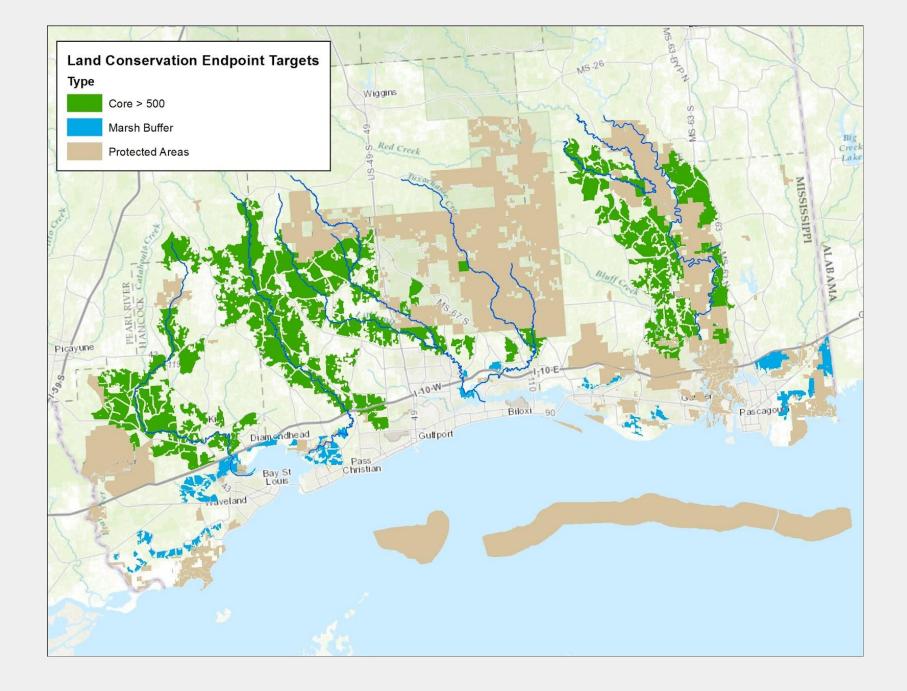
LAND CONSERVATION PROGRAM

ALINA F. YOUNG-NFWF PROJECT MANAGER MDEQ OFFICE OF RESTORATION STEPHEN PARKER-NRDA PROJECT MANAGER COVINGTON CIVIL AND ENVIRONMENTAL, LLC





WHERE ARE WE RIGHT NOW?

Mississippi Department of Marine Resources Coastal Preserves Program

Ideal: +/- 72,000 acres

Current inclusion: 35,000 acres, includes Gulf Islands National Seashore

Current Investments in Coastal Preserves Program NRDA – Restoration Plan #1 –

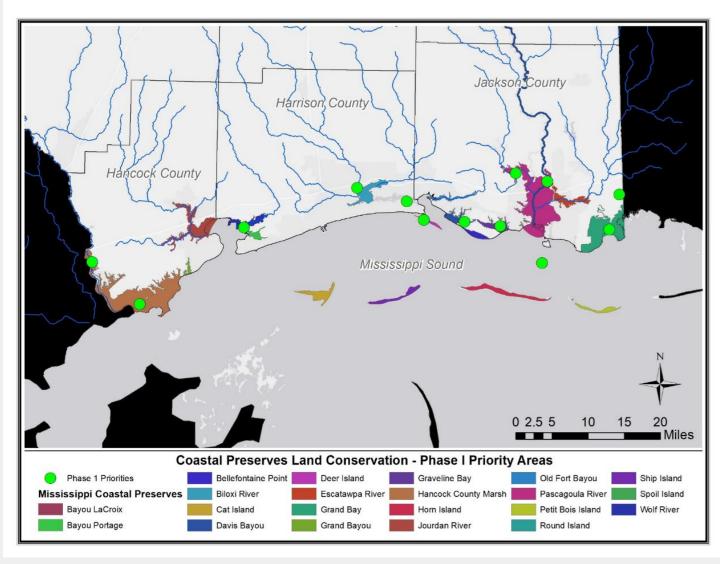
Grand Bay/Graveline Approximately \$17 million

RESTORE – FPL – Strategic Land Acquisition

Gulf Islands/Grand Bay Approximately - \$2 – 6 million

NFWF - Coastal Connectivity

Approximately \$15 million available for acquisition of high and strategic priority tracts





Programmatic input: ACQUIRE HABITAT TO BUFFER FOR MARSH MIGRATION

Program: Land Conservation and Management **Objective:** Conserve Priority Habitats

Restoration Action: CONSERVATION OF BUFFERS TO FACILITATE THE NATURAL MIGRATION OF COASTAL MARSH HABITAT INLAND IN RESPONSE TO SEA LEVEL RISE

Scientific Gap: Is there information or scientific data needed previous to project implementation to ensure success?

Restoration Effort Index: Any root causes that need investigation?

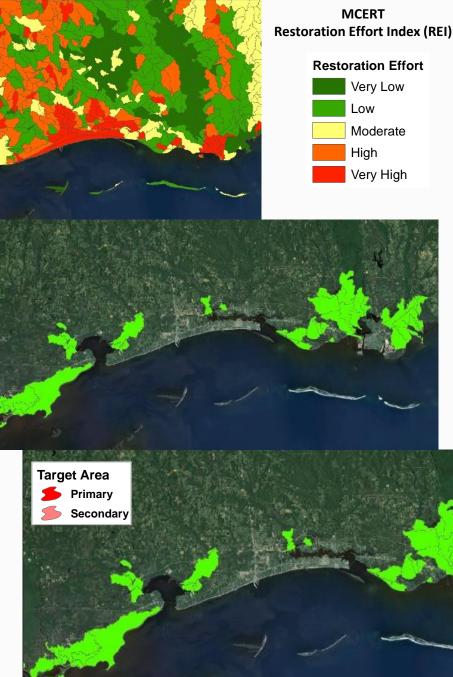
Project Development: Site Specific Criteria/Conditions



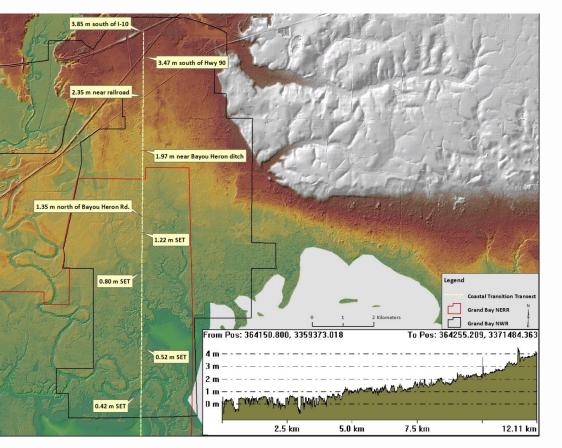
2017 RESTORATION SUMMIT

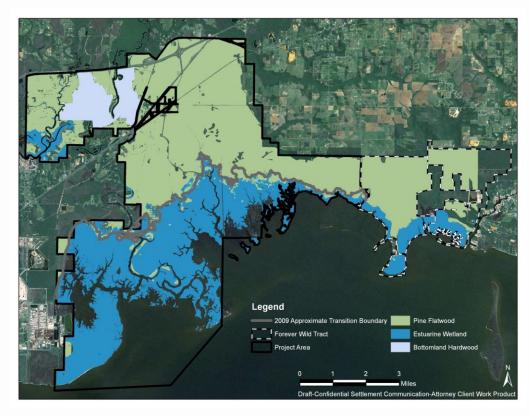
Planning Units vetted through project site-specific criteria using MCERT tools

- Adjacent to marsh
- Willing seller (s)
- Adjacent to other protected land
- Hub and corridor size
- Low development
 pressure



Habitat Migration



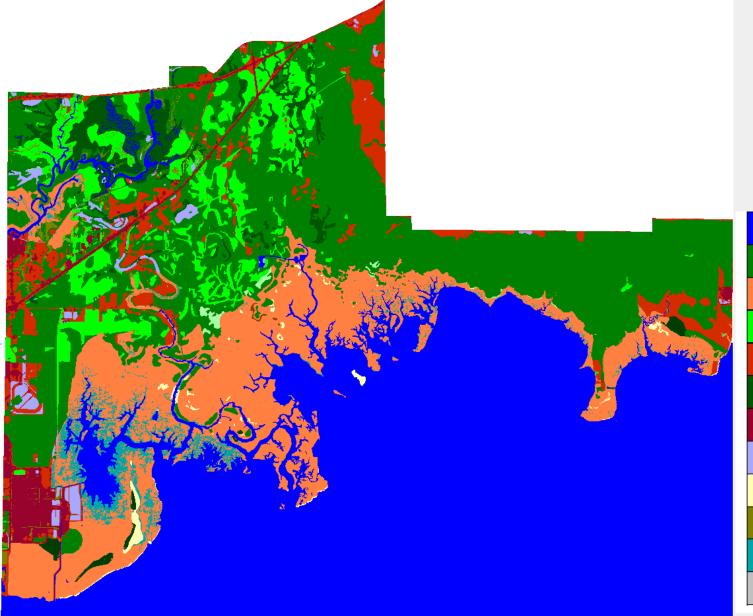




Freshwater

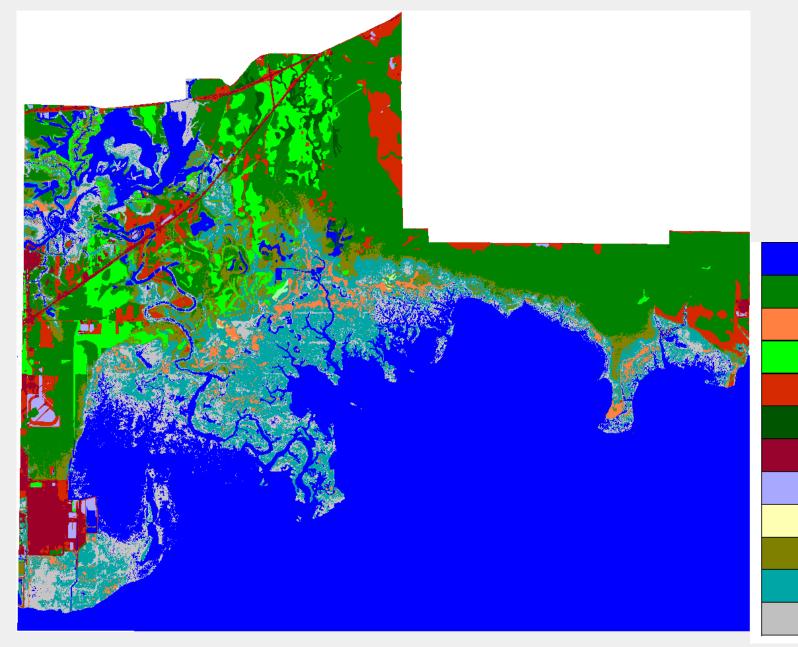
Estuarine





Estuarine Open Water
Forested Wetlands
Irregularly-flooded Marsh
Inland Fresh Marsh
Undeveloped Dry Land
Cypress Swamp
Developed Dry Land
Inland Open Water
Estuarine Beach
Transitional Salt Marsh
Regularly-flooded Marsh
Tidal Flat

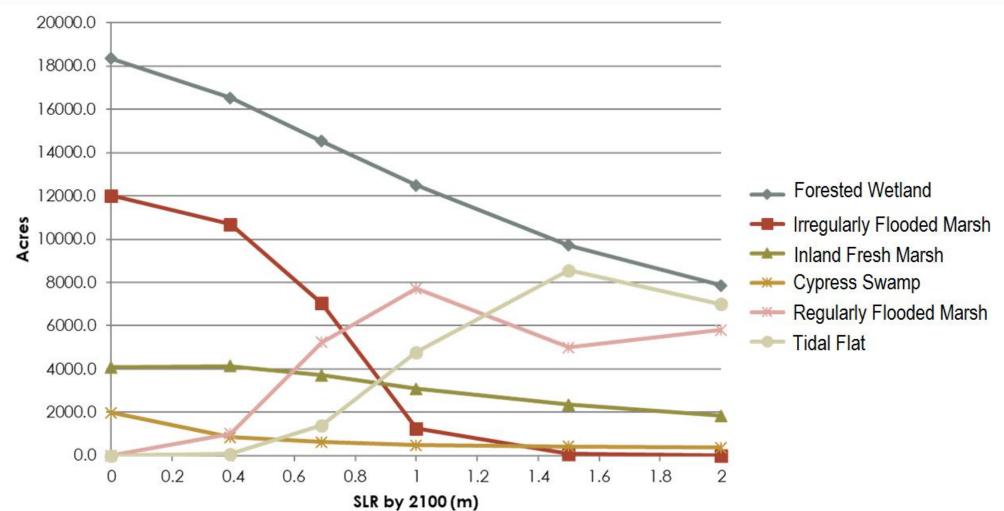




2100

Estuarine Open Water
Forested Wetlands
Irregularly-flooded Marsh
Inland Fresh Marsh
Undeveloped Dry Land
Cypress Swamp
Developed Dry Land
Inland Open Water
Estuarine Beach
Transitional Salt Marsh
Regularly-flooded Marsh
Tidal Flat





Marsh Migration Models in Grand Bay NERR/NWR



GRAND BAY LAND ACQUISITION AND HABITAT MANAGEMENT

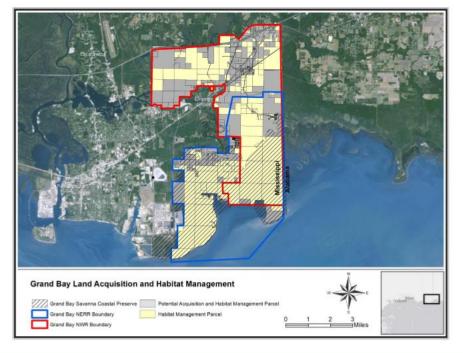
IMPLEMENTING TRUSTEES: MDEQ and DOI

PROJECT PARTNERS: MDMR Coastal Preserves/Grand Bay NERR, USFWS

ALLOCATION: \$6,000,000

LEVERAGING: RESTORE, NFWF GEBF

- PDARP GOALS: Restore and Conserve Habitat: Wetlands, Coastal, and Nearshore Habitats
 - Replenish and Protect Living Coastal and Marine Resources: Birds



PROJECT OVERVIEW

- Preserve up to 8,500 acres and enhance up to 17,500 acres of habitat
- Acquisition of land from willing sellers
- Performance monitoring will be conducted to evaluate the success of the project

RESTORATION MEASURES AND MANAGEMENT ACTIVITIES

- Preservation/Acquisition
- Mechanical Clearing
- Chemical Treatment
- Prescribed Fire





MECHANICAL TREATMENT







2017 RESTORATION SUMMIT

PRESCRIBED FIRE

CHEMICAL

TREATMENT





	Manag	16%	
	Pre-	Post	Lift
	(# of	(# of	(# of
Trophic Levels	species)	species)	species)
Flowering plants	170	197	27
Ferns	24	28	4
Insects	1471	1706	235
Reptiles	3	3	0
Amphibians	2	2	0
Birds	8	12	4
Mammals	3	4	1
Fish	18	21	3
	1699	1973	274





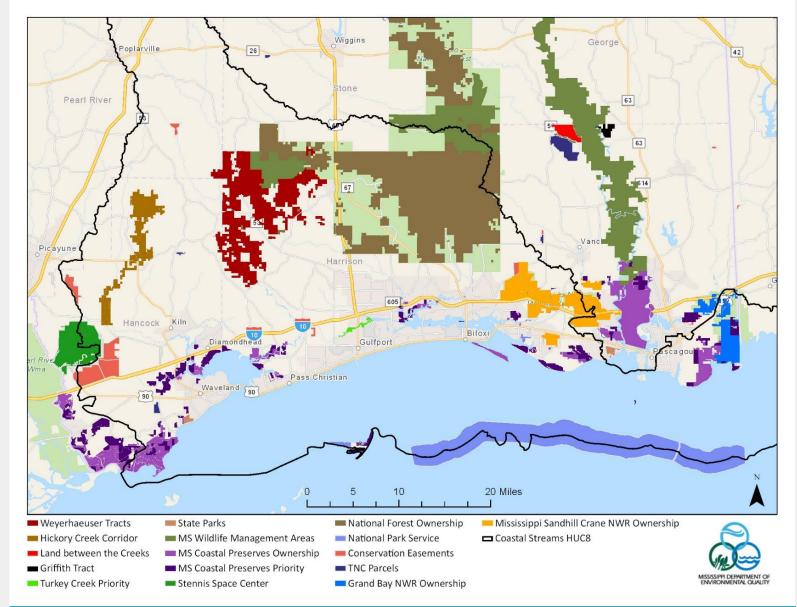


COASTAL HEADWATERS: AT A GLANCE



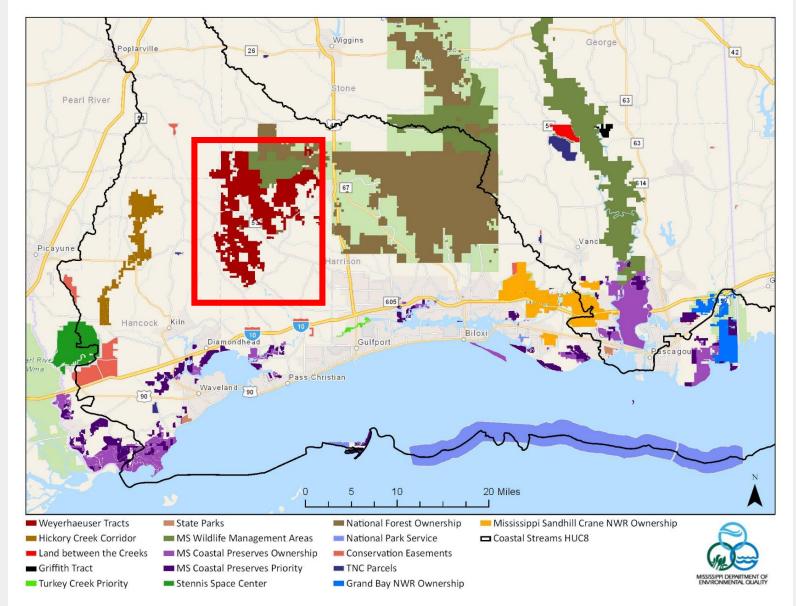
- Coastal Headwaters Program:
 - The coastal headwaters program will invest in lands outside of the coastal preserves system.
 - Focus on priority headwater areas to protect water quality and quantity to priority bays and estuaries, as constrained by the respective funding sources.
 - Further the coastal headwaters program acquisitions will protect priority habitats that directly tie to injured resources from the *Deepwater Horizon* oil spill.

INITIAL TARGETS FOR COASTAL HEADWATERS PROGRAM





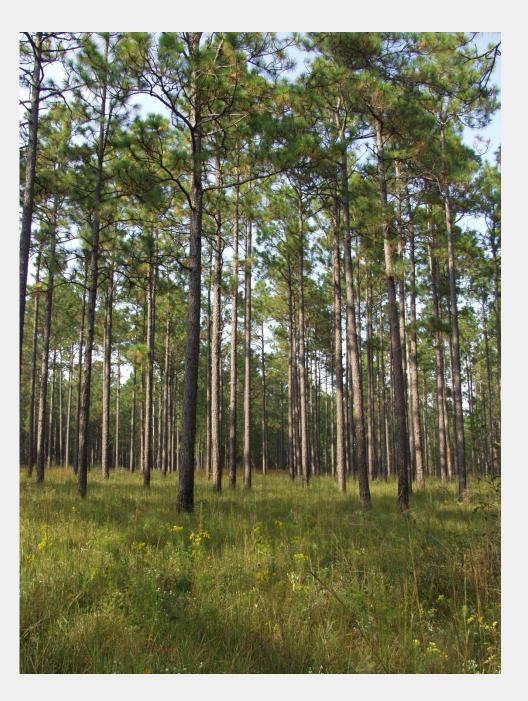
INITIAL TARGETS FOR COASTAL HEADWATERS PROGRAM





COASTAL HEADWATERS: AT A GLANCE

- Unique Conservation Model: Lands generate revenue through sustainable timber harvest to continue restoration and management of the land itself.
- Sustainable timber harvest will be carefully managed to maximize ecological return on investment yet still realize economic returns for restoration and management.
- Ecosystem services of water quality enhancement, wildlife habitat, and longleaf ecosystem dynamics will be maximized.
- This project could generate approximately \$40-48 million in timber revenue over 25 years.

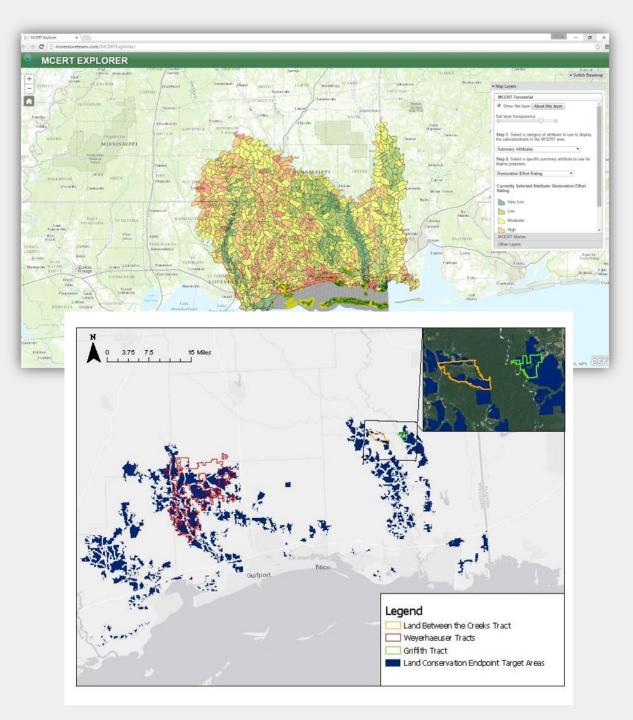


GROUNDED IN SCIENCE

- The Mississippi Comprehensive Ecosystem Restoration Tool (MCERT) represents a suite of geospatial analysis models that provides data products to describe the terrestrial and marine and water quality conditions in south Mississippi.
- MCERT input criteria include:
 - Connected to riparian areas and/or headwaters of coastal streams draining into priority bays/estuaries;
 - Uplands directly adjacent to coastal marsh;
 - Scale that supports ecosystem processes;
 - Contribute or create ecological cores and corridors.







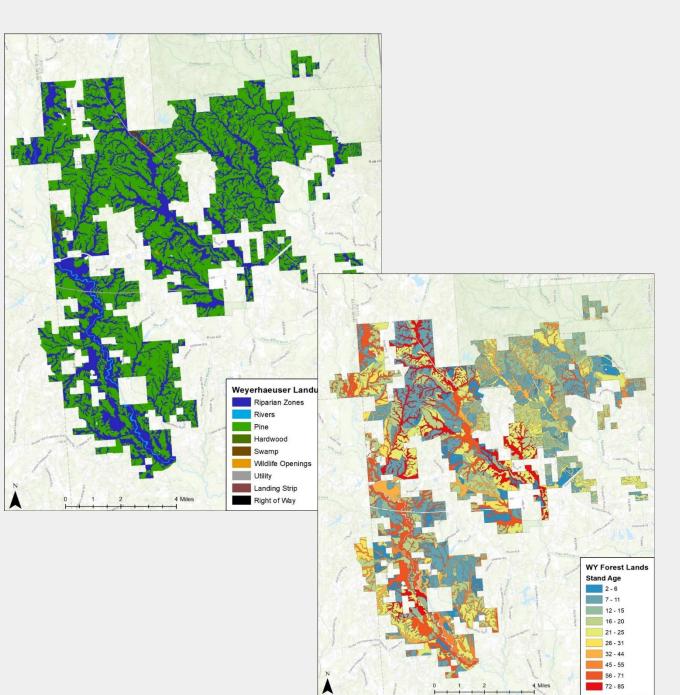
BY THE NUMBERS: HABITAT

Wolf River Watershed						
Habitat Type	Acreage					
Pine	13,771.96					
Riparian Zones	7,230.21					
other	423					
Biloxi River Watershed						
Pine	18,909.63					
Riparian Zones	8,129.32					
other	304					

Pine: 32,680 Hardwood: 15,359



Total acreage: 48,277

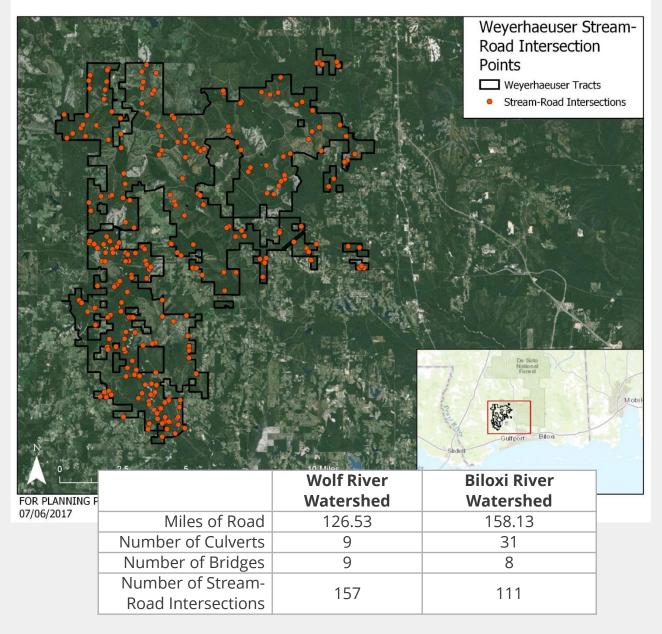


BY THE NUMBERS: STREAMS

- Stream Network Protection:
 - 594 miles of perennial, intermittent, and ephemeral streams
- Stream-Road/Culvert Analysis
 - Transportation networks, including roads, culvert, and bridges move water and sediment across landscapes, including streams.
 - Dust from unpaved roads has been traced to contamination of adjacent water bodies and an increase in turbidity, reducing the productivity of the aquatic ecosystem.
 - Restoration and management plans will identify those roads that require maintenance, restoration, as well as those roads that can be abandoned for vehicular traffic, maintained for access, and those that will be utilized as occasional fire lanes.







BY THE NUMBERS: WATER QUALITY

Water quality analyses were run to determine the changes in water quality at the sub-watershed, reach, and pour-point scales

Weyerhaeuser Actual

Biloxi

3.37

11.32

16.12

16.29

Wolf

166.68

2140.36

1318.56

2705.56

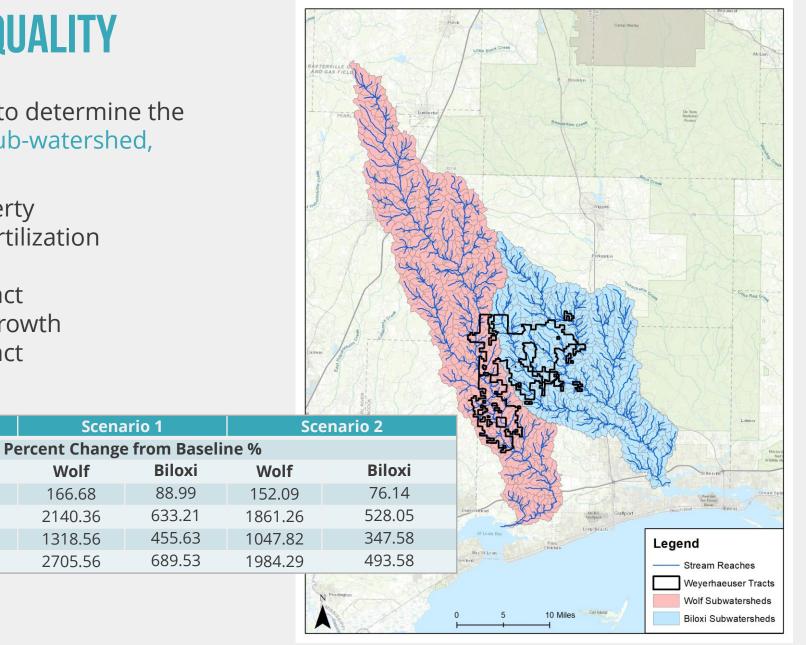
- Baseline: MDEQ purchases property
- Weyerhaeuser Actual: Current fertilization activities continue

Wolf

9.33

22.26

- Scenario 1: Fertilize 4 years, extract hardwood 2 years, 3 years of regrowth
- Scenario 2: Fertilize 7 years, extract hardwood 2 years



Organic N (kg/ha) 33.14 Sediment Yield (tons/ha) 64.23 2017 RESTORATION SUMMIT

Nitrogen (kg/ha)

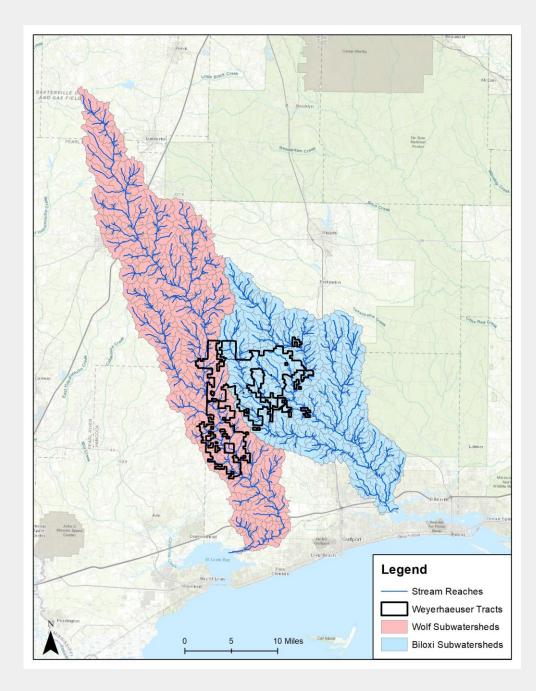
Organic P (kg/ha)

BY THE NUMBERS: WATER QUANTITY

- Water quantity analyses were run to determine the changes in water quality at the sub-watershed, reach, and pour-point scales
- Baseline: MDEQ purchases property
- Weyerhaeuser Actual: Current fertilization activities continue
- Longleaf Restoration: Simulates a longleaf restoration ecosystem with associated Leaf Area Index (LAI)

	Weyerhaeuser Actual		Longleaf Restoration			
	Percent Change from Baseline (%)					
	Wolf	Biloxi	Wolf	Biloxi		
Flow (cm/s)	0.04	0.25	8.1	14.6		

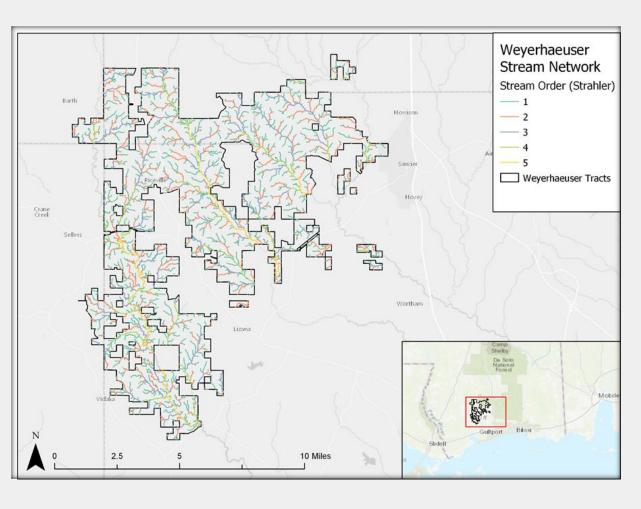




LEVERAGING TO IMPROVE WATER QUALITY

Water Quality Benefits

- 20,000 acres of Long Leaf Restoration
- High Recreation Use Potential
- Several Threatened and Endangered Species
- Critical Habitat Protection and Restoration
- Significant Quail Habitat
- Protection of a Key Blueway
- Connectivity to 500,000 acres of De Soto National Forest
- Almost 60,000 acres of connected Riparian and Long Leaf Habitat across three major drainage areas
- MDEQ is committed to leveraging RESTORE funding for up to 20% of the overall acquisition to co-fund this FIVE-STAR RESTORATION project



MDEQ

THANK YOU For more information, visit www.restore.ms.

J. H. T. B. T. A. T.