID BALANCE
FUGITIVE SO2 =	616,290 LBS 49 LBS/HR 308 TONS/YEAR	1,023,380 LBS 81.13 LBS/HR 511.69 TONS/YEAR
AT CAPACITY =	615,586 LBS 70 LBS/HR 308 TONS/YEAR	1,022,211 LBS 116.69 LBS/HR 511.11 TONS/YEAR
RECYCLED OFF-SITE =	0 LBS/YEAR	
RECYCLED ON-SITE =	6,405,018 LBS/YEAR	

HISTORICAL DATA, ALONG WITH 1990 STUDY, SHOWS 84% OF ACID IS NEUTRALIZED

THEREFORE, 16% IS CONSUMED BY OTHER PLANT ALKALI SOURCES:

( HERCLOR & RAD WASTEWATERS, PRODUCT, SO2 GENERATION, SO3, H2SO4 MIST, ... ETC. )

ACID (100%) BASIS =	7,201,738 LBS		
NEUTRALIZED =	0.84 *	7,201,738 =	6,049,460 LBS
THEREFORE REMAINDER =	7,201,738 -	6,049,460 =	1,152,278 LBS

"EXAMPLE"

ASSUME VV's FOR HERCLOR, RAD, ECT, ARE

10 pH  
0.001 eq/l  
150,000 gpd

THEREFORE, LBS NAOH EQUIVALENTS ARE

("example")  
(0.040g / 2.2 lbs \* 150,000gpd \* 8.34 \* 365days/yr) / 454g/lb = 18,287 lbs NaOH Eq

"ACTUAL"

LBS NaOH Eq (CALC)= 91.433 LBS NAOH EQ

THEREFORE, H2SO4 NEUTRALIZED = 98/80 \* 91.433 LBS EQ = 112,005 LBS

ASSUME : 500 PPM SULFUR IN POLY-PALE AND MELHI @ 63,072,000 LBS PRODUCT

THEREFORE: H2SO4= 98lb/32lb \* 500 / 1,000,000 \* 63,072,000 = 96,579 LBS H2SO4

NUMBER OF TANK TRUCKS OF WEAK ACID SOLD = 0 TRUCKS

AVERAGE TANK TRUCK WEIGHT = 42,000 LBS

AVERAGE ACID CONCENTRATION = 0.40 % (FRACTION)

ACID = 0 \* 42,000 \* 0.40 = 0 LBS SOLD

THERE IS NO DATA FOR BREAKDOWN OF SO2, SO3, H2SO4 MIST, ETC..  
THEREFORE, ASSUME "ALL" GOES TO "SO2"

THEREFORE: SO2 = 64/98 \* 943,694 = 616,290 LBS SO2  
48.86 LBS/HR  
308.14 TONS/YEAR

AT CAPACITY, SO2 = 615,586 LBS SO2  
70.27 LBS/HR  
307.79 TONS/YEAR

AMOUNT RECYCLED OFF-SITE = NUMBER OF TRUCKS SOLD TO G.P. = 0 LBS/YEAR

AMOUNT RECYCLED ON-SITE = USAGE - AMT SOLD - AMT TO SO2 = 6,405,018 LBS/YEAR

ACID / BASE BALANCE

POLY-PALE ACID (100% BASIS) = + 7,201,738 LBS

ACID NEUTRALIZED WITH CAUSTIC = - 3,749,162 LBS  
ACID NEUTRALIZED WITH OTHER eq. = - 1,788,947 LBS H2SO4 REACTING WITH NH3 LOSSES OF 620,655 LBS  
ACID IN MELHI AND POLY-PALE = - 96,579 LBS  
ACID SOLD = - 0 LBS

REMAINING ACIDITY = 1,567,050 LBS

THEREFORE: SO2 = 64/98 \* 1,567,050 = 1,023,380 LBS SO2  
81.13 LBS/HR  
511.69 TONS/YEAR

AT CAPACITY, SO2 = 1,022,211 LBS SO2  
116.69 LBS/HR  
511.11 TONS/YEAR

BIPHENYL ----- 2001

AREA	DOWTHERM( LBS)	NAT GAS(M CF)
AMINE	33,685	4,940
POLYRAD	0	0
DYMEREX	222,228	2,891
KETTLE	169,193	13,484
POLY-PALE	26,200	12,535
P-CYMENE	0	0

TOTAL 451,306 LBS 33,850 MCF

DOWTHERM IS 27 PERCENT BIPHENYL  
BIPHENYL LOSS = .27 \* TOTAL = 121,853 LBS ( LESS THAN 10,000 LBS ? )  
NO REPORT REQUIRED

2.0 MM BTU/HR VAPOR OUTPUT  
NEW PP BOILER DESIGN = \_\_\_\_\_ = .627  
3.19 MM BTU/HR BURNER OUTPUT

OLDER BOILERS NOT AS EFFICIENT, USE AVERAGE PERCENT EFF. = .6

THEREFORE VAPOR OUTPUT = .6 \* TOTAL(MCF) = 20,310 (MCF EQUIV)

ASSUME 1.0 MM BTU/MCF  
DOWTHERM ENTHALPHY @ 620F = 381.5 BTU/LB  
DOWTHERM RECYCLE = 1 MM BTU/MCF \* 1 MCF / 381.5 BTU \* NO MCF EQUIV  
= 53,237,221 LBS

BIPHENYL RECYCLE = .27 \* DOWTHERM RECYCLE = 14,374,050 LBS

#### LEAD

LEAD BARS 1/4"	70 LBS			
LEAD BARS 3/8"	44 LBS			
TOTAL BURNING BARS	114 LBS > 100 REPORT !	FUGITIVE EMISSIONS =	0.09 LBS/YEAR	(R5.1, R8.1)
SANDBLASTING SAND	1,000 LBS	RELEASED ONSITE =	0.20 LBS/YEAR	(R5.5.4 R8.1)
SAND TCLP LEAD	1,142 PPM	TRANSFER OFFSITE =	1.24 LBS/YEAR	(R6.2 R8.1)
TYVEK SUITS	295 LBS	RECYCLED OFFSITE =	0.00 LBS/YEAR	(R8.5)
TYVEK TCLP LEAD	344 PPM	ACTIVITY INDEX =	1.00	
LEAD EMISSION FACTOR	1.5 LB / TON			
LEAD SHEETS	4,960 LBS			

LEAD FUGITIVE EMISSIONS = 1.5 LBS/TON \* 0.057 TONS = 0.09 LBS/YEAR

LEAD TYVEK SUITS = 344 PPM \* 295 LBS = 0.10 LBS/YEAR

LEAD IN SANDBLAST = 1,142 PPM \* 1,000 LBS = 1.14 LBS/YEAR

ASSUME: 1/16" THICKNESS SAW BLADE  
1/8" THICKNESS FOR ALL CUTTINGS, SHEET, PIPE, GASKETS, ETC  
1 LINEAR FOOT OF CUTTING FOR EVERY 10 LBS OF LEAD USED, COMPENSATES FOR THICKER PIPE/GASKETS/ETC.  
(1/16 \* 1/12) \* (1/8 \* 1/12) \* 1 FT \* 62.4 \* 11.95 = 0.04 LB LEAD / LINEAR FT OF CUTTING

LEAD CUTTINGS, ON FLOOR = 4,960 LBS \* 0.04 LB/10 LBS = 20.1 LBS/YEAR

ASSUME: VACUUM UP 99 PERCENT OF CUTTINGS

CUTTINGS LOST = 0.20 LBS/YEAR

LEAD RECYCLED = 0 LBS SOLD TO SHEMPER

ACTIVITY INDEX = SAME AS POLY-PALE = 1.00

EQUAT 1 P/ Pa-P	EQUAT 1 TK DIA FT(D)	EQUAT 1 DAY/NITE DLTA T (F)	EQUAT 1 PAINT FACTOR(Fp)	EQUAT 1 SMALL TK FACTOR(C)	EQUAT 1 PRODUCT FACTOR(Kc)
-----------------------	----------------------------	-----------------------------------	--------------------------------	----------------------------------	----------------------------------

0.075	9.4	20	1.4	0.47	1
0.031	1.7	20	1.4	0.08	1
0.031	2.5	20	1.4	0.13	1
0.000	1.7	0	1.4	0.08	1 (OUT OF SERVICE)
0.000	2.5	0	1.4	0.13	1 (OUT OF SERVICE)
0.031	1.7	20	1.4	0.08	1
0.031	2.5	20	1.4	0.13	1
0.031	1.7	20	1.4	0.08	1
0.031	2.5	20	1.4	0.13	1
0.031	1.7	20	1.4	0.08	1
0.031	2.5	20	1.4	0.13	1
0.043	7.1	20	1.4	0.35	1
0.050	2.0	20	1.4	0.10	0 (NO VENT)
0.043	5.8	20	1.4	0.28	1
0.292	5.0	20	1.4	0.25	1
0.107	9.2	20	1.4	0.47	1
0.075	9.4	20	1.4	0.47	1
0.075	9.4	20	1.4	0.47	1
0.075	3.6	20	1.4	0.16	1
0.075	3.6	20	1.4	0.16	1
4899.000	2.0	20	1.4	0.10	0 (NO VENT)
4899.000	8.0	20	1.3	0.40	1
0.075	3.5	20	1.3	0.18	1
0.075	7.2	20	1.4	0.37	1
0.075	12.0	20	1.0	0.60	1 (ATM VENT)
0.075	12.0	20	1.0	0.60	1 (ATM VENT)
0.075	7.0	20	1.3	0.35	1
0.075	12.0	20	1.0	0.60	1 (ATM VENT)
0.075	12.0	20	1.4	0.60	1 (ATM VENT)
0.075	7.2	20	1.3	0.37	1
0.815	6.3	20	1.4	0.32	1
0.075	7.8	20	1.4	0.40	1
0.075	9.4	20	1.4	0.47	1
0.075	5.0	20	1.4	0.25	1
0.075	9.4	20	1.4	0.47	1
2939.000	6.0	20	1.4	0.30	1 (ATM VENT)
0.075	10.4	20	1.4	0.51	1
0.292	7.5	20	1.4	0.37	1
0.075	2.0	20	1.4	0.10	1
0.815	6.3	20	1.4	0.32	1 (NO VENT)
0.075	16.0	20	1.3	0.76	1 (ATM VENT)
0.043	6.0	20	1.4	0.30	1
0.043	6.0	20	1.4	0.30	1
0.043	6.0	20	1.4	0.30	1

0.000	17	20	1	1	1
0.000	20	20	1	1	1
0.000	4	20	1	0	1
0.000	4	20	1	0	1
0.000	10	20	1	1	1
0.000	14	20	1	1	1
0.000	28	20	1	1	1
0.000	3	20	1	0	1
0.000	16	20	1	1	1
0.000	24	20	1	1	1
0.000	15	20	1	1	1

0.000	11	20	1	1	1
0.000	12	20	1	1	1
0.015	8	20	1	0	1
0.000	10	20	1	1	1
0.006	2	20	1	0	0 (NO VENT)
-1.659	3	20	1	0	0 (NO VENT)
0.006	5	20	1	0	1
0.032	8	20	1	0	1
-1.659	8	20	1	0	1

**2007 ACTUAL**

1  
 2 10/10/08  
 3 FEES 01adj#2.xls  
 4  
 5 Fees 01adj#2 uses a different calculation method for scrubber efficiency based upon MACT standards for E.O. and EPI.  
 6 The implied efficiency in both standards is 98.0 which is in this forms input data unless otherwise input differently.  
 7

## FEES

*** INPUT ***			*** OUTPUT ***		
14 CALANDER YEAR	2007				
*** = No input change					
19 E.O. USAGE IN POLYDAD	0 LBS	E.O. "LOSSES"(USAGE-THEORY)	0 LBS		
20 E.O. USAGE IN E.O.D.	0 LBS	FUGITIVE EMISSIONS	0 LBS	R( II / 5.1 )	
21 TOTAL E.O. USAGE (CALC)	0 LBS	POINT SOURCE EMISSIONS	0 LBS	R( II / 5.2 )	
22 POLYRAD 0515	0 LBS	E.O. TO ETHYLENE GLYCOL	0 LBS	R( II / 8.6 )	
23 POLYRAD 0515A	0 LBS	ETHYLENE GLYCOL PRODUCED	0 LBS	>25,000LBS <sup>1</sup>	
24 POLYRAD 1110	0 LBS	QUANTITY RELEASED	0 LBS	R( II / 8.1 )	
25 POLYRAD 1110A	0 LBS				
26 SURFACTANT AR150	0 LBS	ACTIVITY INDEX	#DIV/0!	R(II / 8.9)	
27 SURFACTANT AR160	0 LBS	FOR >25,000LBS :			
28 # DAYS OP. (CAN USE NA)	0 DAYS (manual input	ETHYLENE GLYCOL DISCHARGED	0 LBS	R( II / 5.3.1 )	
29 2006 E. O. USAGE ???? required in "F132")		ETHYLENE GLYCOL TREATED ON-SITE	0 LBS	R(II/8.6)	
30 SCRUBBER EFFICIENCY	0.0 % ASSUME**	ETHYLENE GLYCOL TO POTW	0 LBS	R(II/6.1.A.1)	
33 KYMENE 557H	27,158,686 LBS	FIGITIVE EMISSIONS	2,988 LBS/YEAR	R( II / 5.1 )	
34 KYMENE 557LX	2,752,182 LBS	POINT SOURCE EMISSION	2,098 LBS/YEAR	R( II / 5.2 )	
35 KYMENE 738	3,475,508 LBS	TO WWT	8,175 LBS/YEAR		
36 KYMENE 1022 (624)	8,503,986 LBS	WWT VENTING	0 LBS/YEAR		
37 KYMENE MXC (G3140)	0				
38 KYMENE 621	0				
39 KYMENE 625LX	0				
40 TOTAL KYMENE **CALC**	41,890,343 LBS	WWT TO SLUDGE	163 LBS/YEAR		
41 EPI IN 557H	1,288,512 LBS	WWT BIOLOGICAL	1,063 LBS/YEAR	R(II / 8.6 )	
42 EPI IN 557LX	201,240 LBS	WWT ADSORB. / INCIN.	0 LBS/YEAR		
43 EPI IN 738	859,363 LBS	WWT EFF. DISCHARGE	0 LBS/YEAR	R( II / 5.3.1 )	
44 EPI IN 1022 (624)	402,093 LBS	QUANTITY RELEASED	5,258 LBS/YEAR	R(II / 8.1 )	
45 EPI IN MCX (G3140)	0				
46 EPI IN 621	0				
47 EPI IN 625LX	0				
48 TOTAL EPI **CALC**	2,749,208 LBS	QUANTITY TREAT ON-SITE	1,063 LBS/YEAR	R( II / 8.6 )	
49 NITROGEN USAGE	3,884 MCF	QUANTITY ON-SITE IMPOU	163 LBS/YEAR	R(II/5.5.3)	
50 NITROGEN SWEEP EFFICIENCY	0.2	ACTIVITY INDEX	0.83	R( II / 8.9 )	
51 2006 PRODUCTION	50,743,580 LBS	WWT DISCHARGE TO POT	6,949 LBS/YEAR	R(II8.7)	
52 SCRUBBER EFFICIENCY	98.0 % ASSUME				
53					
54					
55					
56					
57 MONTHS WWT FURN OP	0 MONTHS				
58					
59					
60					
61					
62					
63 HISTORICAL DATA ("SAME"?)					
64 TOLUENE IN ZEON WWT	0 LBS/YR				
65 TOLUENE IN I.B. SLUDGE	#REF! LBS/YR				
66 AMMONIA IN I.B. SLUDGE	443 LBS/YR				
67 I.B. SLUDGE GEN. RATE	4 CU YDS/ DAY				
68					
69					
70					
71					
72					
73 ROSIN METLER @ POLY-PALE		SHEEN QUANTITY =	7 Gallons spilled		
74 CHEMICAL NAME	PEXOIL / LIGHT ENDS	SHEEN QUANTITY =	58 Lbs spilled		
75 MOLECULAR WEIGHT	302 lb/mole	EST. RECOVERY =	42 Lbs recovered		
76 AREA OF SPILL	96 ft <sup>2</sup>	(SPILL-RECOVERY) =	14 LBS (NET RELEASE)		
77 VAPOR PRESSURE	0.004450 psia	VAPOR GENERATION	0.000100 lbs/sec		
78 TEMPERATURE	266 oF		0.0080 lbs/min		
79 WIND SPEED	5 miles/hour		0.36 lbs/hr		
80 SHEEN THICKNESS	0.125 inches		8.6 lbs/day		
81 SP. GR.	0.89 decimal		0 lbs/year		
82 EST. % RECOVERY	75 %		0.00 tpy		
83					
84					
85					
86					
87					
88 RESIN PRODUCTION	0 LBS	ROSIN PLANT-WIDE VOC	=	0.59 TPY	
89 PAPER PRODUCTION	154,386,398 LBS				
90 "ROSIN" HANDLING FACTOR(est)	2 (ie, "DOUBLE" HANDLING)	ROSIN PLANT-WIDE VOC	=	1.77 TPY(@ CAPA	
91 NUMBER OF TANKS ( est. )	0 RESINS	Changed from 30 to 15 tanks in Resins because of Resins shut-down,			

92 NUMBER OF TANKS ( est )  
 93 AVERAGE TANK DIAMETER(est)  
 94 AVERAGE TANK HEIGHT(est)  
 95 AVG VAPOR SPACE\*\*CALC\*\*  
 96 "ROSIN" MOL. WEIGHT  
 97 TEMPERATURE  
 98 VAPOR PRESSURE  
 99 AMBIENT DELTA TEMP.  
 100  
 101  
 102  
 103  
 104  
 105 EPI (Form R-Air "only")  
 106 Eth BZ (Form R-Air)  
 107 Eth GLYCOL,(Form R-Air)  
 108 Eth OXIDE (Form R-Air)  
 109 MALEIC ANH (Form R-Air)  
 110 TOLUENE (Form R-Air)  
 111 XLYENE (Form R-Air)  
 112 Adipic acid - lbs  
 113 Gum rosin/PP-lbs (melter)  
 114 Resin flaked/HRA-lbs  
 115 Nat Gas-(Poly-Pale)  
 116 (Power House)  
 117 (HRA)  
 118 (Rosin Dist)  
 119 (Hydrogen)  
 120 (RAD)  
 121 (Eff. Treatment)  
 122 2007 Fee Rate =  
 123 HRA Kettle production  
 124 HRA Flaked  
 125 Pt. fug. est non-HAP VOC  
 126 Poly-Pale melter n-H- VOC  
 127  
 128 Dowtherm-(Poly-Pale)  
 129 Dowtherm-(HRA)  
 130 Dowtherm-(Rosin Dist)  
 131 Dowtherm-(RAD)  
 132  
 133  
 134  
 135  
 136 FROM FORM R CALCULATIONS= "TPY"  
 137  
 138 EPICHLOROHYDRIN  
 139 ETHYL BENZENE  
 140 ETHYLENE GLYCOL  
 141 ETHYLENE OXIDE  
 142 MALEIC ANHYDRIDE  
 143 TOLUENE  
 144 XYLENE  
 145  
 146 total VOC (Form R) 2.55  
 147  
 148  
 149  
 150  
 151  
 152 AMMONIA USAGE @ RAD 0 LBS  
 153 NITRILE PRODUCTION 0 LBS OF 731-D FEED  
 154 WASTEWATER FLOW AVG 0 GPD  
 155 AVERAGE WASTEWATER pH 0.0  
 156 pH NORMALITY 0.00000  
 157 I.B. SLUDGE GENERATE RATE 4 CU YD/DAY  
 158  
 159 AQ NH3 AT DRESINOL 0 LBS  
 160 H2SO4 TOTES @40% = 0 NUMBER  
 161  
 162  
 163  
 164  
 165  
 166  
 167 PARTICULATE MATTER  
 168  
 169  
 170 AC-002 (162) Dust collector @ Kymene  
 171  
 172 0.93 TPY in 1988(base data)  
 173  
 174 2,370,000 lbs used in 1988  
 175  
 176  
 177  
 178 AC-004 ( - ) Gum rosin melted @ Poly-Pale  
 Based on process weight equation, E = 4.1 \* P ^0.67  
 E = Particulate emissions in lbs/hour  
 P = Process input capacity in tons/hour  
 Capacity = 80hrs/8hr shift = 2.5 tons/hour  
 183

10 PAPER except for RAD in 2005  
 10 FT Changed from 15 to 0 tanks in Resins because of additional Resins shut-down,  
 ie, RAD in 2006(actually input .01 to eliminate division by zero)  
 20 FT  
 10 FT  
 302  
 175 oC or = 347 oF (calc)  
 0.200 mm Hg or = 0.003868 psi (calc)  
 20 oF

### TPY

	PM	4.77	
5,094 lbs/yr	SO2	0.03	
0 lbs/yr	NOX	5.71	
0 lbs/yr	CO	4.80	
0 lbs/yr	VOC*	3.45	
0 lbs/yr	TRS	0	
lbs/yr	LEAD	0	
0 lbs/yr	CFC/HCFC	0	
3,716,006 lbs/yr	Other	0	
0 lbs/yr	totHAP-voc	2.55	
0 lbs/yr	TH non-voc	0	
0 mcf			
114,226 mcf	SUM =	18.76 TPY	
0 mcf	2007 FEE RATE=	35.00 \$/TON	
0 mcf	TOTAL \$ =	\$656	
	By quarters	164.12	
35.00 \$/TON			
0 lbs/yr	BIPHENYL LOSS = .27*TOTAL=	0 LBS	( LESS THAN 10,000 LBS ? )
0 lbs/yr			NO REPORT REQUIRED
0 lbs/yr			
0 lbs/yr			

	NH3 "LOSSES"(USAGE-THEORY)	0 LBS = #DIV/0!	
0 LBS OF 731-D FEED	FUGITIVE EMISSIONS	0 LBS	R( II / 5.1 )
0 GPD	POINT SOURCE EMISSIONS	0 LBS	R( II / 5.2 )
0.0	NH3 TO (NH4)2SO4 @ 90%, & 10% POTV	0 LBS	
0.00000	AMMONIUM SULFATE PRODUCED	0 LBS <?> 25,000LBS	
4 CU YD/DAY	AMMONIA RECYCLE	0 LBS	R( II / 8.4 )
	NH3 "LOSSES"/ 1,000 LBS FEED	#DIV/0! LBS/1,000 LBS FEED	
0 LBS	QUANTITY RELEASED	443 LBS	R( II / 8.1 )
0 NUMBER	QUANTITY TO POTW	0 LBS	R(6.1A.1 )(R8
	QUANTITY ON-SITE IMPOUNDMENT	443 LBS	(RII/ 5.5.3)

### PARTICULATE MATTER

168

169

170 AC-002 (162) Dust collector @ Kymene

171

172

0.93 TPY in 1988(base data)

173

3,716,006 lbs = 1.46 TPY (PM)

174

2,370,000 lbs used in 1988

175

176

177

178 AC-004 ( - ) Gum rosin melted @ Poly-Pale

Based on process weight equation, E = 4.1 \* P ^0.67

E = Particulate emissions in lbs/hour

P = Process input capacity in tons/hour

Capacity = 80hrs/8hr shift = 2.5 tons/hour

183

= 0.00 TPY (PM)

184  
 185  
 186 AG-005 (101) Dust collector @ HRA  
 187  
 188        3.18 TPY in 1988(base data)                          •  
 189    0 lbs =    0.00 TPY (PM)  
 190    26,840,510 lbs flaked in 1988  
 191  
 192  
 193  
 194  
 195  
 196 A-(Plant) Fuel burning @ PP,PH,HRA,Rosin dist,H2,RAD,Eff  
 197  
 198        PM =7.6lb/mmCUFT nat gas =                              0.00 tpy    0.00 TPY(PM)  
 199        PM(10)=0lb/mmCUFT nat gas =                              0.00 tpy  
 200        SO2 = 0.6lb/mmCUFT nat gas =                              0.00 TPY(SO2)  
 201        NOX =100lb/mmCUFT nat gas =                              0.00 TPY(NOX)  
 202        CO = 84lb/mmCUFT nat gas =                              0.00 TPY(CO)  
 203        VOC = 5.5lb/mmCUFT nat gas =                              0.00 TPY(VOC)  
 204  
 205  
 206  
 207  
 208  
 209  
 210  
 211  
 212  
 213  
 214  
 215  
 216  
 217  
 218  
 219  
 220  
 221  
 222  
 223  
 224  
 225  
 226  
 227        For #7 Boiler  
 228        PM =7.6lb/mmCUFT nat gas =                              0.43 tpy    0.43 TPY(PM)  
 229        PM(10)=0lb/mmCUFT nat gas =                              0.00 tpy  
 230        SO2 = 0.6lb/mmCUFT nat gas =                              0.03 TPY(SO2)  
 231        NOX =100lb/mmCUFT nat gas =                              5.71 TPY(NOX)  
 232        CO = 84lb/mmCUFT nat gas =                              4.80 TPY(CO)  
 233        VOC = 5.5lb/mmCUFT nat gas =                              0.31 TPY(VOC)  
 234  
 235  
 236  
 237  
 238 AB-001 Water scrubber @ Paracol/AKD (added)  
 239        Assume 75% scrubber efficiency  
 240        Capacity = 0.875 tons/hr  
 241        Emission factor from AP-42 section 11.13 = 3.0 lbs/ton  
 242        PM/PM10 =    2.87 TPY(PM)  
 243  
 244  
 245  
 246    TOTAL PM    4.77 TPY  
 247    TOT SO2    0.03 TPY  
 248    TOT NOX    5.71 TPY  
 249    TOT CO    4.80 TPY  
 250    TOT VOC    0.31 TPY  
 251  
 252  
 253  
 254  
 255  
 256  
 257  
 258  
 259  
 260  
 261 SO2 FROM 1988 DATA  
 262  
 263  
 264  
 265  
 266  
 267  
 268  
 269  
 270  
 271 VOC = VOC Assumed to be non-HAP  
 272  
 273 VOC FROM 1988 DATA  
 274  
 275  
 276

277  
 278  
 279  
 280  
 281  
 282  
 283  
 284  
 285  
 286  
 287  
 288  
 289  
 290  
 291  
 292 HRA Water scrubber - Flaking/Hot end = 57,378lbs/yr = 28.69 TPY  
 293  
 294 28.69 TPY (1988 Base data)  
 295 ----- \* 0 lbs = 0.00 TPY(VOC)  
 296 26,840,510 lbs flaked (1988)  
 297  
 298  
 299  
 300  
 301  
 302  
 303  
 304  
 305  
 306 "Rosin" VOC and "Paper Chemicals" VOC "ESTIMATES"  
 307  
 308 From Plant-wide fugitive emission estimates spreadsheet = 0.59 TPY(VOC)  
 309  
 310  
 311 Poly-Pale melter fugitives 0.00 TPY(VOC)  
 312  
 313  
 314 TOTAL VOC\* = 0.59 TPY(VOC\*)  
 315  
 316  
 317  
 318  
 319  
 320  
 321 EVAPORATION LOSSES  
 322  
 323  
 324  
 325 SOURCE :: Rosin Melter@ Poly-Pale (VP of Pexoil / Light Ends)  
 326  
 327  
 328  
 329 \*\*\* INPUT \*\*\*  
 330  
 331 CHEMICAL NAME PEXOIL / LIGHT ENDS  
 332 MOLECULAR WEIGHT 302 lb/mole  
 333 AREA OF SPILL 98 ft<sup>2</sup>  
 334 VAPOR PRESSURE 0.004450 psia  
 335 TEMPERATURE 266 oF  
 336 WIND SPEED 5 miles/hour  
 337 SHEEN THICKNESS 0.125 inches  
 338 SP. GR. 0.89 decimal  
 339 EST. % RECOVERY 75 %  
 340  
 341  
 342 \*\*\* OUTPUT \*\*\*  
 343  
 344 SHEEN QUANTITY = 7 Gallons spilled  
 345 SHEEN QUANTITY = 56 Lbs spilled  
 346 EST. RECOVERY = 42 Lbs recovered  
 347 (SPILL-RECOVERY) = 14 LBS (NET RELEASE)  
 348 VAPOR GENERATION 0.000100 lbs/sec  
 349 0.0060 lbs/min  
 350 0.36 lbs/hr  
 351 8.6 lbs/day  
 352 0 lbs/year  
 353 0.00 tpy <----IF METLER DOES NOT OPERATE INPUT "0"  
     FOR THE FORMULA "=C480/2000"  
 354  
 355  
 356  
 357 MKAP  
 358 W = ----- W = VAPOR GENERATION RATE, lbs/second  
 359 R T  
 360 M = MOLECULAR WEIGHT OF CHEMICAL  
 361 A = AREA OF SPILL, ft<sup>2</sup>  
 362 P = VAPOR PRESSURE, psia  
 363  
 364 R = UNIVERSAL GAS CONSTANT, 10.73 psia-ft<sup>3</sup>/oR-lb mole  
 365  
 366 T = TEMPERATURE OF LIQUID, oR = oF + 460  
 367  
 368  
 369

370 K = GAS-PHASE MASS TRANSFER COEFFICIENT, ft/second  
 371  
 372  
 373  
 374 K = 0.00438 (U)^0.78 (D / 3.1 \* 10^-4) ^2/3  
 375  
 376 D = DIFFUSION COEFFICIENT, ft/second  
 377  
 378 U = WINDSPEED, miles/hour  
 379  
 380 IF "D" IS NOT AVAILABLE  
 381  
 382 K = 0.00438 (U)^0.78 (18/M)^1/3  
 383  
 384  
 385  
 386  
 387  
 388 ROSIN: FUGITIVE EMISSIONS ESTIMATES-PLANT WIDE  
 389  
 390  
 391 \*\*\*INPUT\*\*\*  
 392  
 393 CALANDER YEAR 2,007  
 394 RESIN PRODUCTION 0 LBS  
 395 PAPER PRODUCTION 154,396.396 LBS Paper Production  
 396 "ROSIN" HANDLING FACTOR(est) 2 (ie, "DOUBLE" HANDLING)  
 397 NUMBER OF TANKS ( est ) 0 RESINS  
 398 NUMBER OF TANKS ( est ) 10 PAPER  
 399 AVERAGE TANK DIAMETER(est) 10 FT  
 400 AVERAGE TANK HEIGHT(est) 20 FT  
 401 AVG. VAPOR SPACE\*\*CALC\*\* 10 FT  
 402 "ROSIN" MOL. WEIGHT 302  
 403 TEMPERATURE 175 °C or = 347 °F (calc)  
 404 VAPOR PRESSURE 0.200 mm Hg or = 0.003868 psi (calc)  
 405 AMBIENT DELTA TEMP. 20 °F  
 406  
 407 \* FOR CALCULATIONS: PAINT FACTOR, PRODUCT FACTOR, SMALLTANK FACTOR, TURNOVER FACTOR, ARE IN EQUATIONS  
 408  
 409  
 410  
 411  
 412 \*\*\*OUTPUT\*\*\*  
 413  
 414  
 415 ROSIN PLANT-WIDE VOC = 0.59 TPY  
 416  
 417 ROSIN PLANT-WIDE VOC = 1.77 TPY (@ CAPACITY)  
 418  
 419  
 420  
 421  
 422  
 423 FOR ROSIN "VOC" ESTIMATES  
 424  
 425  
 426 ROSIN HANDLING FACTOR = 0 TANKS \* 2 = 0  
 427  
 428 P / (P\_a - P) = P / (14.7 - P) = 0  
 429  
 430 PAINT FACTOR = 1  
 431  
 432 SMALL TK FACTOR = 1  
 433  
 434 PRODUCT FACTOR = 1  
 435  
 436 TANK CAPACITY = 11,750 GALS  
 437  
 438 ANNUAL THRUPUT = 0 GALS/TANK  
 439  
 440 NO. TURNOVERS = 0  
 441  
 442 TURNOVER FACTOR= 1  
 443  
 444 FOR BREATHING LOSSES, L(b),resins = 14 LBS/YR  
 445  
 446 FOR 0 "TANKS" L(b),resins = 0.27 LBS/YEAR  
 447  
 448  
 449  
 450 FOR WORKING LOSSES, L(w),resins = 0 LBS/YR  
 451  
 452 FOR 0 "TANKS" L(w),resins = 0.00 LBS/YEAR  
 453  
 454  
 455  
 456  
 457  
 458  
 459  
 460 FOR PAPER "VOC" ESTIMATES  
 461  
 462

463 KYMENE = 12.2 % TOTAL SOLIDS  
 464 NEUPHOR = 31.0 % TOTAL SOLIDS  
 465 PARACOL = 12.0 % TOTAL SOLIDS  
 466  
 467 ASSUME SIMILAR PRODUCTION RATES  
 468 THEREFORE THE AVERAGE TOTAL SOLIDS = 18 %  
 469  
 470 ROSIN PRODUCTION FACTOR = 28,408,937 LBS (adjusted for %T S.)  
 471  
 472 ROSIN HANDLING FACTOR = 10 TANKS \* 2 = 20  
 473  
 474 ANNUAL THRUPUT = 1,929,855 GALS/TANK  
 475  
 476 NO TURNOVERS = 164  
 477  
 478 TURNOVER FACTOR= 0  
 479  
 480 FOR BREATHING LOSSES, L(b),paper = 14 LBS/YR  
 481  
 482 FOR 20 "TANKS" L(b),paper = 271.31 LBS/YEAR  
 483 0.03 LBS/HR  
 484 0.14 TPY  
 485  
 486 FOR WORKING LOSSES, L(w),paper = 16 LBS/YR  
 487  
 488 FOR 20 "TANKS" L(w) paper = 313.85 LBS/YEAR  
 489 0.04 LBS/HR  
 490 0.16 TPY  
 491  
 492  
 493  
 494  
 495  
 496 PLANT-WIDE VOC FOR ROSIN L(B) and L(w)  
 497  
 498 L(total) = L(b),rosin + L(w),rosin + L(b),paper + L(w),paper  
 499 = 0.00 0.00 0.14 0.16  
 500  
 501 L(total) = 0.29 TPY  
 502  
 503 ASSUME PLANT-WIDE FUGITIVES (P,V,F) AND STEAM BLOWING SAME AS L(total)  
 504  
 505 THEREFORE TOTAL ROSIN VOC= 0.58 TPY  
 506  
 507  
 508 FOR CAPACITY:  
 509 61.34 TPH ( @ CAPACITY )  
 510 RATIO FACTOR = ----- = 3.02  
 511 20.38 TPH ( 1994 )  
 512  
 513  
 514  
 515  
 516  
 517 ETHYLENE OXIDE  
 518  
 519 With 1999 LDAR update for NON-LEAKING factors  
 520 2004 LDAR  
 521  
 522 \*\*INPUT\*\* \*\*INPUT\*\*  
 523  
 524 CALANDER YEAR 2,007  
 525 E.O. USAGE IN POLYDAD 0 LBS  
 526 E.O. USAGE IN E.O.D. 0 LBS  
 527 TOTAL E.O. USAGE (CALC) 0 LBS  
 528 POLYRAD 0515 0 LBS  
 529 POLYRAD 0515A 0 LBS  
 530 POLYRAD 1110 0 LBS  
 531 POLYRAD 1110A 0 LBS  
 532 SURFACTANT AR150 0 LBS  
 533 SURFACTANT AR160 0 LBS  
 534 # DAYS OPERATION (CAN USE NA) 0 DAYS (manual input required "F132")  
 535 SCRUBBER EFFICIENCY 0.0 % ASSUME  
 536  
 537  
 538  
 539  
 540  
 541  
 542 \*OUTPUT\* \*OUTPUT\*  
 543  
 544 E.O. "LOSSES"(USAGE-THEORY) 0 LBS  
 545 FUGITIVE EMISSIONS 0 LBS R( II / 5.1 )  
 546 POINT SOURCE EMISSIONS 0 LBS R( II / 5.2 )  
 547 E.O. TO ETHYLENE GLYCOL 0 LBS R( II / 8.6 )  
 548 ETHYLENE GLYCOL PRODUCED 0 LBS  
 549 QUANTITY RELEASED 0 LBS R( II / 8.1 )  
 550  
 551  
 552 FOR ETHYLENE GLYCOL 0 LBS R( II / 5.3.1 )  
 553 ETHYLENE GLYCOL DISCHARGED 0 LBS R(II/8.6)  
 554 ETHYLENE GLYCOL TREATED ON-SITE 0 LBS R(II/8.1A 1)  
 555 ETHYLENE GLYCOL TO POTW 0 LBS

556  
 557 E.O. USAGE/1,000 LBS PRODUCT #DIV/0! LBS  
 558 E.O. "LOSSES"/1,000 LBS PRODUCT #DIV/0! LBS  
 559  
 560  
 561  
 562  
 563  
 564 FOR POLYRADS ASSUME  
 565 ROSIN AMINE MOL. WT. 285  
 566 ROSIN AMINE PURITY 94 %  
 567 ADJUSTED MOL. WT. 303  
 568  
 569 POLYRAD 0515 0 \* .85 = 0  
 570 POLYRAD 0515A 0 \* 7\*.85= 0  
 571 POLYRAD 0500 = 0  
 572 POLYRAD 1110 0 \* .90 = 0  
 573 POLYRAD 1110A 0 \* 7\*.9= 0  
 574 POLYRAD 1100 = 0  
 575  
 576 FOR 0500: 1 MOLE AMINE + 5 MOLES E.O. = 0500  
 577 303 + 5(44) =523  
 578 E.O. = 5(44)/523 \* LBS OF 0500 = 0 LBS  
 579  
 580 FOR 1100: 1 MOLE AMINE + 11 MOLES E.O. = 1100  
 581 303 + 11(44) =787  
 582 E.O. = 11(44)/787 \* LBS 1100 = 0 LBS  
 583  
 584  
 585  
 586  
 587  
 588 FOR SURFACTANTS. ASSUME  
 589 WOOD ROSIN MOL. WT. 302  
 590 WOOD ROSIN ACID NO. 160  
 591 THEROETICAL ACID NO. 188  
 592 WOOD ROSIN PURITY 86 %  
 593 ADJUSTED MOL. WT. 351  
 594  
 595 SURFACTANT AR150 0 \* 1.0 = 0  
 596 SURFACTANT AR160 0 \* 1.0 = 0  
 597  
 598 FOR AR150: 1 MOLE ROSIN + 15 MOLES E.O. = AR150  
 599 351 + 15(44) =1011  
 600 E.O. = 15(44) \* LBS OF AR150 = 0 LBS  
 601  
 602 FOR AR160: 1 MOLE ROSIN + 16 MOLES E.O. = AR160  
 603 351 + 16(44) = 1055  
 604 E.O. = 16(44) \* LBS OF AR160 = 0 LBS  
 605  
 606  
 607  
 608  
 609  
 610 THEROETICAL E.O. 0 LBS  
 611  
 612 E.O. "LOSSES"(USAGE-THEORY) 0 LBS  
 613  
 614 E.O. USAGE = LBS OF E.O./(8.34\*.85) 0 GALLONS  
 615  
 616 DAYS OF OPERATION, FROM LOG SHEETS = 0 DAYS  
 617 TOTAL E.O. ADDUCTS = 0 LBS  
 618 TYPICAL PRODUCTION = LBS % DAYS = #DIV/0! LBS/DAY  
 619 BASE YR 1993 TYP PROD = 5,470LBS/DAY  
 620 DAYS OPERATION = 0 DAYS  
 621  
 622 FOR P,V,F  
 623 Pumps/liq= 3 \* 0.0260 0.08 LBS/HR  
 624 Valves/liq= 73 \* 0.0038 0.28 LBS/HR  
 625 Valves/Vap= 21 \* 0.0011 0.02 LBS/HR  
 626 Flg&con/liq= 638 \* 0.0001 0.08 LBS/HR  
 627 Flg&con/Vap= 52 \* 0.0001 0.01 LBS/HR  
 628 RELIEF = 16 \* 0.0980 1.57 LBS/HR  
 629  
 630 ----- 2.04 LBS/HR  
 631  
 632 ON A CONTINUEOUS BASIS = 17,837 LBS/YR  
 633  
 634 SINCE WE BLOW THE LINES WE ONLY HAVE  
 635 E.O. IN THE P,V,F SERVICE THE ACTUAL  
 636 DAYS OF OPERATION = 0 DAYS  
 637  
 638 THEREFORE P,V,F FUGITIVE EMISSIONS = 0 LBS/YR  
 639  
 640 THEREFORE E.O. TO SCRUBBER = 0 LBS/YR  
 641  
 642 ASSUME SCRUBBER EFFICIENCY = 0.0  
 643 E.O. TO ETHLYENE GLYCOL = 0 LBS/YR  
 644 E.O. VENTED FROM SCRUBBER STACK = 0 LBS/YR  
 645  
 646  
 647  
 648

649                      ETHYLENE GLYCOL PRODUCED  
 650                      LBS E.O. \* 62/44 =                      0                      LBS/YR  
 651  
 652  
 653                      FOR 98 % REMOVAL  
 654  
 655                      TREATED =                      0.98 \*                      0                      LBS =                      0                      LBS  
 656  
 657                      DISCHARGE=                      0                      0                      =                      0                      LBS  
 658  
 659  
 660                      DISCHARGE TO POTW                      0                      LBS  
 661  
 662  
 663  
 664                      FOR P.V.F (RA-50 with Unit down)  
 665                      Pumps/liq=                      1                      \*                      0.0260                      0.03                      LBS/HR  
 666                      Valves/liq=                      5                      \*                      0.0038                      0.02                      LBS/HR  
 667                      Valves/Vap=                      8                      \*                      0.0011                      0.01                      LBS/HR  
 668                      Flg&con/liq=                      20                      \*                      0.0001                      0.00                      LBS/HR  
 669                      Flg&con/Vap=                      52                      \*                      0.0001                      0.01                      LBS/HR  
 670                      RELIEF =                      6                      \*                      0.0980                      0.59                      LBS/HR  
 671                      -----  
 672                      0.00                      LBS/HR                      Input zero because no EO in the area in 2006  
 673  
 674                      For RA-50/circulation/vent line/downtime  
 675                      Tank Temperature and Pressure = 57 Deg F and 58psig Nitrogen pressure  
 676                      EO vp @ 57F = 17psia, & 72.7psia nitrogen blanket  
 677                      Percent EO in vapor =                      23 %  
 678  
 679                      Downtime emissions =                      0                      LBS/Year  
 680  
 681  
 682  
 683  
 684  
 685                      ***EPICHLOROHYDRIN***  
 686  
 687                      (1999 LDAR UPDATE WITH NON-LEAKING FACTORS)  
 688  
 689  
 690  
 691  
 692 \*\*\*INPUT\*\*\*                      \*\*\*INPUT\*\*\*  
 693  
 694 CALANDER YEAR                      2007  
 695 KYMENE 557H                      27,158,686                      LBS  
 696 KYMENE 557LX                      2,752,162                      LBS  
 697 KYMENE 738                      3,475,509                      LBS  
 698 KYMENE 1022                      8,503,986                      LBS  
 699 KYMENE MXC                      0  
 700 KYMENE 621                      0  
 701 KYMENE 625LX                      0  
 702 TOTAL KYMENE \*\*CALC\*\*                      41,890,343                      LBS  
 703 EPI IN 557H                      1,288,512                      LBS  
 704 EPI IN 557LX                      201,240                      LBS  
 705 EPI IN 738                      859,363                      LBS  
 706 EPI IN 1022                      402,093                      LBS  
 707 EPI IN MCX                      0  
 708 EPI IN 621                      0  
 709 EPI IN 625LX                      0  
 710 TOTAL EPI \*\*CALC\*\*                      2,749,208                      LBS  
 711 NITROGEN USAGE                      3,884                      MCF  
 712 NITROGEN SWEEP EFFICIENCY                      0.2  
 713                      2006 PRODUCTION                      50,743,580  
 714 PRODUCTION/ACTIVITY INDEX                      0.83  
 715 SCRUBBER EFFICIENCY                      98.0                      % ASSUME  
 716  
 717  
 718  
 719  
 720 \*\*\*OUTPUT\*\*\*  
 721  
 722 FUGITIVE EMISSIONS                      2,998                      LBS/YEAR                      R( II / 5.1 )  
 723 POINT SOURCE EMISSIONS                      2,096                      LBS/YEAR                      R( II / 5.2 )  
 724 TO WWT                      8,175                      LBS/YEAR  
 725 WWT VENTING                      0                      LBS/YEAR  
 726 WWT TO SLUDGE                      163                      LBS/YEAR  
 727 WWT BIOLOGICAL                      1,063                      LBS/YEAR                      R( II / 8.6 )  
 728 WWT ADSORB / INCIN                      0                      LBS/YEAR  
 729 WWT EFF. DISCHARGE                      0                      LBS/YEAR                      R( II / 5.3.1 )  
 730 QUANTITY RELEASED                      5,258                      LBS/YEAR                      R( II / 8.1 )  
 731 QUANTITY TREAT ON-SITE                      1,063                      LBS/YEAR                      R( II / 8.6 )  
 732 QUANTITY ON-SITE IMPOUND                      163                      LBS/YEAR                      R( II / 5.5.3 )  
 733  
 734 WWT DISCHARGE TO POTW                      6,949                      LBS/YEAR                      R( II / 8.7 )  
 735  
 736  
 737  
 738  
 739  
 740  
 741 WITH COMPLETION OF KYMENE PROJECT, EQUIPMENT UPDATE "DOUBLED"                      SOCMI FACTORS (LBS/HR)

742 OLD(1987) UPDATE1992 LDAR(1995) LDAR(1999) AVERAGE NON-LEAKING  
 743 NUMBER PUMPS (+1 AGIT) 1 2 2 4 0.11 0.02600  
 744 NUMBER VALVES (LIQ) 13 26 34 49 0.016 0.00380  
 745 NUMBER VALVES (VAP) - - - 8 0.00110  
 746 NUMBER FLANGES (+CONN) 56 112 222 333 0.0018 0.00013  
 747 LBS/HR = 0 1 1 0  
 748 LBS/YEAR = 3,659 7,337 10,193 2,998  
 749  
 750  
 751 FOR EPI, ASSUME WORST CASE FOR ALL EPI EXCEPT 557LX  
 752 SINCE THE EPI "DROPS IN"  
 753 ASSUME ALL VAPOR SPACE DISPLACEMENT IS EPI  
 754  
 755 DISPLACEMENT = EPI\* 1GAL/8.34\*1.2 \* 1FT/7.48GAL = 34,037 FT3  
 756 EPI TO SCRUBBER = EPI\* 1MOLE/379FT3 \* 92.5LBS/MOLE = 8,307 LBS  
 757  
 758 FOR 557LX WHICH IS PUMPED IN UNDERNEATH THE LIQUID  
 759 EPI VAPOR PRESSURE = 40 mm Hg  
 760 EPI MOLE FRACTION IN VAPOR, VP/760 = 0.0526  
 761  
 762 LX DISPLACEMENT= EPI\* 1GAL/8.34\*1.2 \*1FT/7.48/GAL = 2,688 FT3  
 763 EPI TO SCRUBBER = EPI\* 1MOLE/379FT3 \*92.5LBS/MOLE = 35 LBS  
 764  
 765 TOTAL EPI(FROM RX) TO SCRUBBER = 8,342 LBS  
 766  
 767 ASSUME 98.0 PERCENT SCRUBBER EFFICIENCY  
 768 EPI IN SCRUBBER WATER TO WWT = 8,175 LBS  
 769 EPI FROM SCRUBBER VENT = 167 LBS  
 770  
 771 BREATHING LOSSES FROM K-110, 11.5FT DIA, 22FT HT  
 772 BREATHING LOSSES (K-110) = 94 LBS/YR  
 773 BREATHING LOSSES (K-111) = 2 LBS/YR  
 774 BREATHING LOSSES TOTAL = 96  
 775  
 776  
 777  
 778  
 779  
 780  
 781  
 782  
 783  
 784 ASSUME NUMBER OF BATCHES IS ( LBS PRODUCTION / 107,000 LBS/BATCH)  
 785  
 786 NUMBER BATCHES = 41,890,343 DIVIDED BY 107,000 = 391 BATCHES  
 787  
 788 FOR 30 SCFM NITROGEN PURGE FOR 30 MINUTES PER BATCH (30\*30=900CFM/BATCH)  
 789 TOTAL NITROGEN PURGE = 391 \* 900 = 352,349 CF  
 790  
 791 NITROGEN LEFT FOR BLANKET OF EPICHLOROHYDRIN AND DETA & HMDA = 3,531,651 CF  
 792  
 793 ASSUME NITROGEN SPLIT BETWEEN THE TWO SERVICES  
 794  
 795 THEREFORE NITROGEN IN EPI SERVICE = 1,765,826 = 202 SCFM  
 796  
 797  
 798  
 799  
 800  
 801 Antoine vapor pressure equation for: EPICHLOROHYDRIN  
 802 LOG(P)=A-(B/(t+C))  
 803 A =  
 804 B =  
 805 C = 22 oC  
 806 NOTE; V.P. for EPI @ 22 oC = 15 mmHg  
 807  
 808 Nitrogen = 202 SCFH = 0.561 #moles/Hr  
 809  
 810 T1(Centigrade) 22 oF  
 811 22 72 oF  
 812 ====== ======  
 813 Vap Press. Par.Press. Vapor Vapor  
 814 mm Hg mm Hg Mol. Fr. #moles/Hr  
 815 ====== ======  
 816 Nitrogen 745 0.980 0.5615  
 817 EPI 15 15 0.020 0.0113  
 818 ====== ======  
 819 Total 760.00 1.000 0.5728  
 820 ====== ======  
 821  
 822 Epichlorohydrin (% Recovered) = 0.00 % Mol. Wt. (Epichlorohydrin) = 92.53  
 823 Mol. Wt. (Nitrogen) = 28.016  
 824 Volume of 1 # mole of Nitrogen at Standard Conditions = 359 cuft  
 825  
 826  
 827 EMISSIONS (118 \* 8,760 HRS/YR) = 8164 LBS/YEAR  
 828  
 829 FOR A NITROGEN SWEEP EFFICIENCY OF 0.2  
 830  
 831 EMISSIONS = 8,164 \* 0.2 = 1,633 LBS/YEAR  
 832  
 833  
 834

835 FUGITIVE EMISSIONS = 2,998 LBS/YR ( FROM LDAR P,V,F "F1236")  
836 PT SOURCE = 2,086 LBS/YR ("D1257" + "D1262" + "H1341")  
837 TO WWT = 8,175 LBS/YR ("E1256")  
838

839  
840 TOTAL = 13,269 LBS/YEAR  
841

842  
843  
844  
845 FOR WATERTREATMENT:

846  
847 BIOLOGICAL STUDIES @ 20 DAY RETENTION FOR UNACCUMULATED ARE:  
848 VOLATILIZED TO ATMOSPHERE = 0 %  
849 PARTITIONED TO THE SLUDGE = 6 %  
850 BIOLOGICAL DEGRADED = 53 %  
851

852 OUR HOLD-UP IS ONLY 1/4 TO 1/5 OF 20 DAY BIOLOGICAL, THEREFORE  
853

854 VOLATILIZED TO THE AIR = 0 \* 1/4 = 0 %  
855 PARTITIONED TO THE SLUDGE = 6 \* 1/4 = 2 %  
856 BIOLOGICAL DEGRADED = 53 \* 1/4 = 13 %  
857 THEREFORE AVAILABLE OF TREATMENT = 100 - 0 - 2 - 13 = 85 %  
858

859 FOR APPROXIMATELY 90 % TREATMENT:

860 TREATMENT = 85 \* .90 = 77 %  
861 DISCHARGED = 85 \* 10 = 8 %  
862

863

864 WASTEWATER TREATMENT (WWT) VENTING = 0 \* 8175 LBS/YR = 0 LBS/YEAR  
865 WWT PARTITIONED TO THE SLUDGE = .02 \* 8175 LBS/YR = 163 LBS/YEAR  
866 WWT BIOLOGICAL TREATMENT = .13 \* 8175 LBS/YR = 1063 LBS/YEAR  
867 WWT ADSORBTION OR INCINERATION = .77 \* 8175 LBS/YR = 0 LBS/YEAR  
868 WWT EFFLUENT DISCHARGE = .08 \* 8175 LBS/YR = 0 LBS/YEAR  
869

870 WWT DISCHARGED TO POTW = 8,949 LBS/YEAR  
871

872

873

874

875

876

877

AMMONIA

878  
879 (WITHOUT LDAR COMPONENT UPDATE )  
880

881 \*\*INPUT\*\*                                  \*\*INPUT\*\*  
882  
883 CALANDER YEAR 2007 pH Normality  
884 AMMONIA USAGE 0 LBS 9.00 0.00010  
885 NITRILE PRODUCTION 0 LBS OF 731-D FEED 9.50 0.00050  
886 WASTEWATER FLOW AVERAGE 0 GPD 10.00 0.00100  
887 AVERAGE WASTEWATER pH 0.0 10.50 0.00500  
888 pH NORMALITY 0.00000 11.00 0.01000  
889 I.B. SLUDGE GENERATION RATE 4 CU YD/DAY 11.50 0.05000  
890  
891 12.00 0.10000  
892 \*OUTPUT\*                                  \*OUTPUT\* 12.50 0.50000  
893 13 1.00000

894 NH3 "LOSSES"(USAGE-THEORY) 0 LBS R( II / 5.1 )  
895 FUGITIVE EMISSIONS 0 LBS R( II / 5.2 )  
896 POINT SOURCE EMISSIONS 0 LBS  
897 NH3 TO (NH4)2SO4 @ 80%, & 10% POTW 0 LBS  
898 AMMONIUM SULFATE PRODUCED 0 LBS <?> 25,000LBS  
899 AMMONIA RECYCLE 0 LBS R( II / 8.4 )  
900 NH3 "LOSSES"/ 1,000 LBS FEED #DIV/0! LBS/1,000 LBS FEED  
901 QUANTITY RELEASED 443 LBS R( II / 8.1 )  
902 QUANTITY TO POTW 0 LBS R(8.1A.1)(R8.7)  
903 QUANTITY ON-SITE IMPOUNDMENT 443 LBS (RII/ 5.5 3)  
904  
905  
906 731-D MOLECULAR WEIGHT 302  
907 731-D THEROETICAL ACID NUMBER 186  
908 731-D TYPICAL ACID NUMBER 150  
909 731-D % PURITY (A.N.) 80.85  
910 AMMONIATION FINAL A.N. 10  
911 % CONVERSION (A.N. DROP) 93.33  
912 ADJUSTED MOL WT 401.23  
913 THEROETICAL AMMONIA 0  
914 AMMONIA LOSSES 0  
915 NH3 % EXCESS #DIV/0! %  
916

917 AVERAGE FUGITIVE EMISSION FACTORS, EPA-450/3-86-002  
918 NUMBER PUMPS 3.00 0.11 0.33  
919 NUMBER VALVES 68.00 0.01 0.82  
920 NUMBER FLANGES 145.00 0.00 0.28  
921 RELIEF 4.00 0.23 0.92  
922                                  TOTAL = 2.33 LBS/HR  
923                                  = 20,385 LBS/YEAR  
924  
925 FUGITIVE EMISSIONS ( P, V, F ) = 0 LBS/YEAR  
926  
927

928           WASTEWATER FLOW  
929           ASSUME pH OF                                 0.0                   0 GPD  
930           NH3 IN WASTEWATER                                 =                   0.00000 N  
931   0 LBS                   g/l  
932           AVG NH3 LOSS IN WASTEWATER =                   #DIV/0!           LBS/DAY  
933  
934           AMMONIUM SULFATE PRODUCED                         0 LBS  
935  
936           NH3 LIQ 300FT/2"LINE                                 245 LBS  
937           NH3 VAP 300FT/1"LINE                                 1 LBS  
938           LOSSES/TRUCK UNLOADING                                 246 LBS/TRUCK  
939           TOTAL BLEED DOWN   0 LBS  
940  
941           AMMONIA FRESH USAGE                                 25 SCFM  
942           AMMONIA RECYCLE USAGE                                 150 SCFM  
943           TOTAL USE   175 SCFM  
944           DAILY USE   11,303 LBS/DAY  
945           TYPICAL 731-D FEED RATE                                 15,000 LBS/DAY  
946           DAYS OPERATION(FEED)                                 0.00  
947           DAYS OPERATION(NH3)                                 0.00  
948           AVERAGE DAYS OPERATION                                 0.00 DAYS  
949  
950           LBS RECYCLE   0 LBS  
951  
952  
953  
954  
955  
956  
957  
958  
959  
960  
961  
962  
963  
964  
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968  
969  
970  
971

972           FOR  
973           AMMONIUM SULFATE FORMED AT RAD

974  
975           0 LBS \* .10(%) =                                 0 LBS/YR  
976

977           AMMONIA TO POTW =                                 0 LBS/YR           (R6.1.A.1.)  
978

979           FOR  
980           AMMONIA IN SLUDGE (BASIS = 4 CU YDS PER DAY OF SLUDGE GENERATION)  
981

982           180 MG/L\*3.785 L/GAL\*4 CUYD/DAY\*365DAY/YR\*202GAL/YD\*1LB/454G\*1G/1000MG =                   443 LBS/YR  
983

984           AMMONIA SURFACE IMPOUNDMENT (ON-SITE) =                   443 LBS/YR  
985

986           BIPHENYL   2007  
987

988  
989  
990  
991           AREA   DOWTHERM( LBS)           NAT GAS(M CF)  
992   -----  
993           AMINE   0                   0  
994           POLYRAD   0                   0  
995           DYMEREX   0                   0  
996           KETTLE   0                   0  
997           POLY-PALE   0                   0  
998           P-CYMENE   0                   0  
999

1,000           TOTAL   0 LBS                   0 MCF  
1,001

1,002           DOWTHERM IS 27 PERCENT BIPHENYL  
1,003           BIPHENYL LOSS = 27\*TOTAL=                                 0 LBS                   (LESS THAN 10,000 LBS ?)

1,004   NO REPORT REQUIRED  
1,005

1,006   2.0 MM BTU/HR VAPOR OUTPUT  
1,007           NEW PP BOILER DESIGN =   = 627  
1,008   3.19 MM BTU/HR BURNER OUTPUT  
1,009

1,010           OLDER BOILERS NOT AS EFFICIENT, USE AVERAGE PERCENT EFF. = .6  
1,011

1,012           THEREFORE VAPOR OUTPUT = .6\*TOTAL(MCF) =                   0 (MCF EQUIV.)  
1,013

1,014           ASSUME 1.0 MM BTU/MCF  
1,015           DOWTHERM ENTHALPHY @ 62OF = 381.5 BTU/LB  
1,016           DOWTHERM RECYCLE= 1 MM BTU/MCF \* 1 MCF/381.5 BTU \* NO MCF EQUIV.  
1,017   =                   0 LBS  
1,018

1,019   0 LBS  
1,020           BIPHENYL RECYCLE=.27 \* DOWTHERM RECYCLE =                   0 LBS

**2002 ACTUAL**

01/27/04  
FEES.01adj#2.xls

Fees.01adj#2 uses a different calculation method for scrubber efficiency based upon MACT standards for E.O. and EPI.  
The implied efficiency in both standards is 98.0 which is in this forms input data, unless otherwise input differently.

## FEES

### \*\*\* INPUT \*\*\*

CALANDER YEAR

2002

\*\*\* = No input change

POLY-PALE (LBS)	10,754,657 LBS
MELHI (LBS)	706,745 LBS
TOTAL PRODUCTION **CALC**	11,461,402 LBS
WASTEWATER FLOW (GPM)	30 GPM***
TOLUENE SOLUBILITY (PPM)	0 PPM***
DISPOSAL (LBS)	0 LBS
DISP. SOLV. FRACTION	0.00 FRACTION
TOLUENE USAGE (LBS)	353,976 LBS
NITROGEN (MCF) *	25,012 MCF ***
STEAM (MCF)*	32,380 MCF ***
% STEAM, BLOWING LINES	10 %***
MELHI (% TOLUENE)	4.0 %***
PP HEAT TREAT (% TOLUENE)	1.5 %***
POLY-PALE (% TOLUENE)	0.2 %***
NITROGEN SWEEP EFFICIENCY	0.5 DECIMAL***
COMMON VENT COND. TEMP. (F)	75 deg F***
2001 PRODUCTION	9,461,508 LBS
LAB SOLVENT DISPOSAL	16,200 LBS
% TOLUENE	50 %***
OLD PAINT DISPOSAL	0 LBS
% TOLUENE	50 %***

### \*\*\* OUTPUT \*\*\*

TOLUENE(LBS)	P.V.F / LDAR ADJUSTED
353,976	353,976
COST SHEET USAGE (LOSSES)	
TANK BREATHING AND WORKING	29,707
NITROGEN VENTING/BLOWING	142,554
WASTEWATER TREATMENT VENTING	4,660
WWT PARTITIONED TO SLUDGE	1,295
WWT ADSORPTION/INCINERATION	0
WWT DISCHARGE	0
POLY-PALE	21,552
MELHI	28,270
P,V,F (LDAR/ADJUSTED BY DIFF)	80,122
TOTAL CALCULATED	328,097
FUGITIVE BY DIFF = a + b + c + d =	131,239
DIFFERENCE(COST SHEET-CALC)	25,879
WWT DISCHARGE TO POTW =	19,936
QUANTITY ON-SITE IMPOUNDMENT	404
	f
	404

TOLUENE SUMMARY FOR:  
POLY-PALE  
METAL RESINATES  
ZEON  
LAB

Point source	
Discharge direct	172,261 R( II / 5.2 )
WWT Ad/Inc	0 R( II / 5.3.1 )
Venting@WWT	0
Fug(by diff)	4,660
Total Fug ( Fug + wwtVent )	156,714
Discharge to POTW	161,375 R( II / 5.1 )
Total(Pt,Dis,Inc,Vt,Fug)	19,936 R(II / 6.1A1.)
Total(less Inc)	353,976
Quantity on-site impoundment	353,976
Quantity Released	404 R(II / 5.5.3)
Treated on-site	334,040 R( II / 8.1 )
Treated off-site	0 R( II / 8.6 )
activity index	28,036 R( II / 8.7 )
	1.21 R( II / 8.9 )

98% SULFURIC ACID	1,441,747 LBS (PP+WT)	HISTORICAL		ACID BALANCE
		FUGITIVE SO2	=	
HISTORICAL NEUTRALIZATION	0.84 FACTOR***			313,211 LBS
PPM SULFUR IN PPPRODUCT	500 PPM***			136.64 LBS/HR
OTHER ALK. WASTEWATER	150,000 GPD***			31.51 TONS/YEAR
AVERAGE pH	-10.5 pH (>10 & <11)			156.61 TONS/YEAR
AVERAGE NORMALITY	0.005 eq/l (for ~ 10.5 pH)			
TYPICAL PRODUCTION RATE	120,000 LBS/DAY***	AT CAPACITY	=	346,443 LBS
DAYS OPERATION**CALC**	96 DAYS			39.55 LBS/HR
100% CAUSTIC	544,713 LBS (PP+WT)	RECYCLED OFF-SITE	=	1,721,630 LBS
T/T WEAK ACID SOLD	0 NUMBER			173.22 TONS/YEAR
AVERAGE T/T WEIGHT	42,000 LBS	RECYCLED ON-SITE	=	196.53 LBS/HR
AVERAGE % ACID STRENGTH	0.40 FRACTION***			860.82 TONS/YEAR
LEAD USAGE				
LEAD BARS 1/4"	70 LBS			
LEAD BARS 3/16"	44 LBS			
TOTAL BURNING BARS	114 LBS >100 REPORT !	FUGITIVE EMISSIONS =		
SANDBLASTING SAND	1,000 LBS	RELEASED ONSITE =	0.09 LBS/YEAR	(R5.1, R8.1)
SAND TCLP LEAD	1,142 PPM	TRANSFER OFFSITE =	0.20 LBS/YEAR	(R5.5 4 R8.1)
TYVEK SUITS	295 LBS	RECYCLED OFFSITE =	1.24 LBS/YEAR	(R6.2 R8.1)
TYVEK TCLP LEAD	344 PPM	ACTIVITY INDEX =	0.00 LBS/YEAR	(R8.5)
LEAD EMISSION FACTOR	1.5 LB / TON		1.21	
LEAD SHEETS 1/8"	4,960 LBS			
LEAD SHEETS 1/4"	0 LBS			
TOTAL SHEETS	4,960 LBS			
SOLD TO SHEMPER	0 LBS			

E.O. USAGE IN POLYDAD	51,884 LBS	E.O. "LOSSES"(USAGE-THEORY)	4,249 LBS	
E.O. USAGE IN E.O.D.	30,758 LBS	FUGITIVE EMISSIONS	1,127 LBS	R( II / 5.1 )
TOTAL E.O. USAGE (CALC)	62,642 LBS	POINT SOURCE EMISSIONS	62 LBS	R( II / 5.2 )
POLYRAD 0515	0 LBS	E.O. TO ETHYLENE GLYCOL	3,060 LBS	R( II / 8.6 )
POLYRAD 0515A	23,650 LBS	ETHYLENE GLYCOL PRODUCED	4,312 LBS	>25,000LBS 1
POLYRAD 1110	73,790 LBS	QUANTITY RELEASED	1,189 LBS	R( II / 8.1 )
POLYRAD 1110A	17,200 LBS			
SURFACTANT AR150	38,245 LBS	ACTIVITY INDEX	0.64	R(II/ 8.9)
SURFACTANT AR160	0 LBS	FOR >25,000LBS :		
# DAYS OP. (CAN USE NA)	28 DAYS (manual input	ETHYLENE GLYCOL DISCHARGED	0 LBS	R( II / 5.3.1 )
2001 E. O. USAGE	required in "F132")	ETHYLENE GLYCOL TREATED ON-SITE	0 LBS	R(II/8.6)
SCRUBBER EFFICIENCY	128,154 % ASSUME**	ETHYLENE GLYCOL TO POTW	4,312 LBS	R(II/6.1.A.1)
KYMENE 557H	46,648,810 LBS			
KYMENE 557LX	24,100,813 LBS	FIGITIVE EMISSIONS	2,998 LBS/YEAR	R( II / 5.1 )
KYMENE 736	1,868,409 LBS	POINT SOURCE EMISSION	828 LBS/YEAR	R( II / 5.2 )
KYMENE 1022	344,421 LBS	TO WWT	8,669 LBS/YEAR	
KYMENE MXC	101,480	WWT VENTING	0 LBS/YEAR	
KYMENE 621	351,410			
KYMENE 625LX	47,340			
TOTAL KYMENE **CALC**	73,462,683 LBS	WWT TO SLUDGE	173 LBS/YEAR	
EPI IN 557H	2,121,156 LBS	WWT BIOLOGICAL	1,127 LBS/YEAR	R(II/ 8.6 )
EPI IN 557LX	760,599 LBS	WWT ADSORB. / INCIN.	0 LBS/YEAR	
EPI IN 736	468,099 LBS	WWT EFF. DISCHARGE	0 LBS/YEAR	R( II / 5.3.1 )
EPI IN 1022	47,718 LBS	QUANTITY RELEASED	4,000 LBS/YEAR	R( II / 8.1 )
EPI IN MXC	4,330			
EPI IN 621	25,645			
EPI IN 625LX	6,368			
TOTAL EPI **CALC**	3,433,915 LBS	QUANTITY TREAT ON-SITE	1,127 LBS/YEAR	R( II / 8.6 )
NITROGEN USAGE	1,688 MCF	QUANTITY ON-SITE IMPOL	173 LBS/YEAR	R(II/ 5.5.3 )
NITROGEN SWEEP EFFICIENCY	0.2	ACTIVITY INDEX	1.18	R( II / 8.9 )
2001 PRODUCTION	62,497,806 LBS	WWT DISCHARGE TO POT	7,369 LBS/YEAR	R(II/8.7)
SCRUBBER EFFICIENCY	98.0 % ASSUME			

MONTHS WWT FURN OP                    0 MONTHS

HISTORICAL DATA ("SAME"?)  
 TOLUENE IN ZEON WWT                0 LBS/YR  
 TOLUENE IN I.B. SLUDGE            404 LBS/YR  
 AMMONIA IN I.B. SLUDGE           443 LBS/YR  
 I.B. SLUDGE GEN. RATE            4 CU YDS/ DAY

ROSIN METLER @ POLY-PALE		SHEEN QUANTITY =	7 Gallons spilled
CHEMICAL NAME	PEXOIL / LIGHT ENDS	SHEEN QUANTITY =	56 Lbs spilled
MOLECULAR WEIGHT	302 lb/mole	EST. RECOVERY =	42 Lbs recovered
AREA OF SPILL	96 ft <sup>2</sup>	(SPILL-RECOVERY) =	14 LBS (NET RELEASE)
VAPOR PRESSURE	0.004450 psia	VAPOR GENERATION	0.000100 lbs/sec
TEMPERATURE	266 oF		0.0060 lbs/min
WIND SPEED	5 miles/hour		0.36 lbs/hr
SHEEN THICKNESS	0.125 inches		8.6 lbs/day
SP. GR.	0.89 decimal		3,139 lbs/year
EST. % RECOVERY	75 %		1.57 tpy

RESIN PRODUCTION	23,458,712 LBS	ROSIN PLANT-WIDE VOC	=	1.58 TPY
PAPER PRODUCTION	164,483,244 LBS			
"ROSIN" HANDLING FACTOR(est)	2 (ie, "DOUBLE" HANDLING)	ROSIN PLANT-WIDE VOC	=	4.79 TPY (@ CAI
NUMBER OF TANKS ( est. )	30 RESINS			
NUMBER OF TANKS ( est. )	10 PAPER			
AVERAGE TANK DIAMETER(est)	10 FT			
AVERAGE TANK HEIGHT(est)	20 FT			
AVG. VAPOR SPACE**CALC**	10 FT			
"ROSIN" MOL. WEIGHT	302			
TEMPERATURE	175 oC or = 347 oF (calc)			
VAPOR PRESSURE	0.200 mm Hg or= 0.003868 psi (calc)			
AMBIENT DELTA TEMP.	20 oF			

			TPY
EPI (Form R-Air "only")	3,827 lbs/yr	PM	7.86
Eth BZ (Form R-Air)	0 lbs/yr	SO2	158.72
Eth GLYCOL (Form R-Air)	0 lbs/yr	NOX	58.31
Eth OXIDE (Form R-Air)	1,189 lbs/yr	CO	18.97
MALEIC ANH (Form R-Air)	0 lbs/yr	VOC*	200.55
TOLUENE (Form R-Air)	333,636 lbs/yr	TRS	0
XLYENE (Form R-Air)	0 lbs/yr	LEAD	0
Adipic acid - lbs	4,417,347 lbs/yr	CFC/HCFC	0
Gum rosin/PP-lbs (melter)	4,313,790 lbs/yr	Other	0
Resin flaked/HRA-lbs	9,676,150 lbs/yr	totHAP-voc	169.33
Nat Gas-(Poly-Pale)	12,535 mcf	TH non-voc	0
(Power House)	417,857 mcf	SUM =	444.41 TPY
(HRA)	13,484 mcf	2002 FEE RATE=	25.00 \$/TON
(Rosin Dist.)	2,891 mcf	TOTAL \$ =	11,110
(Hydrogen)	0 mcf		
(RAD)	4,940 mcf	By quarters	2,777.58
(Eff. Treatment)	0 mcf		
2002 Fee Rate =	25.00 \$/TON		
Poly-pale prod.	10,754,657 lbs	* = Reflects Total VOC from the facility	
SO2 Fugitives @ Poly-Pale	156.61 TPY	including VOC's that are HAP's	
HRA Kettle production	5,371,917 lbs/yr		
HRA Flaked	9,676,150 lbs/yr		
Pt. fug. est. non-HAP VOC	1.58 TPY		
Poly-Pale melter n-H- VOC	3,139 lbs/yr		
Dowtherm-(Poly-Pale)	4,663 lbs/yr	BIPHENYL LOSS = 27% TOTAL =	
Dowtherm-(HRA)	16,607 lbs/yr	12,723 LBS	: LESS THAN 10,000 LBS ? )
Dowtherm-(Rosin Dist.)	23,817 lbs/yr	NO REPORT REQUIRED	
Dowtherm-(RAD)	2,037 lbs/yr		

FROM FORM R CALCULATIONS=	"TPY"
EPICHLOROHYDRIN	1.91
ETHYL BENZENE	0.00
ETHYLENE GLYCOL	0.00
ETHYLENE OXIDE	0.59
MALEIC ANHYDRIDE	0.00
TOLUENE	166.82
XYLENE	0.00
total VOC (Form R)	169.33

AMMONIA USAGE @ RAD	107,972 LBS	NH3 "LOSSES"(USAGE-THEORY)	89,761 LBS	= 83.1%
NITRILE PRODUCTION	429,814 LBS OF 731-D FEED	FUGITIVE EMISSIONS	2,667 LBS	R( II / 5.1 )
WASTEWATER FLOW AVG	95,268 GPD	POINT SOURCE EMISSIONS	885 LBS	R( II / 5.2 )
AVERAGE WASTEWATER pH	10.0	NH3 TO (NH4)2SO4 @ 90%, & 10% POTV	86,209 LBS	
pH NORMALITY	0.00100	AMMONIUM SULFATE PRODUCED	301,224 LBS <?> 25,000LBS	
I.B. SLUDGE GENERATE RATE	4 CU YD/DAY	AMMONIA RECYCLE	462,727 LBS	R( II / 8.4 )
AQ NH3 AT DRESINOL	0 LBS	NH3 "LOSSES"/ 1,000 LBS FEED	208.8 LBS/1,000 LBS FEED	
H2SO4 TOTES @40% =	0 NUMBER	QUANTITY RELEASED	12,616 LBS	R( II / 8.1 )
		QUANTITY TO POTW	8,621 LBS	R(6.1A.1.)(RB
		QUANTITY ON-SITE IMPOUNDMENT	443 LBS	(RII/ 5.5.3)

#### PARTICULATE MATTER

AC-002 (162) Dust collector @ Kymene

$$\begin{array}{l} \text{0.93 TPY in 1988(base data)} \\ \hline \text{2,370,000 lbs used in 1988} \end{array} \quad * \quad 4,417,347 \text{ lbs} = \quad 1.73 \text{ TPY (PM)}$$

AC-004 (-) Gum rosin melted @ Poly-Pale

Based on process weight equation, E = 4.1 \* P ^ 0.67  
E = Particulate emissions in lbs/hour  
P = Process input capacity in tons/hour  
Capacity = 80drs/8hr shift = 2.5 tons/hour

$$= \quad 3.27 \text{ TPY (PM)}$$

AG-005 (101) Dust collector @ HRA

3.16 TPY in 1988(base data)

-----

26,840,510 lbs flaked in 1988

9,676,150 lbs =

1.14 TPY (PM)

A-(Plant) Fuel burning @ PP,PH,HRA,Rosin dist,H2,RAD,Eff

Poly-Pale - 3.2mmBTU/hr heat input		
PM = 7.6lb/mmCUFT nat gas =	0.05 tpy	0.05 TPY(PM)
PM(10)=0lb/mmCUFT nat gas =	0.00 tpy	
SO2 = 0.6lb/mmCUFT nat gas =		0.00 TPY(SO2)
NOX = 100lb/mmCUFT nat gas =		0.63 TPY(NOX)
CO = 84lb/mmCUFT nat gas =		0.53 TPY(CO)
VOC = 5.5lb/mmCUFT nat gas =		0.03 TPY(VOC)

Power House - #5 Boiler = 156mmBTU/hr heat input

Power House - #6 Boiler = 65mmBTU/hr heat input

Assume 95% and 5% split of nat gas between #5 and #6 boilers

For #5 Boiler

PM = 7.6lb/mmCUFT nat gas =	1.51 tpy	1.51 TPY(PM)
PM(10)=0lb/mmCUFT nat gas =	0.00 tpy	
SO2 = 0.6lb/mmCUFT nat gas =		0.12 TPY(SO2)
NOX = 280lb/mmCUFT nat gas =		55.57 TPY(NOX)
CO = 84lb/mmCUFT nat gas =		16.67 TPY(CO)
VOC = 5.5lb/mmCUFT nat gas =		1.09 TPY(VOC)

For #6 Boiler

PM = 7.6lb/mmCUFT nat gas =	0.08 tpy	0.08 TPY(PM)
PM(10)=0lb/mmCUFT nat gas =	0.00 tpy	
SO2 = 0.6lb/mmCUFT nat gas =		0.01 TPY(SO2)
NOX = 100lb/mmCUFT nat gas =		1.04 TPY(NOX)
CO = 84lb/mmCUFT nat gas =		0.88 TPY(CO)
VOC = 5.5lb/mmCUFT nat gas =		0.06 TPY(VOC)

Hard Resins - 8.3mmBTU/hr heat input

PM = 7.6lb/mmCUFT nat gas =	0.05 tpy	0.05 TPY(PM)
PM(10)=0lb/mmCUFT nat gas =	0.00 tpy	
SO2 = 0.6lb/mmCUFT nat gas =		0.00 TPY(SO2)
NOX = 100lb/mmCUFT nat gas =		0.67 TPY(NOX)
CO = 84lb/mmCUFT nat gas =		0.57 TPY(CO)
VOC = 5.5lb/mmCUFT nat gas =		0.04 TPY(VOC)

Rosin Dist. - 3.3mmBTU/hr heat input

PM = 7.6lb/mmCUFT nat gas =	0.01 tpy	0.01 TPY(PM)
PM(10)=0lb/mmCUFT nat gas =	0.00 tpy	
SO2 = 0.6lb/mmCUFT nat gas =		0.00 TPY(SO2)
NOX = 100lb/mmCUFT nat gas =		0.14 TPY(NOX)
CO = 84lb/mmCUFT nat gas =		0.12 TPY(CO)
VOC = 5.5lb/mmCUFT nat gas =		0.01 TPY(VOC)

Hydrogen - 21.0mmBTU/hr heat input

PM = 7.6lb/mmCUFT nat gas =	0.00 tpy	0.00 TPY(PM)
PM(10)=0lb/mmCUFT nat gas =	0.00 tpy	
SO2 = 0.6lb/mmCUFT nat gas =		0.00 TPY(SO2)
NOX = 100lb/mmCUFT nat gas =		0.00 TPY(NOX)
CO = 84lb/mmCUFT nat gas =		0.00 TPY(CO)
VOC = 5.5lb/mmCUFT nat gas =		0.00 TPY(VOC)

Rosin Amine D - 8.3mmBTU/hr heat input

PM = 7.6lb/mmCUFT nat gas =	0.02 tpy	0.02 TPY(PM)
PM(10)=0lb/mmCUFT nat gas =	0.00 tpy	
SO2 = 0.6lb/mmCUFT nat gas =		0.00 TPY(SO2)
NOX = 100lb/mmCUFT nat gas =		0.25 TPY(NOX)
CO = 84lb/mmCUFT nat gas =		0.21 TPY(CO)
VOC = 5.5lb/mmCUFT nat gas =		0.01 TPY(VOC)

Eff Treatment - 2.95mmBTU/hr heat input

PM = 7.6lb/mmCUFT nat gas =	0.00 tpy	0.00 TPY(PM)
PM(10)=0lb/mmCUFT nat gas =	0.00 tpy	
SO2 = 0.6lb/mmCUFT nat gas =		0.00 TPY(SO2)
NOX = 100lb/mmCUFT nat gas =		0.00 TPY(NOX)
CO = 84lb/mmCUFT nat gas =		0.00 TPY(CO)
VOC = 5.5lb/mmCUFT nat gas =		0.00 TPY(VOC)

TOTAL PM	7.86 TPY
TOT SO2	0.14 TPY
TOT NOX	58.31 TPY
TOT CO	18.97 TPY
TOT VOC	1.24 TPY

**SO2 FROM 1988 DATA**

Poly-Pale east and west vents = 7.2 lbs/yr + 7,907 lbs/yr = 7,914 lbs/yr = 3.96 TPY

$$\frac{3.96 \text{ TPY (1988 Base data)}}{21,495,048 \text{ lbs Poly-Pale (1988)}} = \frac{10,754,657 \text{ lbs}}{1.98 \text{ TPY(SO2)}}$$

VOC = VOC Assumed to be non-HAP

**VOC FROM 1988 DATA**

Poly-Pale east and west vents = 1.9 lb/hr + 12,147 lb/yr = 12,149 lb/yr = 6.07 TPY

$$\frac{6.07 \text{ TPY (1988 Base data)}}{21,495,048 \text{ lbs Poly-Pale (1988)}} = \frac{10,754,657 \text{ lbs}}{3.04 \text{ TPY(VOC)}}$$

HRA Water scrubber - Kettles/Hot = 98,696 lbs/yr = 49.35 TPY

$$\frac{49.35 \text{ TPY (1988 Base data)}}{19,713,604 \text{ lbs Production (1988)}} = \frac{5,371,917 \text{ lbs}}{13.45 \text{ TPY(VOC)}}$$

HRA Water scrubber - Flaking/Hot end = 57,378 lbs/yr = 28.69 TPY

$$\frac{28.69 \text{ TPY (1988 Base data)}}{26,840,510 \text{ lbs flaked (1988)}} = \frac{9,676,150 \text{ lbs}}{10.34 \text{ TPY(VOC)}}$$

Carbon Furnace = 64,269 lbs/yr = 32.14 TPY

$$32.14 \text{ TPY (1988 Base data)} = \text{"ASSUME THE SAME"} = 32.14 \text{ TPY(VOC)}$$

'NOTE: Furnace only ran "X" months :: Therefore subtract (12 - "X") months

-32.14

"Rosin" VOC and "Paper Chemicals" VOC "ESTIMATES"

$$\text{From Plant-wide fugitive emission estimates spreadsheet} = 1.58 \text{ TPY(VOC)}$$

$$\text{Poly-Pale melter fugitives} = 1.57 \text{ TPY(VOC)}$$

$$\text{TOTAL VOC*} = 29.98 \text{ TPY(VOC*)}$$

**EVAPORATION LOSSES**

SOURCE :: Rosin Melter@ Poly-Pale (VP of Pexoil / Light Ends)

**\*\*\* INPUT \*\*\***

CHEMICAL NAME	PEXOIL / LIGHT ENDS
MOLECULAR WEIGHT	302 lb/mole
AREA OF SPILL	96 ft <sup>2</sup>
VAPOR PRESSURE	0.004450 psia
TEMPERATURE	266 oF
WIND SPEED	5 miles/hour
SHEEN THICKNESS	0.125 inches
SP. GR.	0.89 decimal
EST. % RECOVERY	75 %

**\*\*\* OUTPUT \*\*\***

SHEEN QUANTITY =	7 Gallons spilled
SHEEN QUANTITY =	56 Lbs spilled
EST. RECOVERY =	42 Lbs recovered
(SPILL-RECOVERY) =	14 LBS (NET RELEASE)
VAPOR GENERATION	0.000100 lbs/sec 0.0060 lbs/min 0.36 lbs/hr 8.6 lbs/day 3,139 lbs/year

157 tpy

$$W = \frac{M K A P}{R T}$$

W = VAPOR GENERATION RATE, lbs/second

M = MOLECULAR WEIGHT OF CHEMICAL

A = AREA OF SPILL, ft<sup>2</sup>

P = VAPOR PRESSURE, psia,

R = UNIVERSAL GAS CONSTANT, 10.73 psia-ft<sup>3</sup>/oR-lb mole

T = TEMPERATURE OF LIQUID, oR = oF + 460

K = GAS-PHASE MASS TRANSFER COEFFICIENT, ft/second

$$K = 0.00438 (U)^{0.78} (D / 3.1 \cdot 10^{-4})^{2/3}$$

D = DIFFUSION COEFFICIENT, ft/second

U = WINDSPEED, miles/hour

IF "D" IS NOT AVAILABLE

$$K = 0.00438 (U)^{0.78} (18/M)^{1/3}$$

#### ROSIN: FUGITIVE EMISSIONS ESTIMATES-PLANT WIDE

\*\*\*INPUT\*\*\*

CALANDER YEAR	2,002
RESIN PRODUCTION	23,458,712 LBS
PAPER PRODUCTION	164,483,244 LBS
"ROSIN" HANDLING FACTOR(est)	2 (ie, "DOUBLE" HANDLING)
NUMBER OF TANKS ( est. )	30 RÉSINS
NUMBER OF TANKS ( est. )	10 PAPER
AVERAGE TANK DIAMETER(est)	10 FT
AVERAGE TANK HEIGHT(est)	20 FT
AVG VAPOR SPACE**CALC**	10 FT
"ROSIN" MOL. WEIGHT	302
TEMPERATURE	175 oC or = 347 oF (calc)
VAPOR PRESSURE	0.200 mm Hg or= 0.003868 psi (calc)
AMBIENT DELTA TEMP.	20 oF

\* FOR CALCULATIONS: PAINT FACTOR, PRODUCT FACTOR, SMALL TANK FACTOR, TURNOVER FACTOR, ARE IN EQUATIONS

\*\*\*OUTPUT\*\*\*

ROSIN PLANT-WIDE VOC =	1.58 TPY
ROSIN PLANT-WIDE VOC =	4.79 TPY (@ CAPACITY)

#### FOR ROSIN "VOC" ESTIMATES

ROSIN HANDLING FACTOR =	30 TANKS * 2 = 60
P / (Pa - P) = P / (14.7 - P) = 0	
PAINT FACTOR = 1	
SMALL TK. FACTOR = 1	
PRODUCT FACTOR = 1	
TANK CAPACITY = 11,750 GALS	
ANNUAL THRUPUT = 97,745 GALS/TANK	
NO. TURNOVERS = 8	
TURNOVER FACTOR= 1	
FOR BREATHING LOSSES, L(b),resins =	14 LBS/YR
FOR 60 "TANKS"	L(b),resins = 813.94 LBS/YEAR 0.093 LBS/HR

0.41 TPY

FOR WORKING LOSSES , L(w),resins = 3 LBS/YR  
FOR 60 "TANKS" L(w),resins = 164.44 LBS/YEAR  
0.019 LBS/HR  
0.08 TPY

FOR PAPER "VOC" ESTIMATES

KYMENE = 12.2 % TOTAL SOLIDS  
NEUPHOR = 31.0 % TOTAL SOLIDS  
PARACOL = 12.0 % TOTAL SOLIDS

ASSUME SIMILAR PRODUCTION RATES  
THEREFORE: THE AVERAGE TOTAL SOLIDS = 18 %

ROSIN PRODUCTION FACTOR = 30,264,917 LBS (adjusted for %T.S.)  
ROSIN HANDLING FACTOR = 10 TANKS \* 2 = 20  
ANNUAL THRUPUT = 2,056,041 GALS/TANK  
NO. TURNOVERS = 175  
TURNOVER FACTOR= 0  
FOR BREATHING LOSSES , L(b),paper = 14 LBS/YR  
FOR 20 "TANKS" L(b),paper = 271.31 LBS/YEAR  
0.03 LBS/HR  
0.14 TPY  
FOR WORKING LOSSES , L(w),paper = 17 LBS/YR  
FOR 20 "TANKS" L(w),paper = 334.36 LBS/YEAR  
0.04 LBS/HR  
0.17 TPY

PLANT-WIDE VOC FOR ROSIN L(B) and L(w)

$$\begin{aligned} L(\text{total}) &= L(b),\text{rosin} + L(w),\text{rosin} + L(b),\text{paper} + L(w),\text{paper} \\ &= 0.41 \quad 0.08 \quad 0.14 \quad 0.17 \\ L(\text{total}) &= 0.79 \text{ TPY} \end{aligned}$$

ASSUME PLANT-WIDE FUGITIVES (P,V,F) AND STEAM BLOWING SAME AS L(total)

THEREFORE:TOTAL ROSIN VOC= 1.58 TPY

FOR CAPACITY:  
RATIO FACTOR =  $\frac{61.34 \text{ TPH} (@ \text{CAPACITY})}{20.38 \text{ TPH (1994)}} = 3.02$

TOLUENE TOTAL

CALANDER YEAR

2,002

## FOR ZEON WASTEWATER:

Assume toluene in wastewater is = 0 Lbs

For WWT solvent distribution :

Biological studies @ 20 day retention for unaccumulated are:

Volatilized to atmosphere = 72%

Partitioned to the sludge = 18%

Our hold-up is only 1/4 to 1/5 of 20 day biological, therefore

Equalization volatilized = .72 \* 1/4 = 18%

Partitioned to the sludge = 18 \* 1/4 = 5%

Available for treatment = 100 - 18 - 5 = 77%

For approximately 90% treatment :

Treated = 77 \* .9 = 69%

Discharged = 77 \* .1 = 8%

Wastewater treatment (WWT) venting = .18 \*

0 lbs = 0 lbs/year

WWT partitioned to the sludge = .05 \*

0 lbs = 0 lbs/year

WWT adsorption or incineration = .69 \*

0 lbs = 0 lbs/year

WWT effluent discharge = .08 \*

0 lbs = 0 lbs/year

WWT discharged to POTW =

0 lbs/year

## TOLUENE SUMMARY ( POLY-PALE &amp; METAL RESINATES &amp; ZEON )

	<u>Poly-Pale</u>	<u>Met Res</u>	<u>Zeon</u>	<u>TOTAL</u>
Point source	172,261	0	0	172,261 R( II / 5.2 )
Discharge direct	0	0	0	0 R( II / 5.3.1 )
WWT Ad/Inc	0	0	0	0
Venting@WWT	4,660	0	0	4,660
Fug(by diff)	156,714	0	0	156,714
Total Fug ( Fug + wwtVent )	161,375	0	0	161,375 R( II / 5.1 )
Discharge to POTW	19,936	0	0	19,936
Total(Pt,Dis,Inc,Vt,Fug)	353,976	0	0	353,976
Total(less Inc)	353,976	0	0	353,976
Quantity on-site impoundment	404	0	0	404 R(II / 5.3 )
Quantity Released	334,040	0	0	334,040 R( II / 8.1 )
Treated on-site	0	0	0	0 R( II / 8.6 )
Treated off-site	28,036	0	0	28,036 R( ii / 8.7 )

	<u>Ethyl Benz.</u>	<u>Xyliene</u>
Point source	0 R( II / 5.2 )	0
Discharge	0 R( II / 5.3.1 )	0
WWT Ad/Inc	0	0
Venting@WWT	0	0
Fug(by diff)	0	0
Total( Fug + Vent )	0 R( II / 5.1 )	0
Total(Pt,Dis,Inc,Vt,Fug)	0	0
Total(less Inc)	0 R( II / 8.1 )	0
Recycled on-site	0 R( II / 8.4 )	0
Treated on-site	0 R( II / 8.6 )	0
Treated off-site	0 R( II / 6.2.1 )	0

\*\*\*INPUT\*\*\*

CALENDAR YEAR	2,002
POLY-PALE (LBS)	10,754,657
MELHI (LBS)	706,745
TOTAL PRODUCTION **CALC**	11,461,402
WASTEWATER FLOW (GPM)	30
TOLUENE SOLUBILITY (PPM)	570
DISPOSAL (LBS)	0
DISP. SOLV. FRACTION	0.00
TOLUENE USAGE (LBS)	353,976
NITROGEN (MCF) *	25.012
STEAM (MCF)*	32,380
% STEAM, BLOWING LINES	10
MELHI (% TOLUENE)	4.0
PP HEAT TREAT (% TOLUENE)	1.5
POLY-PALE (% TOLUENE)	0.2
NITROGEN SWEEP EFFICIENCY	0.5
COMMON VENT COND. TEMP. (I	75

*** OUTPUT ***	TOLUENE(LBS)	P,V,F / LDAR ADJUSTED	
COST SHEET USAGE (LOSSES)	353,976	353,976	
TANK BREATHING AND WORKING	29,707	29,707	R5.2
NITROGEN VENTING/BLOWING	142,554	142,554	R5.2
WASTEWATER TREATMENT VENTING	4,660	e 4,660	
WWT PARTITIONED TO SLUDGE	1,295	a 1,295	
WWT ADSORPTION/INCINERATION	0	0	
WWT DISCHARGE	0	0	
POLY-PALE	21,552	b 21,552	
MELHI	28,270	c 28,270	
P.V.F (LDAR/ADJUSTED BY DIFF)	80,122	d 106,002	
TOTAL CALCULATED	328,097	353,976	
FUGITIVE BY DIFFERENCE = a+b+c+d+e-f =	131,239	161,375	
DIFFERENCE(COST SHEET-CALC)	25,879	0	
WWT DISCHARGED TO POTW =	19,936	19,936	R6.1,A1., R8.7
QUANTITY ON-SITE IMPOUNDMENT	404	f 404	R5.5.3
SOLVENT LOSSES =	30.9	LBS/ 1,000 LBS PRODUCTION (COST SHEET)	
SOLVENT LOSSES =	28.6	LBS/ 1,000 LBS PRODUCTION(CALCULATED)	
SOLVENT LOSSES =	2.1 %	COST SHEET LOSSES/TOTAL USAGE	
SOLVENT LOSSES =	1.9 %	CALCULATED USAGE/TOTAL USAGE	

SOLVENT RECYC 11,107,426 LBS/YEAR  
 POINT SOURCE : 172,261 LBS/YEAR

\* NOTE: Must calculate each Antoine V P equation below  
 Must calc Kc and C for thruput and small tank dia.

LBS TOLUENE IN MELHI FROM T-108 =	4 %	*	706,745	=	28,270 LBS
LBS TOLUENE TO HEAT TREATMENT =	2 %	*	10,918,434	=	163,777 LBS
LBS TOLUENE IN POLY-PALE =	0 %	*	10,776,209	=	21,552 LBS

FOR: PUMPS,VALVES,FLANGES, ASSUME

NUMBER	FACTOR	RATE
PUMPS	17	0.1100
VALVES	111	0.0160
FLANGES	1,928	0.0018
AGITATORS	8	0.1100
MAGNITROLS	5	0.2300
TOTAL =		9.15 LBS/HOUR

FUGITIVE EMISSIONS (P,V,F) = 8,760 \* 9.15 = 80,122 LBS/YEAR

FOR THE SUMP.

FOR SUMP ASSL 43,200 GALLONS/DAY WASTEWATER FLOWRATE

ASSUME	570 PPM TOLUENE SOLUBILITY			
LBS/DAY =	43,200 * .00000834*	570 PPM =	205.4 LBS/DAY	
ASSUME ( 10% EXCESS) FOR SPILLS, UPSETS, FLOWS, ETC. =			225.9 LBS/DAY	
ESTIMATE DAYS OPERATION = 11,461,402 % 100,000 LBS/DAY =			115 DAYS	
LBS/YEAR =	226 LBS/DAY *	115 DAYS =	25,891 LBS/YEAR	

WASTEWATER TREATMENT SOLVENT DISTRIBUTION

BIOLOGICAL STUDIES @ 20 DAY RETENTION FOR UNACCUMULATED ARE

VOLATILIZED TO ATMOSPERE = 72 %  
 PARTITIONED TO SLUDGE = 18 %

OUR HOLD-UP IS ONLY 1/4 TO 1/5 OF 20 DAY BIOLOGICAL, THEREFORE

EQUALIZATION VOLATILIZED = .72 \* 1/4 = 18 %  
 PARTITIONED TO SLUDGE = .18 \* 1/4 = 5 %  
 AVAILABLE FOR TREATMENT = 100 - 23 = 77 %

FOR APPROXIMATELY 90 % TREATMENT,  
 TREATED = .77 \*.90 = 69 %  
 DISCHARGED = .77 \*.10 = 8 %

FOR NO CARBON ADSORPTION, TREATED GOES TO ZERO BELOW

WASTEWATER TREATMENT (WWT) VENTING	25,891 LBS/YR =	4,660 LBS/YEAR
WWT PARTITIONED TO SLUDGE = .05 *	25,891 LBS/YR =	1,295 LBS/YEAR
WWT ADSORBTION OR INCINERATION = .69 *	25,891 LBS/YR =	0 LBS/YEAR
WWT DISCHARGED DIRECT = .08 *	25,891 LBS/YR =	0 LBS/YEAR

WWT DISCHARGED TO POTW = 19,936 LBS/YEAR

VOC EMISSIONS - FIXED ROOF TANKS ( TOLUENE )

TOTAL LOSS	EQUAT1 BREATHING LOSS	EQUAT2 WORKING LOSS	MOL-WT Mv	EQUAT2 MULTIPLY	TVP	EQUAT 2 Kn	EQUAT2 ANNUAL THRUPUT	EQUAT2 TANK CAPACITY	EQUAT2 TURNOVER PER YR	EQUAT1 AVG VAPOR SPACE
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TANK NO.	LBS/YR	LBS/YR	LBS/YR	FACTOR		GAL/YR	GAL/YR	N	HT (FT)
T-3 FD SOLN	1,751	81	1,670	92.13	0.000024	1.025	0 250	2,947,218	2,055
T-7 #1 SEP	398	0	398	92.13	0.440	0.250	1,637,343	52	31487 1.00
T-8 #1 POLYZ	399	1	398	92.13	0.440	0.250	1,637,343	130	12595 1.00
T-9 #2 SEP	0	0	0	92.13 OUT	0.000	1.000	0	52	0 1.00
T-10 #2 POLYZ	0	0	0	92.13 OUT	0.000	1.000	0	130	0 1.00
T-11 #3 SEP	398	0	398	92.13	0.440	0.250	1,637,343	52	31487 1.00
T-12 #3 POLYZ	399	1	398	92.13	0.440	0.250	1,637,343	130	12595 1.00
T-13 #5 SEP	398	0	398	92.13	0.440	0.250	1,637,343	52	31487 1.00
T-14 #5 POLYZ	399	1	398	92.13	0.440	0.250	1,637,343	130	12595 1.00
T-15 #6 SEP	398	0	398	92.13	0.440	0.250	1,637,343	52	31487 1.00
T-16 #6 POLYZ	399	1	398	92.13	0.440	0.250	1,637,343	130	12595 1.00
T-17 #4 SEP	398	0	398	92.13	0.440	0.250	1,637,343	52	31487 1.00
T-18 #4 POLYZ	399	1	398	92.13	0.440	0.250	1,637,343	130	12595 1.00
T-21 PZD SOLN	1,057	25	1,032	92.13	0.600	0.250	3,110,952	1,200	2592 2.50
T-22 PZD SEP	0	0	0	92.13 NO VENT	0.700	0.250	155,548	400	389 1.20
T-23 PZD SURGE	994	14	980	92.13	0.600	0.250	2,955,404	700	4222 2.40
T-24 HYZ SOLN	8,610	46	8,564	92.13	3.320	0.250	4,666,428	1,175	3971 4.00
T-25 WASH TK	4,606	44	4,563	92.13	1.420	0.250	5,812,568	4,170	1394 0.50
T-26 WASHD SOI	2,725	81	2,644	92.13	1.025	0.250	4,666,428	2,060	2265 2.50
T-27 EVAP FD	2,725	81	2,644	92.13	1.025	0.250	4,666,428	2,060	2265 2.50
T-30 1ST PP EV	2,649	5	2,644	92.13	1.025	0.250	4,666,428	420	11111 2.00
T-31 2ND PP EV	979	5	974	92.13	1.025	0.250	1,719,210	420	4093 2.00
T-36 PEXOIL/TOL	0	0	0	92.13 NO VENT	14,697	0.700	7,409	190	39 1.00
T-40 PEX/TOL ST	189,658	189,041	617	92.13	14,697	1.000	18,993	9,050	2 10.00
T-48 1ST MEL EV	89	6	83	92.13	1.025	0.250	147,361	505	292 3.00
T-71 MEL SOLN	235	51	184	92.13	1.025	0.550	147,361	2,700	55 4.00
T-80 40%ACD/TO	479	229	250	92.13 ATM VENT	1.025	1.000	110,521	20,000	6 10
T-81 40%ACD/TO	479	229	250	92.13 ATM VENT	1.025	1.000	110,521	20,000	6 10
T-83 DEC SEP	354	54	301	92.13	1.025	0.360	368,402	3,450	107 6.00
T-84 40% AC/TOL	705	204	501	92.13 ATM VENT	1.025	1.000	221,041	17,000	13 8.00
T-85 FR TOL STC	358	247	111	92.13 ATM VENT	1.025	1.000	49,120	13,600	4 6.00
T-86 REC TOL	223	52	171	92.13	1.025	0.660	114,614	2,700	42 4.50
T-88 PP HYDRO	5,498	122	5,376	92.13	6.600	0.250	1,473,609	1,400	1053 2.00
T-93 SLG DEC	272	55	217	92.13	1.025	0.260	368,402	1,700	217 3.00
T-99 H2O/TOL SE	962	81	881	92.13	1.025	0.250	1,555,476	2,065	753 2.50
T-101 MEL ACCU	141	16	125	92.13	1.025	0.750	73,680	1,050	70 3.00
T-105 TOL FD MX	962	81	881	92.13	1.025	0.250	1,555,476	2,065	753 2.50
T-108 MEL BLND	29,132	28,007	1,125	92.13 ATM VENT	14,695	0.470	73,680	1,070	69 2.00
T-116 H2O/TOL S	2,517	105	2,412	92.13	1.025	0.250	4,257,092	3,500	1216 2.50
T-117 WASH FEE	8,683	119	8,564	92.13	3.320	0.250	4,666,428	2,400	1944 3.00
T-124 2ND MEL E	47	1	46	92.13	1.025	0.250	81,867	71	1153 1.00
T-131 PP HYDRO	5,498	122	5,376	92.13 NO VENT	6,600	0.250	1,473,609	1,400	1053 2.00
T-139 SUMP	5,491	412	5,079	92.13 ATM VENT	1.025	0.250	8,964,454	2,500	3586 4.30
T-201 RX #7	990	10	980	92.13	0.600	0.250	2,955,404	1,500	1970 1.00
T-202 RX #8	990	10	980	92.13	0.600	0.250	2,955,404	1,500	1970 1.00
T-203 RX #9	990	10	980	92.13	0.600	0.250	2,955,404	1,500	1970 1.00
TOTAL (LBS/YR)	284,840	219,648	65,192				86,445,373	128,668	672

## ( ROSIN )

P-59 ROSIN STG	34	34	0	302	0	1	98,835	10,278	10 4.00
T-20 ROSIN FEED	58	58	0	302	0	0	1,174,961	17,167	68 4.50
T-33 ROSIN/DOV	1	1	0	604	0	0	1,244,076	730	1704 4.00
T-34 R SPG TAN	1	1	0	604	0	0	1,244,076	730	1704 4.00
T-106 MELHI STG	21	21	0	604	0	1	62,204	10,310	6 6.00
T-119 GUM STG	29	29	0	302	0	1	362,856	21,000	17 7.00
T-120 ROSIN STG	173	173	0	302	0	1	1,174,961	125,000	9 12.00
T-129 PP SURGE	0	0	0	604	0	0	1,105,846	240	4608 2.00
T-130 SCRAP RO	43	43	0	302	0	1	15,551	32,200	0 8.00
T-132 PP STG TK	232	232	0	604	0	1	1,105,846	82,000	13 10.00
T-133 GUM STG	41	41	0	302	0	1	362,856	31,200	12 10.00
TOTAL (LBS/YR)	634	634	0				7,952,067	330,855	24

## ( OTHER )

T-77 98% H2SO4	5	5	0	98	0	1	22,808	10,170	2 6.00
T-78 98% H2SO4	7	7	0	98	0	1	22,808	12,750	2 6.00
T-96 25% NAOH	13	13	0	40	0	1	208,791	9,395	22 12.50
T-100 98% H2SO4	5	5	0	98	0	1	22,808	8,300	3 6.00
T-134 DOW CATC	0	0	0	166	0	0	1,382,307	75	18431 2.30
T-135 DOW FLAS	#NUM!	#NUM!	0	166	37	0	37,322,293	350	106635 4.70
T-136 DOW STOF	8	8	0	166	0	1	691	1,100	1 6.70
T-137 SER WATE	4	4	0	18	0	0	15,205,379	4,000	3801 1.00
T-138 DOW BLO	#NUM!	#NUM!	0	166	37	1	0	1,100	0 2.50

T-3 FD SOLN	48.3	905	NOTE:	FOR VOC CALCULATIONS, MUST MANUALLY INPUT Kc AND C FOR THE THRUPUT TURNOVERS(Kc) AND SMALL TANK DIAMETER(C)				
T-7 #1 SEP	0.0	398						
T-8 #1 POLYZ	0.0	399						
T-9 #2 SEP	0.0	0 OUT						
T-10 #2 POLYZ	0.0	0 OUT						
T-11 #3 SEP	0.0	398						
T-12 #3 POLYZ	0.0	399						

TURNOVER FACTOR		SMALL TANK DIAMETER FACTOR	
TURNOVERS	Kc	DIA(FT)	C
<35	1	1FT	0.05

T-13 #5 SEP	0.0	398	40	1	2FT	0.10
T-14 #5 POLYZ	0.0	399	45	1	3FT	0.15
T-15 #6 SEP	0.0	398	50	1	5FT	0.25
T-16 #6 POLYZ	0.0	399	60	1	7.5FT	0.40
T-17 #4 SEP	0.0	398	75	1	10FT	0.50
T-18 #4 POLYZ	0.0	399	100	0	12.5FT	0.65
T-21 PZD SOLN	8.5	967	150	0	15FT	0.75
T-22 PZD SEP	100.0	0 NO VENT	200	0	17.5FT	0.85
T-23 PZD SURGE	8.5	910	250	0	20FT	0.90
T-24 HYZ SOLN	86.7	1,145	300	0	25FT	0.95
T-25 WASH TK	65.8	1,575	400	0	30FT	1.00
T-26 WASHD SOI	48.3	1,409				
T-27 EVAP FD	48.3	1,409				
T-30 1ST PP EV	48.3	1,369				
T-31 2ND PP EV	48.3	506				
T-36 PEXOIL/TOL	100.0	0 NO VENT				
T-40 PEX/TOL ST	99.4	1,138				
T-48 1ST MEL EV	48.3	46				
T-71 MEL SOLN	48.3	121				
T-80 40%ACD/TOL		479 ATM VENT				
T-81 40%ACD/TOL		479 ATM VENT				
T-83 DEC SEP	48.3	183				
T-84 40% AC/TOL		705 ATM VENT				
T-85 FR TOL STG		358 ATM VENT				
T-86 REC TOL	48.3	115				
T-88 PP HYDRO	100.0	0				
T-93 SLG DEC	48.3	141				
T-99 H2O/TOL SE	48.3	498				
T-101 MEL ACCU	48.3	73				
T-105 TOL FD MX	48.3	498				
T-108 MEL BLND	100.0	0 ATM VENT *				
T-116 H2O/TOL S	48.3	1,301				
T-117 WASH FEE	86.7	1,155				
T-124 2ND MEL E	48.3	24				
T-131 PP HYDRO	100.0	0 NO VENT				
T-139 SUMP		5,491 ATM VENT				
T-201 RX #7	8.5	906				
T-202 RX #8	8.5	906				
T-203 RX #9	8.5	906				
TOTAL		29,707				

NOTE: \*EMISSIONS IN T-108 ARE SHOWN IN FINISHED PRODUCT MELHI.

TOTAL TANKAGE CAPACITY = 128,668 GALLONS  
 TOTAL NITROGEN USAGE = 2,855 SCFH  
 P1 V1 P2 V2  
 FOR BREATHING DISPLACEMENT = \_\_\_\_\_  
 T1 T2  
 AVERAGE DAY TEMPERATURE( 76.3 DEG F.  
 AVERAGE NIGHT TEMPERATUR 52.9 DEG F.  
 FOR NIGHT VOLUUME(V2) = 128,668 GALLONS OR 17,202 CU FT  
 THE DAY VOLUUME(V1) = 134,538 GALLONS OR 17,986 CU FT  
 BREATHING DISPLACEMENT = 785 FT3/DAY  
 = 286,447 FT3/YEAR OR 33 SCFH  
 FOR WORKING DISPLACEMENT = 86445373 GALLONS  
 = 11,556,668 FT3/YEAR OR 1319 SCFH  
 TOTAL DISPLACE 286,447 FT3/YR + 11,556,668 FT3/YR  
 = 11,843,316 FT3/YEAR  
 = 1,352 SCFH  
 NITROGEN VENT 2,855 SCFH - 1,352 SCFH = 1,503 SCFH  
 (MAX) = 2,832 SCFH (SEE NOTE BELOW)

NOTE:: FOR POLY-PALE, PRODUCTION IS CONTINUEOUS/"STEADY-STATE"/LEVEL CONTROL

THEREFORE, BATCH VOLUMETRIC DISPLACEMENT IS MINIMAL, (EMPTY TANKS EACH RUN )

ASSUME; TANKAGE VOLUMETRIC DISPLACEMENT (12 TIMES A YEAR) IS ACTUAL DISPLACEMENT

TANKAGE VOLU 128,668 GALLONS = 17,202 CU FT  
 VOLUME DISPLA 17,202 CU FT \* 12 TIMES/YR % 8,760 HRS/YR = 24 SCFH  
 THEREFORE; MAXIMUM VENTIN 2,855 SCFH - 24 SCFH = 2,832 SCFH

FOR NITROGEN DISTRIBUTION BASED ON THRUPUT AND BREATHING VOLUUME  
 CONDENSER EXIT TEMPERATU 75.0 DEG F = 23.9 DEG C  
 "cond. Exit temp. = cell C29"

NOTE: MUST MANUALLY ADJUST "COND. TEMP." FOR TANKS THAT VENT TO ATMOSPHERE

ANTOINE EMISS 97 SCFH AND 100.0 DEG F OR 37.8 DEG C

EQUAL =

7,990 LBS/YEAR

TABLE BELOW BREAKS DOWN THE TOTAL ANTOINE EMISSIONS INTO INDIVIDUAL TANKS  
 (IT HAS TO BE CALCULATED FOR EACH INDIVIDUAL TANK NITROGEN FLOW)

TANK NO	ANNUAL THRUPUT GAL/YR	TANK BREATHING GAL/YR	TOTAL GALS/YR	NITROGEN SCFH	TEMP DEG F	ANTOINE EMISSIONS LBS/YEAR
T-3 FD SOLN	2,947,218	701	2,947,919	97	100	7,990
T-7 #1 SEP	1,637,343	18	1,637,361	54	70	4,448
T-8 #1 POLYZ	1,637,343	44	1,637,388	54	70	4,448
T-9 #2 SEP	0	18	18	0	MTY	0 OUT
T-10 #2 POLYZ	0	44	44	0	MTY	0 OUT
T-11 #3 SEP	1,637,343	18	1,637,361	54	70	4,448
T-12 #3 POLYZ	1,637,343	44	1,637,388	54	70	4,448
T-13 #5 SEP	1,637,343	18	1,637,361	54	70	4,448
T-14 #5 POLYZ	1,637,343	44	1,637,388	54	70	4,448
T-15 #6 SEP	1,637,343	18	1,637,361	54	70	4,448
T-16 #6 POLYZ	1,637,343	44	1,637,388	54	70	4,448
T-17 #4 SEP	1,637,343	18	1,637,361	54	70	4,448
T-18 #4 POLYZ	1,637,343	44	1,637,388	54	70	4,448
T-21 PZD SOLN	3,110,952	410	3,111,361	102	80	8,402
T-22 PZD SEP	155,548	137	155,684	5	85	0 NO VENT
T-23 PZD SURGE	2,955,404	239	2,955,643	97	80	7,990
T-24 HYZ SOLN	4,666,428	401	4,666,829	153	150	12,603
T-25 WASH TK	5,812,568	1,423	5,813,991	190	115	15,650
T-26 WASHD SOI	4,666,428	703	4,667,131	153	100	12,603
T-27 EVAP FD	4,666,428	703	4,667,131	153	100	12,603
T-30 1ST PP EV	4,666,428	143	4,666,571	153	100	12,603
T-31 2ND PP EV	1,719,210	143	1,719,354	56	100	4,613
T-36 PEXOIL/TOL	7,409	65	7,474	0	222	0 NO VENT
T-40 PEX/TOL ST	18,993	3,088	22,082	1	222	82
T-48 1ST MEL EV	147,361	172	147,533	5	100	412
T-71 MEL SOLN	147,361	921	148,282	5	100	412
T-80 40%ACD/TO	110,521	6,825	117,346	4	100	680 ATM VENT
T-81 40%ACD/TO	110,521	6,825	117,346	4	100	680 ATM VENT
T-83 DEC SEP	368,402	1,177	369,580	12	100	988
T-84 40% AC/TOL	221,041	5,801	226,843	7	100	1,189 ATM VENT
T-85 FR TOL STC	49,120	4,641	53,761	2	100	340 ATM VENT
T-86 REC TOL	114,614	921	115,535	4	100	329
T-88 PP HYDRO	1,473,609	478	1,474,087	48	185	3,954
T-93 SLG DEC	368,402	580	368,982	12	100	988
T-99 H2O/TOL SE	1,555,476	705	1,556,181	51	100	4,201
T-101 MEL ACCU	73,680	358	74,039	2	100	165
T-105 TOL FD MX	1,555,476	705	1,556,181	51	100	4,201
T-108 MEL BLND	73,680	365	74,046	2	222	28,733 ATM VENT
T-116 H2O/TOL S	4,257,092	1,194	4,258,287	139	100	11,450
T-117 WASH FEE	4,666,428	819	4,667,247	153	150	12,603
T-124 2ND MEL E	81,867	24	81,891	3	100	247
T-131 PP HYDRO	1,473,609	478	1,474,087	48	185	0 NO VENT
T-139 SUMP	8,964,454	853	8,965,307	294	100	49,947 ATM VENT
T-201 RX #7	2,955,404	512	2,955,916	97	80	7,990
T-202 RX #8	2,955,404	512	2,955,916	97	80	7,990
T-203 RX #9	2,955,404	512	2,955,916	97	80	7,990
TOTAL (LBS/YR)	86,445,373	43,909	86,489,282	2832	285,108	
FOR			0.5 % NITROGEN SWEEP EFFICIENCY =		142,554	

Antoine vapor pressure equation for:  
 $\log(P) = A - \frac{B}{(t+C)}$

TOLUENE

$$\begin{aligned} A &= & 7 \\ B &= & 1,345 \\ C &= & 219^{\circ}\text{C} \end{aligned}$$

Nitrogen = 97 SCFH = 0.270 #moles/Hr

T1(Centigrade)		T1(Centigrade)
37.8	100.0 °F	23.9

	Vap Press mm Hg	Par Press mm Hg	Vapor Mol. Fr.	Vapor #moles/Hr	Vap Press mm Hg	Vapor Mol Fr.	Vapor #moles/Hr	Vapor #/Hr	Liq Cond. #/Hr
Nitrogen		707	0.930	0.2702	733	0.965	0.2702	7.5698	
Toluene	53	53	0.070	0.0204	27	0.035	0.0099	0.9121	0.9691

Toluene (% Recovered) = 51.51 %

Mol. Wt (Toluene) = 92.134

Mol. Wt. (Nitrogen) = 28.016

Volume of 1 # mole of Nitrogen at Standard Conditions = 359 cu ft

EMISSIONS ( 11178 \* 8.760 HRS/YR ) = 7,990 LBS/YEAR

ASSUME HYDROLYSIS TOTAL SOLIDS IS 40 % AVERAGE ( 60% TOLUENE )

THEREFORE, TOLUENE USAGE 17,192,103 LBS

PERCENT SOLVENT LOSSES = 2.06 % (BASED ON COST SHEET LOSSES AND TOTAL USAGE)  
 PERCENT SOLVENT LOSSES = 1.91 % (BASED ON CALCULATED LOSSES AND TOTAL USAGE)

FOR SOLVENT RECYCLE ASSUME SOLUTION IS 50 % TOTAL SOLIDS

THEREFORE SOLVENT IN SOLN 11,461,402 LBS

SOLVENT RECYCLED 11,461,402 LBS LESS THE "LOSSES" ( 353,976 LBS ) = 11,107,426 LBS/YEAR RECYCLED

164 MG/L \* 3.785 L/GAL \* 4 CUYD/DAY \* 365 DAY/YR \* 202 GAL/YD \* 1 LB/454G \* 1G/1000MG = 404 LBS/YR

TOLUENE SURFACE IMPOUNDMENT ( ON-SITE ) = 404 LBS/YR

### ETHYLENE OXIDE

With 1999 LDAR update for NON-LEAKING factors

\*\*INPUT\*\*

\*\*INPUT\*\*

CALANDER YEAR	2,002
E.O. USAGE IN POLYDAD	51,884 LBS
E.O. USAGE IN E.O.D.	30,758 LBS
TOTAL E.O. USAGE (CALC)	82,642 LBS
POLYRAD 0515	0 LBS
POLYRAD 0515A	23,650 LBS

POLYRAD 1110	73,790 LBS
POLYRAD 1110A	17,200 LBS
SURFACTANT AR150	38,245 LBS
SURFACTANT AR160	0 LBS
# DAYS OPERATION (CAN USE NA)	28 DAYS (manual input required "F132")
SCRUBBER EFFICIENCY	98.0 % ASSUME

**\*OUTPUT\***

E.O. "LOSSES"(USAGE-THEORY)	4,249 LBS
FUGITIVE EMISSIONS	1,127 LBS R(II/5.1)
POINT SOURCE EMISSIONS	62 LBS R(II/5.2)
E.O. TO ETHYLENE GLYCOL	3,060 LBS R(II/8.6)
ETHYLENE GLYCOL PRODUCED	4,312 LBS
QUANTITY RELEASED	1,189 LBS R(II/8.1)

**FOR ETHYLENE GLYCOL:**

ETHYLENE GLYCOL DISCHARGED	0 LBS R(II/5.3.1)
ETHYLENE GLYCOL TREATED ON-SITE	0 LBS R(II/8.6)
ETHYLENE GLYCOL TO POTW	4,312 LBS R(II/6.1A.1)

E.O. USAGE/ 1,000 LBS PRODUCT	541 LBS
E.O. "LOSSES"/ 1,000 LBS PRODUCT	28 LBS

**FOR POLYRADS: ASSUME**

ROSIN AMINE MOL. WT.	285
ROSIN AMINE PURITY	94 %
ADJUSTED MOL.WT.	303

POLYRAD 0515	0 * .85 = 0
POLYRAD 0515A	23,650 * 7*.85= 14,072
POLYRAD 0500 =	14,072
POLYRAD 1110	73,790 * .90 = 66,411
POLYRAD 1110A	17,200 * 7*.9= 10,836
POLYRAD 1100 =	77,247

FOR 0500:: 1 MOLE AMINE + 5 MOLES E.O. = 0500	
303 + 5(44) = 523	
E.O. = 5(44)/523 * LBS OF 0500 = 5,919 LBS	

FOR 1100:: 1 MOLE AMINE + 11 MOLES E.O. = 1100	
303 + 11(44) = 787	
E.O. = 11(44)/787 * LBS 1100 = 47,506 LBS	

**FOR SURFACTANTS: ASSUME**

WOOD ROSIN MOL. WT.	302
WOOD ROSIN ACID NO.	160
THEORETICAL ACID NO.	186
WOOD ROSIN PURITY	86 %
ADJUSTED MOL. WT.	351

SURFACTANT AR150	38,245 * 1.0 = 38,245
SURFACTANT AR160	0 * 1.0 = 0

FOR AR150:: 1 MOLE ROSIN + 15 MOLES E.O. = AR150	
351 + 15(44) = 1011	
E.O. = 15(44) * LBS OF AR150 = 24,967 LBS	

FOR AR160:: 1 MOLE ROSIN + 16 MOLES E.O. = AR160	
351 + 16(44) = 1055	
E.O. = 16(44) * LBS OF AR160 = 0 LBS	

THEORETICAL E.O.	78,393 LBS
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E.O. "LOSSES"(USAGE-THEORY)	4,249 LBS
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E.O. USAGE = LBS OF E.O. / (8.34*.85)	11,658 GALLONS
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DAYS OF OPERATION, FROM LOG SHEETS =	28 DAYS
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TOTAL E.O. ADDUCTS =	129,564 LBS
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TYPICAL PRODUCTION = LBS % DAYS =	4,627 LBS/DAY
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BASE YR 1993 TYP PROD = 5,470LBS/DAY	
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DAYS OPERATION =	24 DAYS
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FOR P,V,F	
Pumps/liq= 3 *	0.0260 0.08 LBS/HR
Valves/liq= 73 *	0.0038 0.28 LBS/HR

Valves/Vap=	21	*	0.0011	0.02 LBS/HR
Fig&con/lq=	231	*	0.0001	0.03 LBS/HR
Fig&con/Vap=	44	*	0.0001	0.01 LBS/HR
RELIEF =	16	*	0.0980	1.57 LBS/HR
				1.98 LBS/HR

ON A CONTINUOUS BASIS = 17,365 LBS/YR

SINCE WE BLOW THE LINES WE ONLY HAVE E.O. IN THE P,V,F SERVICE THE ACTUAL DAYS OF OPERATION = 24 DAYS

THEREFORE P,V,F FUGITIVE EMISSIONS = 1,127 LBS/YR

THEREFORE E.O. TO SCRUBBER = 3,122 LBS/YR

ASSUME SCRUBBER EFFICIENCY = 98.0  
E.O. TO ETHYLENE GLYCOL = 3,060 LBS/YR  
E.O. VENTED FROM SCRUBBER STACK = 62 LBS/YR

ETHYLENE GLYCOL PRODUCED  
LBS E.O. \* 62/44 = 4,312 LBS/YR

FOR 98 % REMOVAL :

TREATED =	0.98 *	0 LBS =	0 LBS
DISCHARGE=	0	-	0 = 0 LBS

DISCHARGE TO POTW 4,312 LBS

calander year	lbs NH3 usage	lbs 731-D feed	lbs NH3 / M lbs feed	lbs EO usage	lbs product	lbs E.O. / M lbs Prod
87	195,829	1,403,869	139	1,442,191	1,999,020	721
88	231,231	1,999,100	116	1,508,355	2,119,510	712
89	127,840	1,254,044	102	490,301	824,720	595
90	122,926	1,465,446	84	275,339	435,640	632
91	154,160	1,614,772	95	244,077	502,906	485
92	128,821	1,611,607	80	270,067	437,822	617
93	98,645	1,194,184	83	246,553	431,490	571
94	195,096	2,198,972	89	257,031	465,003	553
95	137,304	1,166,265	118	233,440	364,498	640
		#DIV/0!		#DIV/0!		
		#DIV/0!		#DIV/0!		
		#DIV/0!		#DIV/0!		
		#DIV/0!		#DIV/0!		
JAN-YTD	15,470	120,822	128	46,820	11,882	3940
FEB-YTD	35,982	198,483	181	65,161	135,082	482
MAR-YTD	35,982	258,169	139	69,076	135,082	511
APR-YTD	60,930	303,856	201	55,699	198,532	281
MAY-YTD	82,436	467,130	176	99,656	228,062	437
JUN-YTD	94,657	575,616	164	119,995	277,902	432
JUL-YTD	110,156	699,975	157	120,145	287,272	418
AUG-YTD	110,156	699,975	157	135,619	329,552	412
SEP-YTD	121,250	928,428	131	158,995	359,192	443
OCT-YTD		#DIV/0!		#DIV/0!		
NOV-YTD		#DIV/0!		#DIV/0!		
DECYTD		#DIV/0!		#DIV/0!		

#### EPICHLOROHYDRIN

(1999 LDAR UPDATE WITH NON-LEAKING FACTORS)

\*\*\*INPUT\*\*\*

CALANDER YEAR	2002	
KYMENE 557H	46,648,810	LBS
KYMENE 557LX	24,100,813	LBS
KYMENE 736	1,868,409	LBS
KYMENE 1022	344,421	LBS
KYMENE MXC	101,480	LBS
KYMENE 621	351,410	LBS
KYMENE 625LX	47,340	LBS

\*\*\*INPUT\*\*\*

TOTAL KYMENE **CALC**	73,462,683	LBS
EPI IN 557H	2,121,156	LBS
EPI IN 557LX	760,599	LBS
EPI IN 736	468,099	LBS
EPI IN 1022	47,718	LBS
EPI IN MCX	4,330	
EPI IN 621	25,645	
EPI IN 625LX	6,368	
TOTAL EPI **CALC**	3,433,915	LBS
NITROGEN USAGE	1,688	MCF
NITROGEN SWEEP EFFICIENCY	0.2	
2001 PRODUCTION	62,497,806	
PRODUCTION/ACTIVITY INDEX	1.18	
SCRUBBER EFFICIENCY	98.0	% ASSUME

\*\*\*OUTPUT\*\*\*

FIGITIVE EMISSIONS	2,998	LBS/YEAR	R( II / 5.1 )
POINT SOURCE EMISSIONS	828	LBS/YEAR	R( II / 5.2 )
TO WWT	8,669	LBS/YEAR	
WWT VENTING	0	LBS/YEAR	
WWT TO SLUDGE	173	LBS/YEAR	
WWT BIOLOGICAL	1,127	LBS/YEAR	R( II / 8.6 )
WWT ADSORB. / INCIN	0	LBS/YEAR	
WWT EFF. DISCHARGE	0	LBS/YEAR	R( II / 8.1 )
QUANTITY RELEASED	4,000	LBS/YEAR	R( II / 8.1 )
QUANTITY TREAT ON-SITE	1,127	LBS/YEAR	R( II / 8.6 )
QUANTITY ON-SITE IMPOUND	173	LBS/YEAR	R( II / 5.3 )
WWT DISCHARGE TO POTW	7,369	LBS/YEAR	R( II / 8.7 )

WITH COMPLETION OF KYMENE PROJECT, EQUIPMENT UPDATE "DOUBLED"				SOCMI FACTORS (LBS/HR)		
	OLD(1987)	UPDATE1992	LDAR(1995)	LDAR(1999)	AVERAGE	NON-LEAKING
NUMBER PUMPS (+1 AGIT)	1	2	2	4	0.11	0.02600
NUMBER VALVES (LIQ)	13	26	34	49	0.016	0.00380
NUMBER VALVES (VAP)				8		0.00110
NUMBER FLANGES (+CONN)	56	112	222	333	0.0018	0.00013
LBS/HR =	0	1	1	0		
LBS/YEAR =	3,669	7,337	10,193	2,998		

FOR EPI, ASSUME WORST CASE FOR ALL EPI EXCEPT 557LX  
SINCE THE EPI "DROPS IN"  
ASSUME ALL VAPOR SPACE DISPLACEMENT IS EPI

DISPLACEMENT =	EPI* 1GAL/8.34*1.2 * 1FT/7.48GAL =	35,711 FT <sup>3</sup>
EPI TO SCRUBBER =	EPI* 1MOLE/379FT <sup>3</sup> * 92.5LBS/MOLE =	8,716 LBS

FOR 557LX WHICH IS PUMPED IN UNDERNEATH THE LIQUID  
EPI VAPOR PRESSURE = 40 mm Hg  
EPI MOLE FRACTION IN VAPOR, VP/760 = 0.0526

LX DISPLACEMENT=	EPI* 1GAL/8.34*1.2 *1FT/7.48/GAL =	10,160 FT <sup>3</sup>
EPI TO SCRUBBER =	EPI* 1MOLE/379FT <sup>3</sup> *92.5LBS/MOLE =	131 LBS

TOTAL EPI(FROM RX) TO SCRUBBER =	8,846	LBS
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ASSUME 98.0 PERCENT SCRUBBER EFFICIENCY		
EPI IN SCRUBBER WATER TO WWT =	8,669	LBS
EPI FROM SCRUBBER VENT =	177 LBS	

BREATHING LOSSES FROM K-110, 11.5FT DIA, 22FT HT		
BREATHING LOSSES (K-110) =	94 LBS/YR	
BREATHING LOSSES (K-111) =	2 LBS/YR	
BREATHING LOSSES TOTAL =	96	

ASSUME NUMBER OF BATCHES IS ( LBS PRODUCTION / 107,000 LBS/BATCH)

NUMBER BATCHES =	73,462,683	DIVIDED BY	107,000	=	687 BATCHES
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FOR 30 SCFM NITROGEN PURGE FOR 30 MINUTES PER BATCH (30\*30=900CFM/BATCH)  
TOTAL NITROGEN PURGE = 687 \* 900 = 617,910 CF

NITROGEN LEFT FOR BLANKET OF EPICHLOROHYDRIN AND DETA & HMDA = 1,070,090 CF

ASSUME NITROGEN SPLIT BETWEEN THE TWO SERVICES

THEREFORE NITROGEN IN EPI SERVICE =	535,045	=	61 SCFM
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Antoine vapor pressure equation for:

$$\text{LOG}(P) = A - \frac{B}{(t+C)}$$

A =

B =

C =

22 oC

EPICHLOROHYDRIN

NOTE: V.P. for EPI @ 22 oC = 15 mmHg

T1(Centigrade)				SCFH = 0.170 #moles/Hr			
22		72 oF		T1(Centigrade)		72 oF	
Vap Press. mm Hg	Par Press. mm Hg	Vapor Mol. Fr.	Vapor #moles/Hr	Vap Press. mm Hg	Vapor Mol. Fr.	Vapor #moles/Hr	Liq Cond. #/Hr
Nitrogen EPI	15	745 15	0.980 0.020	0.1701 0.0034	745 15	0.980 0.020	4.7665 0.3170
Total		760.00	1.000	0.1736	760.00	1.000	5.0834
							0.0000

Epichlorohydrin (% Recovered) = 0.00 % Mol. Wt. (Epichlorohydrin) = 92.53

Mol. Wt. (Nitrogen) = 28.016

Volume of 1 # mole of Nitrogen at Standard Conditions = 359 cuft

EMISSIONS ( 119 \* 8,760 HRS/YR ) = 2777 LBS/YEAR

FOR A NITROGEN SWEEP EFFICIENCY OF 0.2

EMISSIONS = 2,777 \* 0.2 = 555 LBS/YEAR

FUGITIVE EMISSIONS =	2,998 LBS/YR	( FROM LDAR P.V.F "F1236" )
PT SOURCE =	828 LBS/YR	( "D1257" + "D1262" + "H1341" )
TO WWT =	8,669 LBS/YR	( "E1256" )

TOTAL = 12,496 LBS/YEAR

#### FOR WATERTREATMENT :

BIOLOGICAL STUDIES @ 20 DAY RETENTION FOR UNACCUMULATED ARE :  
 VOLATILIZED TO ATMOSPHERE = 0 %  
 PARTITIONED TO THE SLUDGE = 6 %  
 BIOLOGICAL DEGRADED = 53 %

OUR HOLD-UP IS ONLY 1/4 TO 1/5 OF 20 DAY BIOLOGICAL, THEREFORE

VOLATILIZED TO THE AIR = 0 \* 1/4 = 0 %  
 PARTITIONED TO THE SLUDGE = 6 \* 1/4 = 2 %  
 BIOLOGICAL DEGRADED = 53 \* 1/4 = 13 %  
 THEREFORE AVAILABLE OF TREATMENT = 100 - 0 - 2 - 13 = 85 %

#### FOR APPROXIMATELY 90 % TREATMENT:

TREATMENT = 85 \* .90 = 77 %  
 DISCHARGED = 85 \* .10 = 8 %

WASTEWATER TREATMENT (WWT) VENTING = 0 *	8669	LBS/YR =	0 LBS/YEAR
WWT PARTITIONED TO THE SLUDGE = .02 *	8669	LBS/YR =	173 LBS/YEAR
WWT BIOLOGICAL TREATMENT = .13 *	8669	LBS/YR =	1127 LBS/YEAR
WWT ADSORBTION OR INCINERATION = .77 *	8669	LBS/YR =	0 LBS/YEAR
WWT EFFLUENT DISCHARGE = .08 *	8669	LBS/YR =	0 LBS/YEAR

WWT DISCHARGED TO POTW = 7,369 LBS/YEAR

#### AMMONIA

(WITHOUT LDAR COMPONENT UPDATE )

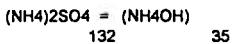
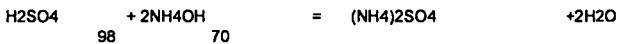
\*\*INPUT\*\*

\*\*INPUT\*\*

CALANDER YEAR	2002	pH	Normality
AMMONIA USAGE	107,972 LBS	9.00	0.00010
NITRILE PRODUCTION	429,814 LBS OF 731-D FEED	9.50	0.00050
WASTEWATER FLOW AVERAGE	95,268 GPD	10.00	0.00100
AVERAGE WASTEWATER pH	10.0	10.50	0.00500
pH NORMALITY	0.00100	11.00	0.01000
I.B. SLUDGE GENERATION RATE	4 CU YD/DAY	11.50	0.05000
		12.00	0.10000

*OUTPUT*	*OUTPUT*	12 50      0 50000 13      1 00000		
NH3 "LOSSES"(USAGE-THEORY)	89,761 LBS			
FUGITIVE EMISSIONS	2,667 LBS	R( II / 5.1 )		
POINT SOURCE EMISSIONS	885 LBS	R( II / 5.2 )		
NH3 TO (NH4)2SO4 @ 90%, & 10% POTW	86,209 LBS			
AMMONIUM SULFATE PRODUCED	301,224 LBS <?> 25,000LBS			
AMMONIA RECYCLE	462,727 LBS	R( II / 8.4 )		
NH3 "LOSSES" 1,000 LBS FEED	208.8 LBS/1,000 LBS FEED			
QUANTITY RELEASED	12,616 LBS	R( II / 8.1 )		
QUANTITY TO POTW	8,621 LBS	R(6 1A.1 )(R8.7)		
QUANTITY ON-SITE IMPOUNDMENT	443 LBS	(RIV/ 5.5.3)		
 731-D MOLECULAR WEIGHT	302			
731-D THEROETICAL ACID NUMBER	186			
731-D TYPICAL ACID NUMBER	150			
731-D % PURITY (A.N.)	80.65			
AMMONIATION FINAL A.N.	10			
% CONVERSION (A.N. DROP)	93.33			
ADJUSTED MOL WT	401.23			
TEROETICAL AMMONIA	18,211			
AMMONIA LOSSES	89,761			
NH3 % EXCESS	492.89 %			
 AVERAGE FUGITIVE EMISSION FACTORS, EPA-450/3-86-002				
NUMBER PUMPS	3.00	0.11	0.33	
NUMBER VALVES	68.00	0.01	0.82	
NUMBER FLANGES	145.00	0.00	0.26	
RELIEF	4.00	0.23	0.92	
	TOTAL =	2.33 LBS/HR		
	=	20,385 LBS/YEAR		
 FUGITIVE EMISSIONS ( P, V, F ) =	2,667 LBS/YEAR			
 WASTEWATER FLOW	95,268 GPD			
ASSUME pH OF	0.00100 N	=	0.01700 g/l	
NH3 IN WASTEWATER	86,209 LBS			
 AVG NH3 LOSS IN WASTEWATER =	1,805 LBS/DAY			
 AMMONIUM SULFATE PRODUCED	301,224 LBS			
NH3 LIQ 300FT/2'LINE	245 LBS			
NH3 VAP 300FT/1"LINE	1 LBS			
LOSSES/TRUCK UNLOADING	246 LBS/TRUCK			
TOTAL BLEED DOWN	885 LBS			
 AMMONIA FRESH USAGE	25 SCFM			
AMMONIA RECYCLE USAGE	150 SCFM			
TOTAL USE	175 SCFM			
DAILY USE	11,303 LBS/DAY			
TYPICAL 731-D FEED RATE	15,000 LBS/DAY			
DAYS OPERATION(FEED)	28.65			
DAYS OPERATION(NH3)	66.87			
AVERAGE DAYS OPERATION	47.76 DAYS			
 LBS RECYCLE	462,727 LBS			

FOR  
AQ AMMONIA AT DRESINOL



ASSUME 1 TOTE/YEAR OF 40% ACID USED IN EUDCTOR SCRUBBER

200GAL/TOTE \* 1 TOTE/YR \* 8.34LB/GAL \* 1.4 SP GR \*.40(%) \*70/98 = 6,672 LB/YR OF (NH4OH)

FROM FORM R, 10% OF (NH4OH) IS "REPORTABLE" = .10 \* 6,672 = 667 LBS/YR

THEREFORE AMMONIA IS 17/35 \* 567 = 324 LB/YR AS AMMONIA PER TOTE OF 40% ACID

NUMBER OF TOTES = 0  
AMMONIA TO POTW = 0 LBS/YR (R6 1 A 1.)

FOR  
AMMONIUM SULFATE FORMED AT RAD

86,209 LBS \* .10(%) = 8,621 LBS/YR  
AMMONIA TO POTW = 8,621 LBS/YR (R6.1 A 1.)

FOR  
AMMONIA IN SLUDGE (BASIS = 4 CU YDS PER DAY OF SLUDGE GENERATION)

180 MG/L \* 3,785 L/GAL \* 4 CUYD/DAY \* 365 DAY/YR \* 202 GAL/YD \* 1LB/454G \* 1G/1000MG = 443 LBS/YR  
AMMONIA SURFACE IMPOUNDMENT (ON-SITE) = 443 LBS/YR

SO2 (Sulfur Dioxide ) FUGITIVES @ POLY-PALE

\*\*\*INPUT\*\*\*

CALANDER YEAR	2002
POLY-PALE PRODUCTION	10,754,657 LBS
MELHI PRODUCTION	706,745 LBS
TOTAL PRODUCTION**CALC**	11,461,402 LBS
98% SULFURIC ACID	1,441,747 LBS
HISTORICAL NEUTRALIZATION	0.84 FACTOR
PPM SULFUR IN PRODUCT	500 PPM
OTHER ALKALINE WASTEWATER	150,000 GPD
AVERAGE pH	-10.5 pH (>10 & <11)
AVERAGE NORMALITY	0.0050 eq/l (for ~ 10.5 pH)
TYPICAL PRODUCTION RATE	120,000 LBS/DAY
DAYS OPERATION**CALC**	96 DAYS
100% CAUSTIC	544,713 LBS
T/T WEAK ACID SOLD	0 NUMBER
AVERAGE T/T WEIGHT	42,000 LBS
AVERAGE % ACID STRENGTH	0.40 FRACTION

\*\*\*OUTPUT\*\*\*

	HISTORICAL	ACID BALANCE
FUGITIVE SO2 =	63,027 LBS 27 LBS/HR 32 TONS/YEAR	313,211 LBS 136.64 LBS/HR 156.61 TONS/YEAR
AT CAPACITY =	346,443 LBS 40 LBS/HR 173 TONS/YEAR	1,721,630 LBS 186.53 LBS/HR 860.82 TONS/YEAR
RECYCLED OFF-SITE =	0 LBS/YEAR	
RECYCLED ON-SITE =	1,345,236 LBS/YEAR	

HISTORICAL DATA, ALONG WITH 1990 STUDY, SHOWS 84% OF ACID IS NEUTRALIZED

THEREFORE; 16% IS CONSUMED BY OTHER PLANT ALKALI SOURCES :

( HERCLOR & RAD WASTEWATERS, PRODUCT, SO2 GENERATION ..SO2, SO3, H2SO4 MIST, ... , ETC. )

ACID (100%) BASIS =	1,412,912 LBS	
NEUTRALIZED =	0.84 *	1,412,912 = 1,186,846 LBS
THEREFORE: REMAINDER =	1,412,912 - 1,186,846 = 226,066 LBS	

"EXAMPLE"

ASSUME WW's FOR HERCLOR, RAD, ECT, ARE :

10 pH  
0.001 eq/l  
150,000 gpd

THEREFORE, LBS NAOH EQUIVALENTS ARE:

( "example" )  
( 0.040g / 2.2 lbs \* 150,000gpd \* 8.34 \* 365days/yr ) / 454g/lb = 18,287 lbs NaOH Eq.

"ACTUAL"

LBS NaOH EQ (CALC)= 91,433 LBS NAOH EQ

THEREFORE, H2SO4 NEUTRALIZED = 98/80 \* 91,433 LBS EQ = 112,005 LBS

ASSUME : 500 PPM SULFUR IN POLY-PALE AND MELHI @ 11,461,402 LBS PRODUCT

THEREFORE: H2SO4= 98lb/32lb \* 500 /1,000,000 \* 11,461,402 = 17,550 LBS H2SO4

NUMBER OF TANK TRUCKS OF WEAK ACID SOLD = 0 TRUCKS

AVERAGE TANK TRUCK WEIGHT = 42,000 LBS

AVERAGE ACID CONCENTRATION = 0.40 % (FRACTION)

ACID = 0 \* 42,000 \* 0.40 = 0 LBS SOLD

THERE IS NO DATA FOR BREAKDOWN OF SO2,SO3,H2SO4 MIST, ETC...

THEREFORE: ASSUME "ALL" GOES TO "SO2"

THEREFORE: SO2 = 64/98 \* 96,511 = 63,027 LBS SO2  
27.50 LBS/HR  
31.51 TONS/YEAR

AT CAPACITY, SO2 = 346,443 LBS SO2  
39.55 LBS/HR  
173.22 TONS/YEAR

AMOUNT RECYCLED OFF-SITE = NUMBER OF TRUCKS SOLD TO G.P. = 0 LBS/YEAR

AMOUNT RECYCLED ON-SITE = USAGE - AMT SOLD - AMT TO SO2 = 1,345,236 LBS/YEAR

**ACID / BASE BALANCE**

POLY-PALE ACID (100% BASIS) = + 1,412,912 LBS

ACID NEUTRALIZED WITH CAUSTIC = - 667,273 LBS  
 ACID NEUTRALIZED WITH OTHER Eq. = - 248,484 LBS H2SO4 REACTING WITH NH3 LOSSES OF 86,209 LBS  
 ACID IN MELHI AND POLY-PALE = - 17,550 LBS  
 ACID SOLD = - 0 LBS

REMAINING ACIDITY = 479,604 LBS

THEREFORE: SO2 = 64/98 \* 479,604 = 313,211 LBS SO2  
136.64 LBS/HR  
156.61 TONS/YEAR

AT CAPACITY, SO2 = 1,721,630 LBS SO2  
196.53 LBS/HR  
860.82 TONS/YEAR

BIPHENYL ----- 2001

AREA	DOWTHERM( LBS)	NAT GAS(M CF)
AMINE	2,037	4,940
POLYRAD	0	0
DYMEREK	23,817	2,891
KETTLE	16,607	13,484
POLY-PALE	4,663	12,535
P-CYMENE	0	0

TOTAL 47,124 LBS 33,850 MCF

DOWTHERM IS 27 PERCENT BIPHENYL  
BIPHENYL LOSS = 27%TOTAL = 12,723 LBS ( LESS THAN 10,000 LBS ? )  
NO REPORT REQUIRED

2.0 MM BTU/HR VAPOR OUTPUT  
NEW PP BOILER DESIGN = \_\_\_\_\_ = 627  
3.19 MM BTU/HR BURNER OUTPUT

OLDER BOILERS NOT AS EFFICIENT, USE AVERAGE PERCENT EFF. = .6

THEREFORE VAPOR OUTPUT = .6\*TOTAL(MCF) = 20,310 (MCF EQUIV.)

ASSUME 1.0 MM BTU/MCF  
DOWTHERM ENTHALPHY @ 620F = 381.5 BTU/LB  
DOWTHERM RECYCLE= 1 MM BTU/MCF \* 1 MCF/381.5 BTU \* NO MCF EQUIV.  
= 53,237,221 LBS

BIPHENYL RECYCLE= 27 \* DOWTHERM RECYCLE = 14,374,050 LBS

#### LEAD

LEAD BARS 1/4"	70 LBS				
LEAD BARS 3/8"	44 LBS				
TOTAL BURNING BARS	114 LBS > 100 REPORT I	FUGITIVE EMISSIONS =	0.09 LBS/YEAR	(R5.1, R8.1)	
SANDBLASTING SAND	1,000 LBS	RELEASED ONSITE =	0.20 LBS/YEAR	(R5.5.4 R8.1)	
SAND TCLP LEAD	1,142 PPM	TRANSFER OFFSITE =	1.24 LBS/YEAR	(R6.2 R8.1)	
TYVEK SUITS	295 LBS	RECYCLED OFFSITE =	0.00 LBS/YEAR	(R8.5)	
TYVEX TCLP LEAD	344 PPM	ACTIVITY INDEX =	1.21		
LEAD EMISSION FACTOR	1.5 LB / TON				
LEAD SHEETS	4,960 LBS				

LEAD FUGITIVE EMISSIONS = 1.5 LBS/TON \* 0.057 TONS = 0.09 LBS/YEAR

LEAD TYVEK SUITS = 344 PPM \* 295 LBS = 0.10 LBS/YEAR

LEAD IN SANDBLAST = 1,142 PPM \* 1,000 LBS = 1.14 LBS/YEAR

ASSUME: 1/16" THICKNESS SAW BLADE  
1/8" THICKNESS FOR ALL CUTTINGS, SHEET, PIPE, GASKETS, ETC  
1 LINEAR FOOT OF CUTTING FOR EVERY 10 LBS OF LEAD USED, COMPENSATES FOR THICKER PIPE/GASKETS/ETC.  
(1/16 \*1/12) \* (1/8 \* 1/12) \* 1 FT \* 62.4 \* 11.95 = 0.04 LB LEAD / LINEAR FT OF CUTTING

LEAD CUTTINGS, ON FLOOR = 4,960 LBS \* 0.04 LB/10 LBS = 20.1 LBS/YEAR

ASSUME: VACUUM UP 99 PERCENT OF CUTTINGS

CUTTINGS LOST = 0.20 LBS/YEAR

LEAD RECYCLED = 0 LBS SOLD TO SHEMPER

ACTIVITY INDEX = SAME AS POLY-PALE = 1.21



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## Hercules Inc

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ID	Branch	SIC	County	Basin	Start	End
2022	Chemical	2821, 2861, 2899, 2899	Forrest	Pascagoula River	06/11/1991	

Physical Address (Primary)	Mailing Address
613 West 7th Street Hattiesburg, MS 39401	613 West 7th Street Hattiesburg, MS 39401

Telecom Type	Address or Phone
Website	<a href="http://www.herc.com">www.herc.com</a>
Work Phone Number	(601) 545-3450

Alt ID	Alt Name	Alt Type	Start	End
2803500001	Hercules Inc	Air-AIRS AFS	06/11/1991	
080000001	<i>Hercules, Inc.</i>	<i>Air-State Operating</i>	06/11/1991	06/01/1994
080000001	Hercules, Inc.	Air-Title V Fee Customer	11/13/1998	
080000001	<i>Hercules, Inc.</i>	<i>Air-Title V Operating</i>	11/13/1998	11/12/2003
080000001	<i>Hercules, Inc.</i>	<i>Air-Title V Operating</i>	04/22/2004	03/26/2009
080000001	<i>Hercules, Inc.</i>	<i>Air-Title V Operating</i>	03/26/2009	03/31/2009
080000001	Hercules, Inc.	Air-Title V Operating	04/07/2009	03/31/2014
2022 001	Hercules Inc	GARD	04/13/1989	
MSR110153	<i>Hercules, Inc.</i>	<i>GP-Baseline</i>	01/29/2001	12/16/2005
MSR110153	<i>Hercules Inc</i>	<i>GP-Baseline</i>	12/16/2005	03/26/2009
MSR110153	Hercules Inc	GP-Baseline	03/26/2009	09/30/2010

MSR103943	Hercules, Inc.	GP-Construction	01/03/2006	03/26/2009
MSR103943	Hercules, Inc.	GP-Construction	03/26/2009	05/31/2010
MSR110153	Hercules, Inc.	GP-Sara Title III	10/17/1997	01/29/2001
MSD008182081	Hercules, Inc.	Hazardous Waste-EPA ID	01/20/1997	
2022	Hercules Powder Company	Historic Site Name	01/01/1912	09/01/1968
2022	Hercules, Inc.	Official Site Name	09/01/1968	
MS0001830	Hercules, Inc.	Water - NPDES	09/29/1986	09/28/1991
MS0001830	Hercules, Inc.	Water - NPDES	10/22/1991	10/21/1996
MS0001830	Hercules, Inc.	Water - NPDES	09/30/1997	09/29/2002
MS0001830	Hercules, Inc.	Water - NPDES	10/31/2002	05/04/2007
MS0001830	Hercules, Inc.	Water - NPDES	05/04/2007	03/26/2009
MS0001830	Hercules, Inc.	Water - NPDES	03/26/2009	04/30/2012
MSP091286	Hercules, Inc.	Water - Pretreatment	03/12/1999	02/28/2004
MSP091286	Hercules Inc	Water - Pretreatment	11/05/2004	03/26/2009
MSP091286	Hercules Inc	Water - Pretreatment	03/26/2009	10/31/2009

Program	SubProgram	Start Date	End Date
Air	MACT Subpart H	03/08/1998	
Air	MACT Subpart PPP	06/01/1999	12/16/2005
Air	MACT Subpart W	03/08/1998	
Air	NSPS Subpart Dc	09/12/1990	
Air	Title V - major	06/01/1900	
General Permit	No subprogram specified		
Hazardous Waste	Conditional Exempt Small Quantity Generator	01/20/1997	11/21/2005
Hazardous Waste	Large Quantity Generator	01/20/1997	
Water	Baseline Stormwater	01/29/2001	
Water	Construction Stormwater	01/03/2006	
Water	NPDES Major	09/29/1986	03/12/1999