



GEOLOGIC MAP of the MOSELLE QUADRANGLE

Jones County, Mississippi

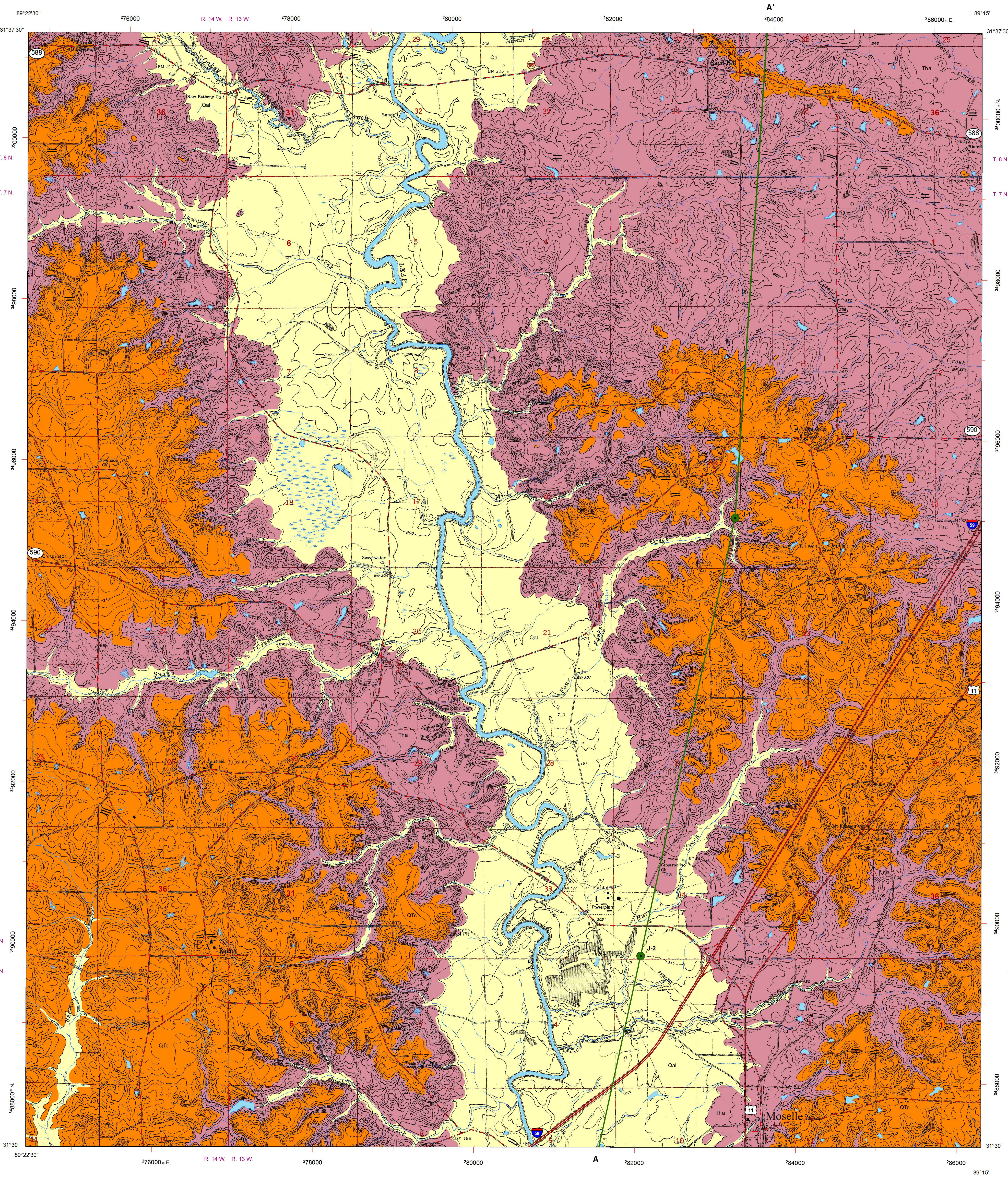


Geology by D. Kenneth Davis
and James E. Starnes, GIT

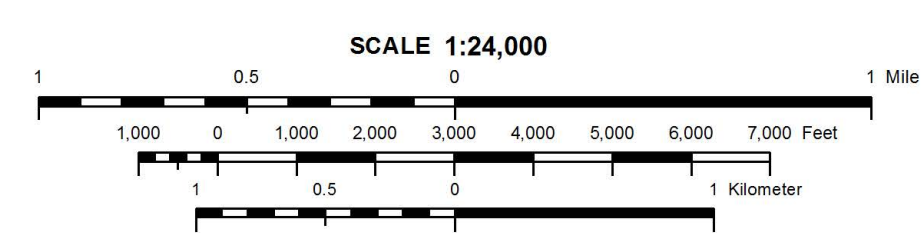
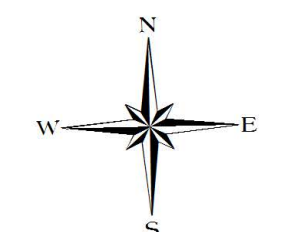
2009

DESCRIPTION OF MAP UNITS

QUATERNARY	ALLUVIUM	Gal	Flood plain sands, silts, gravels, and clays.
	CITRONELLE FORMATION	Qtc	Sand, yellow, orange, red, pink, fine- to coarse-grained, predominantly quartzose; graveliferous, pea- to cobble size, predominantly chert with lesser amounts of vein quartz, metaquartzite, agate, and sandstone, leached and chalky gravels in upper portions of deposits; clay, kaolinitic, pink to white, generally occurring as discontinuous lenses, and rip-up clasts. Conglomeratic ironstone ledges are common in the graveliferous sands at the base of the formation, which overlies the Hattiesburg Formation unconformably.
PLIO - PLEISTOCENE			
	HATTIESBURG FORMATION	Tha	Clay, gray to brown, green, weathers white to brown, silty to fine-sandy, locally indurates to claystone at outcrop. Claystones locally contain common opal filled vugs. Sand, gray, gray yellow to white, quartzose, cherty, typically exhibits a salt and pepper appearance, fine- to coarse-grained, more angular than the sands of the overlying Citronelle Formation, commonly graveliferous in basal sands. Gravels are typically pea-sized and consist of black chert and milky quartz, typically highly polished, subangular to well rounded. Unweathered gravels are often encrusted with pyrite.
TERTIARY			
MIOCENE			
		J-2	Drill-hole locality and identification number



GEOLOGIC MAP
MOSELLE QUADRANGLE
Jones County, Mississippi



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Geology field checked in 2009 using the 1965, photorevised 1982, U.S. Geological Survey 7.5-minute topographic quadrangle, 1983 North American datum, contour interval 10 feet. Universal Transverse Mercator projection, 1983 North American datum, GRS80 spheroid 1000-meter Universal Transverse Mercator grid ticks, zone 16, 1983 datum shown in red. January 2009, magnetic north declination in quadrangle center is 9°02' west of true north.

Sources: The base map is derived from a Digital Raster Graphic of the USGS topographic quadrangle map. Destination, National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration (NOAA).

Geographic Information System by Daniel W. Morse. MDEQ does not warrant the accuracy or completeness of the source data. Geologic maps are only a guide to current understanding and do not eliminate the need for detailed investigations of specific sites for specific purposes.

This map was produced by the Mississippi Office of Geology in cooperation with the United States Geological Survey, National Geologic Mapping Program, under STATEMAP grant #08HQAG0101.

Structural Cross-Section of the Moselle 7.5-Minute Geologic Quadrangle

