# Mississippi Department of Environmental Quality

### **MS AERMOD Ready Met Files**

### **Support Documentation**



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#### **Supporting Documentation:**

The Mississippi Department of Environmental Quality (MDEQ) has posted preprocessed meteorological files for use with the US EPA regulatory model AERMOD on the MDEQ website. The posting of these files in no way dictates their use nor supplants the use of professional judgment in determining whether the files are appropriate for any particular application. This report documents the development of the preprocessed files.

Integrated surface data were obtained from NCDC in DS3505 format (<a href="ftp://ftp.ncdc.noaa.gov/pub/data/noaa/">ftp://ftp.ncdc.noaa.gov/pub/data/noaa/</a>). Radiosonde observations were obtained from the NOAA/ESRL Radiosonde Database (<a href="https://ruc.noaa.gov/raobs/">https://ruc.noaa.gov/raobs/</a>). When available, one and five minute ASOS wind data were included in the processing of the met data through the use of AERMINUTE – Version 15272. One-and five minute data was obtained through the National Climatic Data Center (NCDC) (<a href="ftp://ftp.ncdc.noaa.gov/pub/data/asos-onemin/">ftp://ftp.ncdc.noaa.gov/pub/data/asos-onemin/</a> & <a href="ftp://ftp.ncdc.noaa.gov/pub/data/asos-fivemin/">ftp://ftp.ncdc.noaa.gov/pub/data/asos-fivemin/</a>).

When applying the AERMET meteorological processor to prepare the meteorological data for the AERMOD model, the user must determine appropriate values for three surface characteristics: surface roughness length {zo}, albedo {r}, and Bowen ratio {Bo}. AERSURFACE (dated 13016), a tool that processes land cover data to determine these surface characteristics for use in AERMET, was used in the processing of the posted met files.

#### **Aersurface Monthly Seasonal Designations**

Winter with continuous snow on the ground does not occur in Mississippi; therefore, this seasonal designation was not used in the AERSURFACE input files. The AERMET user's guide defines spring as the 1-2 months after the last killing frost. Freeze/Frost occurrence data was used to determine the beginning of spring, using the 50 percent probability date for 28° F. Likewise, the fall 50 percent probability date for 28° F was used to determine the late autumn after frost and harvest seasonal designation. These dates are were determined from Frost/Freeze Data 1971-2000 (CLIM20-01: Freeze/Frost Occurrence Data), NCDC and indicate the date on which there is a 50% probability that a freeze date may be later in the spring or earlier in the fall. Dates for the stations within a climate division were averaged.

Months that fall between the fall and spring dates (rounded to beginning or end of month, whichever was closer) were considered to be, "Late autumn after frost and harvest."

Midsummer with lush vegetation was assumed to be months with a monthly normal temperature above 70° F. Monthly normal temperatures were taken from "<u>Climatography of the US No. 85, Divisional Normals and Standard Deviations of Temperature, Precipitation, and Heating and Cooling Degree Days 1971-2000"</u>.

Spring months were considered those between the determined Late Autumn months and the midsummer months. Autumn months were considered those between the determined midsummer months and the late autumn months. Seasonal designations used are listed in Table 2.

#### **Surface Moisture**

Surface Moisture was determined using divisional precipitation ranks on the NOAA website at (<a href="https://www.ncdc.noaa.gov/temp-and-precip/us-">https://www.ncdc.noaa.gov/temp-and-precip/us-</a>

maps/1/201801?products[]=divisionalpcpnrank#us-maps-select). In order to place each month and season into historical context, NCEI assigns ranks for each geographic area (division, state, region, etc.) based on how the temperature or precipitation value compares with other values throughout the entire record when sorted from lowest to highest value. The "Below Normal", "Near Normal", and "Above Normal" shadings on the color maps represent the bottom, middle, and upper tercile (or three equal portions) of the distribution, respectively. The lowest and uppermost decile (or 10%) of the distribution are marked as "Much Below Normal" and "Much Above Normal", respectively. Surface moisture was determined to be dry for ranks of "Below Normal", average for ranks of "Near Normal" and wet for ranks "Above Normal." Table 3 and Table 4 summarize the surface moisture designations for the years 2014 through 2019.

The Memphis, Mobile and Tallulah/Vicksburg stations are not located within Mississippi. The surface moisture for these stations was taken as that in the adjacent climate division in Mississippi.

#### **AERSURFACE Inputs**

Locations of the monitoring stations included in the Aersurface files were checked by reviewing aerial photography in Google Earth and Bing Bird's Eye View. The locations were also cross referenced to the "ASOS Tropical Cyclone Wind Exposure Documentation Project." No attempts were made to correct Aersurface runs for changes in land use after the 1992 determination.

The AERSURFACE inputs were selected to be consistent with the "AERMOD Implementation Guide." Twelve sectors were used for the determination and the surface parameters were selected as described above. The standard AERSURFACE input file used was as follows:

[NLCD 1992File] \*\* Land use data file \*\* Output file with sfc values for AERMET Stage 3 [AERSURFACE.out] **LATLON** \*\* Coordinate type (UTM, LATLON) [surface station \*\* Latitude [obtained from Table 1] [surface station latl long] \*\* Longitude [obtained from Table 1] NAD83 \*\* Datum 1.0 \*\* Study radius for surface roughness (km) Y Vary by sector? (Y/N) 12 \*\* Number of sectors \*\* Temporal resolution (A=ANNUAL, M=MONTHLY, S=SEASONAL) N \*\* Continuous snow cover at least one month? (Y/N)

\*\* Reassign months to seasons? (Y/N)

[Table 2] \*\* Late autumn after frost and harvest, or winter with no snow [Table 2]

\*\* Transitional spring (partial green coverage, short annuals) [Table 2]

\*\* Midsummer with lush vegetation

[Table 2] \*\* Autumn with unharvested cropland

\*\* Airport? (Y/N) \*\* Arid region? (Y/N) Ν

\*\* Surface Moisture (A=Average, W=Wet, D=Dry) [varied with rainfall]

Aersurface ran with each of the surface moisture condition, Wet, Dry and Avg. The Aersurface output file for each year was merged from the three runs based on the surface moisture conditions listed in Table 3 and Table 4. The merged files were used in Stage 3 of AERMET.

The Aersurface run for KPQL identified 5 sectors which had transitional classifications greater than 10% of the sector. Stations KGPT and KMOB each had one sector which contained the transitional warning. No attempts were made to update any of the NLCD92 data. Historical photographs of these stations are depicted in Figure 1 through Figure 6.

#### **AERMET 19191 Inputs**

Integrated surface data in DS3505 format was obtained from NCDC for each station. Upper air data was downloaded in FSL format from the NOAA/ESRL Radiosonde Database. Observations obtained from Slidell, LA were used for the Mobile station and stations located in the Coastal Division. Observations obtained from Jackson, MS were used for all other divisions. Running individual surface files as downloaded from NCDC results in missing data for the last 6 hours of each year. To avoid this missing data in each year, the surface files were merged to include all of the years being evaluated. The upper air data was downloaded as one file encompassing the entire study period. Individual years were run from Jan 1st to Jan 1st, therefore, each output file contains one year plus the first day of the next year. These extra days can be removed from the files prior to running AERMOD or AERMOD can be set up to only read dates from the desired year.

When available, ASOS 1-minute and 5-minute data was incorporated using AERMINUTE version 15272. The threshold wind speed was set at 0.5 m/s in Stage 3 when ASOS 1- minute data was used. The SUBNWS parameter was also used with ASOS 1-minute data to replace wind data from the standard NWS format. The SUB CC and SUB TT parameters were indicated in the stage 3 input files. The AERMET user's guide indicates that these are default parameters unless the application involves both NWS and ONSITE surface data. The data was processed with and without the ADJ U\* option in Stage 3.

Example input files for the Jackson, MS station are presented below:

JOB

REPORT KJAN.RP1 MESSAGES KJAN.MG1

#### **UPPERAIR**

DATA "C:\Users\rcuevas\Documents\Modeling\MetData\AERMINUTE\KJAN\KJAN14-18UA.TXT" FSL

EXTRACT KJAN.UAX QAOUT KJAN.UQA

XDATES 2014/01/01 TO 2019/01/01

\*\* Station: JACKSON, MS

LOCATION 3940 32.320N 90.070W 6

#### SURFACE

\*\* Location of the Surface Data File

 ${\tt ** C:\backslash Users\backslash Documents\backslash Modeling\backslash MetData\backslash AERMINUTE\backslash KJAN\backslash KJAN18. ish}$ 

DATA KJAN18.ish ISHD ASOS

EXTRACT KJAN.SAX QAOUT KJAN.SQA

XDATES 2014/01/01 TO 2019/01/01

\*\* Station:,

LOCATION 3940 32.317N 90.083W 6 91.00

JOB
REPORT KJAN.RP2
MESSAGES KJAN.MG2
UPPERAIR
QAOUT KJAN.UQA
SURFACE
QAOUT KJAN.SQA
QAOUT NAN.SQA
** Location of the Hourly Wind Data File
** C:\Users\rcuevas\Documents\Modeling\MetData\AERMINUTE\KJAN\AERMINUTE_hour.dat
ASOS1MIN C:\Users\rcuevas\Documents\Modeling\MetData\AERMINUTE\KJAN\AERMINUTE_hour.dat
MERGE
OUTPUT KJAN.MRG
XDATES 2014/01/01 TO 2019/01/01

JOB

REPORT KJAN.RP3

MESSAGES KJAN.MG3

METPREP

DATA KJAN.MRG

MODEL AERMOD

OUTPUT KJAN2018.sfc

PROFILE KJAN2018.pfl

XDATES 2018/01/01 TO 2019/01/01

METHOD REFLEVEL SUBNWS

METHOD WIND\_DIR RANDOM

METHOD CCVR SUB\_CC

METHOD TEMP SUB\_TT

THRESH\_1MIN 0.50

NWS\_HGT WIND 10.00

AERSURF KJAN\_2017.AS.txt

<sup>\*\*</sup> Primary Surface Characteristics

#### **Data Completeness**

The processed met files were used in test runs with AERMOD version 19191. The files were run by quarter and the percentage of missing hours noted from the AERMOD output file. Table 5 summarizes the results of the completeness check. Additional years of met data were processed for each site until five years of complete data, by year, were obtained. For the majority of the sites, the five years of data is consecutive years. For some sites, the years are not consecutive.

Table 1 – Station List

City	Station Name	WBAN	INT CALL	Latitude	Longitude	Aerminute Available	Anemometer Height (m)
GREENVILLE	MID DELTA REGIONAL AIRPORT	13939	KGLH	33.477228	-90.984658	Yes	10
GREENWOOD	GREENWOOD-LEFLORE AIRPORT	13978	KGWO	33.496194	-90.089419	Yes	10
GULFPORT	GULFPORT-BILOXI INTERNATIONAL AIRPORT	93874	KGPT	30.412000	-89.081000	Yes	10
HATTIESBURG	BOBBY L CHAIN MUNICIPAL AIRPORT	13833	KHBG	31.269483	-89.256108	Yes	10
JACKSON	HAWKINS FIELD AIRPORT	13927	KHKS	32.337572	-90.221397	Yes	10
JACKSON	JACKSON INTERNATIONAL AIRPORT	3940	KJAN	32.319836	-90.077756	Yes	10
McCOMB	MC COMB/PIKE COUNTY/JOHN E LEWIS FIELD AIRPORT	93919	KMCB	31.182278	-90.472025	Yes	10
MERIDIAN	KEY FIELD AIRPORT	13865	KMEI	32.334861	-88.750728	Yes	10
PASCAGOULA	TRENT LOTT INTERNATIONAL AIRPORT	53858	KPQL	30.463058	-88.531556	Yes	7.92
TALLULAH/VICKSBURG	VICKSBURG/TALLULAH REGIONAL AIRPORT	3996	KTVR	32.348000	-91.030000	Yes	10
TUPELO	TUPELO REGIONAL AIRPORT	93862	KTUP	34.262131	-88.771161	Yes	10
COLUMBUS	GOLDEN TRIANGLE RGNL	53893	KGTR	33.456278	-88.592656	No	10
COLUMBUS	COLUMBUS AFB	13825	KCBM	33.652258	-88.457136	No	10
NATCHEZ	NATCHEZ/HARDY(AWOS)	3961	KHEZ	31.615919	-91.297267	No	10
HATTIESBURG	HATTIESBURG LAUREL	53808	KPIB	31.465756	-89.333464	No	10
METCALFE	TUNICA MUNI	23903	KUTA	34.676575	-90.343956	No	10
MEMPHIS	MEMPHIS INTL ARPT	13893	KMEM	35.036472	-89.971861	Yes	10
MOBILE	MOBILE/BATES FIELD	13894	КМОВ	30.688222	-88.245969	Yes	10

## Divisional Sections for Mississippi

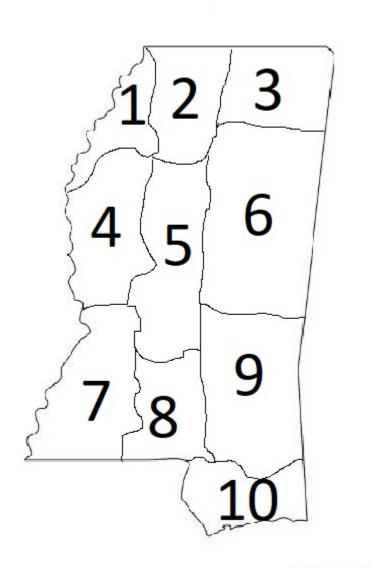


Table 2 - AERSURFACE Monthly Designations

	Months Normal	Spring 50% Probability	Fall 50% Probability	Late Autumn	Transitional Spring	Midsummer	Autumn
Station	above 70°F	@ 28° F.	@ 28° F	Months	Months	Months	Months
MS-01 Upper Delta	May-Sep	3-Mar	21-Nov	12, 1, 2	3,4	5,6,7,8,9	10,11
MS-02 North Central	June-Sep	20-Mar	9-Nov	11,12, 1, 2,3	4,5	6,7,8,9	10
MS-03 Northeast	June-Sep	19-Mar	12-Nov	11,12, 1, 2,3	4,5	6,7,8,9	10
MS-04 Lower Delta	May-Sep	23-Feb	26-Nov	12, 1, 2	3,4	5,6,7,8,9	10,11
MS-05 Central	May-Sep	11-Mar	15-Nov	12, 1,2	3,4	5,6,7,8,9	10,11
MS-06 East Central	May-Sep	10-Mar	15-Nov	12, 1,2	3,4	5,6,7,8,9	10,11
MS-07 Southwest	May-Sep	25-Feb	26-Nov	12, 1, 2	3,4	5,6,7,8,9	10,11
MS-08 South Central	May-Sep	27-Feb	25-Nov	12, 1, 2	3,4	5,6,7,8,9	10, 11
MS-09 Southeast	May-Sep	2-Mar	24-Nov	12, 1, 2,	3,4	5,6,7,8,9	10,11
MS-10 Coastal	May-Sep	12-Feb	16-Dec	1	2,3,4	5,6,7,8,9	10,11,12

Table 3 – Surface Moisture Based on NCEI Divisional Precipitation Ranks 2014-2019

	MS	MS	MS	MS	MS	MS	MS	MS	MS	MS	MS	MS	MS	MS	MS	MS	MS	MS	MS	MS	
Division	01	02	03	04	05	06	07	08	09	10	01	02	03	04	05	06	07	08	09	10	
	2014										2015										
Jan	Dry	Dry	Dry	Dry	Dry	Dry	Dry	Dry	Dry	Dry	Dry	Dry	Dry	Dry	Dry	Dry	Dry	Dry	Dry	Dry	
Feb	Wet	Avg	Avg	Avg	Avg	Avg	Wet	Wet	Wet	Wet	Avg	Avg	Avg	Avg	Avg	Avg	Dry	Dry	Dry	Dry	
Mar	Avg	Dry	Dry	Avg	Avg	Avg	Avg	Avg	Wet	Wet	Wet	Avg	Avg	Avg	Avg	Avg	Wet	Avg	Avg	Avg	
Apr	Wet	Wet	Wet	Wet	Wet	Wet	Wet	Wet	Wet	Wet	Wet	Wet	Wet	Avg	Avg	Wet	Avg	Avg	Avg	Wet	
May	Avg	Avg	Avg	Avg	Avg	Dry	Wet	Wet	Avg	Wet	Wet	Wet	Wet	Wet	Wet	Wet	Wet	Wet	Avg	Avg	
Jun	Wet	Wet	Wet	Wet	Wet	Wet	Wet	Wet	Avg	Avg	Dry	Wet	Avg								
Jul	Avg	Avg	Wet	Avg	Avg	Dry	Dry	Dry	Dry	Dry	Wet	Avg	Wet	Dry	Dry	Avg	Dry	Avg	Avg	Avg	
Aug	Wet	Avg	Avg	Avg	Avg	Avg	Wet	Avg	Dry	Dry	Avg	Wet	Wet	Dry	Dry	Avg	Dry	Dry	Dry	Dry	
Sep	Dry	Avg	Avg	Dry	Avg	Dry	Avg	Avg	Avg	Dry	Dry	Dry	Dry	Dry	Dry	Dry	Dry	Dry	Avg	Avg	
Oct	Wet	Wet	Wet	Wet	Wet	Wet	Avg	Avg	Avg	Avg	Wet	Avg	Avg	Wet	Wet	Avg	Wet	Wet	Wet	Wet	
Nov	Dry	Avg	Avg	Dry	Avg	Avg	Avg	Dry	Dry	Dry	Wet	Wet	Wet	Wet	Wet	Wet	Wet	Wet	Wet	Wet	
Dec	Avg	Avg	Avg	Avg	Avg	Wet	Avg	Avg	Wet	Wet	Wet	Wet	Wet	Avg	Avg	Wet	Avg	Wet	Wet	Wet	
					20	16					2017										
Jan	Dry	Dry	Dry	Avg	Avg	Dry	Dry	Dry	Dry	Avg	Avg	Avg	Avg	Wet	Avg	Avg	Wet	Wet	Wet	Wet	
Feb	Wet	Wet	Avg	Avg	Wet	Wet	Avg	Avg	Avg	Avg	Dry	Dry	Dry	Avg	Avg	Dry	Dry	Dry	Dry	Dry	
Mar	Wet	Wet	Avg	Wet	Dry	Dry	Dry	Dry	Dry	Dry	Dry	Dry	Dry	Dry							
Apr	Avg	Avg	Avg	Avg	Avg	Avg	Avg	Avg	Wet	Wet	Avg	Avg	Avg	Wet	Wet	Avg	Wet	Avg	Wet	Avg	
May	Avg	Dry	Avg	Wet	Wet	Avg	Avg	Wet	Avg	Wet	Wet	Wet	Wet								
Jun	Dry	Dry	Avg	Wet	Avg	Avg	Avg	Avg	Wet	Wet	Wet	Wet	Wet	Wet	Wet	Wet	Wet	Wet	Wet	Wet	
Jul	Wet	Wet	Avg	Wet	Wet	Avg	Wet	Wet	Dry	Dry	Dry	Avg	Dry	Dry	Avg	Dry	Wet	Wet	Avg	Avg	
Aug	Wet	Avg	Wet	Wet	Wet	Avg	Wet	Wet	Wet	Wet	Wet	Wet	Avg	Wet							
Sep	Dry	Dry	Dry	Dry	Dry	Dry	Dry	Avg	Dry	Dry	Wet	Wet	Wet	Avg	Avg	Avg	Dry	Dry	Dry	Dry	
Oct	Dry	Dry	Dry	Dry	Dry	Dry	Dry	Dry	Dry	Dry	Dry	Dry	Avg	Dry	Dry	Avg	Wet	Avg	Wet	Wet	
Nov	Avg	Avg	Avg	Avg	Avg	Avg	Avg	Dry	Dry	Dry	Dry	Dry	Dry	Dry	Dry	Dry	Dry	Dry	Dry	Dry	
Dec	Avg	Avg	Avg	Avg	Avg	Dry	Avg	Avg	Avg	Wet	Wet	Wet	Wet	Avg							

	MS	MS	MS	MS	MS	MS	MS	MS	MS	MS	MS	MS	MS	MS	MS	MS	MS	MS	MS	MS
Division	01	02	03	04	05	06	07	08	09	10	01	02	03	04	05	06	07	08	09	10
	2018									2019										
Jan	Avg	Avg	Dry	Dry	Dry	Dry	Avg	Avg	Dry	Avg	Wet	Wet	Wet	Wet	Wet	Wet	Avg	Avg	Avg	Avg
Feb	Wet	Wet	Wet	Wet	Wet	Wet	Wet	Wet	Wet	Wet	Wet	Wet	Wet	Wet	Wet	Wet	Wet	Avg	Avg	Avg
Mar	Wet	Avg	Avg	Wet	Wet	Dry	Avg	Avg	Dry	Dry	Dry	Dry	Dry	Dry	Dry	Dry	Dry	Dry	Dry	Dry
Apr	Wet	Wet	Wet	Avg	Wet	Wet	Wet	Avg	Wet	Wet	Wet	Wet	Wet	Wet	Wet	Wet	Wet	Wet	Wet	Wet
May	Avg	Avg	Wet	Dry	Avg	Dry	Dry	Avg	Avg	Avg	Wet	Avg	Avg	Wet	Wet	Wet	Wet	Wet	Wet	Avg
Jun	Avg	Avg	Wet	Avg	Dry	Ave	Dry	Avg	Avg	Avg	Wet	Wet	Wet	Wet	Avg	Wet	Wet	Avg	Avg	Avg
Jul	Dry	Avg	Dry	Avg	Avg	Avg	Avg	Avg	Avg	Wet	Wet	Wet	Wet	Wet	Wet	Wet	Wet	Wet	Avg	Avg
Aug	Wet	Avg	Avg	Wet	Avg	Avg	Avg	Wet	Wet	Avg	Avg	Wet	Wet	Avg	Wet	Wet	Wet	Wet	Wet	Wet
Sep	Wet	Wet	Wet	Wet	Wet	Wet	Wet	Wet	Wet	Wet	Dry									
Oct	Avg	Avg	Avg	Avg	Avg	Avg	Avg	Avg	Avg	Avg	Wet									
Nov	Wet	Wet	Wet	Wet	Wet	Wet	Wet	Wet	Wet	Wet	Avg	Avg	Avg	Dry						
Dec	Wet	Wet	Wet	Wet	Wet	Wet	Wet	Wet	Wet	Wet	Avg	Avg	Wet	Avg	Avg	Wet	Avg	Avg	Avg	Dry

Table 5 - Data Completeness by Quarter

	2015				2016					2017				2018			2019				
	1	2	3	4	1	2	3	4	1	2	3	4	1	2	3	4	1	2	3	4	
ксвм	4.8	9.6	9	7.9	6.6	10.1	10.5	3.7	20.09	2.38	5.30	2.81	3.06	1.47	4.76	5.39	3.15	9.34	4.12	3.49	
KGLH	2.1	1.7	7	2.5	0.1	4.1	5.3	2.7	1.34	3.30	0.50	0.95	0.00	0.82	3.58	0.45	7.22	7.83	0.05	0.59	
KGPT	0.6	1.8	1	0.1	1.8	1.4	1.4	0.1	0.51	3.30	0.00	2.36	0.42	0.18	0.72	1.72	0.46	0.00	0.23	1.09	
KGTR	3.0	5.5	1	1.6	5.5	4.2	4.5	6.0	7.08	7.01	10.05	9.33	6.99	7.28	6.16	5.98	5.93	8.15	6.97	4.66	
KGWO	5.7	3.9	3	2.4	2.5	2.0	1.9	0.5	1.44	1.19	0.50	1.59	0.05	0.00	1.99	3.62	0.88	1.10	0.50	0.77	
KHBG	0.5	1.7	1	1.6	2.8	4.5	6.1	4.5	1.34	0.05	0.50	0.82	1.02	0.50	1.00	1.99	5.69	2.79	7.43	1.40	
KHEZ	1.8	2.2	8	4.0	1.5	14.4	20.4	0.7	6.53	9.80	30.48	7.38	3.89	6.87	6.43	4.30	2.96	5.54	5.75	3.40	
кнкѕ	2.7	2.5	1	1.3	0.2	1.3	1.2	2.0	1.16	0.09	0.50	1.90	0.05	0.09	1.63	0.95	6.67	6.09	6.88	6.70	
KJAN	0.4	1.8	1	1.0	0.3	0.4	1.1	0.5	1.25	0.00	0.59	0.86	0.19	0.05	0.54	0.91	0.42	1.28	0.05	0.95	
КМСВ	0.5	1.7	0	1.1	0.2	0.6	1.5	0.4	1.30	0.00	0.59	1.31	1.11	0.18	1.09	1.09	0.79	1.14	0.86	0.14	
KMEI	0.5	2.0	0	1.8	0.2	0.6	1.5	0.5	1.30	0.00	0.50	0.77	0.05	0.05	0.91	1.49	1.16	2.93	0.27	0.95	
КМЕМ	0.5	1.7	0.7	0.8	0.3	0.1	1.4	0.4	1.39	0.05	0.45	0.82	0.09	0.18	1.04	0.45	0.51	1.24	0.41	0.68	
кмов	0.5	1.7	0.5	0.1	1.7	0.7	1.1	0.1	0.56	3.48	0.00	1.18	0.37	0.37	0.18	0.86	2.73	3.62	6.11	4.21	
КРІВ	0.5	2.1	0.7	2.5	0.1	1.2	1.6	0.5	2.87	5.91	10.60	7.47	6.25	15.43	11.23	7.70	6.48	12.09	13.99	9.83	
KPQL	0.7	1.8	0.6	1.6	2.0	0.9	1.5	0.2	0.46	3.30	0.14	1.27	0.42	10.35	0.63	1.45	0.42	0.14	0.27	1.00	
KTUP	1.1	2.5	2.7	0.8	0.6	0.9	2.5	1.9	1.16	1.74	0.50	0.77	0.09	5.72	1.18	1.00	1.16	4.03	1.31	0.36	
KTVR	8.5	1.8	1.0	1.3	3.3	2.8	3.0	0.5	2.13	0.14	0.50	1.49	0.00	0.00	1.13	0.86	0.42	2.75	0.59	0.54	
																		_			
KUTA	8.0	2.2	12.6	33.5	11.2	0.1	2.4	0.7	1.20	13.42	66.17	79.08	90.60	82.01	68.43	78.85	86.53	84.29	63.90	75.14	

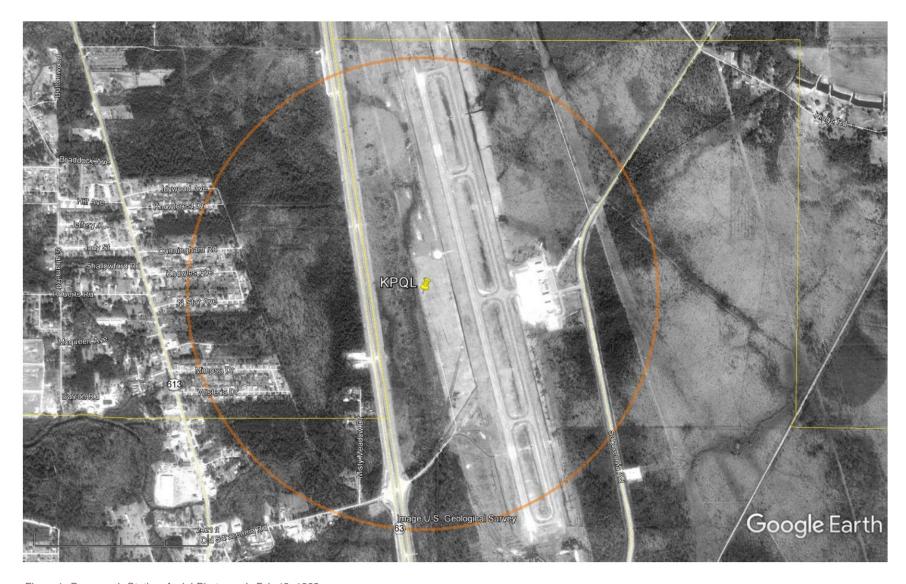


Figure 1 -Pascagoula Station Aerial Photograph Feb. 18, 1992.

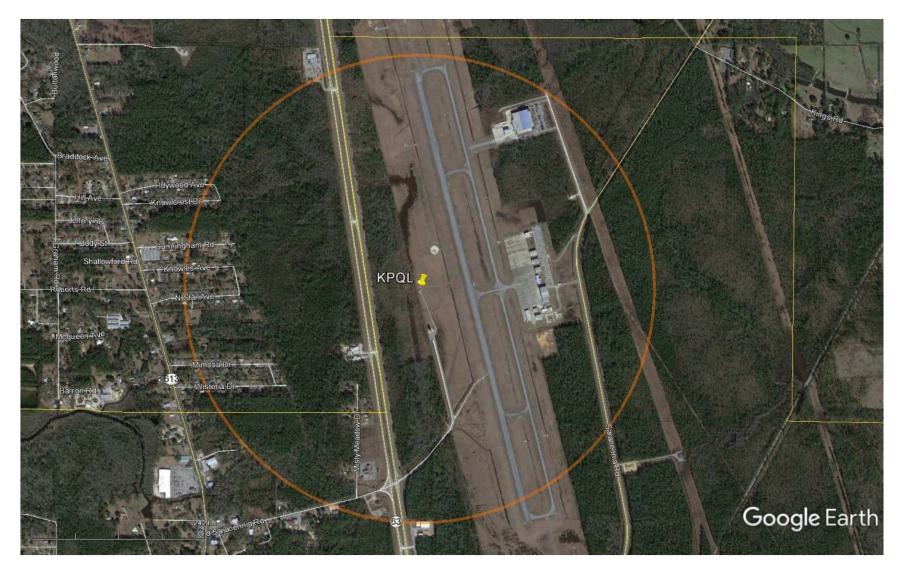


Figure 2 -Pascagoula Station Aerial Photograph Jan. 26, 2015.

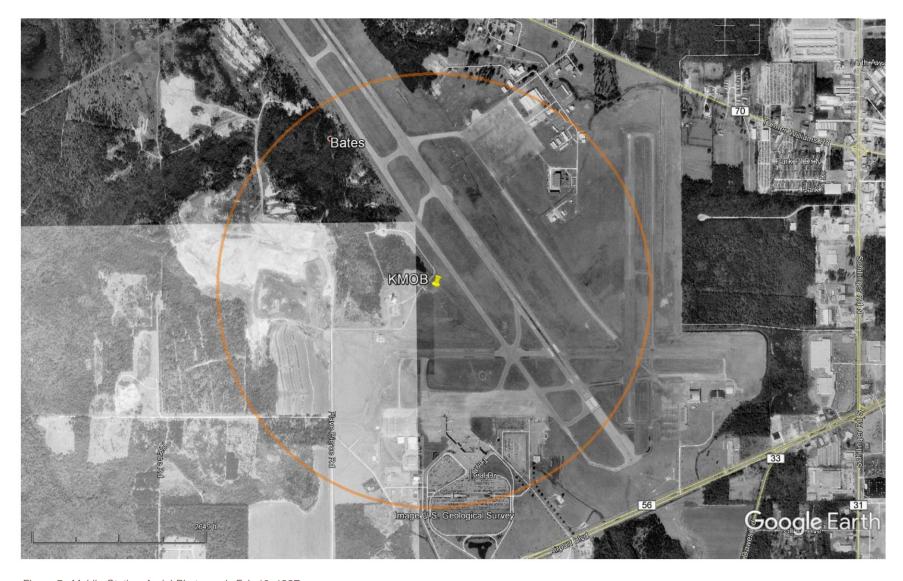


Figure 3- Mobile Station Aerial Photograph Feb. 10, 1997.



Figure 4 - Mobile Station Aerial Photograph Dec. 9, 2016.



Figure 5- Gulfport Station Aerial Photograph Feb. 18, 1992.



Figure 6- Gulfport Station Aerial Photograph Feb. 24, 2016.